Application for an Intermediate Modification to the Operations Permit for the Construction and Operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility



Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex Sarasota County, Florida

Submitted to:

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Permitting and Compliance Assistance Program – Solid Waste Section 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 4565 Tallahassee, FL 32399

Submitted by:

Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC. 2999 Judge Road Oakfield, NY 14125-9771 Phone: (585) 948-8580 FAX: (585) 948-8584

Prepared by:



S2L, Incorporated 531 Versailles Drive, Suite 202 Maitland, Florida 32751 407-475-9163 Fax 407-475-9169 COA #7831

February 14, 2014

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-Omar E. Smith, R.E. Florida P.E. Micense No. 38358

Distribution:

1 electronic copy – FDEP, Tallahassee 1 electronic copy – FDEP, Ft. Myers 1 electronic copy – LES

1 electronic copy – Sarasota County

February 14, 2014



Mr. Cory Dewayne Dilmore, P.E. Solid Waste Section Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS4565 Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: Application for an Intermediate Modification to the Operations Permit for the Construction and Operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility Sarasota County, Florida – Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex Existing FDEP Permit No. 0013542-022-SO/01, WACS ID No. SWD/58/51614

Dear Mr. Dilmore:

On behalf of Sarasota County and Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC (LES), S2L, Incorporated (S2Li) is pleased to enclose an application for an intermediate modification to the Operations Permit for the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex (CCSWDC) located in Sarasota County, Florida. The purpose of this request for the permit modification is to provide for the construction and operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility (Plant) to allow landfill gas to be diverted into the Plant for processing and converting into electricity. LES is proposing the following:

- 1) The construction and operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility at the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex. This facility will convert the landfill gas collected at the landfill into electricity;
- 2) Tie-in to the landfill gas collection system; and
- 3) Discharge of collected condensate from the Plant into the landfill leachate collection system.

This permit modification application also includes a completed Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department) Form 62-701.900(1) in accordance with Chapter 62-701.320(5)(a), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) which is provided in Section 2. Responses to requirements described within Chapter 62-701.530(5), F.A.C. for Landfill Gas Recovery Facilities are provided in Section 3. Also sent under separate cover is a check in the amount of Five Thousand (\$5,000) dollars payable to the Department for the permit fee as discussed at our meeting on December 20, 2013.

S2Li appreciates the Department's assistance in reviewing this permit modification application. If you have any questions or comments regarding the enclosed document, please contact me at 770-517-9759 or e-mail me at osmith@s21i.com.

Sincerely S2L, Incorpor No. 38 Oma EL/Shift P.E. License N February 14, Incorporated Oma E./Smith **D.E. License No** Enclosures AV 111101110130

cc: Bill Krumbholz, FDEP-Fort Myers Lois Rose, Sarasota County Jason Timmons, P.E., Sarasota County Emily Zambuto, Innovative Energy Systems/Landfill Energy Systems Sam Levin, P.E., S2Li

> 531 VERSAILLES DRIVE, SUITE 202 MAITLAND, FL 32751-7301 407-475-9163 Fax 407-475-9169 www.s2li.com

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SECTION 1 Introduction

SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

Sarasota County (County) owns and operates the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex (CCSWDC) located at 4000 Knights Trail Road in Nokomis, Florida. The County is submitting this application to apply for an intermediate modification to its CCSWDC's Operations Permit No. 0013542-022-SO/01 to allow for the construction and operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery (Landfill Gas-to-Energy, Landfill Gas-to-Electricity, or Plant) facility and its connection to the landfill gas/leachate collection systems within the CCSWDC's property boundaries. The construction, operations, and connections will allow landfill gas to be diverted from the CCSWDC's landfill gas collection system into a facility or Plant that will process and convert the landfill gas into electricity. The Plant will be owned and operated by Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC, 2999 Judge Road, Oakfield, New York 14125-9771, on property licensed from the County adjacent to the existing landfill gas flare station.

This intermediate modification application has been prepared in accordance with the applicable sections of Chapter 62-701, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), effective 08-12-12, more specifically Chapter 62-701.530(5), F.A.C. which lists the requirements for the application of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility. This application provides the required facility information for agency review and approval. Some required information, which has been previously submitted and is applicable to this permit modification, has not been resubmitted. The portions of the application form. Anything that is checked a "N/A" on the application form means that is it "Not Applicable" to this particular application for the construction and operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility and does not mean that it is "Not Applicable" for the CCSWDC's Operation Permit. Anything that is checked as "N/C" which means "No Change" on the application form can be found within the following documents:

- Sarasota County CSWDC Solid Waste Operations Permit Renewal Application, dated September 16, 2013, received by the Department September 18, 2013.
- 2. Any "Request for Information" (RAIs), memorandums, supplemental information, or documentation associated with the submittal above.

For other permits for this facility, LES plans to, has applied for, or has obtained, a separate Environmental Resource Permit, and registration of the oil/waste oil and ethylene glycol tanks. LES has obtained Air Permit No. 1150089-008-AC / PSD-FL-422 for the construction of the Plant.

This permit application has been submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP or Department) Tallahassee office in electronic form along with a check sent under separate cover for Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) for the Operations Permit Intermediate Modification Application fee.

SECTION 2

Application Form

DEP Form #: 62-701.900(1), F.A.C.

Form Title: Application to Construct, Operate, Modify, or

Close a Solid Waste Management Facility

Effective Date: August 12, 2012



Florida Department of Environmental Protection

> Bob Martinez Center 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEP Form #: 62-701.900(1), F.A.C.

Form Title: Application to Construct, Operate, Modify, or Close a Solid Waste Management Facility

Effective Date: August 12, 2012

Incorporated in Rule: 62-701.330(3), F.A.C.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

APPLICATION TO CONSTRUCT, OPERATE, MODIFY, OR CLOSE A SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS

Northwest District 160 Governmental Center Suite 308 Pensacola, FL 32502-5794 850-595-8300 Northeast District 7777 Baymeadows Way West Suite 100 Jacksonville, FL 32256-7590 904-256-1700 Central District 3319 Maguire Boulevard Suite 232 Orlando, FL 32803-3767 407-897-4100 Southwest District 13051 North Telecom Pkwy Temple Terrace, FL 33637 813-632-7600 South District 2295 Victoria Ave, Suite 364 P.O. Box 2549 Fort Myers, FL 33901-3881 239-344-5600 Southeast District 400 North Congress Avenue Suite 200 West Palm Beach, FL 33401 561-681-6600

INSTRUCTIONS TO APPLY FOR A SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY PERMIT

I. General

Solid Waste Management Facilities shall be permitted pursuant to Section 403.707, Florida Statutes (FS) and in accordance with Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Chapter 62-701. A minimum of four copies of the application shall be submitted to the appropriate Department office having jurisdiction over the facility. The appropriate fee in accordance with Rule 62-701.315, FAC, shall be submitted with the application by check made payable to the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

Complete appropriate sections for the type of facility for which application is made. Entries shall be typed or printed in ink. All blanks shall be filled in or marked "Not Applicable" or "No Substantial Change". Information provided in support of the application shall be marked "Submitted" and the location of this information in the application package indicated. The application shall include all information, drawings, and reports necessary to evaluate the facility. Information required to complete the application is listed on the attached pages of this form.

II. Application Parts Required for Construction and Operation Permits

- A. Landfills and Ash Monofills Submit Parts A through S
- B. Asbestos Monofills Submit Parts A, B, C, D, E, F, I, K, M, O through S
- C. Industrial Solid Waste Disposal Facilities Submit Parts A through S

NOTE: Portions of some Parts may not be applicable.

NOTE: For facilities that have been satisfactorily constructed in accordance with their construction permit, the information required for A, B and C type facilities does not have to be resubmitted for an operation permit if the information has not substantially changed during the construction period. The appropriate portion of the form should be marked "no substantial change".

III. Application Parts Required for Closure Permits

- A. Landfills and Ash Monofills Submit Parts A, B, L, N through S
- B. Asbestos Monofills Submit Parts A, B, M, O through S
- C. Industrial Solid Waste Disposal Facilities Submit Parts A, B, L through S

NOTE: Portions of some Parts may not be applicable.

IV. Permit Renewals

The above information shall be submitted at time of permit renewal in support of the new permit. However, facility information that was submitted to the Department to support the expiring permit, and which is still valid, does not need to be re-submitted for permit renewal. Portions of the application not re-submitted shall be marked "no substantial change" on the application form.

V. Application Codes

S	-	Submitted
LOCATION	-	Physical location of information in application
N/A	-	Not Applicable
N/C	-	No Substantial Change

VI. Listing of Application Parts

- PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION
- PART B: DISPOSAL FACILITY GENERAL INFORMATION
- PART C: PROHIBITIONS
- PART D: SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY PERMIT REQUIREMENTS, GENERAL
- PART E: LANDFILL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS
- PART F: GENERAL CRITERIA FOR LANDFILLS
- PART G: LANDFILL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
- PART H: HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION REQUIREMENTS
- PART I: GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REQUIREMENTS
- PART J: VERTICAL EXPANSION OF LANDFILLS
- PART K: LANDFILL OPERATION REQUIREMENTS
- PART L: WATER QUALITY AND LEACHATE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS
- PART M: SPECIAL WASTE HANDLING REQUIREMENTS
- PART N: GAS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
- PART O: LANDFILL CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS
- PART P: OTHER CLOSURE PROCEDURES
- PART Q: LONG-TERM CARE
- PART R: FINANCIAL ASSURANCE
- PART S: CERTIFICATION BY APPLICANT AND ENGINEER OR PUBLIC OFFICER

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT, OPERATE, MODIFY OR CLOSE A SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY

Please Type or Print

PART A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Type of disposal facility (check all that apply):
 - Class I Landfill

Ash Monofill

□ Asbestos Monofill

Industrial Solid Waste

 \Box Other (describe):

NOTE: Waste Processing Facilities should apply on Form 62-701.900(4), FAC; Yard Trash Disposal Facilities should notify on Form 62-701.900(3), FAC; Compost Facilities should apply on Form 62-709.901(1), FAC; and C&D Disposal Facilities should apply on Form 62-701.900(6), FAC

2. Type of application:

- \Box Construction
- □ Operation
- Construction/Operation
- \Box Closure
- □ Long-term Care Only
- 3. Classification of application:
 - □ New
 - Renewal

□ Substantial Modification

- Intermediate Modification
- $\hfill\square$ Minor Modification

1	Facility name:	Sarasota	County	Central	County	Solid	Waste	Disposal	Complex
4	Facility name								

5. DEP ID number: SWD/58/51614

County: Sarasota

Facility location (main entrance): North end of Knights Trail Road, 2 miles east of I-75, northeast of Venice, FL

4000 Knights Trail Road, Nokomis, FL 34275

Section: <u>1-4, 9-16, 12</u>	Township: 38S	Range	. <u>1</u>	9E
Latitude: 27 ° 12	11 N" Longitude: _			16 W "
Datum: NAD83	Coordinate method: GIS Ma	pping/Elec	ctronic/G	oogle Earth
Collected by: Sarasota C	Company/Affilia	tion: Sa	rasota C	County

6.

8.	Applicant name (operating authority): Sarasota	Operations	
	Mailing address: 4000 Knights Trail Road		
	Street or P.O. Box	City	State Zip
	Contact person: Lois Rose	Telephone: (<u>941</u>)	861-1589
	Title: Solid Waste Operations Manage		
		lerose@scgov.net	
		E-Mail address	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9.	Authorized agent/Consultant: For this Permit N	Modification: S2L, Inco	orporated
	Mailing address: 531 Versailles Dr., Suite	202, Maitland, FL 327	251-4589
	Street or P.O. Box	City	State Zip
	Contact person: Omar E. Smith, P.E.	Telephone: (<u>407</u>)	475-9163
	Title: Vice President and Regional Man	ager	
		osmith@s2li.com	
		E-Mail address	(if available)
10.	Landowner (if different than applicant): Same as	Applicant	
	Mailing address:		
	Street or P.O. Box	City	State Zip
	Contact person:	Telephone: ()	
11.	Cities, towns, and areas to be served:	E-Mail addres	s (if available)
11.	Unincorporated Sarasota County, City of	Sarasota, City of Venice	e, City of Northport
		. ,	
12.	Population to be served:		
	Current: 383,664	Five-Year 411,872 Projection:	
13.	Date site will be ready to be inspected for completion:		
	Expected life of the facility: <u>12.7</u> years for the Cla		
14.			
15.	Estimated costs:	NI/A	
	Total Construction: \$ 2,000,000	Closing Costs: \$A	
16.	Anticipated construction starting and completion date		
	From: March 2014	_{To:} September 2014	<u> </u>
17.	Expected volume or weight of waste to be received:		
	yds³/day1,000 to	ns/daygal	lons/day

	DISPOSAL FACILITY GENE	RAL INFORMATION ** Indicates operations are exempted from permitting.			
Prov	vide brief description of disposal fa	cility design and operations planned under this application:			
This is a permit application for an intermediate modification of the operating permit to allow 1) the construction and					
ope	eration of a landfill gas recovery facility	and 2) connections (tie-ins) to the landfill gas/leachate collection systems.			
Fac	ility site supervisor: Lois Rose				
Title	e: Solid Waste Operations	Manager _{Telephone: (} 941) 861-1589			
		lerose@scgov.net			
		E-Mail address (if available)			
Disp	posal area: Total acres: <u>118</u>	Used acres: <u>55 (Phase I)</u> Available acres: <u>63 (Phase II)</u>			
Wei	ighing scales used: 🗹 Yes 🛛 No				
Sec	curity to prevent unauthorized use:	n∕ Yes □ No			
Cha	arge for waste received: Varies (see note) \$/yds ³ Varies (see note) \$/ton Engineering Report, CCSWDC			
Suri	rounding land use, zoning:	Waste Operations Permit Re Application, September 16, 20			
	Residential	□ Industrial			
	Agricultural	□ None			
	Commercial	🗹 Other (describe):			
Gc	overnmental Use, Open Us	e Conservation, Rural			
Tvn	es of waste received:				
٩ų	A Household	🗹 C & D debris			
		Shredded/cut tires			
	□ Incinerator/WTE ash	☑ Yard trash			
	✓ Treated biomedical	□ Septic tank			
	✓ Water treatment sludge	∠ opplotant			
	□ Air treatment sludge	∠ Industrial sludge			
	Agricultural	☑ Inductrial cludge			
	Asbestos	☑ Other (describe):			
∩+I		ine vessels when all engines, fuel tanks (either removed			
or	punctured), appliances, air o	conditioners, other fluids and batteries are removed from			
	e mobile home or marine ve				

9.	Salvaging permitted: 🗆 Yes 🗹 No					
10.	Attendant: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No	Trained operator: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No				
11.	Trained spotters: 🗹 Yes □ No	Number of spotters used:1				
12.	Site located in: □ Floodplain Uplands	□ Wetlands 🗹 Other (describe):				
13.	Days of operation: Monday through S	Saturday				
14.	Hours of operation: 8:00 am to 5:00 p	m				
15.	Days working face covered: Daily					
16.	Elevation of water table: 20.5					
17.		dfill Cells; None at LFG Recovery Facility				
18.	Number of surface monitoring points: 2					
19.	Gas controls used: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No	Type controls: 🗹 Active 🗆 Passive				
	Gas flaring: 🗹 Yes 🛛 No	Gas recovery: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No				
20.	Landfill unit liner type:					
	□ Natural soils	Double geomembrane				
	□ Single clay liner	🗹 Geomembrane & composite				
	□ Single geomembrane	Double composite				
	🗹 Single composite					
	□ Slurry wall	🗹 Other (describe):				
	Phase I is a single HDPE liner and clay layer. Phase II is a double HDPE geomembrane					
	and drainage composite with a geosynthetic clay liner (GCL).					
21.	Leachate collection method:					
	⊠ Collection pipes ⊠ Geonets	☑ Double geomembrane				
		□ Gravel layer				
	Well points Desire data ditale	□ Interceptor trench				
	Perimeter ditch Cther (deceribe):	□ None				
	Other (describe):					
	See 20 above.					

Leachate storage method:					
🗹 Tanks	Surface impoundments				
□ Other (describe):					
Prestressed concrete leacha	ate storage tank and secondary containment tank.				
Leachate treatment method:	Chemical tractment				
□ Oxidation	Chemical treatment				
□ Secondary	□ Settling				
□ Advanced					
Other (describe):					
Off-site treatment.					
Leachate disposal method:	,				
Recirculated	Pumped to WWTP				
☑ Transported to WWTP	Discharged to surface water/wetland				
Injection well	Percolation ponds				
Evaporation	🗹 Spray irrigation				
□ Other (describe):					
Spray irrigation to working face	and initial cover areas of Class I Landfill only for dust control.				
For leachate discharged to surface w	vaters:				
Name and Class of receiving water: N/A					

26. Storm Water:

Collected: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No

Type of treatment:

Wet detention ponds and retention ditches.

Name and Class of receiving water: Cow Pen Slough, Class III water

27. Environmental Resources Permit (ERP) number or status:

SWFWMD Permit #407932.01

FDEP ERP #58-0272622-001 (Phase II)

FDEP ERP #58-0246654-003 (Roadway Widening/Swale)

FDEP ERP for Landfill Gas Recovery Facility: Submitted Request for Verification of an Exemption (Determination Pending)

PART C. PROHIBITIONS (62-701.300, FAC)

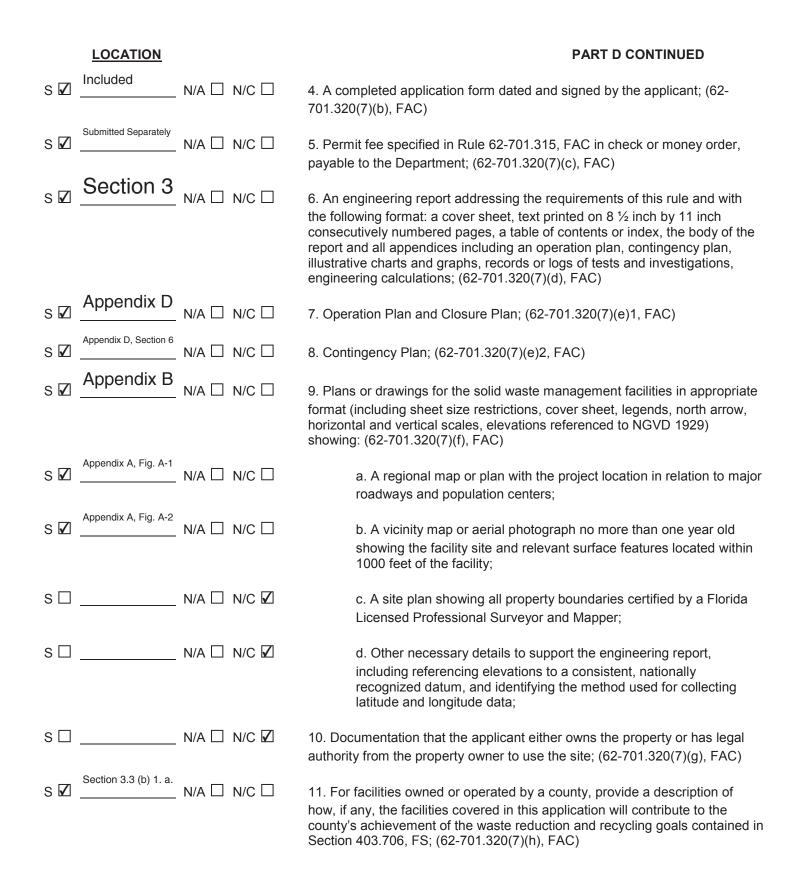
LOCATION

s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	1. Provide documentation that each of the siting criteria will be satisfied for the facility; (62-701.300(2), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	2. If the facility qualifies for any of the exemptions contained in Rules 62-701.300(12) through (18), FAC, then document this qualification(s);
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	3. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the burning restrictions; (62-701.300(3), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	4. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the hazardous waste restrictions; (62-701.300(4), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	5. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the PCB disposal restrictions; (62-701.300(5), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	6. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the biomedical waste restrictions; (62-701.300(6), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	7. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the Class I surface water restrictions; (62-701.300(7), FAC)
s 🗆 🛛	N/A ☑	N/C	8. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the special waste for landfills restrictions; (62-701.300(8), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	9. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the liquid restrictions; (62-701.300(10), FAC)
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	10. Provide documentation that the facility will be in compliance with the used oil and oily waste restrictions; (62-701.300(11), FAC)

PART D. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY PERMIT REQUIREMENTS, GENERAL (62-701.320, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗹	Electronic Submission	N/A 🗌	N/C	1. Four copies, at minimum, of the completed application form, all supporting data and reports; (62-701.320(5)(a), FAC)
s 🗹	Electronic Submission	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗆	2. Engineering and/or professional certification (signature, date, and seal) provided on the applications and all engineering plans, reports, and supporting information for the application; (62-701.320(6), FAC)
s 🗹	Included	N/A 🗌	N/C	3. A letter of transmittal to the Department; (62-701.320(7)(a), FAC)



	LOCATION		PART D CONTINUED
s□		N/A 🗌 N/C 🗹	12. Provide a history and description of any enforcement actions taken by the Department against the applicant for violations of applicable statutes, rules, orders, or permit conditions relating to the operation of any solid waste management facility in the state; (62-701.320(7)(i), FAC)
s 🗹	Appendix C	N/A 🗌 N/C 🗌	13. Proof of publication in a newspaper of general circulation of notice of application for a permit to construct or substantially modify a solid waste management facility; (62-701.320(8), FAC)
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	14. Provide a description of how the requirements for airport safety will be achieved, including proof of required notices if applicable. If exempt, explain how the exemption applies; (62-701.320(13), FAC)
s□		N/A 🗌 N/C 🗹	15. Explain how the operator and spotter training requirements and special criteria will be satisfied for the facility; (62-701.320(15), FAC)

PART E. LANDFILL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS (62-701.330, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗹	Appendix A, Fig. A-5	N/A 🗌	N/C	1. Regional map or aerial photograph no more than five years old showing all airports that are located within five miles of the proposed landfill; (62-701.330(3)(a), FAC)
s 🗹	Appendix A	N/A 🗌	N/C	2. Plot plan with a scale not greater than 200 feet to the inch showing: (62-701.330(3)(b), FAC)
s 🗹	Appendix B, Drawing A1	N/A 🗆	N/C	a. Dimensions;
s 🗹	Appendix A, Fig. A-4	N/A 🗌	N/C	b. Locations of proposed and existing water quality monitoring wells;
s 🗹	Appendix A, Fig. A-6	N/A 🗌	N/C	c. Locations of soil borings;
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C	d. Proposed plan of trenching or disposal areas;
s 🗆		N/A 🗹	N/C	e. Cross sections showing original elevations and proposed final contours which shall be included either on the plot plan or on separate sheets;
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C	f. Any previously filled waste disposal areas;
s 🗹	Appendix B, Drawing G2	N/A 🗌	N/C	g. Fencing or other measures to restrict access;

	LOCATION		PART E CONTINUED
s 🗹	Appendix B	N/A 🗆 N/C 🗆	3. Topographic maps with a scale not greater than 200 feet to the inch with five foot contour intervals showing: (62-701.330(3)(c), FAC)
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Proposed fill areas;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	b. Borrow areas;
s 🗹	Appendix A & B	N/A 🗆 N/C 🗆	c. Access roads;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	d. Grades required for proper drainage;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	e. Cross sections of lifts;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	f. Special drainage devices if necessary;
s 🗹	Appendix B, Drawing G2	N/A 🗆 N/C 🗆	g. Fencing;
s 🗹	Appendix B, Drawing A1	N/A 🗆 N/C 🗆	h. Equipment facilities;
s□		N/A 🗆 N/C 🗹	4. A report on the landfill describing the following: (62-701.330(3)(d), FAC)
s 🗆		N/A 🗌 N/C 🗹	a. The current and projected population and area to be served by the proposed site;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	 b. The anticipated type, annual quantity, and source of solid waste expressed in tons;
s□		N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	c. Planned active life of the facility, the final design height of the facility, and the maximum height of the facility during its operation;
s□		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	d. The source and type of cover material used for the landfill;
s 🗆		N/A 🗌 N/C 🗹	5. Provide evidence that an approved laboratory shall conduct water quality monitoring for the facility in accordance with Chapter 62-160, FAC; (62-701.330(3)(g), FAC
s 🗆		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	6. Provide a statement of how the applicant will demonstrate financial responsibility for the closing and long-term care of the landfill; (62-701.330(3)(h), FAC)

PART F. GENERAL CRITERIA FOR LANDFILLS (62-701.340, FAC)

	LOCATION		
s□_		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Describe (and show on a Federal Insurance Administration flood map, if available) how the landfill or solid waste disposal unit shall not be located in the 100 year floodplain where it will restrict the flow of the 100 year flood, reduce the temporary water storage capacity of the floodplain unless compensating storage is provided, or result in a washout of solid waste; (62-701.340(3)(b), FAC)
s□_		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Describe how the minimum horizontal separation between waste deposits in the landfill and the landfill property boundary shall be 100 feet, measured from the toe of the proposed final cover slope; (62-701.340(3)(c), FAC)

PART G. LANDFILL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS (62-701.400, FAC)

	LOCATION					
s 🗆		N/A 🗹	N/C 🗌	units wi design factor o	II be con period of f safety (v the landfill shall be designed so the solid waste disposal structed and closed at planned intervals throughout the f the landfill, and shall be designed to achieve a minimum of 1.5 using peak strength values to prevent failures of side p-seated failures; (62-701.400(2), FAC)
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C	2. Land	fill liner r	requirements; (62-701.400(3), FAC)
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C		a. Gene	eral construction requirements; (62-701.400(3)(a), FAC)
s 🗆		N/A 🗹	N/C 🗌		(1)	Provide test information and documentation to ensure the liner will be constructed of materials that have appropriate physical, chemical, and mechanical properties to prevent failure;
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C		(2)	Document foundation is adequate to prevent liner failure;
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆		(3)	Constructed so bottom liner will not be adversely impacted by fluctuations of the ground water;
s 🗆		N/A 🗹	N/C		(4)	Designed to resist hydrostatic uplift if bottom liner located below seasonal high ground water table;
s□		N/A 🗹	N/C		(5)	Installed to cover all surrounding earth which could come into contact with the waste or leachate;

PART G CONTINUED

- S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ (4) S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ (6)
 - b. Composite liners; (62-701.400(3)(b), FAC)
 - (1) Upper geomembrane thickness and properties;
 - (2) Design leachate head for primary leachate collection and removal system (LCRS) including leachate recirculation if appropriate;
 - (3) Design thickness in accordance with Table A and number of lifts planned for lower soil component;
 - c. Double liners; (62-701.400(3)(c), FAC)
 - (1) Upper and lower geomembrane thickness and properties;
 - (2) Design leachate head for primary LCRS to limit the head to one foot above the liner;
 - (3) Lower geomembrane sub-base design;
 - Leak detection and secondary leachate collection system
 minimum design criteria (k ≥ 10 cm/sec, head on lower liner
 ≤ 1 inch, head not to exceed thickness of drainage layer);
 - d. Standards for geosynthetic components; (62-701.400(3)(d), FAC)
 - Factory and field seam test methods to ensure all geomembrane seams achieve the minimum specifications;
 - (2) Geomembranes to be used shall pass a continuous spark test by the manufacturer;
 - (3) Design of 24-inch-thick protective layer above upper geomembrane liner;
 - Describe operational plans to protect the liner and leachate collection system when placing the first layer of waste above a 24-inch-thick protective layer;
 - (5) HDPE geomembranes, if used, meet the specifications in GRI GM13, and LLDPE geomembranes, if used, meet the specifications in GRI GM17;
 - PVC geomembranes, if used, meet the specifications in PGI 1104;

PART G CONTINUED

- S □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □

- (7) Interface shear strength testing results of the actual components which will be used in the liner system;
- (8) Transmissivity testing results of geonets if they are used in the liner system;
- (9) Hydraulic conductivity testing results of geosynthetic clay liners if they are used in the liner system;
- e. Geosynthetic specification requirements; (62-701.400(3)(e), FAC)
- (1) Definition and qualifications of the designer, manufacturer, installer, QA consultant and laboratory, and QA program;
- (2) Material specifications for geomembranes, geocomposites, geotextiles, geogrids, and geonets;
- (3) Manufacturing and fabrication specifications including geomembrane raw material and roll QA, fabrication personnel qualifications, seaming equipment and procedures, overlaps, trial seams, destructive and nondestructive seam testing, seam testing location, frequency, procedure, sample size, and geomembrane repairs;
- (4) Geomembrane installation specifications including earthwork, conformance testing, geomembrane placement, installation personnel qualifications, field seaming and testing, overlapping and repairs, materials in contact with geomembranes, and procedures for lining system acceptance;
- (5) Geotextile and geogrids specifications including handling and placement, conformance testing, seams and overlaps, repair, and placement of soil materials and any overlying materials;
- (6) Geonet and geocomposites specifications including handling and placement, conformance testing, stacking and joining, repair, and placement of soil materials and any overlying materials;
- (7) Geosynthetic clay liner specifications including handling and placement, conformance testing, seams and overlaps, repair, and placement of soil materials and any overlying materials;

PART G CONTINUED

s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	f. St
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	(1)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	(2)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(3)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(4)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(5)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	g. lf prov

5. Standards for soil liner components; (62-701.400(3)(f), FAC)

- Description of construction procedures including overexcavation and backfilling to preclude structural inconsistencies and procedures for placing and compacting soil components in layers;
- P) Demonstration of compatibility of the soil component with actual or simulated leachate in accordance with EPA Test Method 9100, or an equivalent test method;
- Procedures for testing in situ soils to demonstrate they meet the specifications for soil liners;
- Specifications for soil component of liner including at a minimum:
 - (a) Allowable particle size distribution, and Atterberg limits including shrinkage limit;
 - (b) Placement moisture and dry density criteria;
 - (c) Maximum laboratory-determined saturated hydraulic conductivity using simulated leachate;
 - (d) Minimum thickness of soil liner;
 - (e) Lift thickness;
 - (f) Surface preparation (scarification);
 - (g) Type and percentage of clay mineral within the soil component;
- 5) Procedures for constructing and using a field test section to document the desired saturated hydraulic conductivity and thickness can be achieved in the field;

g. If a Class III landfill is to be constructed with a bottom liner system, provide a description of how the minimum requirements for the liner will be achieved;

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LOCATION		PART G CONTINUED
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	3. Leachate collection and removal system (LCRS); (62-701.400(4), FAC)
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. The primary and secondary LCRS requirements; (62-701.400(4)(a), FAC)
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	(1) Constructed of materials chemically resistant to the waste and leachate;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	(2) Have sufficient mechanical properties to prevent collapse under pressure;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	(3) Have granular material or synthetic geotextile to prevent clogging;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	 Have a method for testing and cleaning clogged pipes or contingent designs for reducing leachate around failed areas;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	b. Other LCRS requirements; (62-701.400(4)(b) and (c), FAC
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	 Bottom 12 inches having hydraulic conductivity ≥ 1 x 10 ³ cm/sec;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	(2) Total thickness of 24 inches of material chemically resistant to the waste and leachate;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C 🗆	 Bottom slope design to accommodate for predicted settlement and still meet minimum slope requirements;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	(4) Demonstration that synthetic drainage material, if used, is equivalent or better than granular material in chemical compatibility, flow under load, and protection of geomembranes liner;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	4. Leachate recirculation; (62-701.400(5), FAC)
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	a. Describe general procedures for recirculating leachate;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	b. Describe procedures for controlling leachate runoff and minimizing mixing of leachate runoff with storm water;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	c. Describe procedures for preventing perched water conditions and gas buildup;

PAPT & CONTINUED

PART G CONTINUED

s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	canno	t be reci	ernate methods for leachate management when it rculated due to weather or runoff conditions, surface own spray, or elevated levels of leachate head on the
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		cribe me 1.530, F	ethods of gas management in accordance with Rule AC;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	standa and pr	ards for l ovide do	rigation is proposed, describe treatment methods and eachate treatment prior to irrigation over final cover, ocumentation that irrigation does not contribute leachate generation;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	chate st 00(6), FA	-	nks and leachate surface impoundments; (62-
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Sur	face imp	ooundment requirements; (62-701.400(6)(b), FAC)
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C 🗆	(1)		nentation that the design of the bottom liner will not be sely impacted by fluctuations of the ground water;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(2)	-	ned in segments to allow for inspection and repair, as d, without interruption of service;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(3)	Gener	al design requirements;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(a)	Double liner system consisting of an upper and lower 60-mil minimum thickness geomembrane;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(b)	Leak detection and collection system with hydraulic conductivity \geq 1 cm/sec;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(C)	Lower geomembrane place on subbase \ge 6 inches thick with k \le 1 x 10 ⁻⁵ cm/sec or on an approved geosynthetic clay liner with k \le 1 x 10 ⁻⁷ cm/sec;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(d)	Design calculation to predict potential leakage through the upper liner;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(e)	Daily inspection requirements, and notification and corrective action requirements if leakage rates exceed that predicted by design calculations;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗌	(4)	Descri	ption of procedures to prevent uplift, if applicable;

PART G CONTINUED

- S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □ S □ N/A ☑ N/C □
- (5) Design calculations to demonstrate minimum two feet of freeboard will be maintained;
- (6) Procedures for controlling vectors and off-site odors;
- b. Above-ground leachate storage tanks; (62-701.400(6)(c), FAC)
- Describe tank materials of construction and ensure foundation is sufficient to support tank;
- (2) Describe procedures for cathodic protection for the tank, if needed;
- (3) Describe exterior painting and interior lining of the tank to protect it from the weather and the leachate stored;
- Describe secondary containment design to ensure adequate capacity will be provided and compatibility of materials of construction;
- (5) Describe design to remove and dispose of stormwater from the secondary containment system;
- Describe an overfill prevention system, such as level sensors, gauges, alarms, and shutoff controls to prevent overfilling;
 - Inspections, corrective action, and reporting requirements;

(7)

- (a) Weekly inspection of overfill prevention system;
- (b) Weekly inspection of exposed tank exteriors;
- Inspection of tank interiors when tank is drained, or at least every three years;
- (d) Procedures for immediate corrective action if failures detected;
- (e) Inspection reports available for Department review;
- c. Underground leachate storage tanks; (62-701.400(6)(d), FAC)

PART G CONTINUED

s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(1)	Describ	e materials of construction;
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(2)		e-walled tank design system to be used with the g requirements:
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C		(a)	Interstitial space monitoring at least weekly;
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆		(b)	Corrosion protection provided for primary tank interior and external surface of outer shell;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C		(C)	Interior tank coatings compatible with stored leachate;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C		(d)	Cathodic protection inspected weekly and repaired as needed;
s□.	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	(3)	sensors	e an overfill prevention system, such as level , gauges, alarms, and shutoff controls to prevent ng, and provide for weekly inspections;
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(4)	Inspecti	on reports available for Department review;
s 🗆 .	N/A ☑	N/C		dule pro D(6)(e), F	vided for routine maintenance of LCRS; (62- AC)
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C 6. Liner	system	s constru	uction quality assurance (CQA); (62-701.400(7), FAC)
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	a. Provi	ide CQA	Plan including:
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(1)	Specific system;	ations and construction requirements for liner
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(2)	Detaileo frequen	d description of quality control testing procedures and cies;
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C	(3)	Identific	ation of supervising professional engineer;
S 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	(4)		responsibility and authority of all appropriate ations and key personnel involved in the construction
s 🗆 .	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	(5)		ualifications of CQA professional engineer and personnel;

PART G CONTINUED

s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	(6) Description of CQA reporting forms and documents;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 b. An independent laboratory experienced in the testing of geosynthetics to perform required testing;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	7. Soil liner CQA; (62-701.400(8), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Documentation that an adequate borrow source has been located with test results, or description of the field exploration and laboratory testing program to define a suitable borrow source;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	 b. Description of field test section construction and test methods to be implemented prior to liner installation;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	c. Description of field test methods, including rejection criteria and corrective measures to insure proper liner installation;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	8. For surface water management systems at aboveground disposal units, provide documentation showing the design of any features intended to convey stormwater to a permitted or exempted treatment system; (62-701.400(9), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	9. Gas control systems; (62-701.400(10), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Provide documentation that if the landfill is receiving degradable wastes, it will have a gas control system complying with the requirements of Rule 62-701.530, FAC;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	10. For landfills designed in ground water, provide documentation that the landfill will provide a degree of protection equivalent to landfills designed with bottom liners not in contact with ground water; (62-701.400(11), FAC)
PART H. HY	DROGEOLOGICAL IN\	/ESTIGATION REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(1), FAC)

L	0	CA	١	10	Ν

s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Submit a hydrogeological investigation and site report including at least the following information:
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Regional and site specific geology and hydrology;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	 b. Direction and rate of ground water and surface water flow including seasonal variations;

PART H CONTINUED

s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	c. Background quality of ground water and surface water;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	d. Any on-site hydraulic connections between aquifers;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	e. Site stratigraphy and aquifer characteristics for confining layers, semi-confining layers, and all aquifers below the landfill site that may be affected by the landfill;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	f. Description of topography, soil types, and surface water drainage systems;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗆	g. Inventory of all public and private water wells within a one mile radius of the landfill including, where available, well top of casing and bottom elevations, name of owner, age and usage of each well, stratigraphic unit screened, well construction technique, and static water level;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	h. Identify and locate any existing contaminated areas on the site;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C	i. Include a map showing the locations of all potable wells within 500 feet of the waste storage and disposal areas;
s 🗆 _	N/A 🗹	N/C 🗌 2. Rep	ort signed, sealed, and dated by P.E. and/or P.G.;
S 🗆 _ PART			ort signed, sealed, and dated by P.E. and/or P.G.; N REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(2), FAC)
_			
PART	I. GEOTECHNIC		
PART	I. GEOTECHNIC	N/C 1. Sub	N REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(2), FAC) mit a geotechnical site investigation report defining the engineering
S	I. GEOTECHNIC LOCATION N/A	CAL INVESTIGATION N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper	N REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(2), FAC) mit a geotechnical site investigation report defining the engineering ties of the site including at least the following: a. Description of subsurface conditions including soil stratigraphy
PART S□ S□	I. GEOTECHNIC <u>LOCATION</u> N/A ☑	CAL INVESTIGATION N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper	N REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(2), FAC) mit a geotechnical site investigation report defining the engineering ties of the site including at least the following: a. Description of subsurface conditions including soil stratigraphy and ground water table conditions; b. Investigate for the presence of muck, previously filled areas, soft
PART	I. GEOTECHNIC LOCATION N/A ☑ N/A ☑	CAL INVESTIGATION N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper N/C 1. Subiproper	 N REQUIREMENTS (62-701.410(2), FAC) mit a geotechnical site investigation report defining the engineering ties of the site including at least the following: a. Description of subsurface conditions including soil stratigraphy and ground water table conditions; b. Investigate for the presence of muck, previously filled areas, soft ground, lineaments, and sink holes; c. Estimates of average and maximum high water table across the

PART I CONTINUED

s□	N/.	А 🔽	N/C		(2)	Total and differential subgrade settlement analysis;
s 🗆 _	N/	А 🔽	N/C		(3)	Slope stability analysis;
s 🗆 _	N/.	A 🗹	N/C 🗆		boring l	ription of methods used in the investigation, and includes soil ogs, laboratory results, analytical calculations, cross sections, tations, and conclusions;
s 🗆 _	N/.	a 🗹	N/C 🗆			aluation of fault areas, seismic impact zones, and unstable s described in 40 CFR 258.13, 40 CFR 258.14, and 40 CFR
s 🗆 _	N/	А 🔽	N/C	2. Repo	ort signed	d, sealed, and dated by P.E. and/or P.G.;
PART	J. VERTICA	LEX	PANSION O	F LAND	FILLS (6	62-701.430, FAC)
	LOCATION					
s 🗆 _	N/.	A 🗹	N/C 🗆	leachat	e leakag	 the vertical expansion shall not cause or contribute to e from the existing landfill, shall not cause objectionable sely affect the closure design of the existing landfill;
s 🗆 _	N//	a 🗹	N/C 🗆	requirer		v the vertical expansion over unlined landfills will meet the Rule 62-701.400, FAC with the exceptions of Rule 62- FAC;
s 🗆 _	N/	А 🔽	N/C	3. Provi	ide found	dation and settlement analysis for the vertical expansion;
s 🗆 _	N/	a 🗹	N/C 🗆	of the li	ning sys [.]	settlement calculations demonstrating that the final elevations tem, gravity drainage, and no other component of the design y affected;
s 🗆 _	N/	A 🗹	N/C			bility factor of safety of 1.5 for the lining system component y and for deep stability;
s 🗆 _	N/	A 🗹	N/C 🗆			mentation to show the surface water management system rsely affected by the vertical expansion;
s 🗆 _	N/.	A 🗹	N/C			control designs to prevent accumulation of gas under the new ical expansion;

PART K. LANDFILL OPERATION REQUIREMENTS (62-701.500, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Provide documentation that the landfill will have at least one trained operator during operation and at least one trained spotter at each working face; (62-701.500(1), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Provide a landfill operation plan including procedures for: (62-701.500(2), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Designating responsible operating and maintenance personnel;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	b. Emergency preparedness and response, as required in subsection 62-701.320(16), FAC;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	c. Controlling types of waste received at the landfill;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	d. Weighing incoming waste;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	e. Vehicle traffic control and unloading;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	f. Method and sequence of filling waste;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	g. Waste compaction and application of cover;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	h. Operations of gas, leachate, and stormwater controls;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	i. Water quality monitoring;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	j. Maintaining and cleaning the leachate collection system;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	3. Provide a description of the landfill operation record to be used at the landfill, details as to location of where various operational records will be kept (i.e. DEP permit, engineering drawings, water quality records, etc.); (62-701.500(3), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	4. Describe the waste records that will be compiled monthly and provided to the Department annually; (62-701.500(4), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	5. Describe methods of access control; (62-701.500(5), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	6. Describe load checking program to be implemented at the landfill to discourage disposal of unauthorized waste at the landfill; (62-701.500(6), FAC)

PART K CONTINUED

s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	7. Describe procedures for spreading and compacting waste at the landfill that include: (62-701.500(7), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	a. Waste layer thickness and compaction frequencies;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	 b. Special considerations for first layer of waste placed above the liner and leachate collection system;
S 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	c. Slopes of cell working face and side grades above land surface, and planned lift depths during operation;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	d. Maximum width of working face;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	e. Description of type of initial cover to be used at the facility that controls:
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(1) Vector breeding/animal attraction;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	(2) Fires;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	(3) Odors;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(4) Blowing litter;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(5) Moisture infiltration;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	f. Procedures for applying initial cover, including minimum cover frequencies;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	g. Procedures for applying intermediate cover;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	h. Time frames for applying final cover;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	i. Procedures for controlling scavenging and salvaging;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	j. Description of litter policing methods;
s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	k. Erosion control procedures;

PART K CONTINUED

s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	8. Describe operational procedures for leachate management including: (62-701.500(8), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	a. Leachate level monitoring;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 b. Operation and maintenance of leachate collection and removal system, and treatment as required;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 c. Procedures for managing leachate if it becomes regulated as a hazardous waste;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 d. Identification of treatment or disposal facilities that may be used for off-site discharge and treatment of leachate;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	e. Contingency plan for managing leachate during emergencies or equipment problems;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	f. Procedures for recording quantities of leachate generated in gal/day and including this in the operating record;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	g. Procedures for comparing precipitation experienced at the landfill with leachate generation rates and including this information in the operating record;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 h. Procedures for water pressure cleaning or video inspecting leachate collection systems;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	9. Describe how the landfill receiving degradable wastes shall implement a gas management system meeting the requirements of Rule 62-701.530, FAC; (62-701.500(9), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	10. Describe procedures for operating and maintaining the landfill stormwater management system to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-701.400(9), FAC; (62-701.500(10), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	11. Equipment and operation feature requirements; (62-701.500(11), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	a. Sufficient equipment for excavating, spreading, compacting, and covering waste;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	 b. Reserve equipment or arrangements to obtain additional equipment within 24 hours of breakdown;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	c. Communications equipment;

PART K CONTINUED

s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	d. Dust control methods;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	e. Fire protection capabilities and procedures for notifying local fire department authorities in emergencies;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	f. Litter control devices;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	g. Signs indicating operating authority, traffic flow, hours of operation, and disposal restrictions;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	12. Provide a description of all-weather access road, inside perimeter road, and other on-site roads necessary for access at the landfill; (62-701.500(12), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	13. Additional record keeping and reporting requirements; (62-701.500(13), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	a. Records used for developing permit applications and supplemental information maintained for the design period of the landfill;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	b. Monitoring information, calibration and maintenance records, and copies of reports required by permit maintained for at least 10 years;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	c. Maintain annual estimates of the remaining life of constructed landfills, and of other permitted areas not yet constructed, and submit this estimate annually to the Department;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	d. Procedures for archiving and retrieving records which are more than five years old;
PART L.	WATER QUALITY MONITO	DRING REQUIREMENTS (62-701.510, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗆	_ N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. A water quality monitoring plan shall be submitted describing the proposed ground water and surface water monitoring systems, and shall meet at least the following requirements:
s 🗆	_ N/A 🛛 N/C 🗆	a. Based on the information obtained in the hydrogeological investigation and signed, dated, and sealed by the P.G. or P.E. who prepared it; (62-701.510(2)(a), FAC)

LOCATION

PART L CONTINUED

- s □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □ s □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- s □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □
- s □ _____ N/A 🛛 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □
- s □ _____ N/A 🗹 N/C □
- S □ _____ N/A ☑ N/C □

b. All sampling and analysis performed in accordance with Chapter 62-160, FAC; (62-701.510(2)(b), FAC)

- c. Ground water monitoring requirements; (62-701.510(3), FAC)
- (1) Detection wells located downgradient from and within 50 feet of disposal units;
- (2) Downgradient compliance wells as required;
- (3) Background wells screened in all aquifers below the landfill that may be affected by the landfill;
- (4) Location information for each monitoring well;
- (5) Well spacing no greater than 500 feet apart for downgradient wells and no greater than 1500 feet apart for upgradient wells, unless site specific conditions justify alternate well spacings;
- (6) Properly selected well screen locations;
- (7) Monitoring wells constructed to provide representative ground water samples;
- (8) Procedures for properly abandoning monitoring wells;
- (9) Detailed description of detection sensors, if proposed;
- d. Surface water monitoring requirements; (62-701.510(4), FAC)
- (1) Location of and justification for all proposed surface water monitoring points;
- (2) Each monitoring location to be marked and its position determined by a registered Florida land surveyor;

e. Initial and routine sampling frequency and requirements; (62-701.510(5), FAC)

(1) Initial background ground water and surface water sampling and analysis requirements;

LOCATION

PART L CONTINUED

s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	(2)	Routine monitoring well sampling and analysis requirements;
s 🗆		(3)	Routine surface water sampling and analysis requirements;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	preven	ribe procedures for implementing evaluation monitoring, tion measures, and corrective action as required; (62- 0(6), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	g. Wate FAC)	er quality monitoring report requirements; (62-701.510(8),
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(1)	Semi-annual report requirements; (see paragraphs 62- 701.510(5)(c) and (d), FAC for sampling frequencies)
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □	(2)	Documentation that the water quality data shall be provided to the Department in an electronic format consistent with requirements for importing into Department databases, unless an alternate form of submittal is specified in the permit;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	(3)	Two and one-half year report requirements, or every five years if in long-term care, signed dated, and sealed by P.G. or P.E.;

PART M. SPECIAL WASTE HANDLING REQUIREMENTS (62-701.520, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Describe procedures for managing motor vehicles; (62-701.520(1), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Describe procedures for landfilling shredded waste; (62-701.520(2), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	3. Describe procedures for asbestos waste disposal; (62-701.520(3), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	4. Describe procedures for disposal or management of contaminated soil; (62-701.520(4), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	5. Describe procedures for disposal of biological wastes; (62-701.520(5), FAC)

PART N. GAS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS (62-701.530, FAC)

LOCATION

s□	N/A	□ N/C 🗹	1. Provide documentation for a gas management system that will: (62-701.530(1), FAC)
s 🗆	N/A	□ N/C 🗹	a. Be designed to prevent concentrations of combustible gases from exceeding 25% the LEL in structures and 100% the LEL at the property boundary;
s□	N/A	□ N/C 🛛	b. Be designed for site specific conditions;
s□	N/A	□ N/C 🗹	c. Be designed to reduce gas pressure in the interior of the landfill;
s□	N/A	□ N/C 🗹	d. Be designed to not interfere with the liner, leachate control system, or final cover;
s 🗆	N/A	□ N/C 🗹	2. Provide documentation that will describe locations, construction details, and procedures for monitoring gas at ambient monitoring points and with soil monitoring probes; (62-701.530(2), FAC)
s□	N/A		3. Provide documentation describing how the gas remediation plan and odor remediation plan will be implemented; (62-701.530(3), FAC)
s 🗹	Section 3.3 _{N/A}	□ N/C □	4. Landfill gas recovery facilities; (62-701.530(5), FAC)
s 🗹	Section 3.3(b)1. N/A	□ N/C □	a. Provide information required in Rules 62-701.320(7) and 62-701.330(3), FAC;
s 🗹	Section 3.3(b)2. N/A		b. Provide information required in Rule 62-701.600(4), FAC, where relevant and practical;
s 🗹	Section 3.3(b)3. N/A		c. Provide estimates of current and expected gas generation rates and description of condensate disposal methods;
s 🗹	Section 3.3(b)4. N/A	□ N/C □	d. Provide description of procedures for condensate sampling, analyzing, and data reporting;
s 🗹	Section 3.3(b)5. N/A	□ N/C □	e. Provide closure plan describing methods to control gas after recovery facility ceases operation, and any other requirements contained in Rule 62-701.400(10), FAC;

PART O. LANDFILL FINAL CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS (62-701.600, FAC)

LOCATION

s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □	1. Closure permit requirements; (62-701.600(2), FAC)		
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □			ication submitted to the Department at least 90 days prior to ceipt of wastes;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		b. Clos	ure plan shall include the following:
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		(1)	Closure design plan;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆		(2)	Closure operation plan;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		(3)	Plan for long-term care;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		(4)	A demonstration that proof of financial assurance for long- term care will be provided;
s 🗆		2. Clos FAC)	ure desi	gn plan including the following requirements: (62-701.600(3),
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		a. Plan	sheet showing phases of site closing;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		b. Drav	vings showing existing topography and proposed final grades;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		c. Prov dimens	isions to close units when they reach approved design ions;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		d. Final	elevations before settlement;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □		drainag	slope design including benches, terraces, down slope le ways, energy dissipaters, and description of expected ation effects;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		f. Final	cover installation plans including:
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		(1)	CQA plan for installing and testing final cover;
s 🗆	_ N/A ☑ N/C □		(2)	Schedule for installing final cover after final receipt of waste;
s 🗆	N/A ☑ N/C □		(3)	Description of drought resistant species to be used in the vegetative cover;

LOCATION

PART O CONTINUED

S 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(4)	Top gradient design to m erosion;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(5)	Provisions for cover mate maintenance;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	g. Final	cover design requiremen
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(1)	Protective soil layer desig
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(2)	Barrier soil layer design;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(3)	Erosion control vegetatio
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(4)	Geomembrane barrier la
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(5)	Geosynthetic clay liner d
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	(6)	Stability analysis of the c waste;
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	h. Prop	osed method of stormwate
s 🗆	N/A 🗹	N/C	i. Propo	sed method of access co
s 🗆			•	iption of the proposed or o omplies with Rule 62-701
S 🗹S(b)5.	N/A 🗌	N/C	3. Closure oper	ation plan shall include: (6
s 🗆	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗹	a. Deta landfill;	iled description of actions
s 🗆	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗹	b. Time	schedule for completion
s 🗆	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗹		ribe proposed method for -term care;
s 🗆	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗹	d. Oper 701.510	ation of the water quality), FAC;
s 🗆	N/A 🗌	N/C 🗹		lopment and implementat d in Rule 62-701.530, FAC

aximize runoff and minimize

erial to be used for final cover

its;

- gn;
- n;
- yer design;
- esign, if used;
- over system and the disposed
- er control;
- ntrol;

existing gas management system .530, FAC;

62-701.600(4), FAC)

which will be taken to close the

of closing and long-term care;

demonstrating financial assurance

monitoring plan required in Rule 62-

tion of gas management system С;

LOCATION		PART O CONTINUED
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	4. Certification of closure construction completion including: (62-701.600(6), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	a. Survey monuments; (62-701.600(6)(a), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	b. Final survey report; (62-701.600(6)(b), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	5. Declaration to the public; (62-701.600(7), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	6. Official date of closing; (62-701.600(8), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	7. Justification for and detailed description of procedures to be followed for temporary closure of the landfill, if desired; (62-701.600(9), FAC)
PART P. OTHER	CLOSURE PROCE	EDURES (62-701.610, FAC)
LOCATION		
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Describe how the requirements for use of closed solid waste disposal areas will be achieved; (62-701.610(1), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Describe how the requirements for relocation of wastes will be achieved; (62-701.610(2), FAC)
PART Q. LONG-	TERM CARE (62-70	1.620, FAC)
LOCATION		
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Maintaining the gas collection and monitoring system; (62-701.620(5), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Stabilization report requirements; (62-701.620(6), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	3. Right of access; (62-701.620(7), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	4. Requirements for replacement of monitoring devices; (62-701.620(8), FAC)
s 🗆 I	N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	5. Completion of long-term care signed and sealed by professional engineer; (62-701.620(9), FAC)

PART R. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE (62-701.630, FAC)

	LOCATION		
s 🗆		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	1. Provide cost estimates for closing, long-term care, and corrective action costs estimated by a P.E. for a third party performing the work, on a per unit basis, with the source of estimates indicated; (62-701.630(3) & (7), FAC)
s 🗆		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	2. Describe procedures for providing annual cost adjustments to the Department based on inflation and changes in the closing, long-term care, and corrective action plans; (62-701.630(4) & (8), FAC)
s 🗆		N/A 🗹 N/C 🗆	3. Describe funding mechanisms for providing proof of financial assurance and include appropriate financial assurance forms. (62-701.630(5), (6), & (9), FAC)

PART S. CERTIFICATION BY APPLICANT AND ENGINEER OR PUBLIC OFFICER

1. Applicant:

The undersigned applicant or au	thorized representative of Sarasota County Solid Waste
Operations	is aware that statements made in this form and attached information
are an application for a	e Modification to the Operations permit from the Florida Department of Environmental
Protection, and certifies that the	information in this application is true, correct, and complete to the best of
his/her knowledge and belief. F	urther, the undersigned agrees to comply with the provisions of Chapter 403,
Florida Statutes, and all rules an	d regulations of the Department. It is understood that the Permit is not
transferable, and the Departmer	nt will be notified prior to the sale or legal transfer of the permitted facility.
PA CILDO	1000 Kaiabta Tuali Dagal

Signature of Applicant or Agent

Lois Rose, SW Ops Manager

Name and Title (please type)

lerose@scgov.net

E-Mail Address (if available)

4000 Knights Trail Road

Mailing Address
Nokomis, FL 34275
City, State, Zip Code
₍ 941 ₎ 861-1589
Telephone Number
2/12/11

Attach letter of authorization if agent is not a government official, owner, or corporate officer.

2. Professional Engineer registered in Florida (or Public Officer if authorized under Sections 403.707 and 403.7075, Florida Statutes):

This is to certify that the engineering features of this solid waste management facility have been designed/examined by me and found to conform to engineering principles applicable to such facilities. In my professional judgment, this facility, when properly maintained and operated, will comply with all applicable statutes of the State of Florida and rules of the Department. It is agreed that the undersigned will provide the applicable with a set of matructions of proper maintenance and operation of the facility.

Date: _

Signature Omar E. Smith, P.E. Name and Title (please type)

38358 Florida Registration Number (please affix seal)

531 Versailles Drive, Suite 202				
Mailing Address				
Maitland, Florida 32751				
City, State, Zip Code				
osmith@s2li.com				
E-Mail Address (if available)				
(407) 475-9163				
Telephone Number				
Date: 2-14-14				

DEP Form 62-701.900(1) Effective August 12, 2012

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SECTION 3 Engineering Report And Discussion of Applicable Sections

SECTION 3

ENGINEERING REPORT AND DISCUSSION OF APPLICABLE SECTIONS

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Sarasota County has entered into an agreement with Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC, (LES), (Contract No. 2013-470), to recover landfill gas from Sarasota County's Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex (CCSWDC) and convert the collected gas into electricity. The location of the proposed new facility that is to accomplish this conversion is depicted on Figures A-2 and A-4 in Appendix A.

This Landfill Gas Recovery Facility (Plant) will connect to the CCSWDC's existing landfill gas collection system at the landfill's flare station area which is located outside of the landfill liner and monitoring well system. No additional landfill gas collection wells or headers within the landfill footprint are being proposed. The only modification to the landfill gas collection system is the proposed 14-inch connection header from the Plant tying into the landfill gas collection system at the existing flare station as shown on Drawings G-4 and G-5 in Appendix B. Condensate generated by the Plant will be collected and gravity drained to a sump outside the Plant. The condensate from the Plant will be pumped to an existing condensate drain line at the CCSWDC's flare station. This existing gravity line drains to sump (S-5) north of the flare station where it is pumped into the landfill's leachate collection system.

This Plant is being constructed to enable the CCSWDC to beneficially recover energy from landfill gas. The Plant will destruct a majority of the landfill gas in lieu of the landfill gas flare presently in use at the landfill. Any collected landfill gas not utilized at the Plant, such as when the Plant is down for scheduled or unscheduled maintenance, or any other circumstance, will be directed to the existing utility flare for destruction via combustion. Operation of the landfill gas collection system and compliance with the requirements under Title V and NSPS (future compliance) are not dependent on the operation of this Plant. CCSWDC will continue to expand the collection system and flaring capability as necessary in order to meet regulatory requirements under Title V, NSPS (future), and closure regulations, the approval of this application will not impact CCSWDC's present closure plan or financial assurance requirements as stipulated by Chapter 62-701.530(5), F.A.C.

The Plant has already obtained (or in the process of obtaining) applicable air and stormwater management permits (separate from those for the landfill) and registration of applicable tanks from the Department. LES

has obtained Air Permit No. 1150089-008-AC / PSD-FL-422 for the construction of the Plant. Local (Sarasota County) development permits will also be applied for.

3.2 LANDFILL GAS RECOVERY FACILITY DESCRIPTION

a) The Plant

The Plant is designed to convert up to 2,200 cfm of landfill gas from the CCSWDC to electricity. The Plant will utilize four (4) caterpillar G3520C IC engine generator sets designed to operate on landfill gas. Each engine is rated at 1,600 kW. The Plant will be capable of producing approximately 6,400 kW (6.4 MW) net to the electrical grid through a 13.2 kV to 23 kV transformer/interconnect scheme before the power is sent to the Auburn Substation for delivery. The Plant will be equipped with all ancillary and pollution control equipment necessary to support the operation of the Plant including gas filtration, engine cooling, condensate collection, lube oil supply/disposal and make-up, gas analyzer, gas flow meter, plant controls, generator paralleling switchgear, and utility transformer. A majority of the equipment will be housed within a block building that includes a segregated engine room, gas treatment room, and sound attenuated control/switchgear room. Equipment located outside the building includes bulk oil storage (new and used), engine radiators, engine exhaust silencers, building vent fans, a station service transformer, and a utility transformer. The existing flare will be retained in its current location and used as necessary to control residual landfill gas not fired in the engines.

The Plant will operate 24 hours per day; 7 days per week except during any scheduled or unscheduled downtime for maintenance. A trained LES operator will be at the Plant usually from 7:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday through Friday, to monitor the conditions of the equipment, gas flows, and other operations. If there is any fault that causes an alarm in the system during unattended operations, a telephone dialer will notify a trained LES operator to address an operations issue or upset condition. See Appendix D for additional operations information.

b) Connection to the Landfill Gas Collection System

The Plant will be connected with a new 14-inch HDPE (SDR-17) line to the existing landfill gas collection system at a 14-inch header at the flare station by means of a "Tee" connection as shown on Drawings G-4 and G-5 in Appendix B. No penetration of the liner system or surface disturbance will be required

for the connection of this pipe. This Plant is not expected to impact the collection efficiency and thus should not impact the quantity of landfill gas collected per operating day.

The plant is designed to a capacity to allow the processing of all the landfill gas currently being collected and burned at the CCSWDC's existing flare station (~1,900 cfm) up to a total capacity of 2,200 cfm. When the quantity of landfill gas collected exceeds equipment capacity and cannot be processed at the Plant, excess gas will be sent to the flare station for burning.

There will be an automatic shutoff valve at the main inlet to the Plant that will close upon shutdown of the Plant. The main automatic shutoff valve only closes for a plant shutdown caused by a utility failure, fire alarm, high methane detection or if the plant emergency stop is activated. Each engine will have a shutoff valve, which closes whenever the engine is not requested to run. If the flare is not already operating and the Plant is either partially or totally shutdown, the Plant will signal the flare to start up through "contact closure". This sequence will start the blower at the flare, open the automatic shutoff valve at the flare station (at the outlet of the knockout pot but before the blower) and light the flare. Additional information is provided in the Appendix D - Operations Plan.

c) Connection to the Leachate Collection System (LCS) for Condensate Disposal

Condensate generated by the Plant will be collected and drained to a sump outside the Plant as seen on Drawing G-4 in Appendix B. The condensate from the Plant will be pumped to an existing condensate drain line at the flare station. This existing gravity line drains to an existing 48-inch diameter sump (S-5) north of the flare station across the road where it is pumped into the landfill leachate collection system (See Drawings G-4, G-5, and M-16 in Appendix B). The leachate then is pumped from the landfill by the LCS pumps into an existing 1,800,000 gallon on-site storage tank, with the contents of the storage tanks transported and/or pumped off-site. The leachate accumulated in the leachate storage tank will be removed by a leachate pumping station that will pump through a forcemain to a connection to the Sarasota County wastewater collection system south of the landfill on Knights Trail Road. The Sarasota County wastewater collection system in this area flows to the City of Venice Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) for treatment. The leachate pumping and forcemain system is the primary disposal method for the CCSWDC leachate. Transfer pumps that discharge to tanker trucks for hauling to a wastewater treatment plant will serve as a secondary disposal location. In addition, some of the leachate may be recirculated by spray irrigation to the working face and initial cover area of the Class I landfill for dust control.

d) Oil and Used Oil Storage

Since the Plant will be utilizing gas engines to generate power, the engines will consume oil and generate used oil as a by-product of the operations. This oil storage facility will be located adjacent to the Plant.

The "clean oil supply system" consists of a 8,000 gallon double wall storage tank, an air-operated lube oil transfer pump, above ground piping from the lube oil tank to the engine and to the new oil makeup tank. The make-up oil tank will be inside the building on a support structure. The engines are to be provided with an automatic lube oil make-up system.

The used oil collection system consists of a 2,000 gallon used oil double wall tank, air-operated used oil transfer pump, above ground piping from the engine to the used oil storage tank. Used oil from the engine oil changes will be transferred to the 2,000 gallon used oil storage tank via the used oil transfer pump and stored until removed.

Both of the tanks are double-walled with a leak detection (high level) alarm system between the walls. The oil and used oil tanks are not interconnected. The locations of these tanks are shown on Drawing G2 in Appendix B.

3.3 APPLICABLE DISCUSSION OF SECTIONS OF CHAPTER 62-701.530(5)

- a) This Plant is considered a solid waste management facility and is to be constructed and operated in accordance with a permit received from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP or Department).
- b) The application Form 62-701.900(1) has been provided in Section 2 and the following information has been addresses:
 - 1. Information to address Chapter 62-701.320(7) and 62-701.330(3):
 - a) Information to address Chapter 62-701.320(7):

- A letter of transmittal is provided at the beginning of this application;
- A completed form dated and signed by the applicant is included in Section 2;
- A check in the amount of \$5,000 for this intermediate permit application has been sent to the Department under separate cover;
- An engineering report is included in this Section 3 of the Application;
- Appendices have been included and are a part of this Application;
- Project figures are provided in Appendix A and plans are provided in Appendix B of this Application;
- A Landfill Gas Recovery Facility Operation & Maintenance Plan is to be made a part of the overall Landfill Operations Plan for the CCSWDC as Attachment K-12 to the Operations Plan in Appendix D;
- The Contingency Plan is discussed and referenced in Section 6 of Appendix D;
- A Notice of Application and Notification to Public Officials information are provided in Appendix C; and
- Under State Statutes, the County will be eligible to achieve additional recycling credits depending upon the quantity of electricity generated from the Plant.
- b) Information to address Chapter 62-701.330(3):
 - A regional map is provided in Appendix A, Figure A-1;
 - An aerial map showing a 1-mile radius of the site is provided in Appendix A, Figure A 2;
 - A Site Plan showing fencing, drainage, topographic information, and equipment layout is provide on the Drawings in Appendix A and B; and
 - Soil boring locations are provided in Appendix A, Figure A-6.

2. Information required in Chapter 62-701.600(4) where relevant and practical:

Since this Plant is not being installed to meet any regulatory requirements under Title V, NSPS, and closure regulations, the approval of this application will not impact the CCSWDC's present closure plan or financial assurance requirements as stipulated by Chapter 62-701.530(5), F.A.C. Upon closure of the landfill, the Plant will continue to operate until it is no longer economically feasible. After the Plant is no longer in use, the landfill gas flare(s) will be utilized to burn the landfill gas for the purpose of satisfying the Title V requirements, odor control, and gas migration.

3. Condensate Quantity Calculations and Disposal

a) Condensate Quantity Estimates (From the Landfill Gas Collection System to the Flare Station)

This section addresses the current quantity of condensate flow from the CCSWDC's landfill gas collection system based on landfill gas collection rates for up to 2,200 cfm. It is noted that much of the collection system utilizes gravity drained condensate drop-out structures and knockouts; therefore, a direct measure of the condensate flow is not possible without system modification.

As stated in the CCSWDC's Operations Plan:

"Condensate is conveyed through the gas collection system and collected at condensate drop-out structures located throughout the gas collection system and also at the knockout pot prior to the existing blower at the gas control unit. The condensate will either drain or be pumped from the condensate collection trap/sump and gas control unit into the existing leachate collection system for disposal...

According to calculations performed for this site, about 7,962 gallons per day of condensate is expected to be collected from the gas system during peak gas generation (year 2054). This equates to only about 5.5 gallons per minute from the entire gas collection system. This minimal amount of condensate from the gas system will not significantly impact the operations of the leachate collection and storage system, even at peak discharge."

To calculate the quantity of condensate generated at the present capacity of the Plant (2,200 cfm), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Document EM 1110-1-4016, Landfill *Off-Gas Collection and Treatment Systems,* May 30, 2008, methods of estimating condensate generation rates were utilized.

Some reasonable assumptions are made when estimating condensate generation:

- landfill gas temperature at the wellhead is the warmest.
- landfill gas temperature depends on the distance traveled in the buried header pipe and the thermal conductivity of the header pipe.
- landfill gas is completely saturated with water vapor.

A conservative Corps method equation is as follows:

$$q_{cond} = \left(\frac{Q_{TOT}}{\rho_{H2O}}\right) \left[\left(H_{AIR} * \rho_{AIR}\right)_{HOT} - \left(H_{AIR} * \rho_{AIR}\right)_{COLD} \right]$$

where:

 $\begin{array}{l} q_{cond} = flow \ rate \ of \ condensate \ (gpm) \\ Q_{TOT} = total \ gas \ collection \ rate \ (ft^3/min) \\ \rho_{H2O} = density \ of \ water \ (lb/gal) \\ H_{AIR} = humidity \ of \ air \ (lb \ H_2O \ / \ lb \ dry \ air) \\ \rho_{AIR} = density \ of \ air \ (lb \ H_2O \ / \ ft^3) \end{array}$

Essentially, the procedure quantifies the mass flow rate of water vapor in the landfill gas as it is being extracted and as it reaches the flare. The difference is the flow rate of condensate collected. Although the CCSWDC is currently (December 2013) approximately 1,900 cfm, for calculation purposes, the design flow of the Plant at 2,200 cfm will be utilized.

In addition, the above procedure assumes that landfill gas is 100% saturated at both the hot and cold temperatures, and that the density of condensate is equal to the density of water. Further, it is assumed that the temperature of the extracted landfill gas is 130°F at an extraction well and 90°F at the flare station connection. From that point, the landfill gas temperature goes from 90°F to 70°F after processing at the Plant. Utilizing the formula above at varying temperature ranges, the estimates of condensate generation is presented in Table 3.1. The Corps acknowledges in the Technical Letter that this method is conservative (overestimates).

For the LFG Collection System Calculations:

$$= \left[\frac{0.111lbH_2O}{lbdryair} \left(\frac{0.0645lbdryair}{ft^3}\right)_{130F} - \frac{0.031lbH_2O}{lbdryair} \left(\frac{0.0692lbdryair}{ft^3}\right)_{90F}\right] \\ * \left(\frac{2200\ ft^3}{\min} \left(\frac{gal_{90F}}{8.32lbH_2O}\right) = 1.33\ \text{gpm} = \underline{1,910\ \text{gpd}}$$

Intermediate Permit Modification Application Landfill Gas Recovery Facility - CCSWDC For the Plant Operation Calculations:

$$= \left[\frac{0.031 lb H_2 O}{lb dryair} \left(\frac{0.0692 lb dryair}{ft^3}\right)_{90F} - \frac{0.015 lb H_2 O}{lb dryair} \left(\frac{0.0718 lb dryair}{ft^3}\right)_{70F}\right] \\ * \left(\frac{2200 \ ft^3}{\min} \left(\frac{gal_{70F}}{8.32 lb H_2 O}\right) = 0.28 \ \text{gpm} = \frac{407 \ \text{gpd}}{1000}\right)$$

Table 3.1 – Results for Estimates of Condensate Generation					
	Plant Design Flow – 2,200 cfm				
	Gallons per Day	Gallons per Minute			
Landfill Gas Collection System (total at Plant					
Design Flow Prior to Plant Operations)	1,910	1.3			
Plant Contribution After Gas Cooling	410	0.3			
Total	2,320	1.6			

b) Additional Condensate Discharge from the Plant into the Landfill Leachate Collection System

The condensate from the Plant's gas system, primary and final gas filters, and main gas header drain will be collected and piped via a HDPE (SDR-11) line into an existing condensate gravity line at the flare station which then drains to a sump (S-5) as shown on Drawings G-4, G-5, and M16 (in Appendix B) which is then pumped to the leachate collection system. It is expected that the amount of condensate being generated will not drastically change as a result of Plant operation. Additional cooling and pressure increases in the gas as a result of Plant operations which could result in an increase in condensate quantity up to 410 gallons per operating day at flow rates up to 2,200 cfm. Therefore, the quantity of condensate collected by this system in conjunction with any extra produced at the Plant should have an estimated flow of 2,320 gallons per day (1,910 gpd + 410 gpd) or 1.6 gallons per minute at flow rates of 2,200 cfm. This minimal amount of condensate from the gas system will not significantly impact the operations of the leachate collection and storage system as further discussed below.

c) Size of Existing Condensate Sump/Pump Station (S-5)

The existing sump S-5 will receive the additional condensate generated by Plant operations. S-5 is 48-inch diameter HDPE sump with an estimated of 4 feet of storage (~400 gallons) below the incoming landfill gas headers. The sump has a QED AP-4 AutoPump[®] (short bottom) air driven pump set at a pumping rate of approximately 13 gallons per minute. Not all of the condensate generated by the landfill gas collection system is collected at S-5. However, for checking the adequacy of the size of the sump and pump, if it is assumed that all of the condensate is collected at S-5 and allowing for the additional condensate generated by the Plant, the sump and pump are more than adequate to handle the additional flow (13 gpm vs. 1.6 gpm @ 2,200 cfm). In fact, S-5 with the current size pump should be able to handle landfill gas collection issues.

4. Condensate Sampling, Analyzing, and Reporting

Since the condensate is drained into the existing landfill leachate collection system where it is eventually treated at the WRF (see section 3.2 c) above), condensate sampling, analyzing, and reporting are not required. However, if condensate is directly removed at the Plant and hauled off for disposal and not drained into the landfill leachate collection system, the condensate will be sampled, analyzed, and the results reported to the Department.

5. Closure Plan to Control LFG After the Plant Ceases Operations

Since this Plant is not being installed to meet any regulatory requirements under Title V, NSPS, and closure regulations, the approval of this application will not impact the CCSWDC's present closure plan or financial assurance requirements as stipulated by Chapter 62-701.530(5), F.A.C. Upon closure of the landfill, the Plant will continue to operate until it is no longer economically feasible. After the Plant is no longer in use, the landfill gas flare(s) will be utilized to burn the landfill gas for the purpose of satisfying the Title V requirements, odor control, and gas migration.

APPENDIX A

Figures

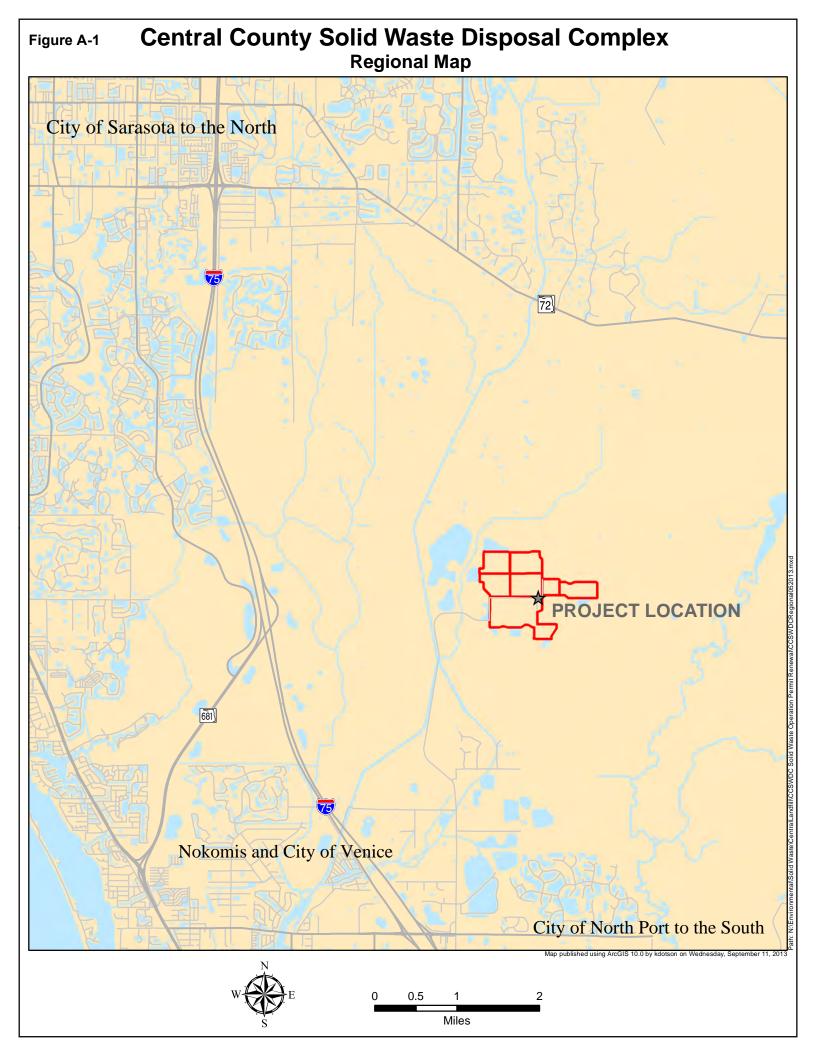
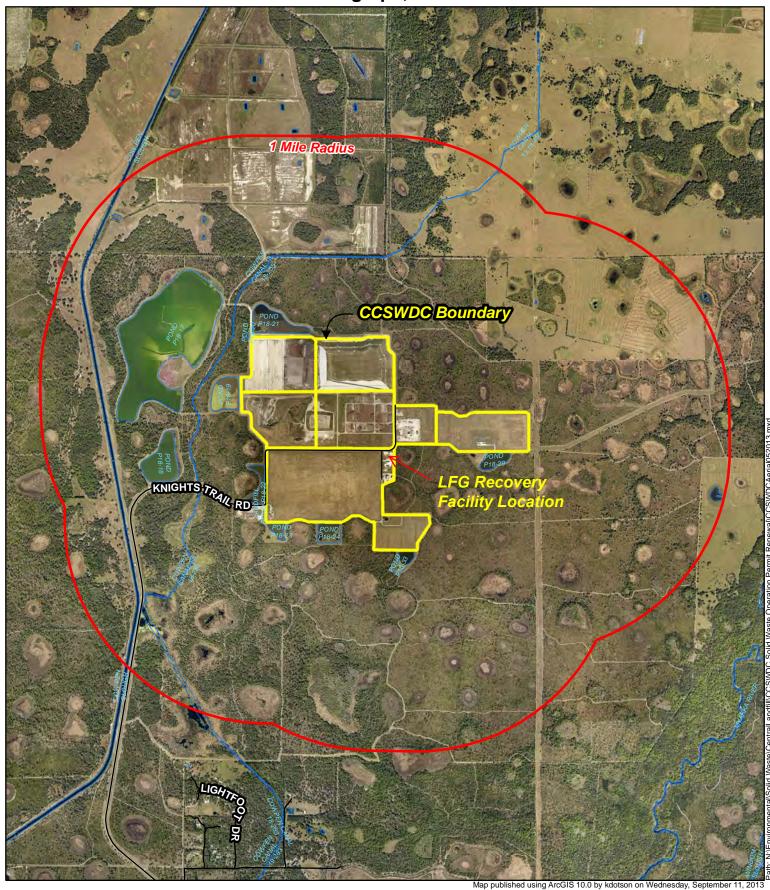


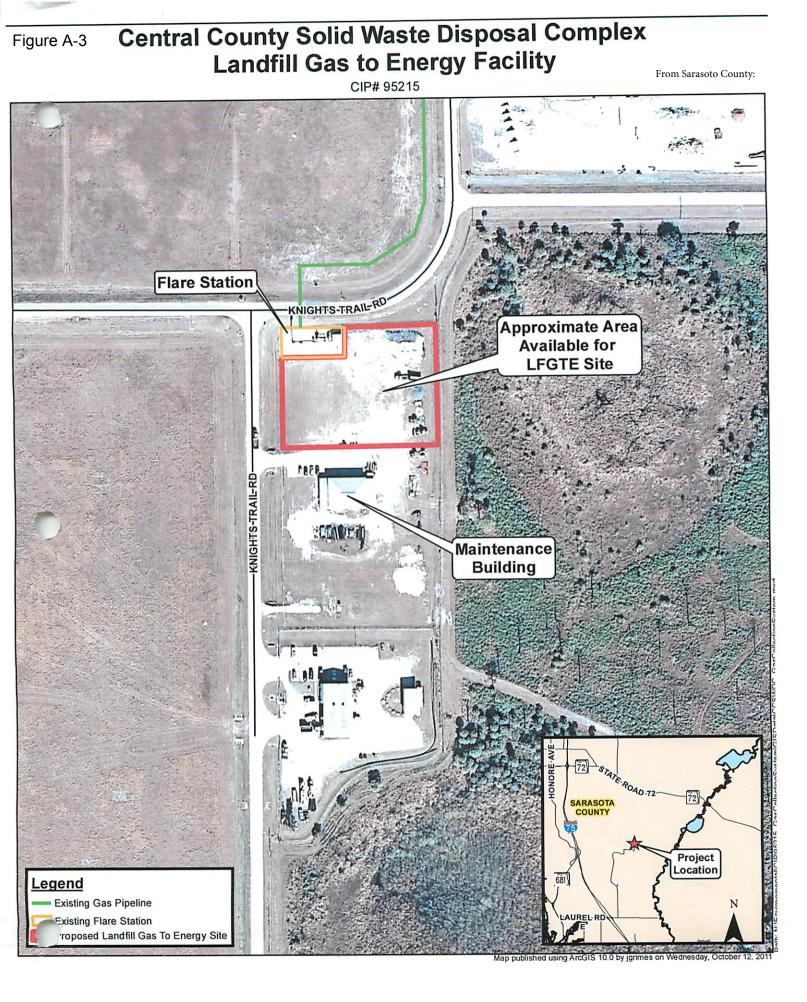
Figure A-2 Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex Aerial Photograph, 1 Mile Radius

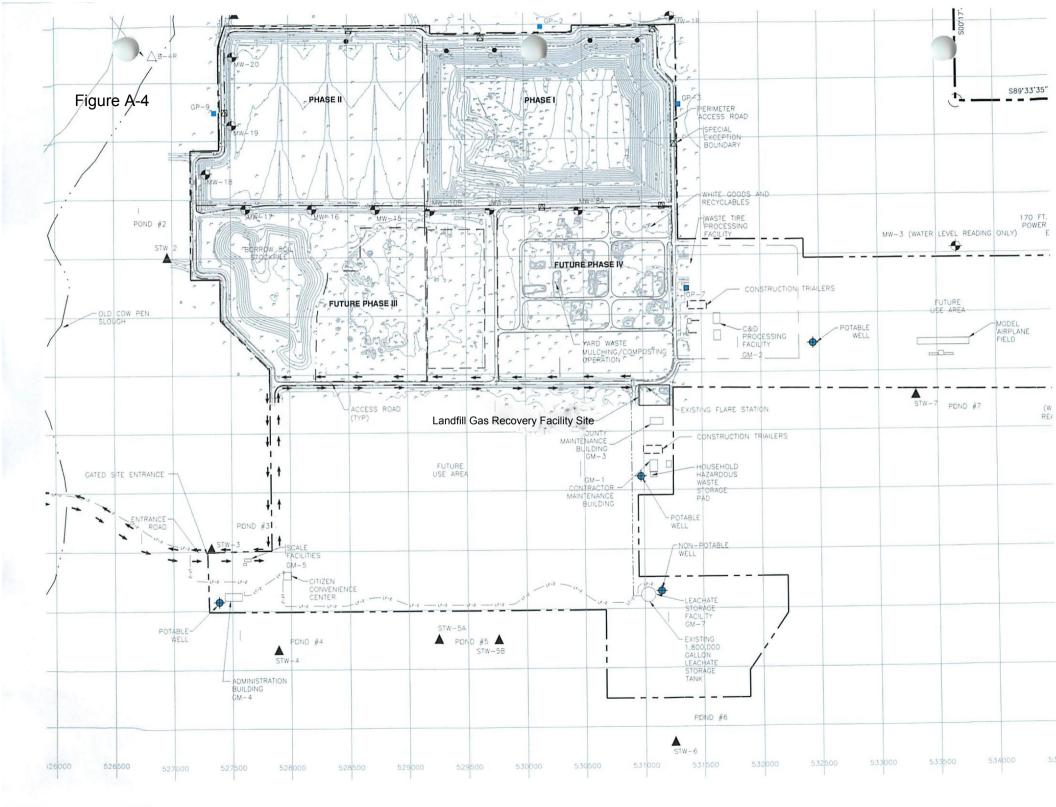


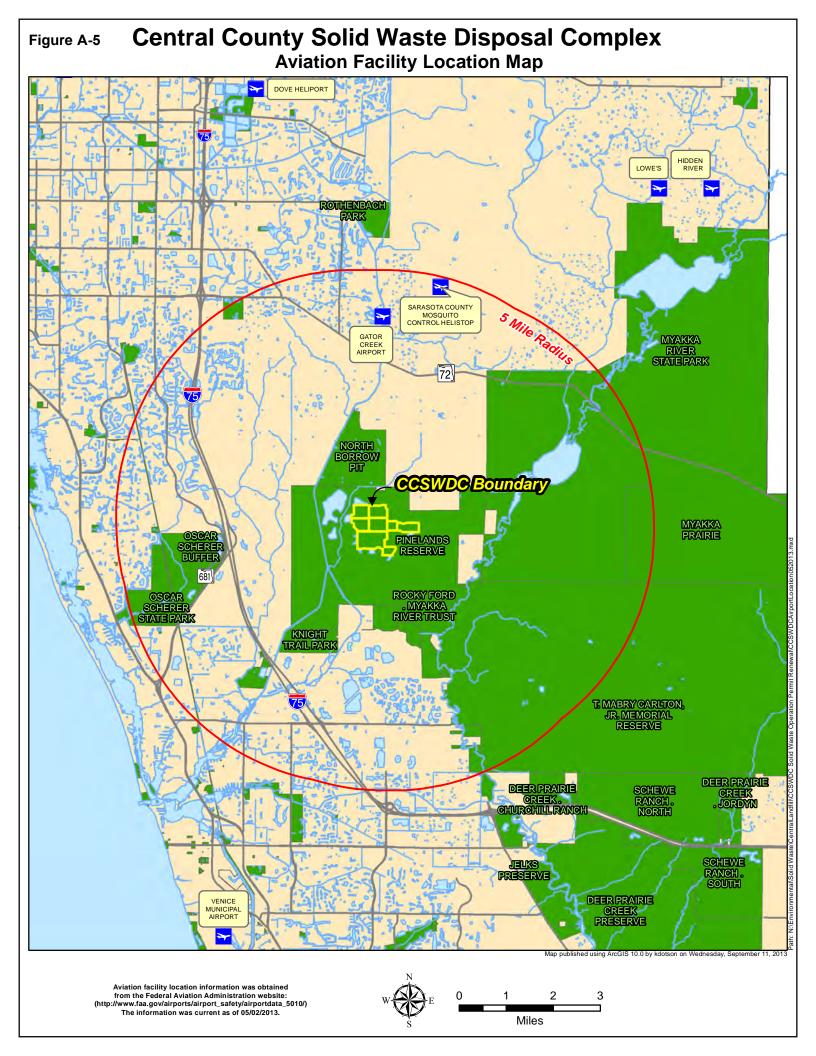
Aerial Imagery Provided by Pictometry International: Sarasota County, FL February 2013 4" Resolution N.A.D. 1983 HARN State Plane Florida West FIPS 0902 (U.S. Survey Feet)

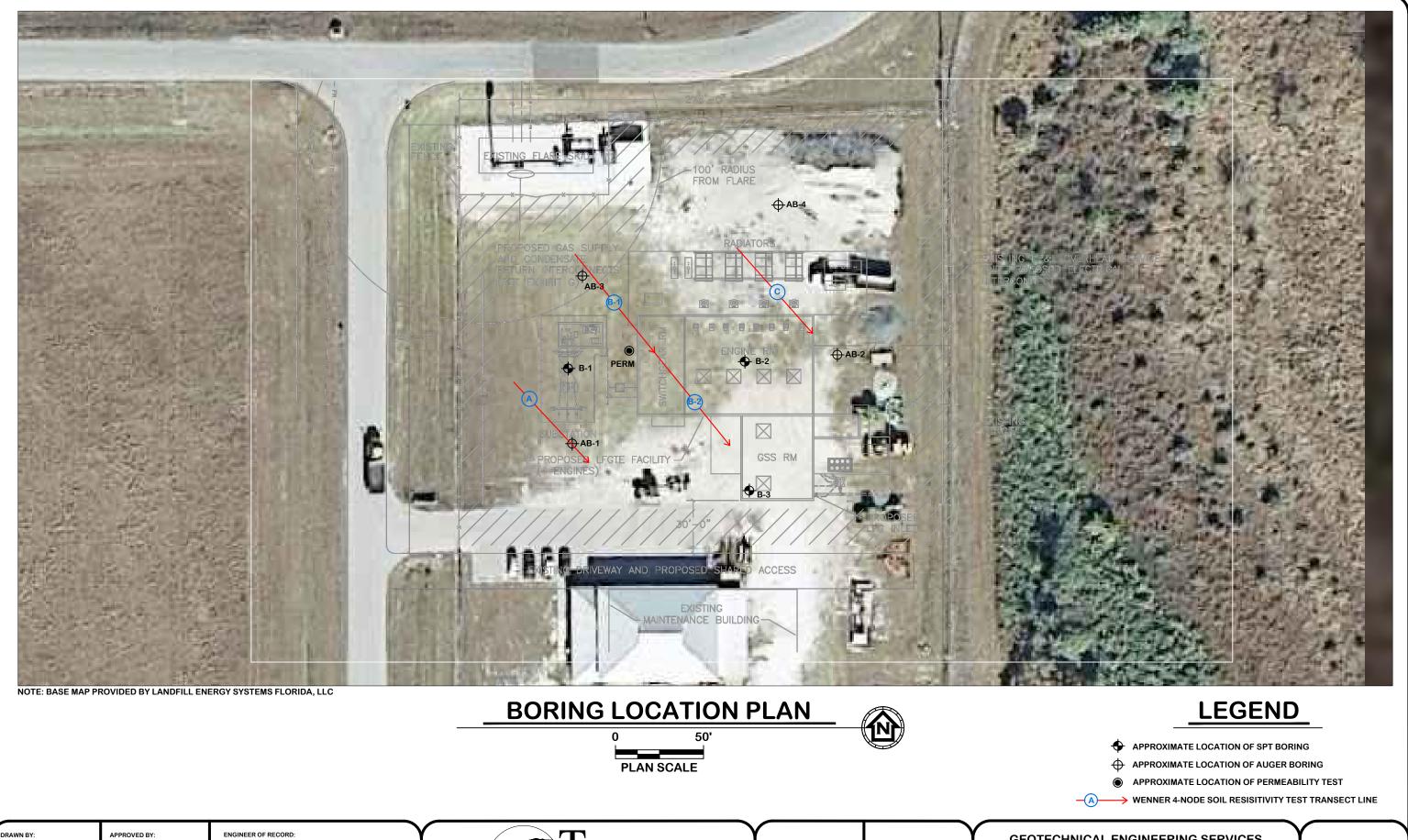


0.25 0.5 Miles









SCALE:

NOTED

PROJECT NUMBER:

6511-13-190

DRAWN BY: SW CHECKED BY:

DM

JTS

OCT 2013

DATE:

ENGINEER OF RECORD: JESSE T. STRICKLAND, P.E. FLORIDA LICENSE NO .: 74564

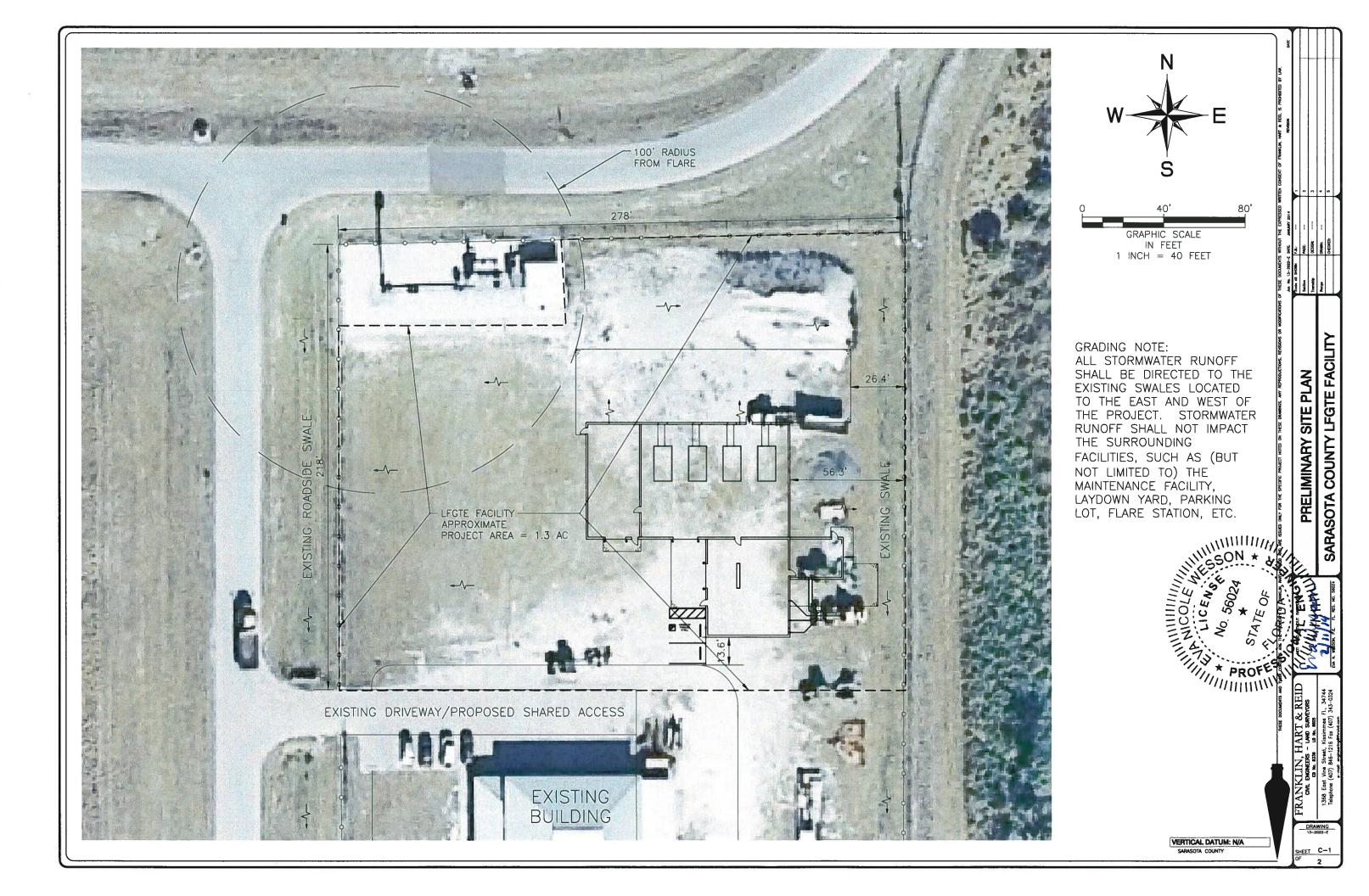


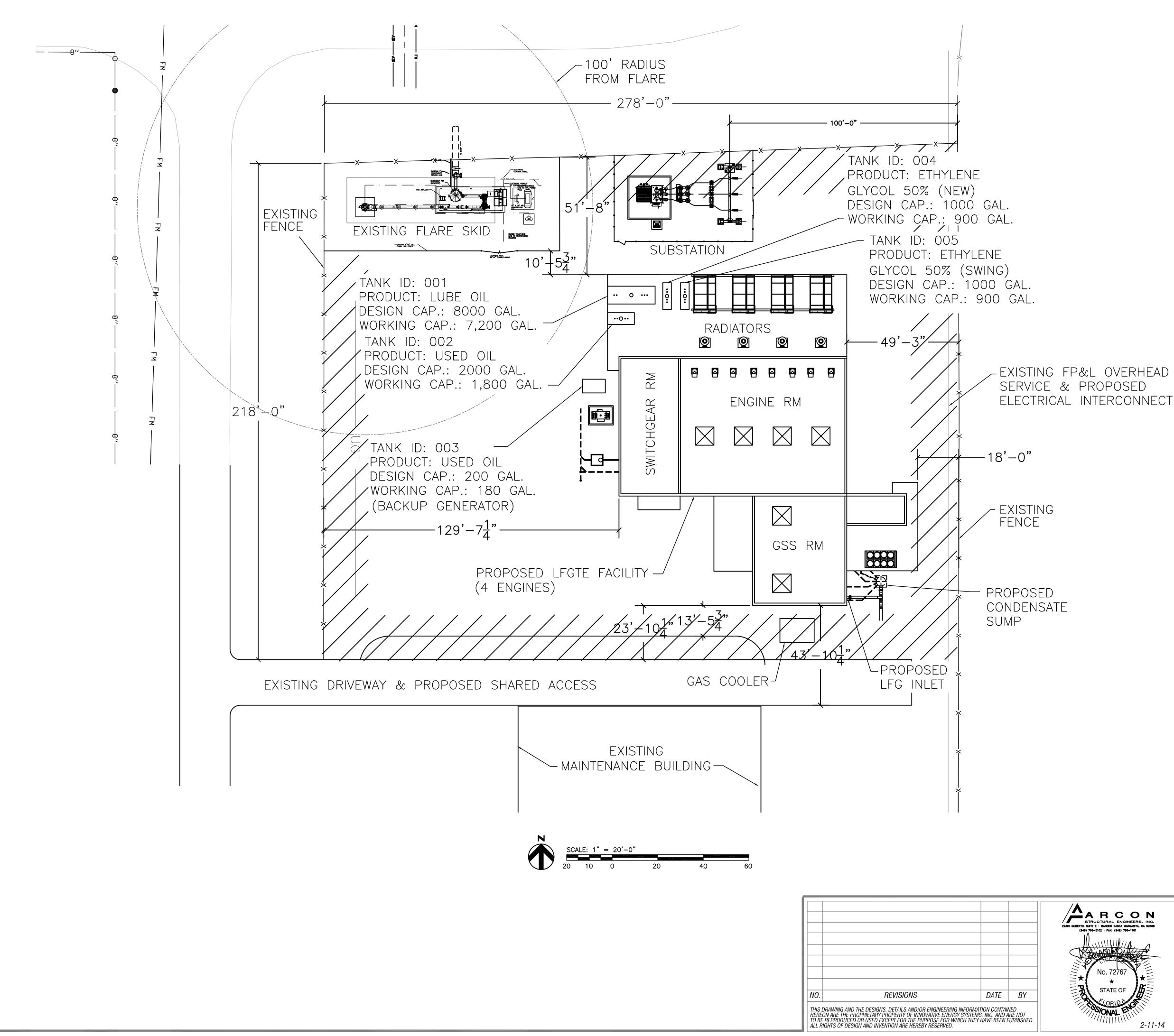
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES SARASOTA LANDFILL SARASOTA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Figure A-6

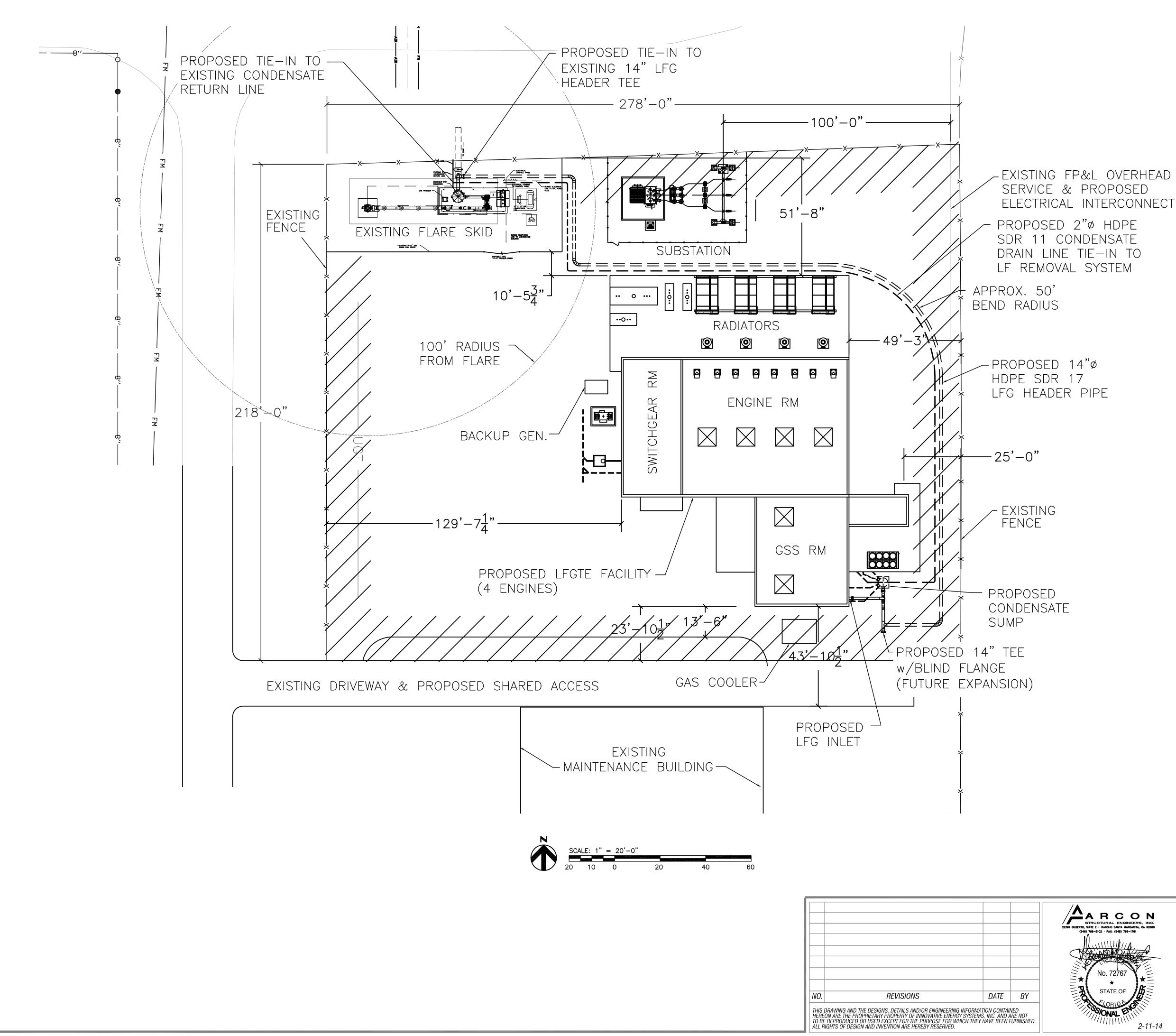
APPENDIX B

Drawings

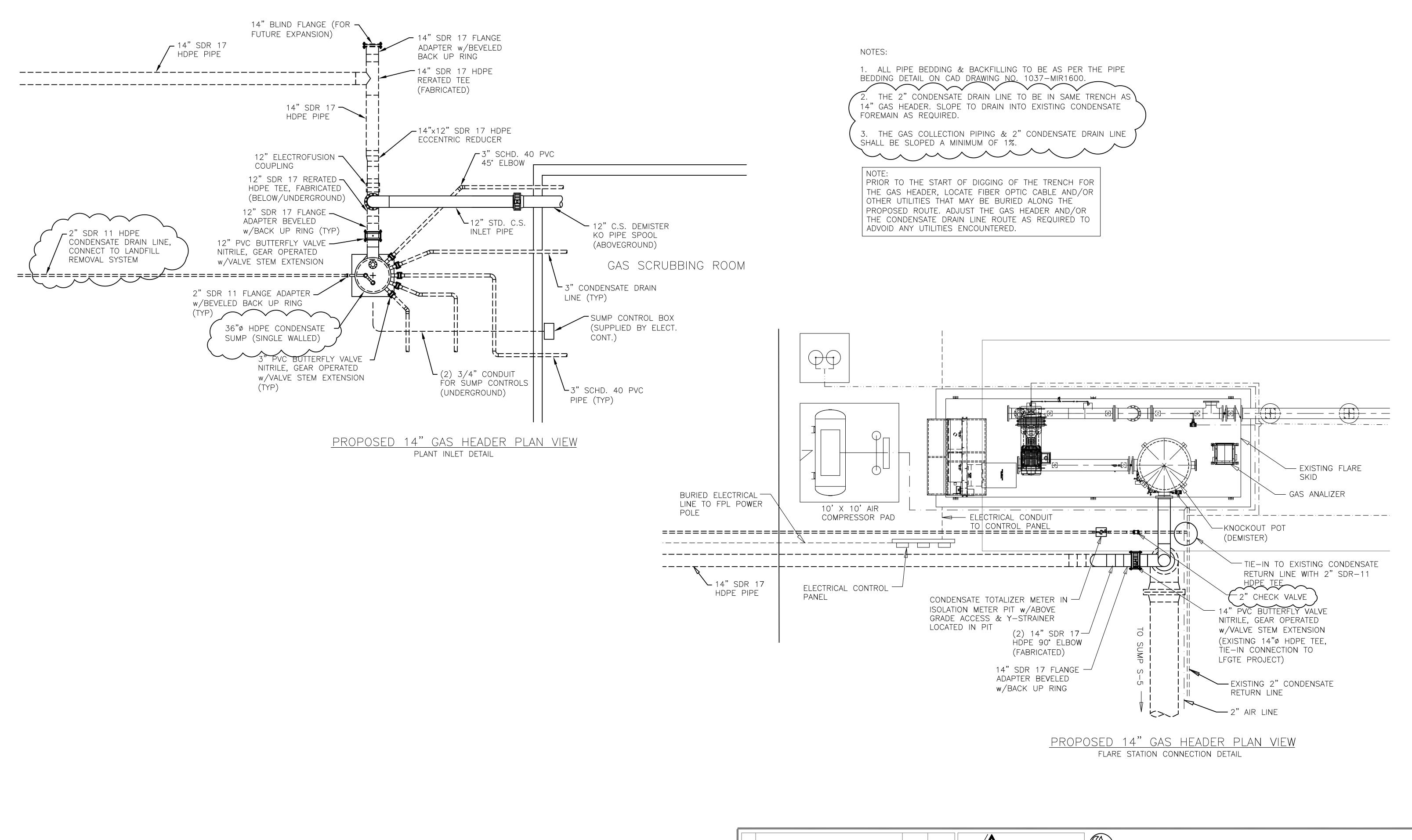


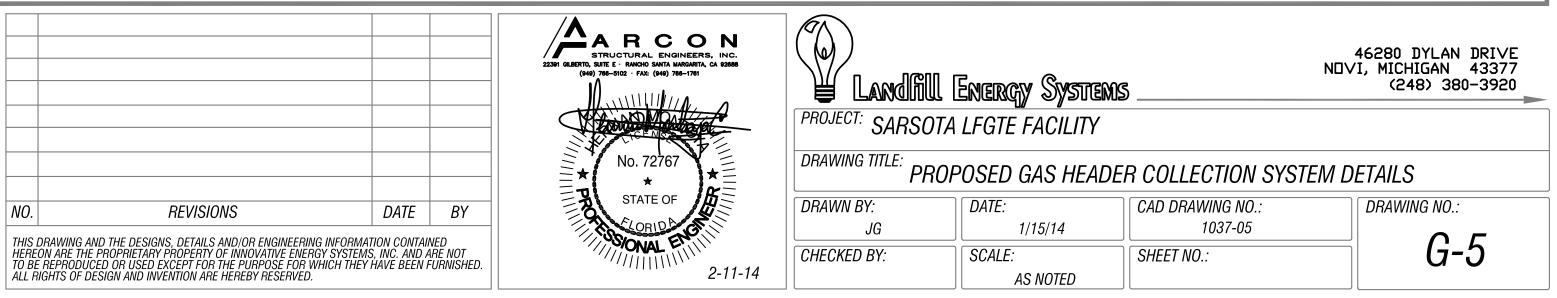


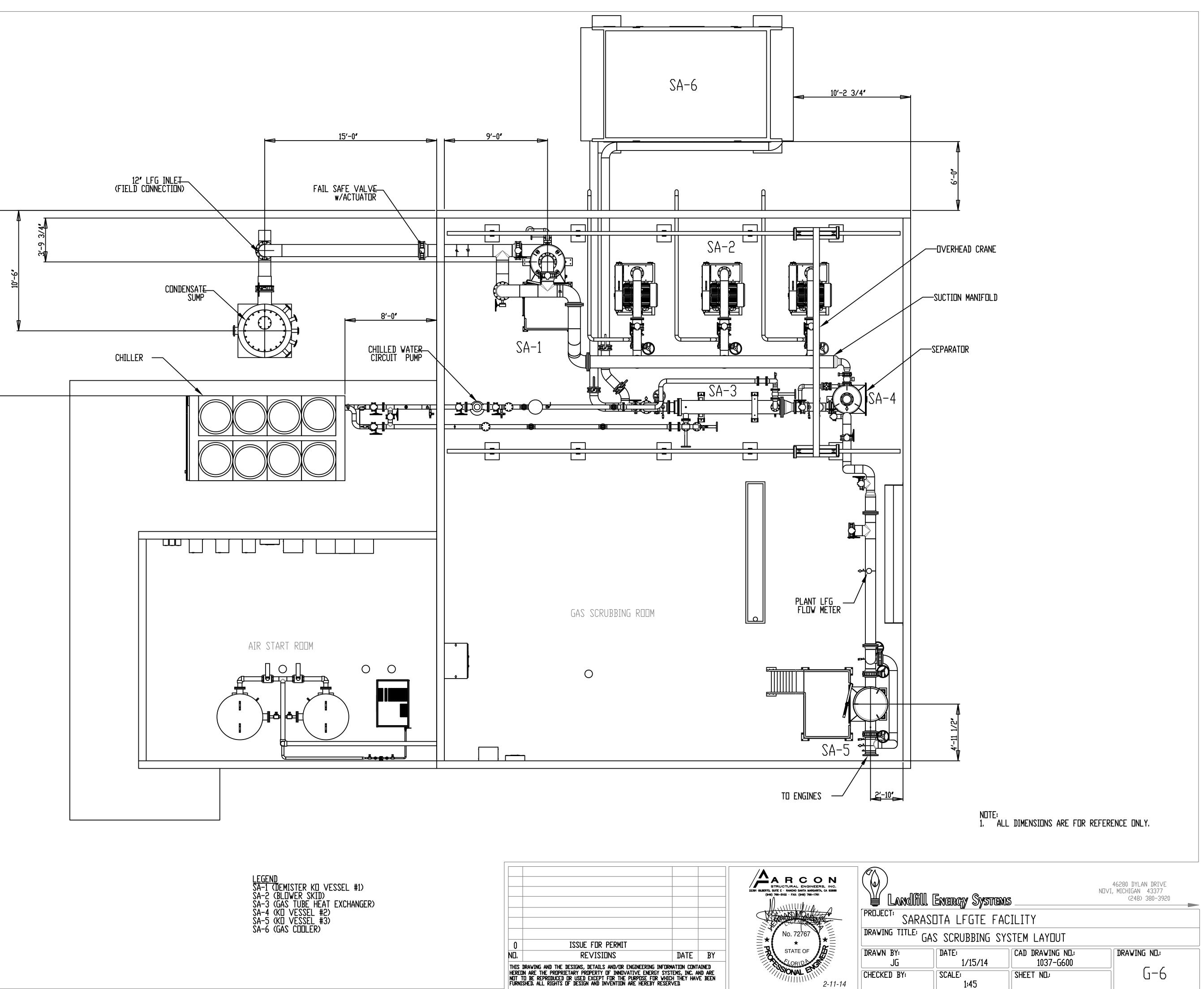
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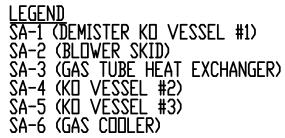


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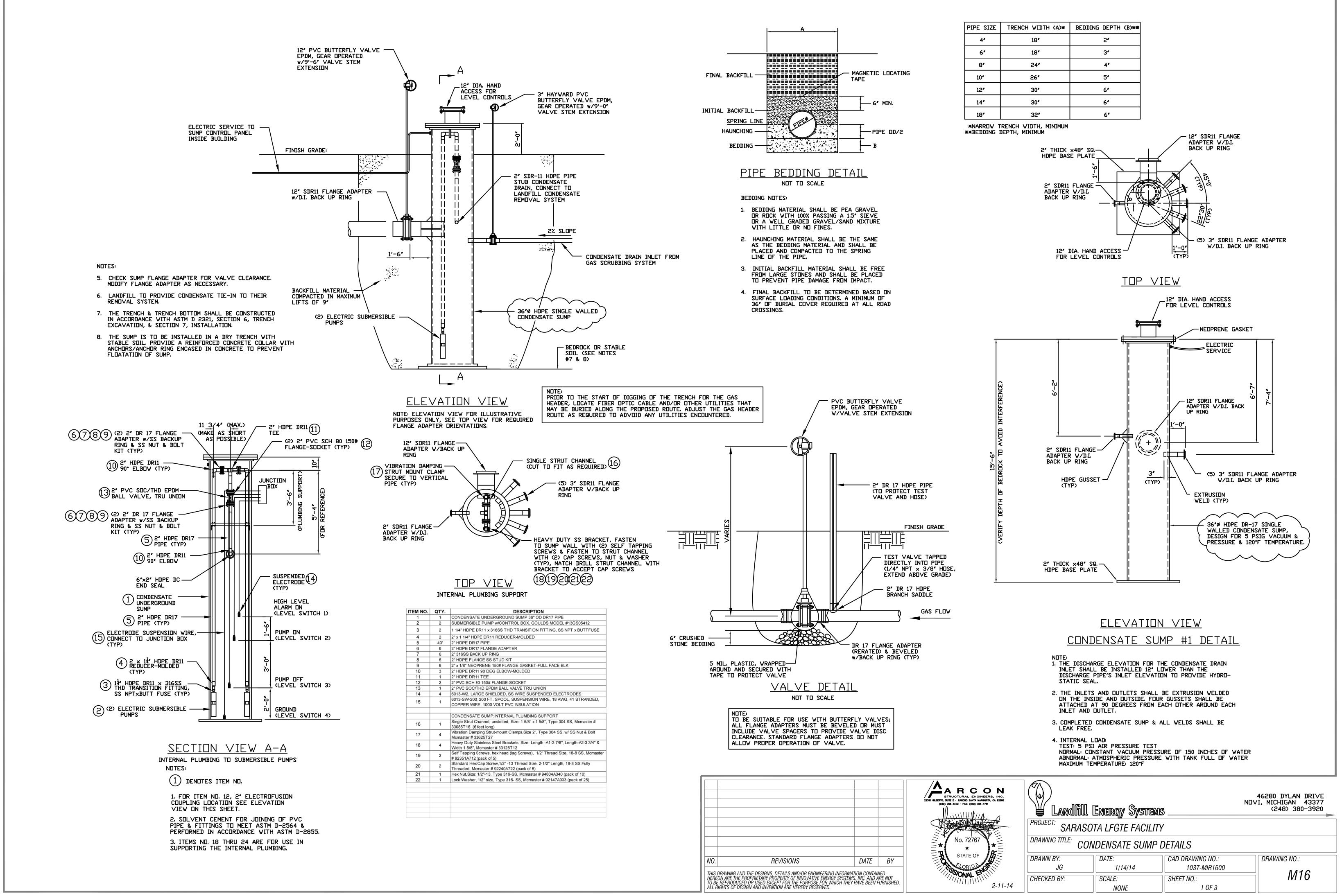




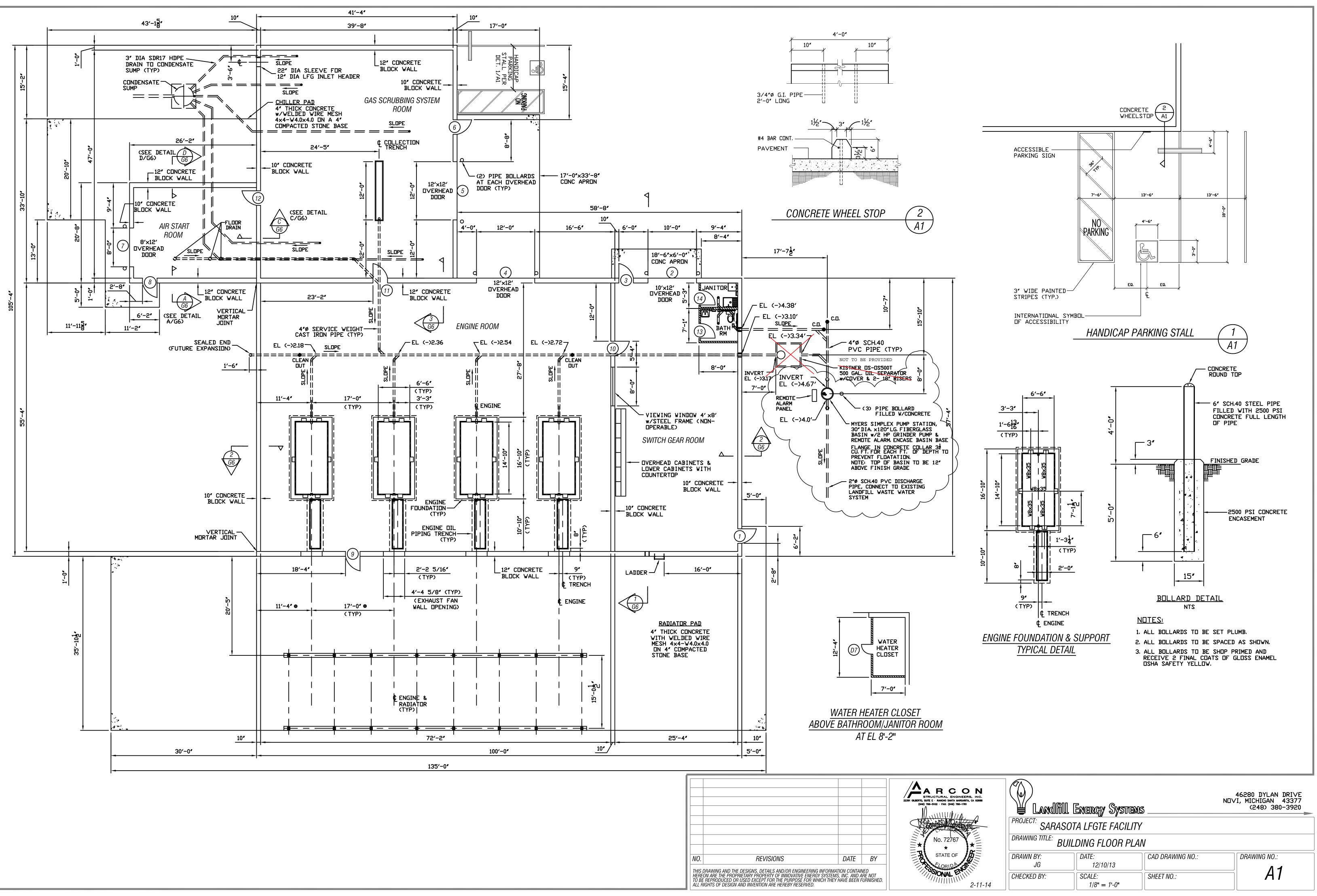




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APPENDIX C

Notice of Application And Elected Official Notifications

Appendix C

Notice of Application

In accordance with the requirements of Rules 62-701.320(8), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), a Notice of Application (Notice) will be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the Landfill Gas Recovery Facility will operate. A copy of the draft Notice is provided in this Appendix. The Notice will be published within 14 days of the application submittal to the Department and the Notice will conform to the requirements of Chapter 62-110.106, F.A.C. The Notice will be mailed to Chair of the Board of County Commissioners, the local District 4 County Commissioner and each State Senator and Representative serving the jurisdiction for this facility, as required in the aforementioned rules. A list of the officials receiving the Notice and a copy of the letters are provided at the end of this Appendix. It is assumed that the Department will provide the Applicant with the final draft of the Notice and the Applicant will then make arrangements for publishing. The Applicant will provide the Department with proof that the Notice was published and distributed to the appropriate officials. After the Department completes the permit review, the Department will send a copy of the notice of intent to issue or deny the permit to these same officials.

February xx, 2014

Honorable Nancy C. Detert Florida Senate – District 28 417 Commercial Court, Suite D Venice, FL 34292

RE: Certified Mail No. XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX Notice of Application for an Intermediate Modification to the Operations Permit For the Construction and Operation of a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex Sarasota County, Florida

Dear [Senator Detert]:

On behalf of Sarasota County, Florida, we am hereby formally notifying you that Sarasota County recently filed an application with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for a permit to construct and operate a new Landfill Gas-to-Energy facility in an unincorporated area of Sarasota County at the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex. This new facility will convert gases generated from decomposing wastes at the landfill into electricity and at the same time:

- Reduce emissions of greenhouse gases that contribute to global climate change.
- Offset the use of non-renewable resources, such as coal, oil, and natural gas.
- Help improve local air quality.
- Provide revenues for the landfill and energy cost savings for users of energy derived from landfill gas.

To comply with the requirements of Section 62-701.320 (8). F.A.C., this notice is being provided to you, **[State Representative Doug Holder, Sarasota County Commissioner Nora Patterson (local District 4)]** and Mr. Charles D. Hines, Esq., Chair of the Board of County Commissioners of Sarasota County. In addition, the attached notice will be published in the *[local newspaper]* newspaper.

This firm has been hired to design, construct, and operate the landfill gas-to-energy facility and provide other services to Sarasota County. Please call me at (585) 948-8580 if you have any questions about this project.

Sincerely, Innovative Energy Systems/Landfill Energy Systems

Emily Zambuto Manager of Environmental Programs

Enclosure, Notice of Application

cc: Lois Rose, Sarasota County Jason Timmons, P.E., Sarasota County Cory Dewayne Dilmore, P.E., FDEP

State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Notice of Application

The Department announces receipt of an application for an intermediate permit modification to the Operations Permit (Permit No. 0130542-022-SO/01) from Sarasota County Solid Waste Operations and Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC, to construct and operate a Landfill Gas Recovery Facility to generate electricity. This proposed project will be located at Sarasota County Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex, 4000 Knights Trail Road, in Nokomis.

This application is being processed by the Department. The application is available for public inspection during normal business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, at the Department of Environmental Protection, Permitting and Compliance Assistance Program, Solid Waste Program and Permitting, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station 4565, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, telephone (850) 245-8705. Any comments or objections should be filed in writing with the Department at this address. Comments or objections should be submitted as soon as possible to ensure there is adequate time for consideration in the Department's review and decision process on the application.

The application may also been found here:

http://appprod.dep.state.fl.us/WWW_WACS/Reports/SW_Facility_Docs.asp?wacsid=51614

List of Elected Officials to be Notified at Permit Submittal

(as required by Chapter 62-701.320 (8)(b) F.A.C.)

1. Board of County Commissioners

<u>Chair of the Commission</u> Commissioner Charles D. Hines, Esq. 1660 Ringling Blvd. Sarasota, FL 34236 941-861-5344 chines@scgov.net

District 4 (Local District) Commissioner Nora Patterson 1660 Ringling Blvd. Sarasota, FL 34236 941-861-5344 npatters@scgov.net

2. State Legislators

State Senate - District 28 Senator Nancy C. Detert 417 Commercial Court Suite D Venice, FL 34292 (941) 480-3547

<u>State House - District 74</u> Representative Doug Holder District Office 8486 South Tamiami Trail Sarasota, FL 34238-2953 Phone: (941) 918-4028

<u>APPENDIX D</u>

Updated

CCSWDC's Operations Plan

To Add

Attachment K-12

Landfill Gas Recovery Facility Operation & Maintenance Plan



Sarasota County Solid Waste Operations

Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex Operations Plan

September 2013

Prepared by Sarasota County Solid Waste Operations 4000 Knights Trail Road Nokomis, FL 34275

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K.8.g Precipitation and Leachate Generation Rates

Rainfall for each 24-hour period measured at an official gauge located on-site will be recorded and entered onto a spreadsheet (format included in Attachment K-6) to compare precipitation to leachate generation.

K.8.h Leachate Collection System Inspection and Cleaning

The County will water pressure clean or conduct a video inspection of the leachate collection systems in Phase I and Phase II at least once every five years in accordance with Rule 62-701.500 F.A.C. requirements. Leachate pumps, metering manholes, and leak detection manholes at CCSWDC will be inspected for operation failures at least daily. Control panels will be inspected and operational data recorded as described in Section K.8.f.

K.9 LANDFILL GAS MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING

K.9.a Landfill Gas Management

The CCSWDC is located near the center of over 6,000 acres of County-owned property. The minimum distance from the Class I landfill to the nearest property line is 1,800 feet. This distance represents a substantial buffer to allow for dispersion of odors normally associated with MSW landfill operations. Therefore, it is not anticipated that collection of landfill gas will be necessary for odor control.

In order to comply with air quality requirements, a Non-Methane Organic Compound (NMOC) emission report will be submitted to the implementing authority on an annual basis following the requirements of New Source Performance Standards (NSPS). Within 12 months after reporting NMOC emissions greater than or equal to 50 Mg/year (megagram per year), a detailed landfill gas collection and controls system design plan submittal shall be made to the NSPS implementing agency. Within 18 months after this submittal, the installation of the landfill gas collection and control system shall be completed. Based on current Tier 2 sampling and model projections, the CCSWDC Class I landfill has not exceeded the NMOC threshold at the time of this report and is not expected to exceed the threshold until 2015. Operation of the Landfill Gas System is provided in greater detail in Attachment K-9. Operation of the LFG Recovery Facility is provided in greater detail in Attachment K-12.

K.9.b Landfill Gas Monitoring Program

A gas monitoring program will be implemented to prevent explosions and fires and to minimize off-site odors and damage to vegetation. The landfill gas monitoring program for CCSWDC will include monitoring of the landfill perimeter and enclosed on-site structures at the monitoring locations shown on Figure 1 in Attachment K-3. Monitoring will be conducted on a quarterly basis and a report submitted to FDEP within 15 days after the end of the quarter in which monitoring occurred. The outside monitoring locations, as shown on Figure 1 provided in Attachment K-3, will consist of gas monitoring probes as shown on Figure L-3 in Attachment K-3. All gas probes will be clearly labeled and easily visible at all times.

The CCSWDC gas monitoring locations include four gas monitoring probes as described above and numbered GP-2, GP-3, GP-7, and GP-9 and six gas monitoring locations GM-1, GM-2, GM-3, GM-4, GM-5, and GM-7 in structures as shown on Figure 1 provided in Attachment K-3.

ATTACHMENT K-12

LANDFILL GAS RECOVERY FACILITY OPERATION &



CCSWDC Operations Plan Appendix K-12 | 1 Landfill Gas Recovery Facility Operation & Maintenance Plan |

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1.0 Introduction and Purpose

As discussed in previous sections of this Operations & Maintenance Plan, the County operates and maintains the landfill gas collection and control system (LFGCCS). This document presents an Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the Sarasota Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project (GTE Facility) owned by Landfill Energy Systems Florida, LLC.

Landfill Energy Systems Florida (LES) will operate a reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) GTE Facility at the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex which is located in Sarasota County at 4000 Knights Trail Road, Nokomis, Florida. The GTE Facility is permitted for the operation of four lean-burn engine-generator sets that will fire landfill gas to produce up to a combined nominal 6.4 megawatts (MW) of power to the electrical grid. Methane rich landfill gas is produced by the decomposition of material in the landfill. This gas will be collected, treated, and compressed to be used as fuel to run the engine-generator sets. The gas treatment will include dewatering (a moisture knockout vessel), gas compressors and blowers, air-to-gas coolers and 1 micron filtration.

2.0 Personnel Requirements

2.1 Management Organization

LES is responsible for the management and operation of the Sarasota Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project (GTE Facility). The Regional Manager is responsible for making all primary decisions related to the administration and operation of all the LES sites in Florida. A GTE Lead Operator is responsible for the operation of the GTE Facility and reports to the Regional Manager. The GTE Lead Operator also receives instructions from the Operations staff concerning the daily operation of the GTE Facility; technical repairs and diagnostic troubleshooting; and purchasing tools, equipment and supplies for the GTE Facility.

2.2. Personnel Responsibilities

Operation of the GTE Facility requires full-time staff. The GTE Facility staff members can vary in number and level of responsibility. However, in general, staff members and their responsibilities follow:

- One <u>Regional Manager</u> who will manage all LES Florida GTE operations.
- One <u>Manager of Environmental Programs</u> who will (i) ensure that the GTE Facility is operating in compliance with the terms and conditions of all permits; (ii) monitor the environmental compliance of the facility.
- Two (2) GTE Facility <u>Plant Operators</u> who will operate and maintain the landfill gas recovery plant. The Plant Operator's responsibilities will include: (i) the management of all daily activities with regard to the operation, maintenance, and security of the facility in compliance with all regulatory requirements; (ii) the provision of scheduled transportation and disposal of materials and residue from production and storage areas; (iii) procedures which maintain a high degree of personnel safety and housekeeping standards through appropriate planning; (iv) engine and facility maintenance including

appropriate recordkeeping; (v) engine oil analysis management; and (vi) compression and gas treatment system maintenance.

In addition to the normal full-time staff, additional engineering, operations and safety personnel may be obtained from other LES facilities/offices during periods of scheduled and unscheduled maintenance at the facility. The Plant Operators will be scheduled to work five days a week, 7:00 AM to 3:30 PM and will be on call the remainder of the time. A plant system failure will alert the Operator by phone if the Operator is away from the plant.

Personnel related to the GTE Facility operations are trained to perform their specific duties and to recognize potentially hazardous or dangerous situations at the GTE Facility. Training for the GTE Facility includes but is not limited to the following topics:

- Safety Topics (including Lock Out Tag Out Procedures)
- Equipment Operation
- Construction and Operating Permit Conditions
- Spill Prevention
- Emergency Management and Reporting Procedures

3.0 Facility Operations

The GTE Facility operation is divided into five main segments:

- Facility Startup and Shutdown
- Landfill Gas Collection System
- Engine-Generator
- Facility Control System

Electrical power transmission to the local utilities transmission lines is controlled by two main circuit breakers, 52U and 52T. Tie breaker 52T is used to control electrical power from the generators, and utility circuit breaker 52U is the main breaker connecting the GTE Facility to the utility's grid system. Breaker 52U is located in the transformer switchyard and breaker 52T is located in the switchgear in the control room with generator breakers. For initial start up of the GTE Facility, power from the local electrical utility system is used via a 4.16 KV switchgear, to activate the GTE Facility systems. This is accomplished by closing the utility circuit breaker (52U), and tie breaker (52T). An electrical interlock controls the sequencing of the utility breaker (52U) and tie breaker (52T). The tie breaker (52T) cannot be closed until the utility breaker (52U) has been closed.

3.1 Facility Startup

3.1.1 Startup Precautions

The following section describes the precautionary activities and procedures which must be followed during facility start-up.

- Before beginning start-up procedures, ensure all maintenance work is completed and all HOLD and WARNING tags are cleared and removed.
- For normal operation, maintain engine outlet cooling water temperature between 220°F and 235°F.
- For normal operation, maintain engine oil temperature above 190°F.
- For normal operation, engine exhaust temperature should be between 900°F and 1000°F. Temperatures higher or lower can be an indication of serious mechanical problems.
- Do not attempt to operate the engine and/or gas blower by wiring around (Jumping) automatic shutdown devices.
- Do not allow the engine to be motored by the generator or rotated in a direction opposite from normal. Rotation without lubrication can be harmful to the engine bearings and reverse rotation can damage engine components.
- Check the oil levels and proper lubrication of all equipment. If necessary, lubricate using the proper type and amount of lubricant.
- Verify fluid levels and coolant and oil valve positions for each engine prior to startup.
- Particular attention should be paid to normal operating conditions so that the operator will be able to detect any variation from normal. Abnormal conditions shall be reported to the Plant Operator.
- Check coolant levels of all engines/generators.
- Check engine air filters for high differential pressure. Do not attempt to run engine if differential pressure exceeds manufacturer's recommendations.
- Check gas blower belts for tension.

3.1.2 Start-up Prerequisites

Prior to facility start-up, the Plant Operator must verify the following system or components are in service:

- Incoming Electrical Power Supply.
- 24 volt DC Control Power System.
- Instrument Air System.
- Fire Protection System.
- Explosive Gas Detection System.
- Auto Dialer System.
- Condensate Pump System.
- Check all protective relays for flags, and reset.

3.1.3 Engine-Generator Start-Up

After the auxiliary load has been activated, normal operation of the reciprocating enginegenerator set is started as follows:

- Verify that the Main Gas Inlet Valve for the wellfield header to the plant is in the open position.
- Open Main Header Bleed valve for re-circulation of gas to the condensate knockout tank.
- Start the compressor and verify compressor pressure to the main gas header.
- Place Engine Control Switch to the Run position.
- Depress start button on switchgear to initiate engine start sequence.
- Unit should start and obtain normal operating RPM.
- After engine oil has obtained a minimum temperature of 190°F, then the unit can be paralleled with utility and loaded to desired load.
- Once at load, verify proper operation by checking all panels and instrument readings.

After achieving the required voltage and frequency, the generator is synchronized with the utility electrical system and breaker 52G1 is closed. After breaker 52G1 is closed, generator loading takes place and the generator power is supplied to the 4.16 KV switchgear and the utility system. This procedure is the same for the remaining generators (G2, G3, G4).

3.2 Facility Shutdown

- Unload engine by depressing the unload button. The engine will gradually unload at a rate of 3 kW per second and then will automatically trip the generator breaker at 50 kW.
- Once the main generator breaker trips offline, the unit will then go into cool down mode. The engine will operate for an additional five minutes and will then shutdown.
- Once all three or four units have been shut down, the gas compressors will be automatically switch from "run" to "off" mode.

3.3 Landfill Gas Collection System

The existing LFG collection system at the Central County Solid Waste Disposal Complex, operated by the County, consists of vertical gas extraction wells and associated header piping. The collected gas is currently being flared. The GTE Facility will be the prime consumer of the landfill gas once operational. However, if the gas collected exceeds the gas needed to operate the engines or the GTE engine-generators are offline, the existing candlestick flare system will ensure control of all the gas collected by burning off the excess gas. The volume of gas sent to the flare will be greater than or equal to the lowest turn down ratio for continuous flare operation.

3.4 Gas Treatment System

The GTE Facility gas treatment room contains the equipment required to draw the LFG from the main header and treat the LFG prior to combustion in the engines. The equipment and processes used to treat (dewater, filter and compress) the LFG received from the landfill (prior to combustion as fuel in the IC engines) will consist of:

- 1. Initial two-stage inlet gas dewatering/filter vessels (bottom chambers are used for moisture knockout, top chambers are equipped with coalescing filters to remove gas particles having a diameter of 1-micron and larger).
- 2. Gas compressor/blowers.
- 3. Air-to-gas coolers, which will be used to reduce the elevated temperatures of LFG received from the compressors to approximately 10°F above ambient temperatures.
- 4. Final two-stage dewatering/filter vessels (the bottom chambers are used for moisture knock out, top chambers are equipped with coalescing filter media to remove gas particles having a diameter of 1-micron and larger).

Components of the specified gas treatment system will not be equipped with atmospheric vents. Therefore, all of the LFG received by the system will be directed to the IC engines for use as a fuel.

3.5 Engine-Generator Sets

The four engine-generator sets are comprised of a Caterpillar G3520C landfill gas V-20 engine driving a Caterpillar 1600 kilovolts (kV) generator. The Caterpillar G3520C engine/generator set is rated at 1000 KVA, 1200 RPM, 0.8 power factor, 3 phase, 4160 volts output, wye connected 60 hertz. The generator output is connected to a 4.16 KV switchgear, providing power to station auxiliary loads with the balance of power exported to the utility grid via a 3 phase station transformer which steps up the generated voltage from 4160V to the high line voltage (13200V) and provides power as "sell-back" to the utility grid.

The engine-generator sets are supplied lube oil and coolant from two storage tanks located in the outdoor tank storage area. Adjacent to these two tanks is the used oil storage and used coolant storage. A level alarm panel in the remote transfer areas in the engine room monitors the tank levels and leak detection.

3.6 Facility Control System

The GTE Facility control room contains master controls for landfill gas recovery through the gas compressor, control of the engine and generator systems, synchronization control for the utility grid, and an annunciation panel and autodialer in the event of an upset condition in the GTE Facility.

Seven control panels make up the station switchboard and include a Utility Tie Compartment, Plant Load Compartment, Master Compartment, Generator Control Compartments. These compartments include the following:

- One Utility Tie compartment, which contains the digital metering display, a synchroshope switch and synchronizing model selector switch for manual paralleling. This compartment also contains the bus tie breaker control switches, tie breaker status indicators, tie breaker protective relays, and the 86T lockout relay.
- One Plant Load compartment, which contains digital metering display, control switches, status indicators and protective relays.

- One Master compartment, which contains the station operator interface module with a touch screen mounted on the cubical door, system indicating lights and control switches, and the utility protective relays.
- Three/Four engine-generator set control cubicles for Generator 1 (52G1), Generator 2 (52G2), Generator 3 (52G3), and Generator 4 (52G4). The cubicle contains a digital metering display, generator protective relays, engine control module with a touchscreen on the mounted on the cubicle door, control switches, a high speed relay trip (86 device) and the generator emergency stop pushbutton.

Each cubicle is constructed of a metal cabinet with internal steel barriers. Each cabinet has hinged front and rear doors for access to the cabinet interiors.

3.7 Planned and Unplanned Shutdowns

Company records indicate that the average online time for a GTE Facility operated by LES using Caterpillar engines exceeds 95%. The 5% offline time includes planned and unplanned shutdowns. Any planned or unplanned shutdowns are recorded in the daily log book and/or on EnergyWeb. This information includes the date/time offline, date/time online, shutdown cause and corrective actions.

3.7.1 Planned Shutdowns

Planned shutdowns are generally performed for maintenance reasons, or at scheduled intervals as requested by the utility receiving the electrical power from the GTE facility. The Lead Operator will use the following Facility Maintenance as a general guideline. Scheduled Facility Maintenance items shown below may be adjusted for specific operating conditions:

- Change gas treatment system micron filters every 4,500 to 9,000 hours based on sample results
- Change oil and oil filter in gas compressors every 4,500 to 9,000 hours based on inspection.
- All other repairs as needed.

Engine preventative maintenance is scheduled at intervals based on the operational experience of LES. The Lead Operator will use the following maintenance schedule as a general guideline. Scheduled maintenance items, shown below, may be adjusted for specific operating conditions as required by the engine:

- Replace engine oil and filter every 800 to 1,800 hours.
- Check and clean or replace spark plugs every 1,000 to 1,800 hours.
- Engine valve inspections and adjustments every 1,000 to 1,800 hours.
- Inspect cylinder heads, clean and replace as necessary every 8,000 to 10,000 hours.

The replacement of IC engine parts (such as cylinder seals) is performed during top-end IC engine overhauls that are performed every 8,000 to 10,000 operating hours.

Planned shutdowns for regularly scheduled maintenance occur as follows:

- Each engine is typically shutdown for approximately 1.5 hours each month for general service including oil, filter and sparkplug changes. These guidelines may be adjusted if operational characteristics require change.
- Each engine is typically shutdown annually for approximately 8 to 12 hours for overhauling of the engine top end (heads and valves) based on operating characteristics of the engine.
- The plant is shut down for approximately one day each year in order to service the LFG compressor (treatment) system and the electrical system by changing oil and filters in the compressor and checking the safety system. Specific maintenance schedules and procedures are described in the manufactures operational and maintenance guides, which is kept onsite and can be provided upon request.
- The flow meter will be calibrated annually in accordance with instructions and guidelines in the manufacturer's operation and maintenance manual.
- Leak testing if the gas header entry to the plant will be performed prior to commissioning of the plant. Leak tests will also be performed on pipe connections and valves whenever an engine or compressor is replaced.
- Methane detection is provided throughout the plant. The system is calibrated and maintained as per the manufacturer's recommendations. In the event of a methane leak, an alarm will sound, the gas supply to the plant will be shutoff, and the engines will shut down.

3.7.2 Unplanned Shutdowns

Unplanned shutdowns are generally the result of unexpected events such as:

- Power interruptions within the local utility grid due to increased power usage tripping main breakers or weather related incidents.
- High levels of oxygen in the LFG.
- Failure of a LFG treatment compressor/blower within the GTE Facility.
- Radiator faults/trips.
- Detection of explosive concentrations of flammable gases within the GTE Facility.

In all cases, unexpected events listed above will trigger an automatic shutdown of the fuel supply to the GTE Facility, the compressor/blowers and automatic shutdown of the enginegenerator sets. At the same time, an annunciator alarm and panel light will be activated in the control room and the GTE on-call operator will be automatically notified of the shutdown through the autodialer.

The on-call operator, as part of his/her job responsibilities, is required to respond to the alert and troubleshoot and correct the cause of the unexpected shutdown.

During times when the GTE Facility is down for planned or unplanned reasons, LFG that will be normally combusted in the plant will be diverted to the open flare by automatic valve operation and starting the flare. LES and Landfill personnel will work together on this.

4.0 Description of Safety Features

The GTE Facility has been designed to detect a number of upset conditions during facility operation as described below. Upset conditions are sensed by relay elements that will cause the autodialer to be activated notifying the on-call operator of the upset condition. The autodialer functions as a remote alarm monitor. Operators are on call 24 hours a day, seven days a week to respond to upset conditions at the GTE Facility.

In addition to notifying the on-call operator of an upset condition, the relay elements can also shutdown all or a portion of the GTE Facility. An upset condition might result in the termination of electrical energy flow to the utility grid, shutdown of one or more engine-generator sets, and/or shutdown of the compressor/blowers (gas treatment system).

4.1 **Power Interruptions**

When a power failure, voltage or frequency disturbance occurs on the utility line, the event is detected by one of the relays which will initiate a trip to the utility breaker (52U). Opening breaker 52U will cause the tie breaker 52T to trip. Upon restoration of the utility line voltage, the on-call operator can close the utility breaker (52U) and the process of restarting power generation can occur.

Overpower, overcurrent or a grounding fault on the utility line side of the main transformer is detected by relays which will trip the utility breaker (52U) and tie breaker (52T) via lockout relays 86U and 86T.

Each generator is equipped with an automatic voltage regulator and an automatic power factor controller. The generator is also protected by a relay against unbalanced current, instantaneous and time delay overcurrent, reverse power, loss of excitation and faults that cause a flow of differential currents through the generator windings. Neutral grounding of the generator is achieved through the neutral grounding resistor, to limit ground fault current to 100 amps.

The facility high voltage distribution system is provided with the necessary relay protective devices to guard against the ever present threat of damage caused by overcurrents and transient over voltages that can result in equipment loss and system failure. The relays utilized at this plant are solid-state devices which require no routine maintenance. Each relay should be checked annually as described in the Vendor Operations and Maintenance Manual to confirm its operation. If a relay is found to be inoperative it should be returned to the vendor for repair.

The programmable logic controller (PLC) and remote terminal units (RTU) connects all relays/sensors in the GTE Facility and converts the relays/sensor signals to digital data. During upset conditions, most control actions are performed automatically by RTUs or by PLCs. Data acquisition begins at the RTU or PLC level and includes meter readings and equipment status reports that are communicated to supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) as required. Data is then compiled and formatted in such a way that an operator using the human-machine interface (HMI) can make supervisory decisions to adjust or override normal RTU (PLC) controls.

4.2 Fire Prevention within the Facility

The GTE Facility has been designed so that if any of the following faults occur, the generator breaker (52Gx) is tripped and the engine-generator set is shutdown:

- High oxygen.
- Blower failure.
- Air compressor failure.
- Fire detection alarm.
- High methane alarm.

The engine-generator set is shutdown in order to control the potential for fire and explosion within the plant. It should be noted that the GTE Facility building is constructed with minimum of combustible material, so as to limit the propagation of fire. The building fire protection consists of ionization detectors, thermal detectors, smoke detectors on the ceiling and duct work, methane detectors, audible and visual alarm devices, and manual fire pull stations.

4.3 Gas Treatment System Alarms

The GTE Facility has a HMI Gas Panel located in the gas treatment room (which can also be accessed in the control room). The Gas Panel has screens for system alarms. Each screen is provided with alarm windows labeled for alarm and shutdown functions.

The on-call operator uses the Gas Panel as an initial diagnostic tool to determine where the upset condition is. Each screen also provides an acknowledge button to acknowledge alarms. There is also a system reset button to reset/clear an alarm once the upset condition has been corrected.

4.4 Engine-Generator Alarms

Each generator control panel has an HMI located in the system control cubical in the control room. The HMI has screens for system alarms. Each screen is provided with alarm windows labeled for both alarm and shutdown functions.

The on-call operator uses the panel as an initial diagnostic tool to determine where the upset condition is. Each screen panel provides an acknowledge button to acknowledge the alarm. There is also a button to reset/clear an alarm once the upset condition has been corrected.

4.5 Methane Detection Alarm Panel

The LFG GTE Facility will be equipped with an Explosive Gas Detection System which is utilized to continuously monitor ambient air in the gas treatment room, engine-generator room and plant control room for the presence of methane gas. The gas detection system control panel, located in the control room, measures methane concentrations taken from four methane sensors.

Methane gas is explosive only between certain concentrations. This explosive range is 5% to 15% methane in air. The 5% level is defined as the LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL) and the 15% level is defined as the UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL). Below the LEL, an explosion will not occur

because the concentration of methane is not high enough to support an explosion. Above the UEL, an explosion will not occur because the methane concentration in relation to the oxygen concentration is too high to support an explosion. An explosion being the VERY RAPID combustion of gas. Methane concentration levels are indicated on the methane detection control panel from 0 to 100% of the LEL.

Should the methane detection unit detect a concentration of methane, the unit will initiate the alarms as described in the following:

- <u>High Concentration of Methane Gas (10% LEL, or 0.5% in air by volume)</u> Initiates HIGH FACILITY GAS CONCENTRATION alarm in the control room. Illuminates an ALARM CONDITION on the methane detection control panel.
- <u>High-High Concentration of Methane Gas (25% LEL, 1.25% in air by volume)</u> Indicates HIGH-HIGH FACILITY GAS CONCENTRATION alarm in the control room. Illuminates an ALARM CONDITION on the methane detection control panel.

The control panel is provided with back-lights labeled for both alarm and fault conditions. The on-call operator uses the panel as an initial diagnostic tool to determine where the alarm/fault is located. After the area with the high methane condition has been determined, the operator should proceed to the affected area with a portable gas detector to determine the validity and/or source of the methane gas leak. If a leak is confirmed, the GTE Facility should be shutdown and the affected area should be ventilated using confined space blowers and/or the exhaust/supply fans. After sufficient time has been allowed for ventilation, recheck the concentration from the control room panel. When safe limits are met, enter the affected building with a portable gas detector and attempt to find and repair the leak.

4.6 Storage Tank Alarms

The GTE Facility will have an alarm panel for the Oil and Coolant Storage System. The tank level alarm panel has nine channels/indicators (eight of which are used) as noted below. When an alarm is received, a light on the alarm panel is illuminated; the green light at the pump controls/transfer station in the engine room turn off as well as sounding an audible alarm.

- Coolant Tank #1 High Level.
- Coolant Tank #2 High Level.
- Lube Oil Tank High Level.
- Used Oil Tank High Level.
- Coolant Tank #1 Leak Detection.
- Coolant Tank #2 Leak Detection.
- Lube Oil Tank Leak Detection.
- Used Oil Tank Leak Detection.

The on-call operator uses the alarm panel as an initial diagnostic tool to determine where the upset condition is. The alarm panel has a button to clear the horn. The alarm indicator will remain lit until the alarm condition has been corrected.

5.0 Site Security

The landfill is enclosed by a fence with locking gates in all areas where the public has access. The GTE Facility is locked during times when the GTE operators are not present. The access doors to the control room, engine room and gas treatment room from the outside are steel insulated doors with locking deadbolts. Steel overhead doors also provide access to engine room and gas treatment room. The overhead doors are controlled from inside the GTE Facility.

6.0 Emergency Response

Site emergencies are handled in accordance with the CCSWDC emergency response/contingency plan. This plan covers the following:

- Fire response.
- Medical emergencies response.
- Spill/release/emission response.
- Natural disasters.

A list of emergency telephone numbers is provided below:

•	Ambulance Service	911
•	Police Department	911
•	Fire Department	911
•	CCSWDC Administration Building	(941) 861-1573
•	Main Switchboard Sarasota County Government	(941) 861-5000
•	South District, Dept. of Environmental Protection	(239)-344-5600

7.0 Recordkeeping

Various readings are recorded at the start of each daily shift. The different spreadsheets used by the facility are generated by using the information recorded in the Plant Daily Readings sheet as provided below. All records and data relating to the physical operations of the facility will be made available for inspection by Florida Department of Environmental Protection employees during normal hours of operations.

	Dail	y Re	eadings - S	arasota	LFGI	E Facility			
Unit #	1		2		3	4	Date:		
Serial #		- 1					-		
JW Temperature Out / In F	1		1		1	1			
M/U Oil Level (fill below 6 gal)		gal	g	al	gal	g	al		
Dipstick Oil Level							Time:		
Combustion Air Temp	1	F		F	F		F		
Battery Charger Amps / Volts	Α/	v	A/ V	A/	v	A/ V			
SCAC Temperature In / Out F	1		1		/	1			
Gas Pressure		psi	P	si	psi	p	osi Operartor:		
Engine Hours		Hrs	н	rs	Hrs	н	rs		
Generator KW Setpoint		kW	k'	w	kW	ĸ	w		
Megawatt Hours (489)	1								
Filtered Engine Oil Pressure		psi	p	si	psi	p	si Engine Room T	emperature:	
Engine Oil Diff. Press.		psi	p	si	psi	p	osi		
Engine Coolant Pressure		psia	ps	ia	psia	ps	ia		
Engine Coolant Temp	1	F		F	F		F		
Engine Oil Temp		F		F	F		F Ambient Tempo	erature:	
MAP/MAT	1		1		1	1			
Turbo Inlet Temps (Even/Odd)	1		7		/	1			
Throttle Angle		%	q	%	%		%		
Compressor Station	Frequency	(HZ)	Temp Left	Temp	Right	Gas Fil	ter Towers	Primary Filter	
Compressor 1 amps		HZ		F	F	Differential Pr	ressure (IN H2O)	Empty/Full	
Compressor 2 amps		HZ		Г	Г	Primary	Polishing	Polish Filter	
Compressor 3 amps		HZ		F	F	"H2	0 "H20	Empty/Full	
Compressor 4 amps		HZ		F	F	F			
Tie Screen Par	nel		Gas	Quality		F	Plant		
Date	1 1		Field VAC ("H20)			Air Press Hrs/ps	i Hrs/ psi		
Time			Post Pri VAC ("H20))		Air Comp Temp	F		
Volts			CH4			Plant/Outside	F		
Amps A		CO2 %			6 Cond Count gal				
Total KW (Tie Meter Screen)		kW	w O2 9			Scfm			
			H Balance %			CCV-DP	North- Yes/No	South- Yes/No	
kWh Total Net (Ion 7330) kW		kWH	HBTU			48 Volt Batteries: A V			
kW swd (Ion 7330) _{kW} Gas Head Temp		F	Notes: (any leaks or other potential problems below						
Gas Flow Rate (scf/m) scfm Gas Head Press psi									
	s Flow Total (scf) scfm Oil Tanks Coc		0 1	lant Tanks					
Gas Flow Total (scf)		scfm	Oil	Tanks		Coola	nt Tanks		
Gas Flow Total (scf) Parasitic load kW (Ion 6200)			Oil New:	Tanks	gal	Coola New:	nt lanks gal		

Daily Readings - Sarasota LFGTE Facility