Hillsborough County
Report of
Geotechnical Exploration,
Leachate Treatment Plant and
Borrow Pit, Southeast Landfill
County Road 672
Hillsborough County, Florida



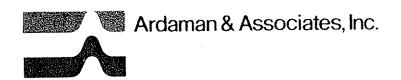
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Consultants in Soils, Hydrogeology, Foundations and Materials Testing

November 30, 1990 File Number 90-9684

Hillsborough County Department of Solid Waste Post Office Box 1110 Tampa, Florida 33601

Attn:

John Johnson

Subject: Report of Geotechnical Exploration, Proposed Leachate Treatment Plant and Borrow Pit, Southeast Landfill, C.R. 672,

Hillsborough County, Florida

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to your authorization given by Work Order No. TI-41-89-573, and in general accordance with our proposal of August 23, 1990, our firm has completed the exploration of subsurface soil conditions beneath the proposed leachate treatment plant area, and the borrow area, at the refer-The purpose of this exploration was to determine the stratification and engineering properties of subsurface soils, and to provide recommendations for foundation design and site preparation. This study covers foundation soils well within the influence of building loads, including the first rigid surface of underlying bedrock strata.

This report was prepared for the exclusive use of Hillsborough County, Department of Solid Waste, and their consultants for use in the design of a foundation system for the proposed leachate plant structures, in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

SCOPE

The scope of our services has included the following items:

- Reconnaissance of the site by a geotechnical engineer, using the 1. site plan provided by the design consultant, SCS Engineers, to document surficial conditions at the time of our exploration;
- Performance of six (6) Standard Penetration Test borings (SPT), to 2. determine the stratification and engineering properties of subsurface soils at the proposed borrow pit location;

- Performance of two (2) SPT borings, to determine the stratification of soils, as a check on a previous exploration;
- 4. Performance of ten (10) Standard Penetration Test borings (SPT), to determine the stratification and engineering properties of subsurface soils at the leachate plant location;
- 5. Performance of eight (8) mechanical auger (MA) borings, along the access roadway, to determine the stratification of soils proposed for use as structural fill;
- 6. Review of each soil sample obtained in our field testing program, by a soils engineer in our laboratory, for verification of classification and assignment of laboratory tests, as required;
- 7. Performance of routine laboratory soils classification tests, to aid in confirming the classification of soils returned to our laboratory, and to provide data necessary to estimate engineering parameters;
- Analysis of the existing building site soil and groundwater conditions, as they relate to the proposed construction;
- 9. Preparation of this report, to document the results of our field testing program, engineering analysis, and foundation design and site earthwork recommendations.

SITE LOCATION AND CONDITIONS

The proposed leachate plant site is located within a tract of land situated in the southeast one-quarter of the southeast one-quarter of Section 14, Township 31 S., Range 21 E., Hillsborough County, and more specifically, north of the access roadway, in the vicinity of Florida plane coordinates N 1252200, E 444300. The proposed borrow pit is located within a tract of land situated in the southwest one-quarter of the southwest one-quarter of Section 13, Township 31 S., Range 21 E., Hillsborough County, Florida. This proposed borrow area lies approximately 500.0 feet east of the proposed leachate plant site. The access roadway flanks the leachate plant on the south, and continues east-southeast towards the main paved roadway of the landfill.

The treatment plant site was bare of trees and covered with weeds at the time of our exploration. The borrow pit site was densely wooded, but paths were cleared for access by our drilling equipment. The treatment plant site lies on flat, south sloping topography, which allows moderately good drainage. Conversely, the borrow pit area is located in a low-lying basin, where water will tend to collect.

FIELD EXPLORATION

Our field operations consisted of conducting eighteen (18) SPT borings, using procedures similar to those outlined in ASTM D-1586, and eight (8) MA borings, at the locations indicated on the attached Figure 1. Test locations and depths of the proposed borings were specified by previous arrangement, between SCS Engineers and our firm, and were performed to determine the stratification and engineering properties of the subsurface soils, to a maximum depth of 74.17 feet below the existing ground surface. A continuous drilling and sampling procedure was performed within the upper 10.5 feet of the SPT boring, to detect subtle changes in soil stratigraphy, and pertinent engineering properties within this critical depth. Furthermore, borings were located in the field by survey crews from Hillsborough County. Original staking of the borings was performed by SCS Engineers. The accuracy of the boring locations is that implied by the measurement method used. Upon completion, each borehole was filled in with local soil, and sealed with cement slurry, if necessary , in accordance with SWFWMD. A brief summary of the drilling and testing procedures utilized in the SPT and MA borings, is included in the attached Appendix I.

LABORATORY TESTING

The field soil boring logs and recovered soil samples were returned to our Tampa office. At our soils laboratory, each soil sample was examined by a soils engineer, to obtain an accurate definition of the soil profile, and to assign pertinent laboratory tests. The visual classification of the samples was performed in accordance with the current Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D-2487).

Twenty-three (23) moisture content, and twenty-three (23) percent fines tests (the percent by dry weight finer than the U.S. No. 200 sieve) were performed on selected soil samples, obtained from selected borings. These indices are useful in estimating compressibility characteristics of the clayey soils, and in confirming our visual classification of the soils. The results of the tests are plotted adjacent to the final soil boring logs, in the attached Appendix II, at the depth of the individually tested soil sample.

Four (4) Atterberg Limits test sets were performed on selected cohesive soil samples, obtained from borings TH-7, TH-10, TH-14 and TH-17. The tests were performed in general accordance with the procedures contained in ASTM Standard D-4318. The results of these tests are useful in establishing the classification of cohesive soils. Furthermore, correlations have been developed, which enable estimates to be made for shear strength, and consolidation characteristics of these soils. The results of the Atterberg Limits test sets are plotted on the boring logs, at the depth of the associated sample, in Appendix II.

SOIL CONDITIONS

Delineation of soil strata, engineering properties, where applicable, and soil descriptions, are given in the final soil boring logs, contained in the attached Appendix II. The final logs were prepared by a geotechnical engineer, after review of the field logs, and examination and classification of the recovered soil samples, and analysis of laboratory test data. The stratification lines shown are used to indicate a transition from one soil type to another; however, they are in no way intended to designate a depth of exact geological change. Furthermore, the recommendations contained in this report, are based on the contents of the final logs. While the borings are representative of subsurface conditions at their respective locations and vertical reaches, local variations characteristic of the subsurface materials of the region may be encountered.

The subsurface soil profile, based on the data obtained from eighteen (18) SPT borings and eight (8) MA borings, is generally described below:

Borrow Pit Area

Figure 2 shows a linear profile, through borings TH-1 through TH-6, which were drilled in the proposed borrow pit area. In summary, the top 3.5 to 26.0 feet consists of a deposit of waste phosphatic clay soils. The thicker deposits of this material are located in the vicinity of borings TH-1, TH-5 and TH-6. A review of the topography shows that TH-6 is near the center of the depressed basin area on the site. In our judgement, this is near the center of the previously existing waste pond of the mine. Considering that the slopes of the surrounding cast spoil dikes were probably steep, during the operation of the mine, we conclude that the probable average thickness of phosphatic waste clay soils, in this basin, is between 10.0 to 15.0 feet. The waste clay soils are, commonly, extremely soft in consistency, below a surficial crust of more consolidated or desiccated waste clay soils. Penetration of this material generally required only the weight of the sampler, and drill rods, to accomplish.

A series of variably shaded sand, to sand with silt layers underlies the waste clay soils, to elevations ranging from 94.0 to 98.0 feet NGVD. These sands vary from very loose to very dense, in consistency. Most SPT values, however, were less than 20 blows per foot. A confining layer of bluish-gray to grayish-brown clayey sand, with phosphate, was discovered below the above described sand layers, to elevations of 84.0 to 85.5 feet, and was found to be loose to medium dense in consistency.

The surface of the bedrock layer was penetrated below the clayey sands, in borings TH-1 and TH-3. In general, this material consists of a relic rock matrix, weathered to resemble an indurated elastic silt. Hard rock inclusions are contained throughout this matrix, in random locations.

<u> Leachate Treatment Plant Area</u>

Borings TH-7 through TH-16 were drilled in the area proposed to contain the leachate treatment plant, and storage tanks. Figures 3, 4, and 5 show cross-sections through this area. While this area was also used in the mining operation, to contain waste phosphate clays, the clays are situated below a surficial layer of light brown to light grayish-brown fine sand, which is tailings from a separate operation of the mine. As a result, the waste clay soils in this area are somewhat consolidated from the weight of the overlying sands. Penetration resistance values, in the tailings sands, typically range from 11 to 16 blows per foot, while the phosphatic waste clays have been consolidated to a consistency corresponding to an SPT value of of 1 to 3 blows per foot.

The base of the previously existing waste clay basin, is judged to have existed at elevation 115.0 to 120.0 feet NGVD. The cast spoil dikes, which surrounded the basin, are thought to begin east of borings TH-12, 14 and 15, and south of boring TH-15. Borings TH-7, 8, 9, and boring TH-16, were drilled in the vicinity of the cast spoil dikes, as shown by the abrupt change in stratigraphy from TH-10 to TH-16, in Figure 3. Essentially, the cast spoil pile consists of light brown to grayish-brown clayey sand, at about the same elevation of the phosphatic waste clay layer, as shown in borings TH-7, 8, 9 and 16.

The soils that underlie the waste clay basin, and cast spoil dike soils, consist of native, loose to dense, variably shaded sand, to sand with silt soil layers. This soil extends to the surface of the underlying light gray to greenish-gray, or bluish-gray clayey sand with phosphate layer, which was found at elevations ranging from 88.9 to 103.5 feet NGVD. This is essentially the same layer that overlies the bedrock in the borrow bit area, described previously. Penetration resistance values indicate that it is generally loose in consistency.

The bedrock unit was discovered at elevations ranging from 82.6 to 86.1 feet NGVD. The higher rock surface is located near the southeast corner of the study area, and appears to slope uniformly towards the northeast. The rock unit consists of a light gray elastic silt matrix, with indurated rock fragments. It is variably weathered by the action of acidic water, which results in a randomly hard rock unit.

Confirmation Borings

Borings TH-17 and TH-18 were drilled, as directed, at locations where previous explorations were performed, as an independent check. Based on the results of the borings, TH-17 is located within a cast spoil area, consisting of cohesive sand, above a layer of light brown sand at 9.0 feet. In our judgement, the native soils begin at a depth of 23.0 feet, at this location.

Approximately 6.5 feet of very dense sand tailings, or cast spoil overlie the top of waste phosphatic clays in TH-18. The waste clay soils were found to be extremely soft, and extended to a depth of 18.0 feet in this boring. The native sandy soils were penetrated below a depth of 18.0 feet.

Roadway Borings

Borings AB-3 through AB-10, were performed at selected locations, along the access road. Preliminary plans called for the mining of the sand tailings in the leachate plant area, and replacing the mined clean sand soils with roadway soils, for structural fill beneath the plant structures.

The stratigraphy, revealed by these borings, indicate that a variety of soils was deposited here, in a random fashion. In general, about 50 percent of the soils consist of clean sands, which are free of significant amounts of clay or silt. The remaining half of the soils are generally composed of clayey sand soil, with some instances of waste phosphatic clays in borings AB-3, 4, 7, and 8.

GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

The groundwater level readings were obtained in the borehole, upon completion of testing, where possible, and are plotted adjacent to the final logs. If a water table is not indicated, it does not necessarily mean that groundwater does not exist within the vertical reach of the borehole. It must be noted that fluctuations in the groundwater level may occur, due to variations in rainfall and other environmental or physical factors, at the time measurements are made.

The measured borehole groundwater table level ranged from 8.67 to 12.67 feet below land surface at the time of the field exploration. The level of the surficial aquifer in this area is very complex, since perched water levels exist above the waste clays, and flow through the more permeable cast spoil area.

EVALUATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Proposed Development

Based on information provided by SCS Engineers, it is our understanding that the proposed development will consist of the construction of a prefabricated metal building, with miscellaneous tanks, pumps, and blowers, a 45-foot diameter PACT unit (weighing 1,700 kips), a 70-foot diameter leachate storage tank (weighing 4,500 kips), and an enclosed tank containment area.

Preliminary plans included excavation of the existing tailings sands, for use in the landfill operations, and replacement of that material with structural fill, obtained from regrading and excavation of the south perimeter roadway embankment.

Lastly, the proposed development included the establishment of a borrow pit, east of the proposed plant, to provide daily cover for the landfill.

Foundation loads for the metal building are expected to be light to moderate. Individual columns, supporting up to 60 kips, were considered for our analysis. Moreover, we have assumed that the existing grades at this site, will remain essentially the same as during this exploration.

Soil Evaluation - Proposed Borrow Pit

Our exploration shows that phosphatic waste clays exist, in this area, from the surface, to an average of 10.0 to 15.0 feet below the ground surface. Native sand, and sand with silt soils, underlie the phosphatic waste clay soils, which, in turn, overlie native phosphatic clayey sand soils.

By and large, the phosphatic clay soils are extremely soft. This material would be very difficult to handle in any earthwork operation, without mixing the soil with the underlying sand soils. If you desire to use this material in the landfill operations, we recommend that the clay soils be mixed with the clean sand soils, which were found below the clay soils, or with similar, off-site soils. The mixture proportions should be established to attain a workable soil, which has the consistency of a clayey sand soil. A fifty-fifty mixture of these materials is suggested, with the addition or deletion of sand, as necessary, to achieve a workable material.

Alternatively, if mixing of the soils is not economical, the sand soils, located below the phosphatic clays, can be used, directly, for daily fill cover. Excavation of this material will be below the surficial aquifer level. Consequently, provision for dewatering of the excavation should be anticipated, or wet excavation techniques should be used. If dewatering will be used, we recommend that the dewatering system be designed, assuming no flow will occur through the native bluish-gray clayey sand stratum. Moreover, well point spacings should be based on an assumed permeability of 1x10 cm/sec.

Soil Evaluation - Proposed Leachate Treatment Plant

Much of the plant area is underlain by a layer of highly compressible waste clay soils. The thickness of this soil increases from a few inches, near the perimeter berms, to as much as 14.5 feet, in the vicinity of boring TH-10. Our analysis shows that, if the leachate storage tank were placed directly above boring TH-10, settlement in excess of 2.5 feet is predicted to occur, below the center of the tank. Conversely, if the tank is placed near boring TH-9, the estimated maximum settlement is slightly under 6.0 inches.

Notwithstanding the predicted settlement at boring TH-10, the possibility of a bearing capacity failure (tank rotation), is possible because of the very low shear strength of the phosphatic waste clays. Therefore, in developing our recommendations, we concluded that, in the event that tanks, and the other structures must be located over areas containing phosphatic waste clays, both the compressibility and the shear strength of this material, must be improved. The alternatives for the foundations for this plant, including the tanks, building, and miscellaneous structures are as follows:

- 1. Installation of piles, tipped on the surface of the bedrock formation. Based on an installed cost of \$15.00/linear foot, for a light capacity pile, and on an average pile spacing of 7.0 feet, we calculate that the cost of pile installation will be approximately \$95,000.00, for the leachate tank;
- 2. Removal of phosphatic clays by over-excavation, and replacement with granular fill soils. Based on a construction cost of \$ 5.00 to \$ 10.00 per cubic yard, the cost of this alternative would range from from \$ 19,000.00 to \$ 38,000.00, for the excavation of the leachate tank;
- 3. Relocation of the plant to areas not underlain by phosphatic clay soils. This would be the least expensive alternative, since no special site preparation would be necessary. Within the explored area, the best chance of finding such a location is close to the east side berm;
- 4. Improvement of the phosphatic clay soils, by low slump grout injection. Discussions with a specialty grouting contractor indicate that this method of improvement would be advisable for a clay thickness of 4.0 feet, or less. The degree of improvement is largely indeterminate, however, past experience in similar situations shows that settlement can be reduced by about 1/2 to 2/3 of that settlement expected, before improvement. The cost of such a technique is estimated to be \$ 30,000.00 to \$ 50,000.00, for the leachate tank.

Soil Evaluation - Roadway Borings

As indicated in the summary of subsurface conditions, earlier, the soils in the roadway areas are a random mixture of sand, clayey sand, and phosphatic waste clay layers. The use of this material as structural fill is not recommended, unless the clean sand soils can be easily segregated from the remaining material. The information revealed in the borings indicates that it can not be easily segregated.

Soil Evaluation - System Recommendations

Of the four alternatives presented above, the most desirable is to relocate the plant to a stable soil area. The extreme east side of the explored basin, appears to show the most promise. If this alternative is selected, confirmatory borings should be performed, to assure that

the plant area, and tanks, are not underlain by these clay soils. A series of borings, spaced not greater than 50.0 feet apart, along the western perimeter of the relocated area, should be performed. In addition, if possible, the plant area should cut into the eastern berm, where soil conditions are likely to be favorable.

The second-best alternative is the use of over-excavation, to remove the phosphatic clay soils below the plant area. If the plant must be located in the basin, this alternative provides a very positive, direct method of eliminating the troublesome soils. Backfill may consist of the on-site tailings sands, which are plentiful in this area.

In our judgement, the use of piles should not be considered, unless our estimate of the cost of excavation is grossly underestimated. The piles, if considered, should be driven to the surface of the bedrock unit. We recommend that concrete piles be used, with a minimum design axial capacity of 30 tons. Twelve-inch square piles should be adequate for this purpose.

lastly, because of the potentially highly variable cost, and because the success of grout injection is not as certain as the other alternatives, we recommend that the fourth alternative be discarded.

Site Preparation Recommendations

The following site preparation recommendations were developed for the case of over-excavation of the phosphatic clay soils. If the first alternative is successful, the portions concerning over-excavation and dewatering may be deleted from that described below:

The existing natural, and fill surficial soils, should be prepared prior to placement of engineered fill, and foundation construction on the soils, in accordance with the following site preparation recommendations. The recommended procedures should be covered in the project specifications, and completed prior to construction of the foundation system.

- 1. The building area, plus a margin of 5.0 feet beyond the perimeter of the foundation system, should be cleared and grubbed of any vegetation, stumps, tree root systems, and sod. Organic topsoil should be excavated and removed. Strippings, debris, and organic soils should be disposed in accordance with the owner's instructions. Any hole larger than 3.0 feet in diameter, resulting from the removal of any tree, should be ramped, to aid in the compaction of the bottom and sides, with mechanical equipment, prior to filling;
- 2. It is our opinion that the natural and fill soils encountered at the site, with the exception of buried phosphatic waste clay strata, are capable of supporting the anticipated loads on a conventionally designed, shallow foundation system, provided that surface re-working, phosphatic waste clay soil removal and replacement, and compaction are performed.

Complete removal of the unsuitable phosphatic waste clay strata, and replacement with compacted granular fill in the buried phosphatic waste clay areas, will be necessary, in order to allow safe structure support, by a conventional shallow foundation system. The phosphatic waste clay material should be removed from beneath the entire structures area, and any other area that will be adversely affected by differential settlement, caused by consolidation of the highly compressible phosphatic waste clay layer under the weight of new fill, and applied surface loads. Excavation limits should include a suitable margin beyond the perimeter of the foundation system, that will be dependent upon the excavation depth. As a minimum, the excavation margin should extend 5.0 feet beyond the edge of structure or footing, or a horizontal distance of 1.0 foot for every 2.0 feet of vertical cut below the foundation, as measured from the outer edge of the footing bottom, whichever is greater. A portion of the existing soil cover, if any, removed from above the phosphatic waste clay stratum, may be stockpiled and reused as engineered fill, under the direction of the soils engineer or his representative;

Based on the groundwater table levels encountered during the field exploration, it should be assumed that dewatering will be required in any excavation, penetrating a depth of 8.0 feet below existing grade. This can be accomplished with a rim ditch and sump pump, in excavations that penetrate 2.0 feet, or less, into the water table. Deeper excavations should not proceed until dewatering, to a depth of 2.0 feet below the bottom of the excavation, is accomplished with well points. The permeable soil strata, should be considered as having a permeability coefficient of 1x10 cm/sec.

After clearing, grubbing and organic topsoil removal, the entire 3. building area, plus a margin of at least 5 feet beyond the foundation limit, as measured at the bottom of the cut, should be excavated to the base of the phosphatic waste clay layer, as described above. The exposed soils within the construction area, plus the margin, should be compacted with a steel-wheeled, self-propelled, vibratory roller having a minimum drum centrifugal force of 25,000 pounds, to a depth of 12.0 inches below stripped grade, to a minimum of 98 percent of the Standard Proctor (ASTM D-698) maximum dry density. This density level should be measured by a qualified soils technician, using procedures described by ASIM D-2937 or an approved equal, prior to commencement of subsequent procedures. A minimum of six (6) overlapping passes of the self-propelled, vibratory roller shall be applied in the compaction process. the event that initial rolling results in unstable yielding or pumping conditions, the soils engineer shall be contacted to determine the cause of the problem, and make recommendations for remediation. As a minimum, soft, yielding, excessively wet, or otherwise unsuitable material shall be cut, out and replaced with compacted clean sand. In the event that applied water does not

penetrate sufficiently deep into natural soils, to act as a lubricant in the compaction process, it will be necessary to disk or otherwise break up the soils before and during application of water.

The steel-wheeled, vibratory roller should be operated at a forward speed not greater than one (1) mile per hour. Furthermore, this roller should not be operated within 25.0 feet of any existing structure. In the event that the equipment vibrations result in incipient instability of the excavation sides or base, a static method of site compaction shall be substituted, at no extra charge to the owner;

- 4. Continuous wall footing trenches and individual footing pits should be excavated to footing line and bottom grade. Foundation soils should be moisture conditioned with water, and compacted with suitable mechanical equipment, to achieve the specified level of density to the required depth. Foundation bottom grade should be tested to confirm that a minimum density of 98 percent of the Standard Proctor maximum dry density, exists to a depth of 24.0 inches below footing bottom. If necessary, the bottom of the footing excavation shall be over-excavated, refilled, and re-compacted with mechanical equipment, to achieve the necessary minimum field density to the required depth;
- 5. Foundation backfill on sides of formed footings, and building slab subgrade fill, should consist of clean sand, free of roots and debris, which is placed in 12-inch lifts, and compacted to 98 percent of the Standard Proctor maximum dry density;
- 6. Ardaman & Associates, Inc., Tampa office, should be engaged by the owner prior to site preparation to provide field observation of site preparation steps, compaction operations on natural and fill soils, and conduct field in-place density testing to confirm that the specified requirements are met.

If the cost to dewater the excavation becomes prohibitively large, minimal dewatering (i.e., by perimeter ditches and sumps) can be accomplished, and the initial backfill placed in a wet condition. In this event, the initial backfill should consist of granular soil, having less than 5 percent fines content, by weight, to facilitate compaction of thicker, saturated soils. Compaction should commence as soon as it is practical to operate a vibratory roller in the excavation.

Foundation Recommendations

For miscellaneous building foundations, placed on the soils prepared as previously recommended, using either the over-excavation technique, or by relocating the plant, the foundations may be proportioned for a maximum net allowable soil bearing pressure of 2,500 pounds per square foot. We anticipate the maximum settlement to be on the order of 0.5 inches for the continuous wall footings, and 1.0 inch for the individual pad footings, supporting up to 60 kips. We also anticipate that the

settlement would occur almost immediately as the loads are applied, due to the granular nature of the modified foundation soils. Settlement of the storage tanks is estimated to be 6.0 inches at the center of the leachate tank, and 4.0 inches at the perimeter.

A soil cover of 18.0 inches, as measured from the bottom of the foundation system to finished grade, should be provided. Spread footings should be at least 2.5 feet wide. Also, for any continuous wall foundations, a minimum lateral dimension of 18.0 inches should be provided. The foundation should be designed for equal dead-load distribution, in accordance with Standard Building Code requirements.

Tank Containment Area

We recommend that the tank containment area be constructed of earthen, or synthetic liner materials, to reduce the potential impacts of differential settlement of a concrete slab for this use. Moreover, the use of a liner, rather than a concrete slab-and-parapet wall, will allow for a reduced excavation volume for the foundations. The liner should be keyed into both the tank structures, and the perimeter berms, to prevent seepage into the underlying soils.

Field Observations

Site preparation, including preparation of foundation bearing surfaces and compaction of any structural fill, should be observed by a soils engineer or his representative from Ardaman & Associates, Inc., to verify that conditions are as anticipated in the design, and completed in accordance with the recommendations contained in this report.

Closure

The analyses and recommendations submitted in this report are based on the data obtained from eighteen (18) SPT borings and eight (8) MA borings, performed at the locations indicated on the attached Figure 1. This report does not reflect any variation which may occur in-between the borings. The nature and extent of variations may not become evident, until during the course of construction. If variations then appear evident, it will be necessary for a re-evaluation of the recommendations of this report, to be made after performing on-site observations during the construction period, and noting the characteristics of any variations.

When the final design and specifications are completed, we would like the opportunity to review them, in order to determine whether changes in the original concept may have affected the validity of our recommendations, and whether these recommendations have been implemented in the design and specifications. The recovered soil samples are available for examination at our Tampa office. Unless otherwise instructed in writing, the soil samples will be discarded 60 days after issuing this report.

It has been a pleasure assisting you with this phase of your project. If there are any questions, or when we may be of further assistance, please contact the undersigned at 813/654-2336.

Very truly yours, ARDAMAN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Joseph A. Eduardo, P.E. Senior Project Engineer

Florida Registration No. 33318

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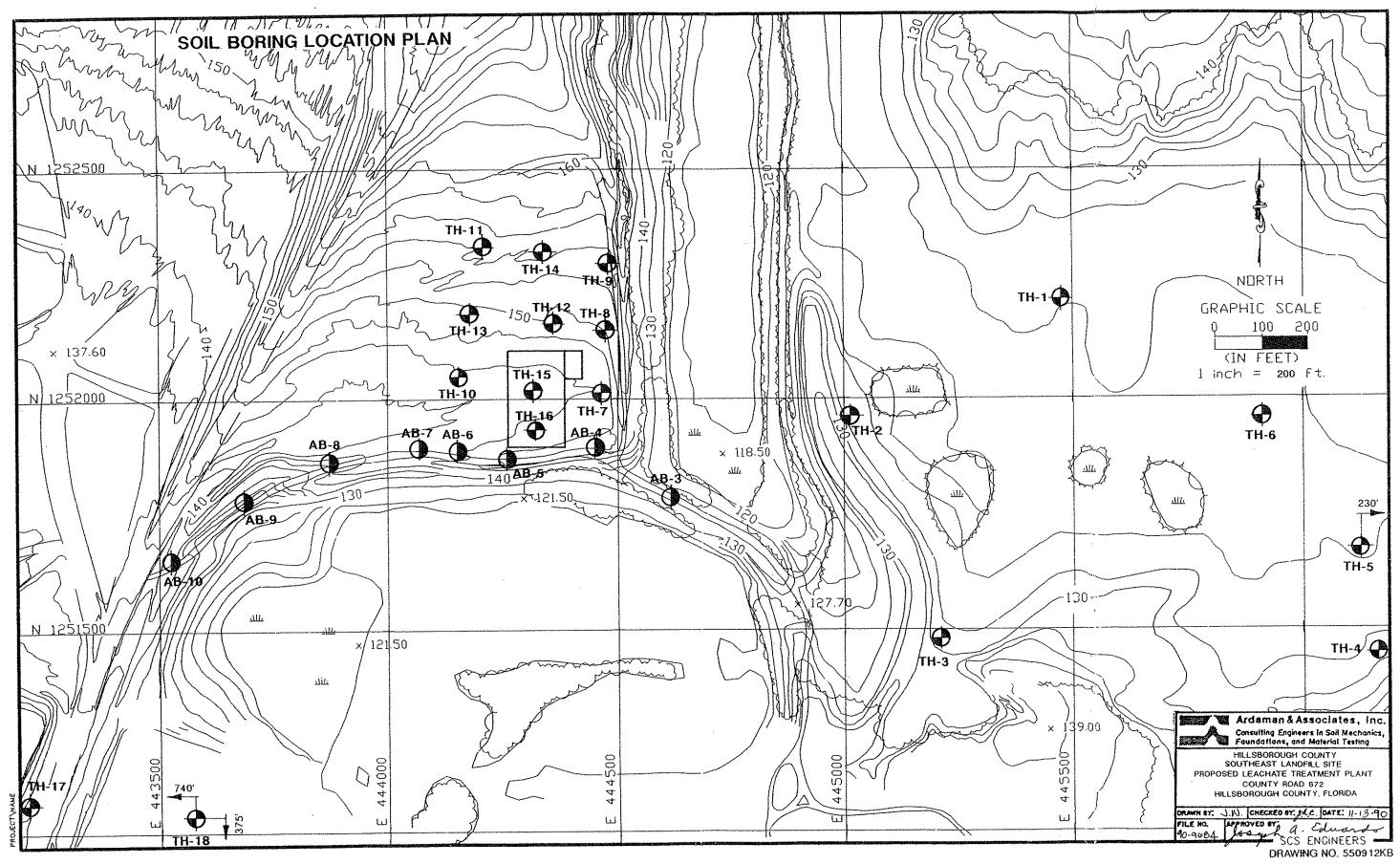
Thomas J./Leto, P.E. Principal

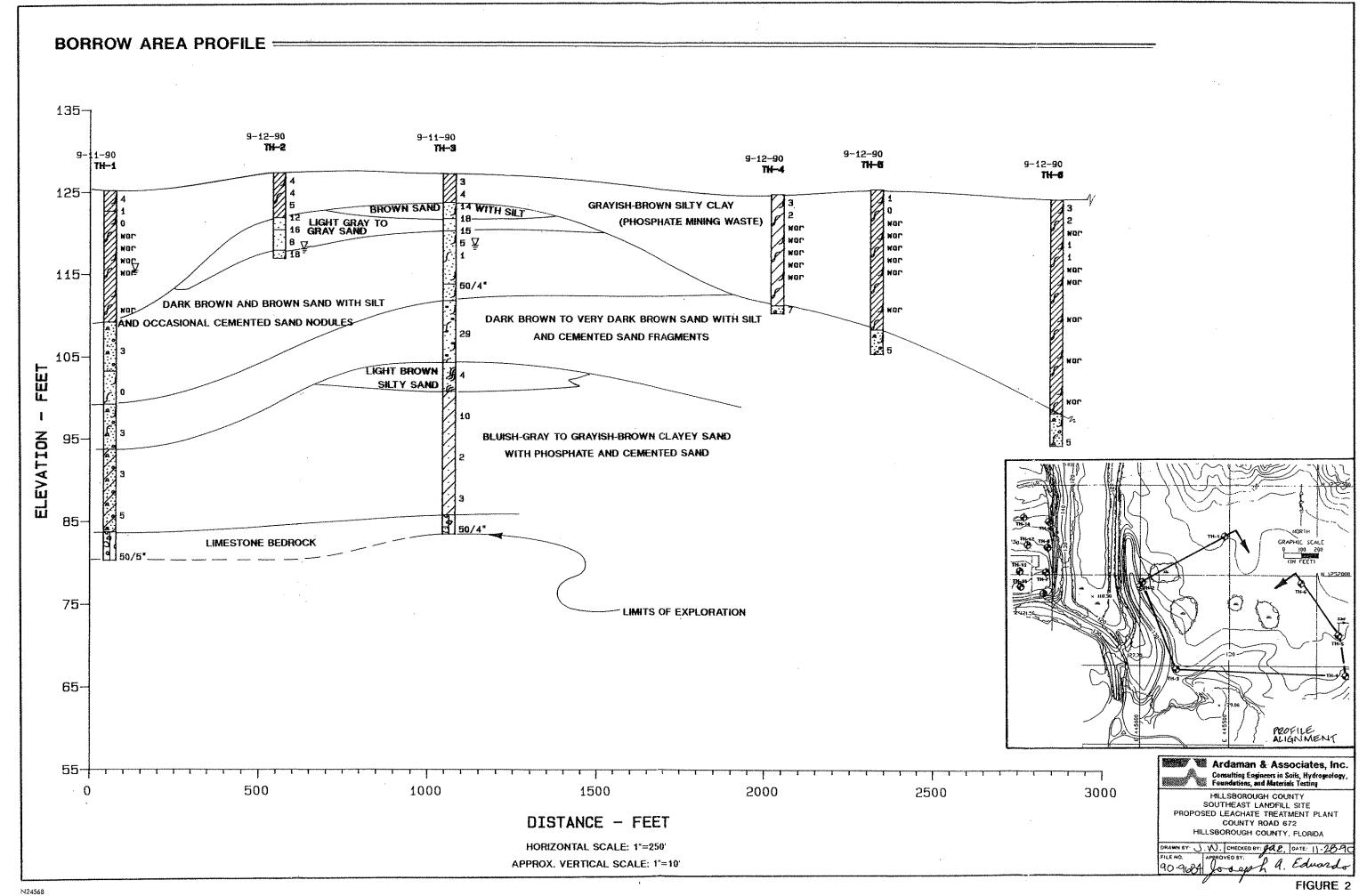
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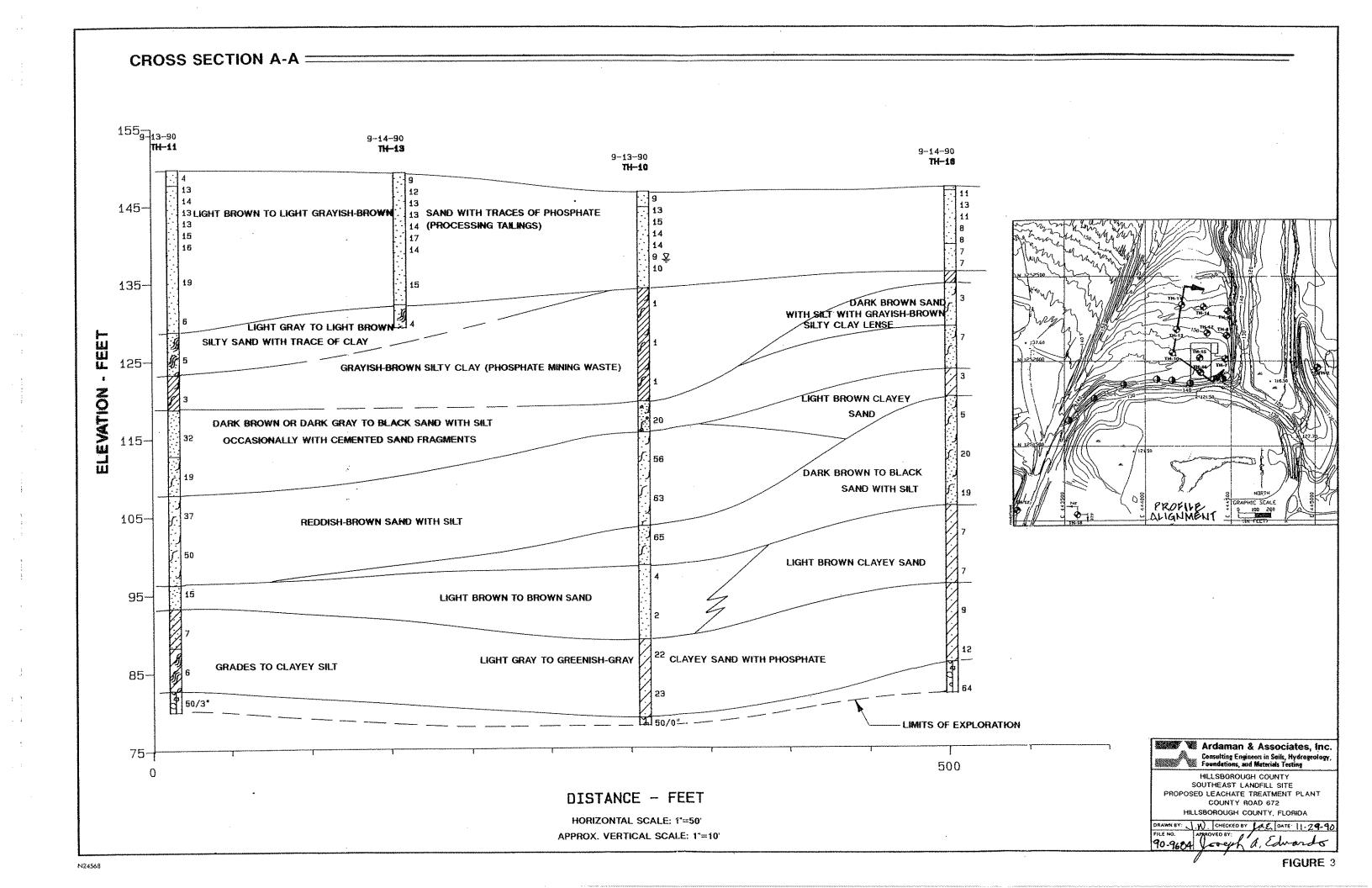
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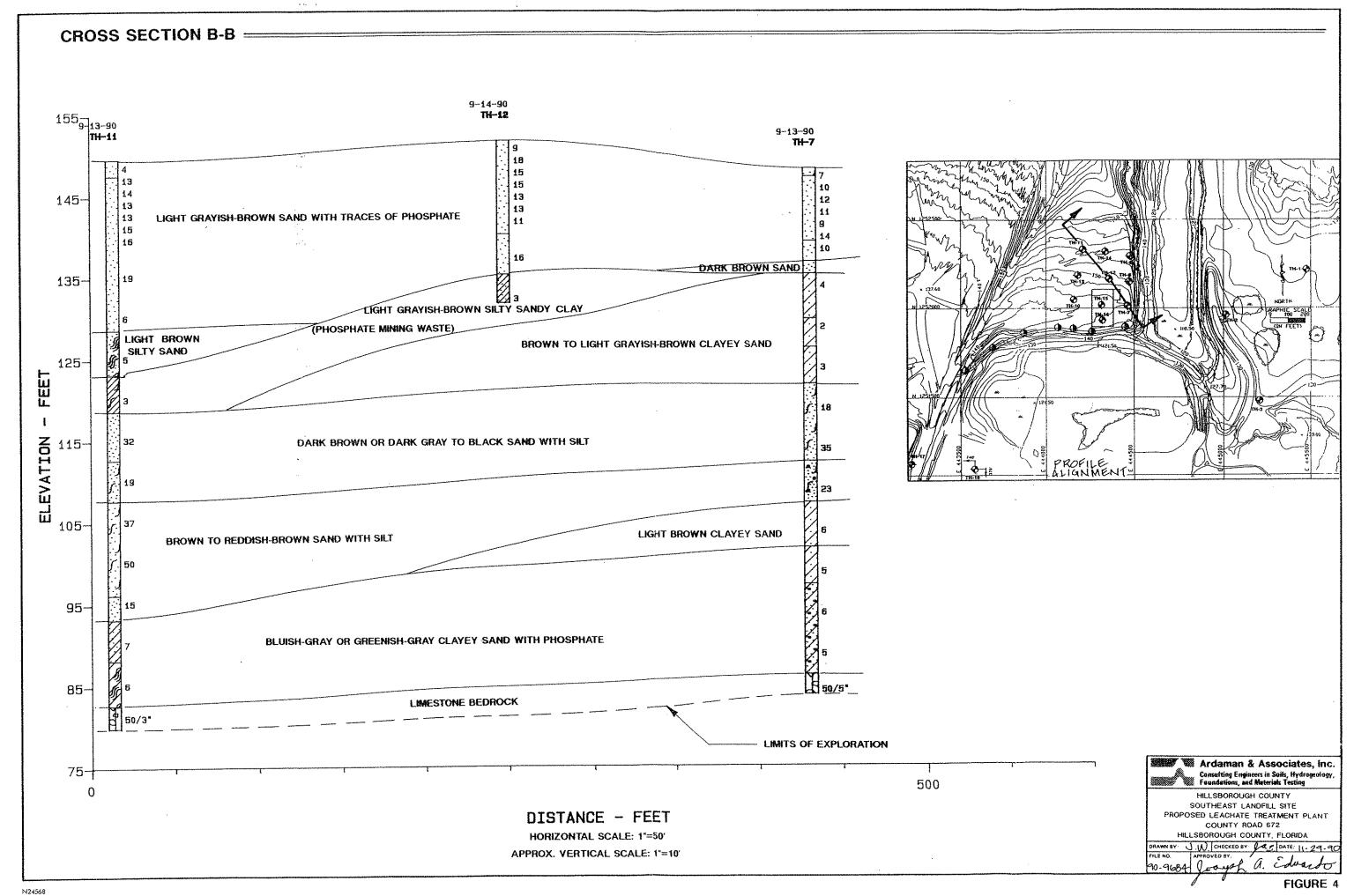
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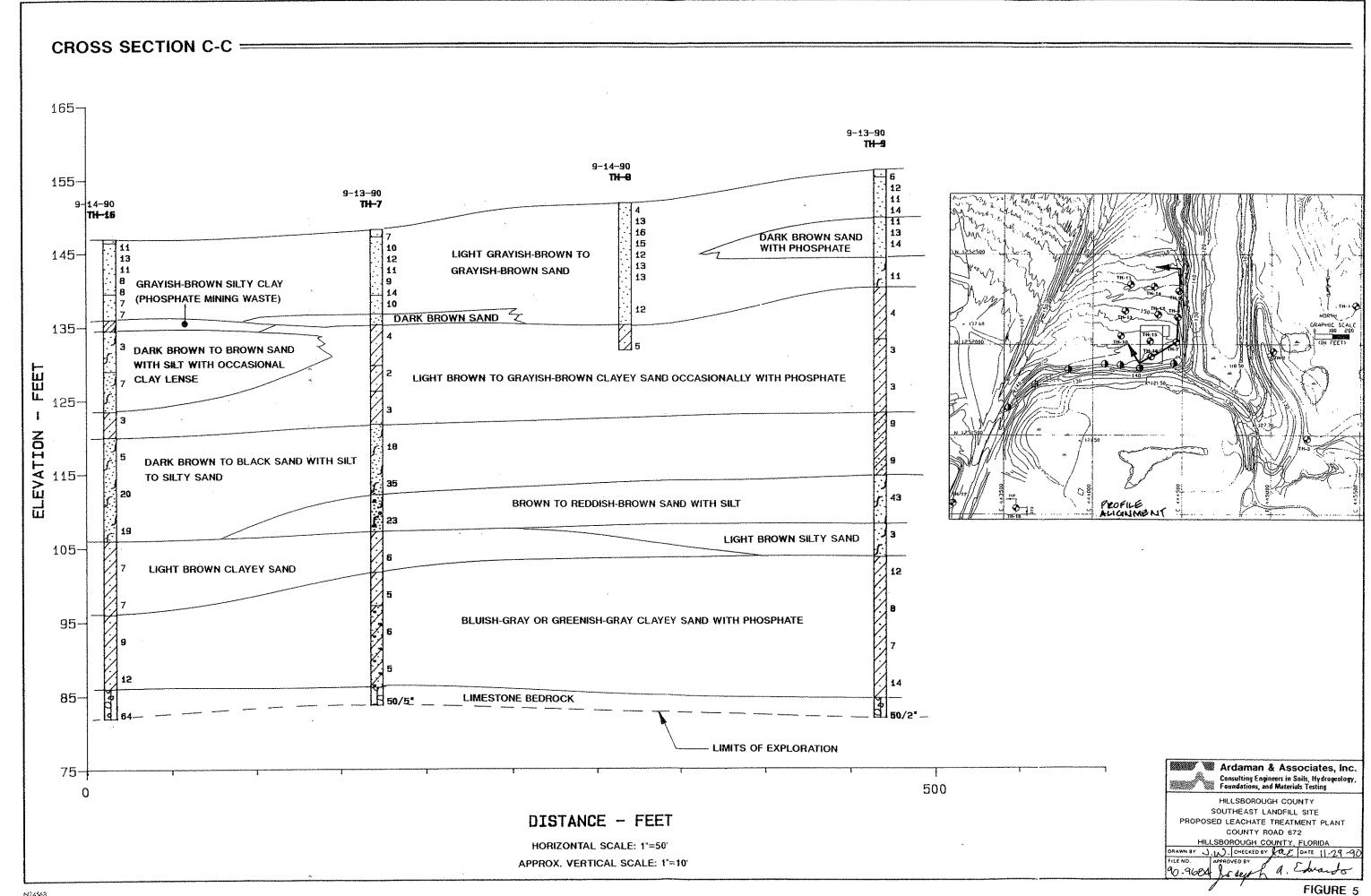
FIGURES











APPENDIX II

BORING LOGS

LEGEND

PROJECT: Southeast Landfill

FILE NO.: 90-9684

GEOLOGICAL SYMBOLS

sp light fine SAND



dark fine SAND



sp-sm SAND with silt



SAND w/cemented SAND



sm silty SAND



clayey SAND



silty CLAY (PHOSPHATE MINING WASTE)

decomposed LIMEROCK



ch FAT CLAY with SAND

mb clayey ELASTIC SILT

LOSS OF DAILLING FLUID

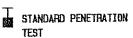


UNDISTURBED SHELBY SAMPLE

> ∇ - ground water LEVEL

BUCKET AUGER

▼- ESTIMATED SEASONAL HIGH GWL





CORE SIZE

CORE RECOVERY (%)



ch FAT CLAY

ENGINEERING CLASSIFICATION

CONSISTENCY

COHESIONLESS SOIL

COHESIVE SOIL

VERY LOOSE LOOSE FIRM DENSE

VERY DENSE

0-4 BLOWS PER FOOT 4-10 BLOWS PER FOOT 10-30 BLOWS PER FOOT 30-50 BLOWS PER FOOT 50-UP BLOWS PER FOOT **YERY SOFT** SOFT FIRM STIFE VERY STIFF

HARD

0-2 BLOWS PER FOOT 2-4 BLOWS PER FOOT 4-8 BLOWS PER FOOT 8-15 BLOWS PER FOOT 15-30 BLOWS PER FOOT 30-UP BLOWS PER FOOT

GRAIN SIZE IDENTIFICATION

BOULDERS COBBLES GRAVEL. SAND

SILT

LARGER THAN 6" 2" TO 6" 2mm TO 2" 0.074mm T0 2mm 0.002mm TO 0.074mm SMALLER THAN 0.002mm



2nd ______ DATE TIME ____

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJEC CLIEN		<u>Southeas</u> illsboro				BORING NUMBER TH-1 BORING LOCATION AS Per F	<u>Plan</u>				
ILE	NO.	90-9684	1			DATE STARTED _9-11-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	γ <u>Hil</u>	lsbori	ough		уLETED <u>9-11-90</u>					
STATE	_F1	orida				ų <u>125.23</u>					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOK COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	uscs class	10°C (10°C) 23 (10°C) 23°C (10	MATURAL MOISTURE	-200 MASH	CHBANIC CONTENT	LINI PILINI VIII	its
0-				 (///	ch	1 PROCESSINGS TO PROCE OF PROCESSINGS AND	**		<u> </u>		-
	2	1-2-2 1-1/12*	4			light brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste)					1
5- - 10- - 15-		1/18* ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	D HOP HOP HOP		ch į	- light erangish-brown silty CLAY ∑ - (phosphate mining waste) =					
20-	3	i-i-2	3	a a	sp	- brown SAND with cemented SAND inclusions	where an annual contract of the contract of th				- - - - - - - -
25-	4	1/18"	0		sp sm	- very dark brown SAND with silt					- - - -
30	 5	1-1-2	3		sm sm	dark brown SAND with silt and cemented SAND fragments					
35-		1-1-2 9-2-3	3		SC	light grayish-brown clayey SAND with cemented SAND fragments	- The state of the				
40-		9-2-3 4-6-50/5"			mh	- - light gray elastic SILT with limestone fragments					1
45- 50-						Notes: - 1. Boring terminated at 44.92 feet -					
-	1			1	<u> </u>				4		أستحضيها
DRILL			Baker			WATER TABLE DEPTH: 1st <u>9'9"</u> DATE 1	ГІМЕ	<u>g</u>	<u>-11-</u>	-90_	<u></u>

LENGTH/TYPE CASING None

PROJE	.CT _	<u>Southeas</u>	st La	<u>nati</u>	11	BORING NUMBER 1H-2					
LIEN	т Ш	illsbor	ough	Coun	<u>ty</u>	BORING LOCATION As Per	² lan				
FILE	NO.	90-968	4			DATE STARTED 9-12-90	<u></u>				
COUNT	Y/CIT	Υ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough		FTFD 9-12-90					
STATE	_ <u>F1</u>	<u>orida</u>				127.40					
METER N	SAMPLES SAMPLE: NO.	פרסא כמתאב	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS	127.40 127.40 136 = 121.90 N	NATURAL MOISTURE	-200 WASH	ORGANIC CONTENT X	ATTER LIM	
5-	3 3	1-2-2 2-2-2 2-2-3 3-5-7 7-8-8	4 4 5 12 16		sp sp	light grayish-brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste) gray SAND with roots					* 1 1 1 1
10-	5	6-4-4 5-7-11	8 18		SD	light gray SAND $\underline{\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}}$	-				-
20- 25- 30- 35- 40- 45-					Sp. Sm.	dark brown SAND with silt Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 10.5 feet					
	ER/R		Baker	-	 	WATER TABLE DEPTH:		^	-40	20	
	NG TYF					1st <u>9'4</u> DATE		<u> 9</u> .	-12-	3 U	
LENG'	TH/TYF	PE CASIN	G _1	one		2nd DATE	IIME				

PROJE	ст 📑	Southeas	t Lar	<u>ndfi</u>	11	BORING NUMBER					
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	illsborg	ugh (Coun	ty	BORING LOCATION As Per F	<u>lan</u>				
FILE	NO	90-9684	1			DATE STARTED 9-11-90					
		γ <u>Hil</u>]	sbor	ough		>LETED <u>9-11-90</u>					
STATE		orida				127.27					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	פרסא כמחאב	H-VALUE	SRAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	100° 103.11 M	NATURAL MOISTURE	-200 WASH X	PREANIC CONTENT		ITS
	<u></u>					(C)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		α. ·
0-	1	1-1-2 2-1-3	3 4		ch	very light brown CLAY (phosphate mining waste)					- - - -
- 5	5	4-5-9	14	ſ	9p 8m	brown SAND with silt - fill					1
-	3	9-8-10 10-7-8	18 15		sp	gray and light gray mottled SAND					
10-		5-2-3 1-1/12*	5 1)) () (() (sp sm	dark brown and brown mottled SAND with silt	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR				
15-	=== 5	50/4"	50/4*	7.	8p 88	dark brown SAND with silt and cemented sand nodules					-
20-	6	10-16-13	29	I i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	90	very dark brown silty SAND with cemented SAND nodules					1 1 1
25-	7	2-1-3	4	牙牙	sm	light brown silty SAND with trace of CLAY					
30-	8	4-4-6	10		sc		awa				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
35-		1-1-1	2			bluish-gray clayey SAND with phosphate					
40-	10	2-1-2	3								
	11	50/4"	50/4"	10	mh	light gray sandy elastic SILT with limestone fragments - weathered bedrock					-
45-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 43.83 feet 2. 30% fluid loss @ 43.0 feet					1 1 1
<u>50-</u>		IG <u>D.</u>	l Baker		<u> </u>	WATER TABLE DEPTH:					
		PE <u>SPT</u>				1st <u>8'9"</u> DATE	E TIME <u>9-11-90</u>				
		ה האפדא		lnne		2ndDATE	TIME	-			

PROJE	CT _	<u>Southeas</u>	st La	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER TH-4					
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	illsboro	ugh	Coun	t y	BORING LOCATION AS Per	Plan				
FILE	NO.	90-9684	4			DATE STARTED 9-12-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	γ <u>Hil</u>	sbor	ough		DATE COMPLETED 9-12-90					
STATE	<u>F1</u>	orida				ELEVATION 124.82			·		
丰田	ES NO.	DUNT.	当	907 J	X_ASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	ATURAL MOISTURE X	-200 HASH	ORGANIC CONTENT	ATTER	ITS
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE ND.	BLOM COUNT	N-VALUE	SHAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS		NATURAL	502-	OHEANIC	LIGUID	PLAST.
5-		1-2-1 1-1-1 wor wor wor wor	жог жог жог 2		ch	light grayish-brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste)					and the free free free free free free free fr
20-	4	3-4-3	7	a (fi	sp sm/	dark brown SAND with silt and cemented sand nodule Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 14.5 feet					
35- 40- 45-											
DRILI	LER/R	16 <u>D.</u>	Bakeı	<u> </u>		WATER TABLE DEPTH:					
BORII	NG TY	PE <u>SP</u> 1					TIME		<u>-12-</u>	-90	
LENG.	TH/TY	PE CASIN	16 _]	None		2nd DATE	TIME	: <u> </u>			

ROJE	CT _	<u>Southeas</u>	st La	<u>ndfi</u>	11			<u>In-o</u>					
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	<u>illsbor</u>	ough	Coun	<u>ty</u>	<u> </u>	ORING LOCATION	As Per P	lan				
FILE	٧0.	90-968	4			D	ATE STARTED 9	-12-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	Y Hil	<u>lsbor</u>	ough				9-12-90					
STATE	<u>_F1</u>	orida						125.42					
_	ω Ş.	Ę	ш	ŝ	ASS	125.4	, L		ISTURE	¥54	QNTENT	ATTER LIMI	
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	שרמא כמתאו	N~VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	Toc : 108			NATURAL MOISTURE X	-200 WASH	ORGANIC CONTENT	LIMIT	PLAST.
5	3	i-1/12* i/18" NOT NOT NOT NOT NOT	10 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		ch	light grayish-brown	silty CLAY						
15-		AUI	#Ui			•							
20-	4	4-2-3	5		sn sm		h silt and cemented	sand nodules	-				-
-						 Notes: 1. Boring terminate 	d at 20.0 feet						-
25-						- 			- Landerson and the second and the s				
30-						- - 							
35-						- - -							
						- -				10 m			
40-]					 				0000000			
	1					.				78804			
45-			A THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF			- - - -							
50-	1		<u> </u>	1	1			PT 11.			1	-	
	.ER/R: 16 TYI	IG <u>D.</u> PE <u>SP</u>]		-			WATER TABLE DE	PIH: DATE ⁻	TIME	_9	-12-	·90	
		OF CASTA		ione			2nd	DATE					

FINAL BORING LOG SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJE	CT _	Southeas	st La	ndfi	11	***	BORING	NUMBER	<u>TH-6</u>					
CLIEN		illsbor	nugh	Coun	t y		BORING	LOCATION	<u>As Per I</u>	olan				
FILE !		90-9684	4				DATE S	TARTED	9-12-90					
COUNT		γ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough				ETED	9-12-90					
STATE		orida							124.29					
METH IN RES	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	פרסא כמהאנו	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	usos class		19 3.29 3.29			ATURAL NOISTURE X	-200 KASH X	ORBANIC CONTENT		ITS
	, SA	= ====================================		æ	ä	$\Box \mathcal{C}^{\mathcal{O}}$				E E		售	53	금
10	3	2-2-1 1-1-1 wor 1-0-1 1-1-0 wor wor	3 2 WOR 1 1 WOR WOR		ch	- - - - light grayish—bro		CLAY						
20-		MOL	MOL								THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH		rikeri deriver der der der der der der der der der d	, ,
25- 30-	5	2-2-3	wor 5		sp sm	- dark brown silty	SAND with	cemented sa	and nodules					-
35-						Notes: 1. Boring termina	ated at 30	.0 feet		The state of the s				-
40-						- - - -					***************************************			
	1									***************************************				
45- 50-														-
DRILL	_ER/R:	IG <u>D.</u>	Baker		v.n		WATE	R TABLE D						
BORI	NG TYI	PE <u>SP</u>]	<u> </u>		···········		1st	None	DATE	TIME	9	-12-	-90	
/ ENIC	ru/TVI	PE CASTN	f at	lone			2nd		DATE	TIME				

<u> </u>				BORING NUMBER BORING LOCATION	As Per P	lan		
E NO. <u>90-968</u> 4					-13-90			
				DATE COMPLETED	9-13-90			
TE <u>Florida</u>				ELEVATION				
IN FEET SAMPLE SAMPLE NO. BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	TH-	7 Nau		
0-1 3-3-4	7		sp_	light brown SAND with silt	·	-11-16		
2 5-5-5 6-6-6 5-5-6 5-4-5 6-6-8	10 12 11 9		sp -	- light grayish-brown SAND	7	TH-16 EACHATE TASAM	PIA	NT
o— 3 6-5-5	10		sp	light gray SAND with phosphate				1
1	ļ		8D	dark brown SAND				1
5- 4 2-1-3	4		SC _	brown clayey SAND				1
5 1/12*-2	2		sc	gray and light brown mottled clayey SAND phosphate) with			-
5 6 1-2-1	3		sc	light grayish-brown clayey SAND (with chemical odor)				Marie ver
7 7-8-10	18		sp sm	dark brown SAND with silt				
8 6-13-22	35			with strong chemical odor in sample 8				
9 13-11-12	23		sp sm	brown SAND with silt and cemented SAND r	nodules			
10 2-3-3	6		SC	- light brown clayey SAND with cemented SA 	AND nodules			
11 2-2-3	5		sc	greenish-gray clayey SAND		36.4 30.5	48	26
ILLER/RIG D.	Baker			MATER TABLE DEP	*	TME <u>9-1</u> :	a00	

SHEET 2 OF 2

ງປ		<u>Southea:</u>				BOHTMA MONDEH							
CLIE	nt L	illsbor	ough	Соил	<u>ty</u>	COUNTY Hillsborough							
FILE	NO.	<u>90-968</u>	4			STATE Florida							
		:					置			2	ATTER	BURG	
DEPTH	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOK COUNT	N÷VALUE	SHAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	VATURAL MOISTURE	-200 WASH	> ¢	ORGANIC CONTENT			
50				1/./	sc	greenish-gray clayey SAND	1					1	
55		2-3-3 2-2-3	6		sc	bluish-gray clayey SAND with phosphate fragments				A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
60) - 1 2 13	2-2-3	3			- -						-	
6		6-50/5"	50/5*		mh	light brown and light gray mottled clayey elastic						- - - -	(
	<u></u>					Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 64.42 feet						-	
70	,]											-	
'	'					-							
	1												1
7	5 -											-	
	1										100.46		
	1												
8	0 −			-		-							
	1					- -							
8	5-					-							
	1												
9	0-							***************************************					
9	5												
	1		l		1]

FINAL BORING LOG SHEET 1 OF 1

	Y/CIT	<u>90-968</u> γ <u>Hil</u> orida		<u>ough</u>		DATE STARTED 9-14-90 DATE COMPLETED 9-14-90 ELEVATION151.59					
n TET	SAMPLES SAMPLE ND.	BLOM COUNT	N-VALUE	GRAPHIC LOB	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	MATURAL MOISTURE	-200 WASH	DRBANIC CONTENT	LINIT E	ets -
10-	1	1-2-2 4-6-7 7-9-7 9-7-8 6-5-7 7-5-8 6-5-8	4 13 16 15 12 13 13		sp	light brown SAND with trace of phosphate					
50-	3	2-2-3	5		sc -	light brown clayey SANO Notes:				***************************************	
25-						1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet		- Parket Management of the Control o			
30- 35-						.					
40- 45-						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
45-						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

2nd __

DATE TIME

LENGTH/TYPE CASING None

DATE TIME _

2nd _____

SHEET 1 OF 2

	90-9684				BORING LOCATION AS Per DATE STARTED 9-13-90					
FILE NO. COUNTY/C			ough		DATE COMPLETED 9-13-90					
	lorida				ELEVATION156.05				······	
		4	T			FOISTURE	HASH		ATTE	BUAG ITS
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOB	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	NATURAL MOISTURE X	-200 MASH	ORBANIC CONTENT	CINET!	PLAST.
0-	1 2-3-3	6		sp	light brown SAND					
5-	2 5-6-6 6-5-6 5-7-7	12 11 14		sp	light grayish-brown SANO with phosphate					
10-	3 6-5-6 6-8-7 6-6-8	11 13 14		sp	dark brown SAND with phosphate					-
15-	4 1-4-7	11	;;; ;;;	sp sm	light brown and dark brown mottled SAND with silt					1 1
20-	5 1-2-2	4		sc	very light brown clayey SAND					1. 1 1 1 1
25-	6 1-2-1	3		sc	CAMP with phosphata					1 1 1
30-	7 2-1-2	3			- light brown clayey SAND with phosphate - - -					
35-	8 2-3-6	9		sc sc						
40-	4-5-4	9		en	- - - -					
45	9 13-27-16	43		sp sm	- reddish-brown SAND with silt 				ana o all	
50-	10 2-1-2	3	5	sp sm	light brown silty SANO					<u> </u>

LENGTH/TYPE CASING None

SHEET 2 OF 2

PRO	JEC	т _	Southeas	it Lar	<u>ndfi</u>	11	BORING NUMBER TH-9					
CL	IEN ⁻	г <u>н</u>	<u>illsborc</u>	ugh (Coun	<u>ty</u>	COUNTY Hillsborough					
FIL	_E 1	10.	90-9684	1			STATE Florida			<u> </u>		·····
西西	IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	NVALUE	SPAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WATUFFAL MOISTURE %	200 MASH	ORBANIC CONTENT	TINITY NITH	TS
ļ ,	50-				s s s	sm sm	light brown silty SAND	-				
	5 5 -	11	5-6-6	12		sc	· - - ·					
	60		2-4-4	8			- - - greenish-gray clayey SAND with phosphate		Marketine and the second secon			
	- 65- -	±12	4-3-4	7			-					
	70 -		8-7-7	14		mh	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_				-
	-	XX 13.	16-50/2*	50/2*	000	-111	light gray and brown mottled clayey elastic SILT (weathered rock) with limerock fragments Notes:	_				
	75- -						- 1. Boring terminated at 74.17 feet					-
	80-											,
	85-						-					
	90-											-
	95-			- Landerson			-					
		1										

	SHEET 1 OF 2
PROJECT Southeast Landfill	BORING NUMBER TH-10
CLIENT Hillsborough County	BORING LOCATION <u>As Per Plan</u>
FILE NO. 90-9684	DATE STARTED <u>9-13-90</u>
COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough	_ DATE COMPLETED <u>9-13-90</u>
STATE Florida	ELEVATION146.43
TTH TEET TEES E NO. COUNT COUNT CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION ATTERBURS LIMITS SOIL DESCRIPTION
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES AMPLE NO ILOM COUN N-VALUE ISCS CLAS	SOIL DESCRIPTION RASH ROLL CONTE

STATE	<u>F1</u>	<u>orida</u>				ELEVATION 146.43						
<u> </u>	m S	¥	Ħ	90	ASS		OISTURE	IASH	ORBANIC CONTENT %	ATTERBURG LINITS		
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW DOUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	VATURAL MOISTURE X	-200 MASH		LIMIT	PLAST.	
0-	í	4-4-5	g		sp	- light brown SAND						
	2	5-6- 7	13		sp							
-		7-7-8	15			-				'	1	
5-		7-7-7	14								1 1	
-	3	7-7-7	14			light grayish-brown SAND with phosphate						
]		5-4-5	9			= =====================================					1 1	
10-		3-4-6	10	. : :		_						
] :							_				1 1	
	 				ch	TOC 133,93						
15-	4	i-1/12"	i			BOC 119.43					1 1	
] -	-				ļ	f					1	
	1					[-					1 1	
	5	1-1/12"	1			very light grayish-brown silty CLAY	75.7	84.8			1	
20-		* */ *-	1		1	(phosphate mining waste)						
	1	ļ.		(8//)		 -					1	
				V///		-	81.9	90.4			-	
25-	6	1-1/12*	1			aun .					1 1	
	1						_					
	-			a 74 .	ab ab	CAND forements					1 1	
30-	7	6-9-11	20	ر که کا	2503	black SAND with silt cemented SAND fragments				1		
30-	1			3.3	- an		-				1	
	1			7	ap am	1 EL 119.43						
		13-22-34	56	7	1	BOTTOM WASTE CLAY					1	
35-	, B. 10	13-22-34	30	12:	1							
	7			7.7.]	reddish-brown SAND with silt		1			1 1	
	1			1	1	<u></u>]	
40-	3	12-22-41	63	1.	1							
	1			1	1						1	
	1			,	1		\dashv					
	10	22-29-36	65		an ap							
45-				下 法	1 ""	dark brown SAND with silt		1				
	-					-	_					
	1=				. sp	light brown SAND with trace of phosphate					-	
50-	11	1-2-2	4	•	<u> </u>	* agree of other states and a second state of the second states and second states are second states as a second state of the second states are second states as a second state of the second states are second states as a second state of the second states are second states are second states as a second state of the second states are seco			Ц		لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
						WATER TABLE REDTU						

DRILLER/RIG <u>D. Baker</u>	WATER	TABLE DEPTH:		
BORING TYPE SPT	1st	8.8,	DATE TIME	9-13-90
LENGTH/TYPE CASING None	2nd		DATE TIME	

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJE	ст 🗵	<u>Southeas</u>	it Lar	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER TH-10					
CLIEN	т <u>н</u>	illsboro	ough (Coun	<u>ty</u>	COUNTY <u>Hillsborough</u>					
FILE	NO.	90-9684	4			STATE Florida					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	NATURAL MOISTURE %	-200 #ASH	ORBANIC CONTENT	CIMI LIMI LIMI LIMI	ITS
50- - - - 55-		2-1-1	2		sp	light brown SANO with trace of phosphate					
60	12	10-9-13	22		sc	light gray clayey SAND with phosphate					
65		7- 9 -14	23			- Tidus duak cidask awan wiru bugahuges					
70	13	50/0*	50/0"	\$143	ah	light brown and light gray clayey elastic SILT (weathered rock) with limestone fragments					
70-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 68.5 feet					,
75-						- -					,
						- - -					
80-						 - - -					-
85 -								THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.			
90-			And in the second secon								
95-			Water transfer of the Control of the	AMARIA		 					

							SHEET 1 OF 2							
PROJECT Southeast Landfill							BORING NUMBER TH-11							
CLIENT Hillsborough County							BORING LOCATION <u>As Per Plan</u>							
FILE NO. <u>90-9684</u>							DATE STARTED <u>9-13-90</u>							
COUNT	//CIT	γ <u>Hill</u>	sbor	<u>ough</u>			DATE COMPLETED 9-13-90							
STATE Florida							ELEVATION149.66							
DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	E COUNT	N-VALUE	PAPHIC LOS	S CLASS		SOIL DESCRIPTION		ATURAL KOISTURE X	200 WASH %	JAGANIC CONTENT X	LIM		
	25 SE	3	2	BRA!	SOSN				#TT¥	Ç	OHBAN	LINIT	PLAST	
0-		1-2-2	4		вp	- Naht anay CAMO	with trace of phosphate							
		3-5-8	13		sp	Titlic di a) overs	ATCH OF MOD OF PHINOSPITALO							
		6-7-7	14			** ***								
5-		5-6-7 5-7-6	13 13			<u>. </u>								
		5-7-8	15										1	
10-		7-7-9	16											
-						light grayish—b	rown SAND with trace of	phosphate					1	
		6-9-10	19											
15-		0 3 10	10	i .;										
-	:					<u></u>							1	
20-	5	3-4-2	6]	
-				SF 1	sm									
-				張夢		light brown sil	ty SAND with trace of cl	ay	17.2	45.9				
25-	6	3-3-2	5	#1		- TOC 123:16 BOC 118	، مام،		41.6	40.5			1	
-					ch	- light grayish-b								
30-	7	1-1-2	3			(phosphate mini	ng waste)		67.4	92.7				
30-					вр		↑		-					
						dark gray SAND	BOTTOM WASTE	5 2427						
35-	8	11-12-20	32				= 1/0.66					-		
									-					
			100	1.1	sm sm	black SAND with	c17+						1	
40-	334 9	13-10-9	19			- RIGER SWIP MICH	3111							
	1			5	sp sm				1					
45-	10	13-18-19	37	f. J	sm	_								
	-			$f \cdot f$		- reddish-brown S	AND with silt							

50 11 16-24-26 50 7.7		
DRILLER/RIG D. Baker	WATER TABLE DEPTH:	
BORING TYPE SPT	1st <u>None</u> DATE TIME	9-13-90
LENGTH/TYPE CASING None	2nd DATE TIME	

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJE	-, -					DONLING MONDELL				·············	
CLIEN	т <u>н</u>	<u>illsbor</u> g	ough !	Count	t y	COUNTY <u>Hillsborough</u>					
FILE	NO.	90-9684	4			STATE <u>Florida</u>	7			7	
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOM COUNT	N-VALUE	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs class	SOIL DESCRIPTION	NATURAL KOISTURE	-200 MASH	DRGANIC CONTENT		ITS
50-				J.J.	sp sm	reddish-brown SAND with silt					-
55-		4-6-9	15		sp	- brown SAND					4
60-	12	5-3-4	7		ec sb	- - light gray SAND with clay and phosphate 					
65-		4-3-3	6		ml	- - light gray clayey SILT with phosphate 					,
70-	13	17-29- 50/3"	50/3		mh	light brown and light gray clayey elastic SILT (weathered rock) with limestone fragments and phosphate					
	<u> </u>					- Notes: - 1. Boring terminated at 69.75 feet -					-
75	4					- - - -					
80	4										
	4									***************************************	-
85	1	The second secon					Andrews and the state of the st				
90	1						THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF				
95	j										
						-					-

FINAL BORING LOG SHEET 1 OF 1

2nd _____ DATE TIME ____

							and the second					
PROJECT Southeast Landfill BORING NUMBER TH-12												
CLIEN	т <u>_Н</u>	<u>illsbor</u>	ough	Coun	<u>ty</u>		BORING LOCATION As Per (<u>lan</u>				
FILE	NO.	90-968	4 .				DATE STARTED 9-14-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	γ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough			DATE COMPLETED <u>9-14-90</u>					
STATE	<u>F1</u>	orida					ELEVATION 151.66					
			1	T				当		ENT		RBURG
포교	왕 원	ş	#	SHAPHIC LOG	CLASS	**************************************		ATURAL NOISTURE X	-200 HASH	DRBANIC CONTENT *	E.IH	ITS
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	E COUNT	N-VALUE	\(\frac{1}{2} \)	o sosn		SOIL DESCRIPTION	A N	ខ្លុ	NIC.	皇皇	PLAST.
	. <u>Q</u>	ad		55	3			ă LE	<u>`</u>	OR6,		글목
0-	1	4-4-5	9	13.5	sp							-
-		6-9-9	18	:		-						-
		8-7-8	15			F						-
5-		7-7-8	15	1:::		very light gray	rish-brown SAND with trace of phosphat	ė.				-
-		8-6-7	13			L						-
		7-7-6	13			-						-
10-		6-5-6	11			- -						-
					ab							-
		7-8-8	16			light grayish-t	prown SAND with trace of phosphate					-
15-	1969A31 -					<u> </u>						-
					ch		orown sandy CLAY					
20-	3	2-1-2	3			(phosphate mini	ing waste) with chemical odor	90.4	53.4			-
20-						- Notes:	implied at 20 6 Fact					-
						- 1. Boring term	inated at 20.0 feet					-
25-						un Naces						-
= .						-						-
						F						-
30-						-						-
"						-						-
						-						-
35-						_						
"	-					-						-
	1					F						-
40-						-						
]					-						
45~	1					 						-
	1											
50-	1									<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ווזפח	ED/D	rg <u>D.</u>	Baker	•	•		WATER TABLE DEPTH:					
					···		1st None DATE	TIME	9	-14-	90	
BUHIL	IG TYP	- <u></u>	<u> </u>				144					

1st <u>None</u> DATE TIME <u>9-14-90</u>

2nd _____ DATE TIME ____

						SHEET 1 OF 1					
PROJE	CT _	Southea	st La	<u>ndfi</u>	11	BORING NUMBER TH-13					
CLIEN	т _Н	<u>illsbor</u>	ough	Coun	ty_	BORING LOCATION As Per	<u>Plan</u>				
FILE	NO.	90-968	4			DATE STARTED 9-14-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	Υ <u>Hil</u>	<u>lsbor</u>	ough		DATE COMPLETED 9-14-90					
STATE	_F1	<u>orida</u>				ELEVATION 148.96.					
		_		G	<i></i>		HATURAL MOISTURE	-		ATTER	
三田	S 9	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOS	CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	MOIS	MAS	orbanic content X	LIM	
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	5	Ţ	RAPHI	SSS	JULE DESCRIPTION	FA.	ର୍ଷ୍ଟ-	AANIC	LTOURD	AST.
	<i>O</i> 1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		<u> </u>		E	1	亞,
0-	1	4-5-4	g	::::	sp	•					
		6-6-6	12			- -		·			
5		5-6-7	13	.		-					
_		7-7-6 6-7-7	13			- -	1				
] -		7-9-8	17			light grayish-brown SAND with trace of phosphate					
10-		8-7-7	14	::::							
] :						* *					
			45			-					
15-	5	9-7-8	15								
:				16 6	SM						
_ :	3	2-2-2	4	牙牙牙		light gray silty SAND with trace of clay	52.2	27.1			
20-						- Notes:					
						- 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet					
25-						<u>-</u>					
]					<u>.</u> .					
30-	-										
	1					- -					
	1					-					
35-	1										
						<u></u>					
	1			-		_					
40-	1										
	1					F F					
45-	1					-					
	1					-					
	1	1									
50-]		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
neti i	CD/D	re D.	Baker	•		WATER TABLE DEPTH:					

BORING TYPE SPT

FINAL BORING LOG SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJE	CT _	Southeas	st La	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER	4					
CLIEN	т _Н	illsboro	ough	Coun	t y	BORING LOCATION _As_	Per i	Plan	······			
FILE	NO.	90-9684	4			DATE STARTED _9-14-9	30					
COUNT	Y/CIT	γ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough	····	DATE COMPLETED _9-14	4-90	····				
STATE	<u>F1</u>	orida				ELEVATION 156.	31					
DEPTH IN FRET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	GRAPHIC LOB	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION		VATURAL MOISTURE	-200 #ASH	IBANIC CONTENT		PLAST.
0-		5-4-4	8		sp	light gray SAND with trace of phosphate		3		8		
5- 10- 15-		3-6-6 7-6-6 7-8-9 9-9-7 9-8-9 7-6-6	12 12 17 16 17 12		sp	light gray shab with trace of phosphi 30 30 40 50 60 70	ate	106.	776.3		119	98
36 35 40 45		Borron		*		2. Samples lost at 14.0 and 19.0 feet						
DRILL	ER/RJ		Baker	·		WATER TABLE DEPTH:					~~	
	IG TYF	E SPT		los -			DATE T		_ 13-	-14-	30	
, [A [C] "	LIZEVE	11 1 * A L. 2 1 K i	1 IX	21 11 1 M		(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	164 1 1	1 1 (4)				

2nd _____ DATE TIME ____

SHEET 1 OF 1

SAWPLES COLASS LIGHTIPA A 17-2-9 11 4-2-9 12 6-2-1 14 7-2-6 15 6-2-1 16 6-2-1 17 6-2-1 17 7-2-7 18 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 11 7-2-7 11 7-2-7 12 7-2-7 13 7-2-7 14 7-2-6 15 7-2-7 16 7-2-7 17 7-2-7 17 7-2-7 18 7-2-7 18 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 10 7-2-7 11 7-2-7 11 7-2-7 12 7-2-7 13 7-2-7 14 7-2-7 15 7-2-7 16 7-2-7 17 7-2-7 17 7-2-7 18 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 19 7-2-7 10 7-2-7	PROJECT <u>Southeast Landfill</u>	BORING NUMBER TH-15	
COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough STATE Florida ELEVATION 147.48 SOIL DESCRIPTION O 1 4-5-6 11 Sp 6-7-7 14 SOIL DESCRIPTION DATE COMPLETED 9-14-90 ELEVATION 147.48 SOIL DESCRIPTION DATE COMPLETED 9-14-90 ELEVATION 147.48	CLIENT Hillsborough County	BORING LOCATION <u>As Per F</u>	'lan
STATE Florida ELEVATION 147.48 FLEVATION SAMPLES ON SAMPLE NO. COUNT WATCHER AND COUNT OF SAMPLE CONTRACT OF SAMPLE	FILE NO. <u>90-9684</u>	DATE STARTED 9-14-90	
SOUL DESCRIPTION SOURCE TO MASH CONTENT A 1 4-2-6 11	COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough	DATE COMPLETED 9-14-90	
O 1 4-5-6 11 Sp - 14 Sp - 15 S	STATE Florida	ELEVATION147.48	
O 1 4-5-6 11 Sp - 14 Sp - 15 S	NO. NO. LEE		OLSTURE SLINIT SURBELLY SURBELLY
O 1 4-5-6 11 Sp - 14 Sp - 15 S	SAMPLE SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOM CO BLOM CO BLOM CO USCS CL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	VATURAL N -200 P MORBANIC (MORBANIC (LIGUID LIMIT PLAST. INDEX
	1 4-5-6 11 5p 5p 6-7-7 14 7-8-6 14 6-8-8 16 8-9-7 15 7-7-5 12	760 = 132,48 Boc = 132	
15 2 1-2-1 3 (phosphate mining waste) 99.8 86.4	15 2 1-2-1 3	(phosphate mining waste)	99.8 86.4
Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 15.0 feet 20 25 30 40 45 40 DRILER/BIG D. Baker NATER TABLE DEPTH:	30- - - - 35- - - - 40- 45-	1. Boring terminated at 15.0 feet	
DRILLER/RIG <u>D. Baker</u> WATER TABLE DEPTH: BORING TYPE <u>SPT</u> 1st <u>None</u> DATE TIME <u>9-14-90</u>			TIME <u>9-14-90</u>

PROJECT <u>Southeast L</u>	andfill	BORING NUMBER TH-15					
CLIENT <u>Hillsborough</u>	County	BORING LOCATION AS PER	Plan				
FILE NO. <u>90-9684</u>		DATE STARTED <u>9-14-90</u>					
COUNTY/CITY Hillsbo	rough	DATE COMPLETED <u>9-14-90</u>					
STATE <u>Florida</u>		ELEVATION146.89					
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES SAMPLE NO. BLOM COUNT	HAPHIC LOB	SOIL DESCRIPTION	ATURAL MOISTURE	-200 MASH	DRBANIC CONTENT		ITS
0 1 5-5-6 11 5-5-6 11 5-5-6 11 5-4-4 8 5-4-3 7 3-4-3 7 3-3-4	sp SOC	phosphate race of phosphate te wh silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste) Id brown SAND with silt interbedded brown silty clay lenses AND with silt	23.7		10		
25- 8 1-2-1	۸.	clayey SAND					
3-2-3	61						
9 5-7-13		ith silt	26.3	6.1			
40- 40- 45- 10 3-4-3 7	SC .	n clayey SAND					
DRILLER/RIG D. Bak		WATER TABLE DEPTH: 1st None DATE 2nd DATE		g	-14-	-90	

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJE	CT _	Southeas	st La	<u>ndfi</u>	11	BORING NUMBER TH-16					
CLIEN	т <u>ь</u>	lillsbor	ough	Coun	<u>ty</u>	COUNTY <u>Hillsborough</u>					
FILE	NO.	90-968	4			STATE Florida					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOM COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	uscs class	SOIL DESCRIPTION	VATURAL MOISTURE *	-200 WASH	ORGANIC CONTENT X	LINE LINE MIT MIT MIT	ITS
50-		***					3		售	<u> </u>	
-	7.7	2-3-6	9		SC SC	light brown clayey SAND					
55- - - - -		3-3-9	12			- greenish-gray clayey SAND with trace of phosphate - -					3 6 3
65-	13	12-29-35	64	1000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	mh	light brown and light gray clayey elastic SILT (weathered rock) with limestone fragments and phosphate		Advinced to the state of the st			
70-	The state of the s					Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 65.0 feet		And the state of t			
75-										and the state of t	
85-											
90- 95-											
						-					

						SHEET 1 OF 1					
PROJE	ст _	Southea	st La	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER TH-17					
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	illsbor	devo	Coun	t y_	BORING LOCATION As Per	<u>Plan</u>				
FILE	NO.	90-968	4	··		DATE STARTED 9-14-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	Υ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough		DATE COMPLETED <u>9-14-90</u>					
STATE	<u> F1</u>	orida				ELEVATION134.51					<u> </u>
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOK COUNT	NVALUE	BRAPHIC LOB	CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	MATURAL MOISTURE	-200 MASH	ORBANIC CONTENT	LIN	REKURG KITS
	SAMPL	B.C.G.	Λ-N	BRAPH	SOSN		NATURAL	82-	DRBANIC	LIMIT	PLAST.
0-	i	13-13-16	29	a a 4	sp	brown SAND with cemented sand nodules					
-	5	6-8-9	1 7		sc	light brown clayey SAND					
5	3	6-5-6 2-3-3 3-3-2 3-3-2	11 6 5 5		sc	light brown SAND with clay					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
10-	4	2-1-2	3		sp	- light brown SAND					
15-	5	1-1-3	1	7/	sc			33.8	سسست و سرام و سرام الرواد ب الرحمة والمختار ، بم حمد مدهد	42	20
-					gg	light grayish-brown clayey SAND	- 30.0	33.0		T.	
25-	6	7-12-18	30	2	sn sp	very dark brown SANO with silt Notes:	-				1
-						- 1. Boring terminated at 25.0 feet					
30-						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
						- -					1
35-						<u>.</u>					
-						-					
						- -					
40-						_ -					
-	,					- -					1
45-						- 					1
-						- -	٠.				1
-	•					- -					1
50-				<u> </u>					<u> </u>	L	<u>t</u>
DRILL			3aker			WATER TABLE DEPTH:	r T 14	a	4 <i>A</i>	മറ	
DANTH	C TVM	TOP 3				1et None DATE T	(IMF	9~	14-	JU	

2nd _____

DATE TIME ____

PROJE	CT _	Southeas	st La	<u>ndfi</u>	11	BORING NUMBER TH-18					
CLIEN	т _Н	illsbor	ough	Coun	tу	BORING LOCATION As Pe	<u>Plan</u>	·····			
FILE	NO.	90-9684	4			DATE STARTED 9-14-90					
COUNT	Y/CIT	γ <u>Hil</u>	lsbor	ough		DATE COMPLETED <u>9-14-9</u>	0				
STATE	<u>F1</u>	orida				ELEVATION 136.18					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLON COUNT	K-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOB	USCS CLASS	DN -	VATURAL MOISTURE	200 WASH	DREANIC CONTENT		178
5-7-1	2	11-12-15 24-23-25 15-15-14 7-7-6 3-1/12*	27 48 29 13 1		sp sp ch	Toc= 178.18 trace of phosphate of phosphate					
10	5	HOL HOL	Aqt Aqt			light grayish-brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste) with chemical odor in sample 4		98.2			
20-	6	MOP12"-3	3		Sm Sm	very dark gray SAND with silt and lenses of grayi brown clay Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet	sh- 34.0	5.6			
30-						- - - - - -					
35 - - - 40							A PERSONAL MANAGEMENT AND				
45-						- - - - - - -					
DRILL	ER/RT	G D.I	Baker			WATER TABLE DEPTH:					
BORIN	G TYP	E SPT				1st <u>None</u> DATE	TIME	9-	-14-9	30	
LENGT	H/TYP	E CASIN	5 <u>N</u>	one		2nd DATE	TIME				

PAOJE	CT _S	outheas	<u>it Lar</u>	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER BB-3				
CLIEN	т <u>Ні</u>	llaboro	ough (Coun	<u>ty</u>	BORING LOCATION As Per	⊃lan			
FILE !	NO	90-9684	4			DATE STARTED 9-12-90				·····
COUNT	Y/CITY	<u> Hill</u>	lsbor	ough		DATE COMPLETED 9-12-90				
STATE	F10	rida					**		_	
DEPTH IN PRET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	H-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	100° 129.45 Boc 129.45			I T	PLAST. SI SHOW SHOW
0				3.	sp					7
5	S				ch	grayish-brown sandy FAT CLAY with trace of phosphate	54.7	56.3		
10-	工3				sc	brown clayey SAND				-
-					80	light brown clayey SAND with gravel	26.9	25.6		
15-	二 5				80	greenish-gray clayey SAND with phosphate				1
50-	工 6				sp	gray SAND				1
-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet .				- - -
25-						- 	The state of the s		**************************************	- - -
30-						• • •	***************************************			
35-										
40-						- - 				1 1 1
45-						- 				
50-						- - -				-
	FB/btc	, D,	Baker		f	WATER TABLE DEPTH:		<u></u>	······································	
		Mec			\uge		TIME	9-1	2-90	
LENGT	H/TYPE	E CASIN	6 <u> </u>	<u>ione</u>		2nd DATE	TIME			

FINAL BORING LOG SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJE	CT 🚣	Southeas	st La	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER A8-4			·		***********
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	illsbor	ough	BORING LOCATION As Per P	lan						
FILE	NO	90-968	4			DATE STARTED <u>9-12-90</u>		(Na _s uriya),	of Strains	5.5	
COUNT	Y/CITY	/ <u>Hil</u>	<u>lsbor</u>	ough		DATE COMPLETED _9-			.		·····
STATE	<u>F10</u>	orida				ELEVATION N/A 144.9	- 150 h t		IIN	2	
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOS	USCS CLASS		NATURAL MOISTURE %	200 HASH X	ORBANIC CONTENT	ATTER LIM	ITS
jt	S S	ᆏ		番	SS	= 145.91 60° 131.91	Ĕ.	1	ORBA	自自	PLAST.
0-	<u></u>			<i>A</i> S	sm			i i]
-	工 2				sp	60-]
5	⊥ 3		michalland de la constant de la cons		ch	grayish-brown sandy FAT CLAY with traces of phosphate					-
15-	工 5				sc	_ light gray clayey SAND with shell fragments				and development of the same of	1 1 1 1
] :	=== 6			(). (). ()	sp sm	very dark brown SAND with silt					
25- 25- 30- 40- 45-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
t	ER/RI	G <u>D.</u>	Baker	· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	WATER TABLE DEPTH:			<u> </u>		
	NG TYP				\uger	1st <u>None</u> DATE 1	TIME	9	-12-	90	····
LENCT	ru/TVD	E CACTA	ic f	lone		2nd DATE 1	IME				

PROJECT Southeast Landfill	BORING NUMBER <u>AB-5</u>		
CLIENT Hillsborough County	BORING LOCATION As Per F	olan	
FILE NO. <u>90-9684</u>	DATE STARTED 9-12-90	MGWw-Ynseral Hear	w Ne
COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough	DATE COMPLETED 9-	C 50	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
STATE Florida	ELEVATION N/A	5 FR.	
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES SAMPLES SAMPLES HUM COUNT N-VALUE GRAPHIC LOB USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	WATURAL MOISTURE * -200 WASH	ORBANIC CONTENT * LIGUID LINIT PLAST. INDEX
SAMP SAMP BLOM BLOM BLOM BLOM		AHUTA Si-	OHBANIC LIMIT LIMIT PLAST.
O 1 1 Sp dark brown SAND	with silt		
Sp brown SAND with	silt		
5— I 3 Sm Sm Gark brown SAND	with silt	7.4 5.9	
sp dark brown SAND	<u></u>		
15— I 5 sp gray SAND			
	nated at 20.0 feet		4
25-			
30-	1		
35-			
40-			
45-			
50-		<u> </u>	
DRILLER/RIG D. Baker BORING TYPE Mechanical Auger	WATER TABLE DEPTH: 1st <u>12'8"</u> DATE 1	rime <u> </u>	J-12-90
LENGTH/TYPE CASING None	2nd DATE 1		

PROJECT S	outheast La	ndfill		_ BORING NUMBER _	AB-6					
CLIENT Hi	llsborough (County		BORING LOCATION	As Per F	lan			8 17 15	
FILE NO.	30-9684			_ DATE STARTED	<u> -12-9 </u>					
COUNTY/CITY	Hillsbor	ough		_ DATE COMPLETED	9-12	in			areni 2009a 11.20a	
STATE Flor	rida			_ ELEVATION <u>N/A</u>		, 19	te.			
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT N-VALUE NSCS CLASS USCS CLASS						-200 MASH	ORBANIC CONTENT X		ITS
SAN		3 3				VATURAL MOISTURE	T	99B 7		7 5
0 1 1		80	grayish-brown	clayey SAND with phosphat	e					
= 2 5-		Sp	- brown SAND							
10-		sc	Γ	AND with shell fragments	go	14.3	19.5			
15-		f sp		D with silt	Ā					
= 5	111	st.	light gray SAN	D						
	American	7 3 8P 5 5 5 5 5 7	dark brown SAN	D with silt				-		
20			- Notes: - 1. Boring term	inated at 20.0 feet						
25-			-							
30-										
35-			- - - -							
40-				•						
45-	etelement des et en									
50			and							
DAILLER/AIG	D. Baker			WATER TABLE DE	PTH:	1			I	
BORING TYPE			e <u>r</u>	1st <u>12'6"</u>	DATE T	IME	_9-	-12-	90	
LENGTH/TYPE CASING None				2nd	DATE T	TIME				

2nd _____ DATE TIME _

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJE	CT	Southea:	st La	ndfi	11	BORING NUMBER AB-7							
CLIEN	т <u>Н</u>	illsbor	ough	Coun	tу	BORING LOCATION As Per	BORING LOCATION <u>As Per Plan</u>						
FILE	NO.	90-968	4			DATE STARTED _9-12-							
COUNTY/CITY <u>Hillsborough</u>							20	co -		25) <u> </u>			
STATE	_F1	orida				ELEVATION N/A		T Sala					
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOM COUNT	N-VALUE	BRAPHIC LOG	USCS CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	ATURAL MOISTURE %	-200 WASH	DRBANIC CONTENT		ITS		
	ŝ	16		B	3		NAT I	ļ <u>.</u>	GRB,		문류		
0-	1 1			::::	вp	grayish-brown SAND with clayey sand lenses]		
5	⊥ 5				sp sm								
10-	 3					TOC = 125 38 BOC = 125 38					-		
15-	I 4			S. S.	sm						-		
50-	工 5				ch	light grayish-brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste)	4				- - - -		
-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet					-		
25-											-		
30-											-		
35-									anti-tra demonstration de radio de				
40-											, ,		
45 -											1 1 1		
-													
50-	<u> </u>			1	<u></u>			<u> </u>	L	1			
		G <u>D.</u> DE Mec			line.	MATER TABLE DEPTH:	TTME	g.	-12-	-90			

PROJECT Southeast Landfill						BORING NUMBER AB-8							
CLIENT <u>Hillsborough County</u>						BORING LOCATION As Po	BORING LOCATION <u>As Per Plan</u>						
FILE	NO.	90-968	4			DATE STARTED 9-12-90	DATE STARTED <u>9-12-90</u>						
COUNTY/CITY <u>Hillsborough</u>							DATE COMPLETED _9-12-90						
STATE	_F1	orida				ELEVATION N/A							
DEPTH IN FEET	LES E NO.	BLOW COUNT	HVALUE	SAAPHIC LOG	CLASS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	MTSTIRE	WATURAL MOISTURE	-200 MASH X	OPBANIC CONTENT X	ATTERBURG LIMITS		
	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	8	Ī	ВЯДРИ	SOSI		MATIN	5	-500	OPBANIC		PLAST.	
0-					sp	brown SAND							
5	<u>⊤</u> 2			アナンとうない	92	- light brown SAND with silt	7						
15-	3			;;;;	em Sp	light brown SAND with silt and trace of phosphat	e	2.9	8.2	•			
_	<u> </u>				ch	light grayish-brown silty CLAY (phosphate mining waste)							
20-						Notes: 1. Boring terminated at 20.0 feet							
25							sia kaira an in ann an ann ann an an ann ann ann						
30-						TOC 123.05 BOC 123					نست هسار دا داره ساز ما داره داره داره داره داره داره داره دار	-	
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40-						•• ••• ••							
45-							en er en				Martin de l'Artin de l		
	<u></u>	G <u>D.</u>	Raken	. <u>L</u> .	L	WATER TABLE DEPTH:	1			L	4,	·	
BORIN					uoer		(E TTI	ME	_g.	-12-	90		
		E CASIN					re TII						

PROJECT Southeast Landfill						BORING NUMBER AB-9							
CLIENT Hillsborough County						BORING LOCATION <u>As Per Plan</u>							
FILE	FILE NO. 90-9684						DATE STARTED <u>9-12-90</u>						
COUNT	COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough						DATE COMPLETED <u>9-12-90</u> 136:08 FE. TIN						
STATE Florida							ELEVATION N/A	59.	annag ")j	yo j	digital.		
DEPTH IN FEET SAMPLES SAMPLE NO. BLOW COUNT N-VALUE BRAPHIC LOG USCS CLASS							WATURAL MOISTURE					<u> </u>	ITS
		8	<u>}</u>	ВПАРН	SJSN				MATUTIAL) Q	ORBANIC CONTENT		PLAST
0-	1			53	sp sp	- reddish-brown SANC) with silt						-
5	工 2				sp	_ grayish-brown SAN	with shell fragments						
-	工 3 土 4				SC	dark brown clayey	SAND						-
-						light brown claye	y SAND with phosphate						1
10-	5		THE PARTY OF THE P	爱易	sm	dark brown silty :	GAND						-
-	二 6 二 7				SD SM	reddish-brown SANI - nodules) with silt and cemented	sand					1
15-	== 8 == 8				Sp SC	light grayish-bro	wn clayey SAND						1
] -	1				0.0	yellowish-brown Sa	AND with clayey sand len	ses					
50-				12.2		light brown claye	y SAND	······································					-
-						Notes: 1. Boring termina	ted at 20.0 feet				-		
25-						-]
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DRILL	ER/RI	G <u>D.</u>	Baker				WATER TABLE DEPT	H:					
BORIN	G TYP	E <u>Mec</u>	<u>hanic</u>	al A	uger	-	1st <u>None</u>	_ DATE 1	IME	<u>g</u> .	-12-	90	
L.ENGT	H/TYP	E CASIN	6 <u>N</u>	lone			2nd	. DATE 1	IME				

2nd _____ DATE TIME ____

SHEET 1 OF 1

PROJE	CT	Southea	st La	ndfi	11_		BORING NUMBER	AB-10	·				
CLIENT Hillsborough County													
FILE NO. 90-9684							DATE STARTED _	9-12-90				·····	
COUNTY/CITY Hillsborough							DATE COMPLETED	9-12-90			Ž.		
STATE Florida								To the state of th	4. هاد	3 F	?. Tí	4	
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프뷰	2000	E S	当	SRAPHIC LOG	CLASS				WATURAL MOISTURE *	HASH	ORBANIC CONTENT X	LIM	ITS
DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES SAMPLE NO.	BLOW COUNT	N-VALUE	APHI	o sosn		SOIL DESCRIPTION		HAL X	-200 WASH	NIC X		달 전
	ίλ	5 5		8	3				MAT T		0R6/	95	2 3
0-	1			: 1: 3	80	dark brown SAND	with silt						
	≖ 2				sm sp	-							
5-						_ brown SAND							
	⊐ 3				sp	-							
-				1.	sm	- dank boown SANO	with cilt and onay cla	v laver					
10-				()		- doly by own child	dark brown SAND with silt and gray clay layer						
	工 4			7	sp	dark brown SAND	with silt						
15-	工 5				sm sc								
	:					brown and orang	ish-brown clayey SAND						
							tott at anti- axajaj attu						
20-				1/./		Notes:							
-			-				nated at 20.0 feet						
25-							•						
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50-			<u> </u>	<u></u>						<u> </u>		L	<u> </u>
DRILL	ER/RI	<u> Б.</u>	Baker		***************************************		WATER TABLE DE	PTH:					
BORIN	G TYP	E Mec	hanic	al A	ugei		1st <u>None</u>	DATE T	IME	_9-	-12-	3 0	