

8 17 '01

DATE TAKEN: ____ AUGUST 17, 2001____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE __

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:



DATE TAKEN:	AUGUST 17, 2001
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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE __

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:



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DESCRIPTION:



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DATE TAKEN:	AUGUST 13, 2001
	7100001 10, 2001

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DESCRIPTION:



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DESCRIPTION:

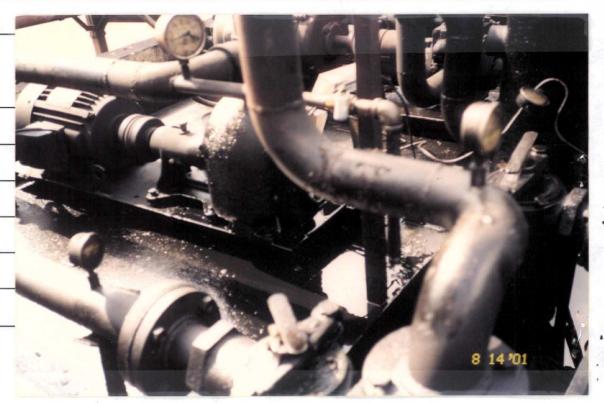


DATE TAKEN	ALIQUIOT 40, 0004	
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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE __

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DESCRIPTION:



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:



AKEN BY:JIM DREGNE	_				
SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO EN		AL SERV./84	3 43 rd ST. SOU	UTH, ST. PETE	ERSBURG,
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DATE TAKEN:AUGUST 1:	3, 2001
TAKEN BY:JIM DREGNE	
SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENV	/IRONMENTAL SERV./843 43 rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL
DESCRIPTION:	
DRAW NORTH ARROW	
DESCRIPTION:	
	8 14 0

DATE TAKEN: ____AUGUST 13, 2001____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- INCOMING Storage TANKS

- re-refining tanks in

background



DRAW NORTH ARROW



DESCRIPTION:

- INSide secondary con-

tainment.

- sump in foreground

- New wall





DATE TAKEN: _____AUGUST 13, 2001_____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:



DA	TF 1	TAKEN:	AUGUST 13, 2001
$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	11	MILLIA.	AUGUST 13, 2001

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- used oil filter crushing

AREA

- uncrushed used oil

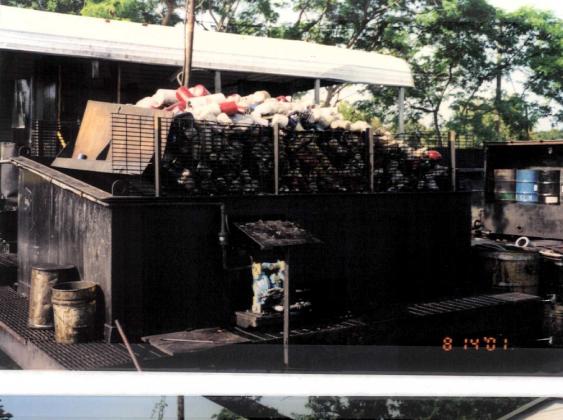
filter hopper

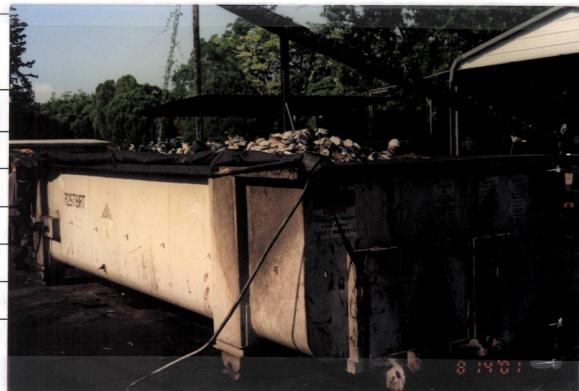


DESCRIPTION:

- Clushed used oil

filter roll-off.





DATE TAKEN: _____AUGUST 13, 2001_____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

-filter press



DRAW NORTH ARROW



DESCRIPTION:

- oil and water on

pavement near

filter press





DATE TAKEN:	AUGUST 13, 2001	

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- drum storage area - damaged pavement - scalant coming off



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

- drum storage area

- damaged povement

- sealant coming

off





DATE TAKEN: _____AUGUST 13, 2001_____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- oil is secondary

containment

DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

- Oil in secondary

containment.



DATE TAKEN: ____AUGUST 13, 2001____

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

-oil and mud in secondary contain-

Ment.



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

-oil and water

IN secondary

containment





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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DES	CRI	PT	10	N	:
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DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

- oil and water in secondary containment



DATE TAKEN:	AUGUST 13, 2001	
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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

- crushed drung in roll-off. oil inside some downs - oil in bottom

DRAW NORTH ARROW:

of roll-off.



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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- CRushed drum

roll-0ff

- oil staining from

roll-0ff

DRAW NORTH ARROW



DESCRIPTION:

-oil spill from

crushed drum

470-110v



DATE TAKEN:	AUGUST 13, 2001

TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- Mulch pile

- Mulch used as

solidifying agent



DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

- Mulch pile



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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

- Mutch & solid

waste in roll-off



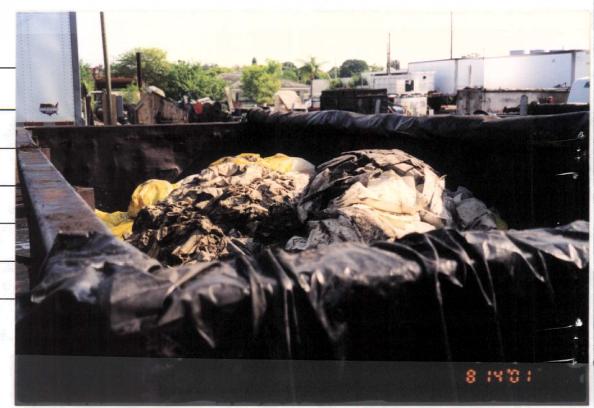
DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:

oily waste and

solid worte in

170-110-cff



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TAKEN BY: ___JIM DREGNE/KELLY HONEY__

SITE/LOCATION: _HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV./843 43rd ST. SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FL

DESCRIPTION:

-danaged pave-

Ment



DRAW NORTH ARROW

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UGUST 13, 2001

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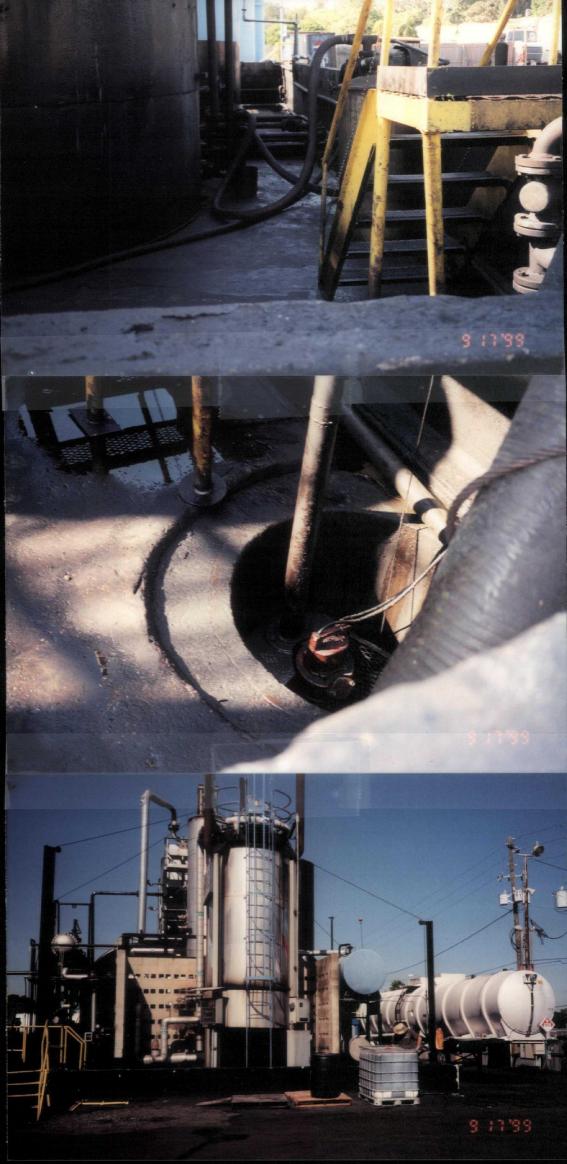
DRAW NORTH ARROW

DESCRIPTION:



Howco Environmental
Services
9/17/99 and
10/11/99

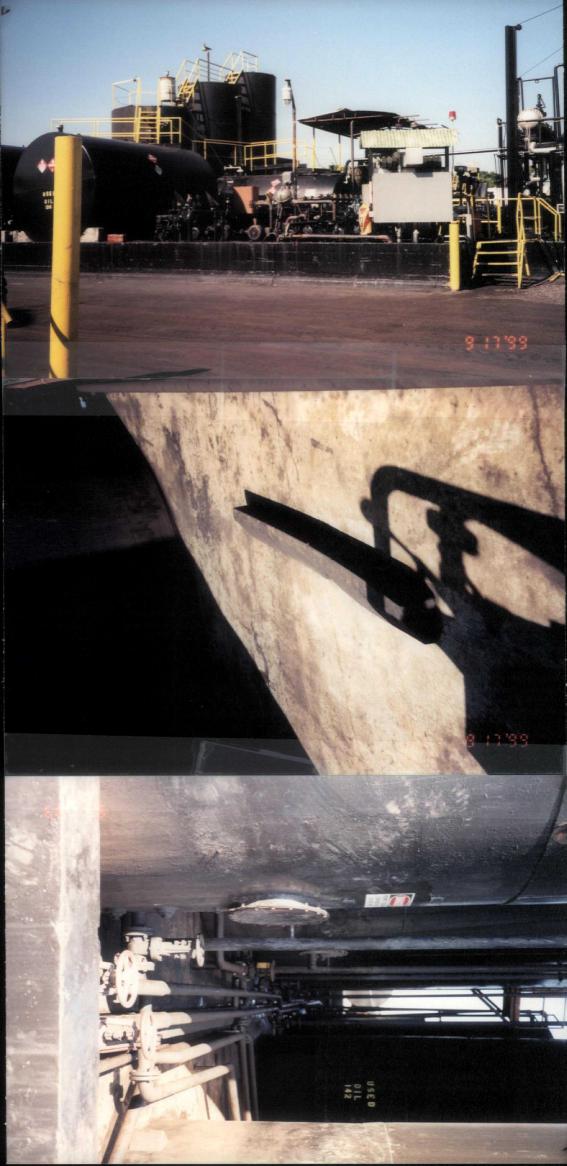
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Howco Environmental Services
9/17/99

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9/17/99

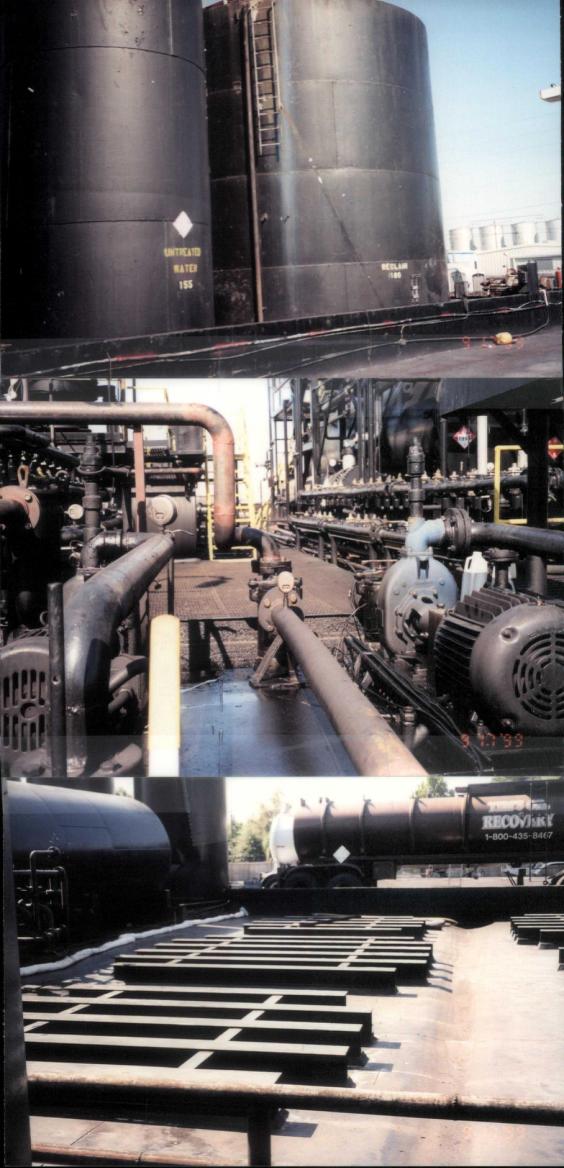
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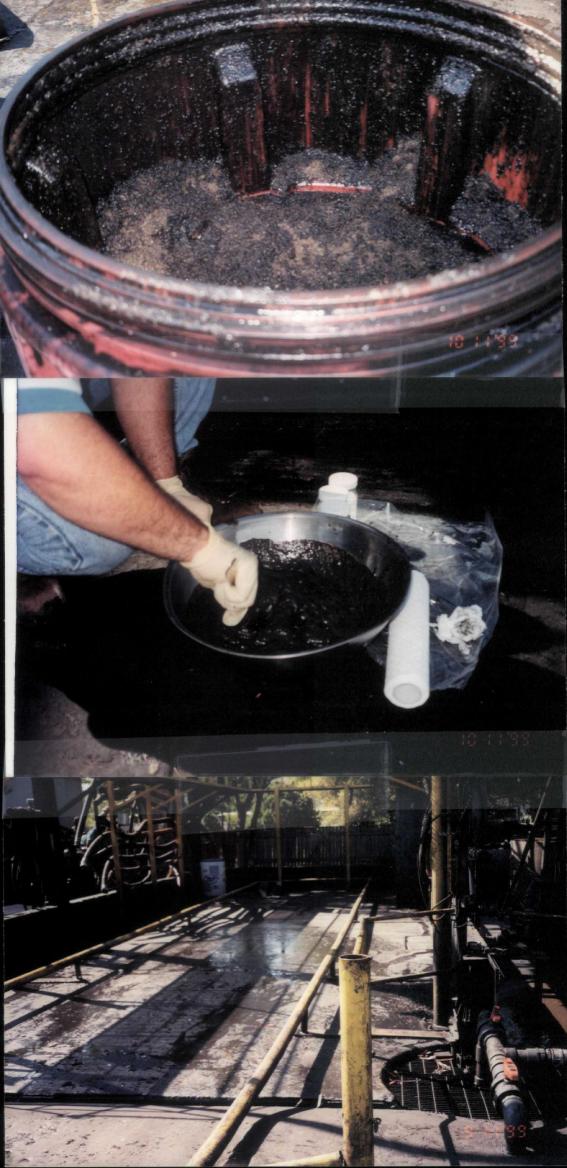
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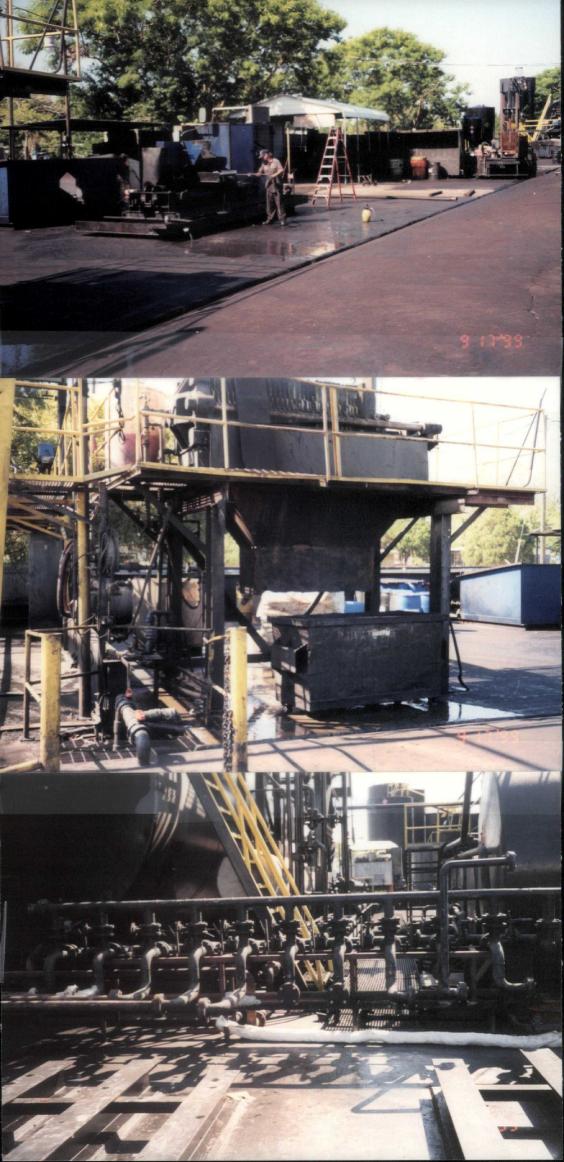
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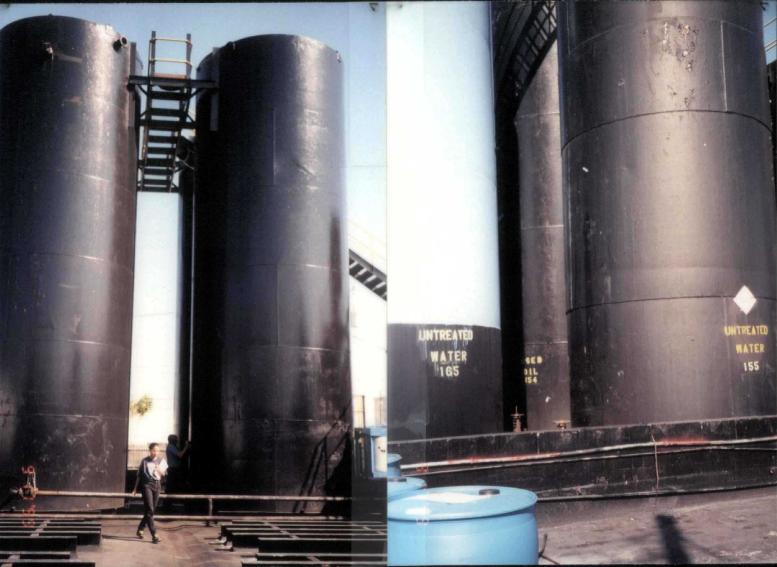
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Howco Environ. Services

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Howco Environ. Services

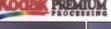
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Howco Environ. Services

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Index Print September 02, 1999







September 02, 1999 Index Print

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DO NOT ADD ANY ADDITIONAL

MATERIAL TO THIS FILE.

Contaminating

Dolbwater + gassy water



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

July 26, 2002

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

Settlement Agreement, OGC Case No. 02-0702

HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767

Pinellas County

Dear Mr. Hagan:

Enclosed is a copy of the executed Settlement Agreement for the referenced case.

In order to close this case, you have agreed to pay in settlement the amount of \$10,000.00, along with \$100.00 to reimburse the Department costs, for a total of \$10,100.00. The payment shall be made in 10 monthly installment payments. The first payment of \$1,010.00 is due on August 5, 2002. The initial payment shall be followed by nine equal monthly payments of \$1,010.00. Payments are due on the 5th of each month. Final payment is due no later than May 5, 2003.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated. If you have any question please call me at (813) 744-6100, extension 410.

Sincerely,

James M. Dregne

Environmental Specialist III
Division of Waste Management

JMD/jd

Enclosure

cc: Kathy Carter, OGC Steven Ray, HWR Section

Jeff Pallas, US EPA Region IV

Compliance File



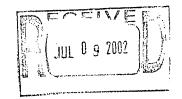
Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, Florida 33713



July 8, 2002

Re: Proposed Settlement of HOWCO Environmental Services OGC File No.: 02-0702

Dear Mr. Hagan

The purpose of this letter is to complete the resolution of the matter previously identified by the Department in the Warning Letter dated November 5, 2001, a copy of which is attached. The corrective actions required to bring your facility into compliance have been performed. The Department finds that you are in violation of the rules and statutes cited in the attached Warning Letter. In order to resolve the matters identified in the attached Warning Letter, you are assessed civil penalties in the amount of \$10,000.00, along with \$100.00 to reimburse the Department costs, for a total of \$10,100.00. The Department acknowledges that the payment of these civil penalties by you does not constitute an admission of liability. This payment must be made payable to the Department of Environmental Protection by cashier's check or money order and shall include the OGC File Number assigned above and the notation "Ecosystems Management and Restoration Trust Fund." Payment shall be sent to the Department of Environmental Protection, 3804 Coconut Palm Drive, Tampa, Florida, 33619-8318. payment shall be made in ten equal monthly installment payments of \$1,010.00 commencing within ten (10) days of your signing this letter. Final payment is due no later than April 25, 2003. Failure to timely make any installment payment will allow the Department, at its discretion, to accelerate the balance which will become immediately due.

Your signing this letter constitutes your acceptance of the Department's offer to resolve this matter on these terms. If you elect to sign this letter, please return it to the Department at the address indicated above. The Department will then countersign the letter and file it with the Clerk of the Department. When the signed letter is filed with the Clerk, the letter shall constitute final agency action of the Department which shall be enforceable pursuant to Section 120.69 and 403.121, Florida Statutes.

"More Protection, Less Process"

If you do not sign and return this letter to the Department at the District address by July 25, 2002, the Department will assume that you are not interested in settling this matter on the above described terms, and will proceed accordingly. None of your rights or substantial interests are determined by this letter unless you sign it and it is filed with the Department Clerk.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A.

Director of District Management

Southwest District

FOR THE RESPONDENTS:

I, Tim Hagan on behalf of HOWCO Environmental Services, HEREBY ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT OFFER IDENTIFIED ABOVE.

Date

FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

DONE AND ENTERED this

day of

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

peborah A Getzoff

Director of District Management

Southwest District

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

FILED, on this date, pursuant to §120.52, Florida Statutes, With the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby Acknowledged.

NOTICE OF RIGHTS

Persons who are not parties to this Consent Order but whose substantial interests are affected by this Consent Order have a right, pursuant to Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes, to petition for an administrative hearing on it. The Petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) at the Department's Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, MS-35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, within 21 days of receipt of this notice. A copy of the Petition must also be mailed at the time of filing to the District Office named above at the address indicated. Failure to file a petition within the 21 days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative hearing pursuant to Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes.

The petition shall contain the following information:

(a) The name, address, and telephone number of each petitioner; the Department's Consent Order identification number and the county in which the subject matter or activity is located; (b) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the Consent Order; (c) A statement of how each petitioner's substantial interests are affected by the Consent Order; (d) A statement of the material facts disputed by petitioner, if any; (e) A statement of facts which petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the Consent Order; (f) A statement of which rules or statutes petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the Consent Order; (g) A statement of the relief sought by petitioner, stating precisely the action petitioner wants the Department to take with respect to the Consent Order.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Notice. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department with regard to the subject Consent Order have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding. The petition must conform to the requirements specified above and be filed (received) within 21 days of receipt of this notice in the Office of General Counsel at the above address of the Department. Failure to petition within the allowed time frame constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to request a hearing under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes, and to participate as a party to this proceeding. Any subsequent intervention will only be at the approval of the presiding officer upon motion filed pursuant to Rule 28-106.205, Florida Administrative Code.

Mediation under Section 120.573, Florida Statutes, is not available in this proceeding.



Governor

Department of **Environmental Protection**

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

November 5, 2001

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767

Warning Letter #251080

Pinellas County

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible, and to seek your cooperation in resolving the matter. A hazardous waste program field inspection conducted on August 13, 2001, indicates that violations of Florida Statutes and Rules may exist at the above referenced facility. Department of Environmental Protection personnel made observations described in the attached inspection report. Section 10 of the report lists a summary of alleged violations of Department Rules.

Section 403.727, Florida Statutes (F.S.) provides that it is a violation to fail to comply with rules adopted by the Department. The activities observed during the Department's field inspection and any other activities at your facility that may be contributing to violations of Florida Statutes or Department Rules should cease.

You are requested to contact Jim Dregne at (813)744-6100, extension 410, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), F.S. If after further investigation the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and expenses. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) RCRA Civil Penalty Policy of 1990, the penalties which would be assessed in this case are \$22,450.00. Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100. If this matter cannot be resolved within 90 days, under

"More Protection, Less Process

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL OFRVICES FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880 Page 2

the Department's agreement with the EPA, a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. We look forward to your cooperation in completing the investigation and resolution of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A. Getzoff

Director of District Management

Southwest District

DG/jmd

Enclosure

cc:

Steve Ray, HWR Section Angela Dempsey, OGC

Robert Butera, Solid Waste Section

Compliance File



Department of **Environmental Protection**

Southwest District

Tampa, Florida 33619

3804 Coconut Palm Drive Jeb Bush Governor

David B. Struhs Secretary

STE INSPECTION REPORT

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION
1. INSPECTION TYPE: Routine Complaint Follow-Up Permitting Pre-Arranged
FACILITY NAME: HOWCO Environmental Services DEP/EPA ID #: FLD 152 764 767
FACILITY NAME: HOWCODENSE A Courth, St. Detershing FL 33711
STREET ADDRESS: 843 43 rd Street South; St. Petersburg, FL 33711
MAILING ADDRESS: 3701 Central Avenue; St. Petersburg, FL 33713
COUNTY: Pinellas PHONE: (727) 327-8467 DATE: 08/13/01 TIME: 9:15 am
NOTIFIED AS: N/A non-handler CESQG (<100 Kg per month) SQG (100 Kg - 1000 Kg per month) LQG (>1000 Kg per month) LQG (>1000 Kg per month) LQG (>1000 Kg per month) LQG (>1000 Kg per month)
LQG (>1000 Kg per month) transporter
transporter transfer facility interim status TSDF
interim status TSDF
permitted TSDF unit types:
unit types: exempt treatment facility exempt treatment facility used oil: Processing Facility, Transporter used oil: Processing Facility, Transporter
weed oil: Processing Facility, Transporter
used oil filter: Processor, Transporter
2. APPLICABLE REGULATIONS: ☐ 40 CFR 261.5
3. RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:
Tim Hagan, President
4. INSPECTION PARTICIPANTS:
Al Gephart - FDEP Jim Dregne - FDEP Stanley Tam - FDEP Steve Morgan - FDEP Sara Smithee - FDEP Richard Dillen - HOWCO David Roehm - HOWCO Tim Hagan - HOWCO
5. LATITUDE/LONGITUDE: 27°54'00"/ 82°38'11" 6. SIC CODE: 2999
7. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: PRIVATE FEDERAL STATE COUNTY MONICIPES
8. PERMIT #: 92465-H006-001 ISSUE DATE: 08/03/2000 EXP. DATE: 08/03/2005
2

"More Protection, Less Process"

9. PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

HOWCO Environmental Services is a used oil and material processing facility that stores, processes and markets used oil. HOWCO has been at this location since 1972 and currently employs approximately forty people; thirty of which work at the processing facility. The 3.2-acre site contains oil processing facility, an industrial wastewater pretreatment facility, storage tanks, vehicle maintenance garage and an on-site analytical laboratory. Administrative personnel and facility operating records are located and maintained at the Central Avenue office.

The facility receives used oil, industrial wastewater, petroleum contact water (PCW), antifreeze, used oil filters, oily solids, industrial solids and petroleum contaminated solids. The processing of solid wastes is overseen by the Department's Solid Waste Management Section that has its own inspections and reporting requirements. According to Mr. Hagan, the facility does not accept off-spec used oil or hazardous waste. On occasion, HOWCO may act as a broker for the disposal of hazardous waste for some clients. The hazardous waste that is brokered is not transported by HOWCO, but is transported directly from the generator to the disposal facility.

The majority of used oil, used oil filters and oily wastes are brought into the facility by HOWCO trucks, common carriers and independent oil transporters. Used oils collected by HOWCO trucks are initially screened by the drivers at the pick-up site using a halogen "sniffer". Used oils shipped to the facility by other vendors are required to include a manifest describing the material.

Used oils arriving at the facility are sampled and analyzed in the facility's on-site laboratory prior to unloading. A representative sample of each incoming shipment is taken, using a bailer, and tested for total halogens using a bench top 200T x-ray analyzer. If the analysis indicates the halide concentration is less than 999 ppm, the used oil is pumped into the tank farm. If total halogens are greater than 999 ppm the load is rejected unless the total halogens are less than 4,000 ppm and a rebuttable presumption is made.

The HOWCO tank farm consists of 47 aboveground storage tanks. Eighteen (18) of the tanks (approximate capacity of 339,420 gallons) are used to store used and re-refined used oil. The tanks have secondary containment consisting of an oil impermeable concrete surfaces on the walls and floors to contain oil spills. Overall, the facility's "impermeable surfaces" are suspect (containment areas #1 and #2, the used oil and used oil filter container storage areas, and the solids storage area). These areas are in need of thorough inspection and repair, as necessary.

Containment areas #1 and #2 had pools of used oil due to leaking equipment and the failure of employees to prevent spills during the transfer of oil to and from storage tanks. Oil was observed leaking from two unused valves on the oil plant manifold and from the handle of a third valve. The oil had been leaking from the unused valves for at least five days. Following the inspection the unused valves were blanked off and the third valve was replaced. Department inspectors had informed HOWCO officials on numerous occasions since January 2001 that oil was in the secondary containment areas and needed to be cleaned up thoroughly. During those earlier discussions it was said by HOWCO that the last complete cleaning of the containment area had been over a year ago and that it was a very time and labor intensive task. Spilled or leaked waste must be removed from the secondary containment within 72 hours of the incident. This was not being done. This is a repeat violation of Specific Condition III.8 in the facility's operating permit.

There were two (2) 55-gallon drums of solid waste (i.e., garbage and trash), one located next to the wash rack and the other located south of Tank 137. Facility personnel are using these drums to dispose oily waste. In the future the facility is to ensure that oily waste and solid waste are segregated.

Used oil is processed utilizing either the Flash Tower or the Cooker Process. In the Flash Tower Process the used oil is pumped to a vibrascreen for removal of solids and then heated to flash-off the water. Used oil processed in the Cooker process is pumped to Tank #100 or Tank #101 for thermal/chemical treatment. A de-emulsifier is added to the oil and the mixture is heated. The treated oil is then allowed to cool to facilitate the separation of water. Water that is recovered from these processes is treated in the facility's wastewater pretreatment plant prior to being discharged to the City of St. Petersburg POTW. The light ends from the Flash Tower are pulled-off and blended into processed oil tanks during the batching process. The solids from the vibrascreen are collected in a drum that was properly labeled, "Screen Filter Residue". The solids are sent to a solid waste landfill or processed for oil recovery. The solids are tested annually to ensure that they are not a hazardous waste.

The facility's permit requires that a tank (batch) of processed oil be sampled and tested <u>once every two weeks</u> to determine if the processed used oil meets the used oil fuel specifications. In the event a batch of processed used oil does not meet the on-spec requirements the batch will be re-processed and a notation shall be made in the facility operating records indicating the batch number that was reprocessed. An inspection of analytical results of processed oil shipped from the facility indicated that all parameters were in compliance. However, the facility is sampling the processed oil twice per month (e.g., for the month of August 2001, the facility sampled on August 7 and August 9). This is a violation of Specific Condition II.8.c.2 in the facility's operating permit.

Crushed and uncrushed used oil filters are received in 55-gallon drums and stored on the south side of the property, west of the used oil filter crusher. At the time of the inspection facility personnel were unloading a truck of drums containing used oil filters and placing them in storage at the used oil container storage area. Due to the limited aisle space in the truck, not all drums could be inspected. However, of those that had been unloaded, there were approximately four (4) drums of used oil filters that did not have labels. The facility was advised to ensure that drums are properly labeled at the customer's site prior to transporting. The "impermeability" of the surface in the drum storage area appears somewhat marginal. It is recommended that the facility inspect the area and make any repairs necessary. This would include the area around the drum washer. The used oil filters are conveyed to a filter crusher. The used oil from draining the filters is collected in a drip pan under the filter crusher where it is pumped to an adjacent storage tank. The tank was properly labeled, "Used Oil". Periodically the oil from the storage tank is removed and pumped into one of the facility's used oil storage tanks to be re-refined. Crushed filters are stored in either drums or dump trailers. At the time of the inspection there was one dump trailer on-site into which crushed filters had been loaded. No crushing operations were being done. It is the opinion of the inspectors that the trailer be covered except during processing (crushing) activities. It is also the opinion of the inspectors that this trailer was filled to over-capacity. The facility should limit the amount of filters in the trailer to accommodate an appropriate cover to protect the contents from the weather. The drums and/or dump trailers of crushed filters are shipped to the Pinellas County incinerator for disposal or to a scrap metal recycling facility.

North of the used oil filter crusher there was a roll-off box of crushed drums (scrap metal). Facility personnel are not completely emptying the drums. There was a substantial amount of oil in the roll-off box, some of which was leaking onto the ground. This is a violation of 40 CFR 279.54(g).

West of the used oil filter crusher was one (1) 30-gallon plastic container approximately 2/3 full with an open bung. The contents of the container appeared to be used oil and water. Following the inspection it was determined that the drum contained product diesel fuel used to power diesel equipment at the facility. The drum was labeled following the inspection.

HOWCO routinely collects waste antifreeze from its customers. The non-hazardous waste determination for the spent antifreeze is maintained on-site in the form of a record of certification from each generator clearly stating the basis for determining the waste antifreeze to be non-hazardous. HOWCO may treat the non-hazardous waste antifreeze in it s industrial wastewater pretreatment plant or ship it to another treatment facility for disposal or recycling. Any used oil present in the antifreeze will be removed by oil/water separation. A review of HOWCO's records showed that there were waste determination documents from its clients on file.

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Receipts for pick-up and delivery of used oil products are maintained at the Central Avenue office. Incoming and outgoing manifests for used oil, used oil filters, crushed oil filters, petroleum contact water and antifreeze are kept by HOWCO for at least three years. A random selection of customer files were inspected, all of which were found to be in compliance.

HOWCO maintains manifests/records for each solid waste shipment accepted at the facility for processing/disposal at the Central Avenue office. HOWCO also maintains copies of analytical results submitted to demonstrate that a waste is non-hazardous. However, the shipment manifests and the submitted analytical results and annual generator hazardous waste determinations are kept in separate files, with no tracking system to link the analytical results or generator determinations to a particular manifested shipment. Therefore, HOWCO is unable to verify that a hazardous waste determination has

been made on each shipment of solid waste accepted at the facility for processing/disposal. This is a violation of Specific Condition IV.4.f. in the facility's operating permit and F.A.C. Rules 62-701.700(3)(a)&(b).(effective 4/23/97)

HOWCO maintains records of hazardous waste determination from each generator for solid waste streams received at the facility. HOWCO is required to have the generators re-affirm at least annually, that the processes have not changed and record this update in its records for that generator. No annual updates were noted in the generator files reviewed during this inspection, despite the fact that the original determinations were almost a year old. The Department will expect to find records of timely annual generator updates in the generators' files during its next facility inspection.

HOWCO failed to submit its initial proof of financial assurance, which is required to be submitted within 60 days of the date of issuance of the facility's operating permit (permit issued 8/3/00). This is a violation of Specific Condition IV.12.b. in the facility's operating permit and F.A.C. Rule 62-700(4) (effective 4/23/97). HOWCO also failed to submit its annual closure cost estimate update by the anniversary date of permit issuance. This is a violation of Specific Condition IV.12.a. in the facility's operating permit and F.A.C. Rule 62-700(4) (effective 4/23/97).

HOWCO failed to submit its annual used oil activities registration by March 1, 2001. This is a violation of 62-710.500(2), F.A.C.

Fire extinguishers at the facility were serviced in June 2001. The fire and emergency equipment are inspected monthly and are tested annually. Located east of the truck wash rack is the facility's spill kit consisting of absorbents, blankets and booms. Inspection records were reviewed and found to be complete.

Evacuation routes were posted at various locations and the emergency phone numbers were posted next to the phones.

The tanks and related piping are inspected monthly. The monthly inspection logs from October 2000 through July 2001 were found to be complete. However, the facility is not documenting what and when corrective actions are taken. It is recommended that the facility note on the inspection sheets when the listed inspection deficiencies are corrected.

HOWCO employees receive training as outlined in the company's "Used Oil Training Program". The company's employees are provided initial and annual refresher training. The last annual refresher training was conducted on January 26, 2001. Training records were reviewed and found to be complete. However, the training certificates were not signed by the instructor. It is recommended that the facility obtain the instructor's signature on future training certificates.

10. SUMMARY OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS:

40 CFR 279.54(g)

Failure to respond to releases of used oil into the environment.

62-710.500(2), F.A.C.

Failure to submit the facility annual used oil registration by March 1. (Submitted on 7-18-01).

Specific Condition III.8

Failure to remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary containment areas. (Repeat Violation).

Specific Condition III.8.c.2

Failure to sample processed oil at a frequency of once every two weeks prior to shipping off-site.

Specific Condition IV.4.f. and F.A.C. Rules 62-700(3)a. & b.

Failure to demonstrate a hazardous waste determination had been made for all solid waste received at the facility.

Specific Condition IV.12.b. and F.A.C. Rule 62-700(4)

Failure to submit initial proof of financial assurance within 60 days of permit issuance.

Specific Condition IV.12.a. and F.A.C. Rule 62-700(4)

Failure to submit annual closure cost estimates by the anniversary date of permit issuance.

11. RECOMMENDED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

40 CFR 279.54(g)

Upon discovery the facility shall ensure that all leaks and spills of used oil into the environment are contained and managed according to applicable rules and regulations.

Specific Condition III.8

Effective immediately and henceforth, the facility shall remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary containment areas as described in Section 9.6 of the facility's permit application.

Specific Condition III.8.c.2

Effective immediately and henceforth, at a minimum the facility shall sample its off-site shipments of processed oil once every two weeks.

Specific Condition IV.4.f.

Within 90 days of receipt of this report, the facility must develop a tracking system to link each waste shipments manifest with its corresponding generator or analytical hazardous waste determination.

Specific Condition IV.12.b.

Immediately submit initial proof of financial assurance in the amount of \$58,760. Upon approval of annual closure cost estimates due August 3, 2001, provide proof of financial assurance in the amount of the approved annual cost estimate.

Specific Condition IV.12.a.

Within 30 days of receipt of this report, the facility must submit the annual closure cost estimate that was due August 3, 2001.

Report Prepared By:	Jim Dregne Environmental Specialist III		
Report Reviewed By:	Al Gephart Engineer IV		
Report Reviewed By: _	Steve Morgan Environmental Specialist III		
Report Approved By:	E) Gulz	Date:	10/30/01
	Elizabeth Knauss Environmental Manager		



Department of Environmental Protection

Comp!

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

November 5, 2001

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #251080 Pinellas County

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible, and to seek your cooperation in resolving the matter. A hazardous waste program field inspection conducted on August 13, 2001, indicates that violations of Florida Statutes and Rules may exist at the above referenced facility. Department of Environmental Protection personnel made observations described in the attached inspection report. Section 10 of the report lists a summary of alleged violations of Department Rules.

Section 403.727, Florida Statutes (F.S.) provides that it is a violation to fail to comply with rules adopted by the Department. The activities observed during the Department's field inspection and any other activities at your facility that may be contributing to violations of Florida Statutes or Department Rules should cease.

You are requested to contact Jim Dregne at (813)744-6100, extension 410, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), F.S. If after further investigation the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and expenses. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) RCRA Civil Penalty Policy of 1990, the penalties which would be assessed in this case are \$22,450.00. Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100. If this matter cannot be resolved within 90 days, under

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERV. ES FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880 Page 2

the Department's agreement with the EPA, a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. We look forward to your cooperation in completing the investigation and resolution of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A. Getzoff

Director of District Management

Southwest District

DG/jmd

Enclosure

cc:

Steve Ray, HWR Section

Angela Dempsey, OGC Robert Butera, Solid Waste Section

Compliance File



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

4	INCODE COLON TWDE: NO outing	□Complaint □	Teallow II	In MParmitti	na Dre-	Δrranged
	INSPECTION TYPE: ⊠Routine [LD 152 764 767
	FACILITY NAME: HOWCO En				Α Ι <i>D</i> #. <u>11</u>	<u> </u>
	STREET ADDRESS: 843 43rd Str				112	
	MAILING ADDRESS: 3701 Ce					
	COUNTY: Pinellas PHONE:	(727) 327-846	<u> </u>	E: <u>08/13/01</u>	TIME: _	9:15 am
NOTIFIED AS: ☐ N/A ☐ Non-handler ☐ non-handler ☐ CESQG (<100 Kg per month) ☐ CESQG (100 Kg per month) ☐ SQG (100 Kg - 1000 Kg per month) ☐ LQG (>1000 Kg per month) ☐ LQG (>1000 Kg per month) ☐ transporter ☐ transfer facility ☐ interim status TSDF ☐ permitted TSDF ☐ unit types: ☐ exempt treatment facility ☐ used oil: Processing Facility, Transporter ☐ wsed oil filter: Processor, Transporter ☐ □ processor ☐ wsed oil filter: Processor ☐			r month)) y, Transporter			
2.	☐ 40 CFR 265 ☐ 40 C	CFR 262 CFR 266 710, FAC	₩ 40 C	FR 263 FR 268 37, FAC	☐ 40 C	CFR 264 CFR 273 40, FAC
3.	RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL:					
	Tim Hagan, President					
4.	INSPECTION PARTICIPANTS:					
	Al Gephart - FDEP Jim Dregne - FDEP Stanley Tam - FDEP Steve Morgan - FDEP	Sara Smithee Richard Diller David Roehm Tim Hagan - I	a - HOWC - HOWC			
5. .	LATITUDE/LONGITUDE: 27°54	4'00"/ 82°38'11	**	6. SIC COI	DE: 2999	
7.	TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: PRIVA	ATE FEDE	RAL S'	TATE CO	DUNTY	MUNICIPAL
8.	PERMIT #: 92465-HO06-001	ISSUE DATI	E: 08/03/2	2000 EXP	. DATE:	08/03/2005

"More Protection, Less Process"

9. PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

HOWCO Environmental Services is a used oil and material processing facility that stores, processes and markets used oil. HOWCO has been at this location since 1972 and currently employs approximately forty people; thirty of which work at the processing facility. The 3.2-acre site contains oil processing facility, an industrial wastewater pretreatment facility, storage tanks, vehicle maintenance garage and an on-site analytical laboratory. Administrative personnel and facility operating records are located and maintained at the Central Avenue office.

The facility receives used oil, industrial wastewater, petroleum contact water (PCW), antifreeze, used oil filters, oily solids, industrial solids and petroleum contaminated solids. The processing of solid wastes is overseen by the Department's Solid Waste Management Section that has its own inspections and reporting requirements. According to Mr. Hagan, the facility does not accept off-spec used oil or hazardous waste. On occasion, HOWCO may act as a broker for the disposal of hazardous waste for some clients. The hazardous waste that is brokered is not transported by HOWCO, but is transported directly from the generator to the disposal facility.

The majority of used oil, used oil filters and oily wastes are brought into the facility by HOWCO trucks, common carriers and independent oil transporters. Used oils collected by HOWCO trucks are initially screened by the drivers at the pick-up site using a halogen "sniffer". Used oils shipped to the facility by other vendors are required to include a manifest describing the material.

Used oils arriving at the facility are sampled and analyzed in the facility's on-site laboratory prior to unloading. A representative sample of each incoming shipment is taken, using a bailer, and tested for total halogens using a bench top 200T x-ray analyzer. If the analysis indicates the halide concentration is less than 999 ppm, the used oil is pumped into the tank farm. If total halogens are greater than 999 ppm the load is rejected unless the total halogens are less than 4,000 ppm and a rebuttable presumption is made.

The HOWCO tank farm consists of 47 aboveground storage tanks. Eighteen (18) of the tanks (approximate capacity of 339,420 gallons) are used to store used and re-refined used oil. The tanks have secondary containment consisting of an oil impermeable concrete surfaces on the walls and floors to contain oil spills. Overall, the facility's "impermeable surfaces" are suspect (containment areas #1 and #2, the used oil and used oil filter container storage areas, and the solids storage area). These areas are in need of thorough inspection and repair, as necessary.

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10. SUMMARY OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS:

40 CFR 279.54(g)

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62-710.500(2), F.A.C.

Failure to submit the facility annual used oil registration by March 1. (Submitted on 7-18-01).

Specific Condition III.8

Failure to remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary containment areas. (Repeat Violation).

Specific Condition III.8.c.2

Failure to sample processed oil at a frequency of once every two weeks prior to shipping off-site.

Specific Condition IV.4.f. and F.A.C. Rules 62-700(3)a. & b.

Failure to demonstrate a hazardous waste determination had been made for all solid waste received at the facility.

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Failure to submit initial proof of financial assurance within 60 days of permit issuance.

Specific Condition IV.12.a. and F.A.C. Rule 62-700(4)

Failure to submit annual closure cost estimates by the anniversary date of permit issuance.

11. RECOMMENDED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

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Effective immediately and henceforth, the facility shall remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary containment areas as described in Section 9.6 of the facility's permit application.

Specific Condition III.8.c.2

Effective immediately and henceforth, at a minimum the facility shall sample its off-site shipments of processed oil once every two weeks.

Specific Condition IV.4.f.

Within 90 days of receipt of this report, the facility must develop a tracking system to link each waste shipments manifest with its corresponding generator or analytical hazardous waste determination.

Specific Condition IV.12.b.

Immediately submit initial proof of financial assurance in the amount of \$58,760. Upon approval of annual closure cost estimates due August 3, 2001, provide proof of financial assurance in the amount of the approved annual cost estimate.

Specific Condition IV.12.a.

Within 30 days of receipt of this report, the facility must submit the annual closure cost estimate that was due August 3, 2001.

	August 3, 2001.	
Report Prepared By: _	Jim Dregne Environmental Specialist III	·
Report Reviewed By:	Al Gephart Engineer IV	
Report Reviewed By:	Steve Morgan Environmental Specialist III	
Report Approved By:	Elizabeth Knauss	Date: / 0/30/01

Environmental Manager

PENALTY COMPUTATION WORKSHEET

Violator's Name: HOWCO Environmental Services

Identify Violator's Facility: 843 43rd Street South, St. Petersburg, FL 33711

Name of Department Staff Responsible for the Penalty Computations: Jim Dregne

ComHaz Case #: 251080

Date: September 21, 2001

	Violation	Manual	Potential	Extent	Matrix	Multi	Other	Total
	Туре	Guide	for Harm	of Deviation	Range	Day	Adjustments	
1	279.54(g) oil release	27.1	Minor	Major	\$1,999 \$600			\$900
2	62-710.500(2) registration	21.4	Minor	Moderate	\$599 \$200			\$400
3	Spec. Cond. III.8 second. contain.	28.6	Major	Major	\$10,000 \$8,000			\$9,000
4	Spec. Cond. III.8.C.2 sampling	21.1	Minor	Minor	\$199 \$100			\$150
5	Spec. Cond. IV.4.F waste determination.		Moderate	Moderate	\$3,100 \$2,000			\$2,600
6	Spec. Cond. IV.12.B financial assurance		Major	Major	\$10,000 \$8,000			\$9,000
7	Spec. Cond. IV.12.A closure cost est.		Minor	Moderate	\$599 \$200		·	\$400
A	dministrative Cost							\$100

TOTAL COST

\$22,550.00

Inspectors: ________ / Gephart / Tam / Honey / Morgan / Smithee

Date: <u>Autust 14, 2001</u>

INSPECTION CHECKLIST

HOWCO Environmental Services 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL 33711 FLD 152 764 767

Permit No.

92465-HO06-001

Issued:

08/03/00

Expires:

08/03/05

Site ID No.

33721

Last Inspection 9/19/00

Used Oil and Material Processing Facility

47 Aboveground Storage Tanks (See Tables 3-1, 3-2 and 3-3 for descriptions of contents).

GC Gener	al Conditions	
GC.2	Have there been any changes in processes or operations?	_Y _N
GC.12	A copy of the operating permit is maintained at the facility.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
GC.14	 Operating records contain the required information: Date, Place and Time of sampling or analyses; Person performing the sampling or analyses; Analytical techniques or methods used; Results of the analyses. 	<u>√</u> Y _ N
SC Specif	ic Conditions	.,
Part I. Gene	eral - He lo	,
I.11	The facility has submitted its <u>annual</u> registration by March 1. $\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} 1$	_Y <u>/</u> N
I.12	Were any shipments of used oil refused due to suspected mixing with hazardous waste? (Any oil analyses pass or fail must be kept for 3 yrs.)	_Y <u>√</u> N
Part II. Use	d Oil Processing	
II.3	 Only permitted waste streams are processed at the facility. Automotive crankcase oil, transmission and differential oil; Oil/water emulsion from ships, barges and other sources; Automotive oils recovered from oil/water separators; Virgin oils contaminated with water; Virgin oils recovered from tank cleaning and tank removals; 	<u>√</u> Y _N

Used industrial oil.

•		
II.4 _.	Generators supply initial TCLP analysis (or generator knowledge statement) of waste antifreeze. (Check facility files for certifications.)	<u>√</u> Y _ N
II.6	The following records are maintained at the facility or the Central Ave. office. Permit application; Operating permit; Manifests and Bill-of-Lading of all shipments; Shipping papers include all of the required information as stated in 40 CFR 279.56 (Acceptance / Delivery); Training records; Training records; Inspection records; Closure Plan; Results of Waste Analyses; Annual used oil recovery reports; Validated annual used oil registration form. port Submitted Processed oil is sampled prior to shipping off-site once every two weeks.	Y NY N
11.8		_Y <u> </u>
Part III.	Tanks Sampled Twice month	
III.1	Used oil tanks and containers are labeled "Used Oil".	<u>√</u> Y _ N
III.2	Regulated tank systems are inspected monthly.	<u>√</u> Y _N
III.3	Records are maintained for inspections and monthly release detection monitoring for process and storage tanks.	<u>√</u> Y _N
III.5	Secondary containment areas are sealed and free of cracks. FACILITY NEEDS TO INSPECT	Y Y N MANA
III.6	The areas of secondary containment provide containment for at least 110 % of the volume of the largest tank.	<u>√</u> Y _N
III.8	Spilled or leaked waste is removed from containment areas within 3 days of the incident. NOT Apparent to inspectors	_Y <u>~</u> N
	Accumulated precipitation is removed within 1 week after a rainfall event using manually controlled pumps. No Precipitation observed	_Y _N
Part IV.	Solid Waste Processing	
IV.1	Non-hazardous materials that are accepted, processed, stored or otherwise managed are limited to - • Petroleum contaminated soil; • Petroleum contaminated sorbent materials (pads, booms, rags, vermiculite); • PPE; • Debris from spill cleanup; • Petroleum tank bottom sludges from tanks pits and sumps;	<u>√</u> Y _N

Petroleum contaminated water;

	 Petroleum contact water; Petroleum contaminated sediments sludges and liquids from oil/water separators at car washes; Empty petroleum contaminated drums, pails, gas tanks and fuel filters; Non-liquid waste streams from on-site oil processing and wastewater pretreatment facilities. 	
	Household hazardous wastes or wastes from a CESQG are <u>NOT</u> managed as solid waste at the facility.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
IV.3	Processing equipment is repaired within one week of becoming inoperable. None Noted At being "Down"	YN
	Operations DO NOT change the chemical characteristics of any of the solid materials.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
IV.4	Each solid waste stream is sampled and analyzed at least annually.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	Records are available of annual WWTS sampling and analyses.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	Records are available of annual oil-extracted sludge (OES) sampling and analyses.	YN
	Vibratory screen filter solids are containerized, properly sealed and labeled, "Screen Filter Residue".	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	All tank bottom sludges and screen filter residues are transferred to Tanks 110 or 111 for further processing. (If not, the facility must have records of waste determinations on these streams.)	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	The facility has notified the Department within 3 days prior to sampling any solid waste streams. WILL BE NOTIFYING FOR UPCOMING	_Y <u> </u>
	The facility has records of hazardous waste determinations from each generator for all solid waste streams received.	<u>∨</u> Y _N
	The determinations are updated annually. UNKNOWN. NO ANWAL PRATES HOUSE, BUT MA YNOT HAVE DEEN DIE AT TIME OF INSACTION	✓Y _N ✓Y N
IV.5	All outgoing materials for disposal are sampled and analyzed annually.	
IV.6	Storage of solid waste is at or below 22,000 gallons. Where $15 \text{ yd}^3 = 3,030 \text{ gallons}$ $20 \text{ yd}^3 = 4,040 \text{ gallons}$	∠Y _N
	Processed solids are stored in covered, lined, roll-off containers or covered drums and stored on an impervious surface. See p. 2 # III. 5 - FACILITY	Needs to losely
	All processed and unprocessed solid wastes are <u>stored</u> within the Solids	<u>√</u> Y _ N

Storage and Sludge Separation Areas.

IV.7	All materials are <u>processed</u> on impervious surfaces, tanks or containers.	_Y _N M
	Containers of processed wastes are labeled "Processed Solids" or "Processed Solid Waste".	Ý N
	There is <u>no</u> evidence of liquids or solids being discharged outside of the Solids Storage and Sludge Separation Areas.	<u> </u>
	Solid wastes (liquids, sludges, solids, etc.) are only managed within containers, <u>NOT</u> on the ground, on the asphalt or on the concrete areas.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	The Solids Storage and Sludge Separation Areas are inspected monthly.	N
IV.9	The facility maintains the following waste records: • The amount of waste received, stored, processed and disposed [Quantities of drums received (gallons), an estimate of the percentage of solids and liquids in each drum, the quantities of bulk liquids received (gallons), the quantities of bulk solids received (tons), and the quantities of liquids (gallons) and solids (tons) disposed and stored on site];	<u>√</u> y _n
	 A signed waste profile form and analytical data for each waste stream <u>accepted</u> at the facility or for virgin materials, a waste material profile sheet and MSDS; 	_Y <u>~</u> N
	 The pre-burn analysis for each shipment of contaminated soil received that will be transferred to a soil treatment facility; 	<u>✓</u> Y _N
	 The pre-acceptance analyses or waste determinations; Copies of any analyses required by a disposal facility as a condition of acceptance and documentation of acceptance; 	$\underline{\overset{V}{Y}}_{Y} \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}_{N}^{N}$
	 Monthly Waste Inspection/Corrective Action logs; Copies of permits for facilities that receive the processed solids. 	<u></u>
	Monthly compilations are submitted quarterly of the following: • Material balance (quantities received versus quantities disposed	<u> </u>
	 or in storage); Name and location of disposal or treatment facility for all solid wastes removed from the facility. 	Y WN
IV.10	All areas are cleaned to prevent nuisance conditions, hazardous conditions, odor or vector problems.	<u> </u>
IV.12	 The facility is in compliance with Financial Assurance requirements. Closure costs are submitted annually prior to August 3; Annual submittal of proof of financial assurance. 	_Y _N _Y _N
Part V.	Contingency Plan	
V.2	Emergency and spill equipment is available at the facility. Check the emergency equipment stored east of the truck wash rack and at the drum crusher.	<u>√</u> y _n

	At a minimum the facility shall have: 5 bales of absorbent booms 5 bales of absorbent pads 10 bags of granular absorbent 5 flashlights 4 shovels 2 55-gallon containers 5 tyvek suits 5 safety glasses 5 rain gear	<u>√</u> Y _ N
V.3,4	The emergency and safety equipment is available, tested and maintained.	<u>√</u> y _ n
V.5	There is adequate aisle space in all storage areas for inspections.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
V.6	Primary evacuation routes are posted in appropriate locations throughout the facility.	<u>/</u> Y _ N
V.7	A copy of the Contingency Plan is maintained on-site.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	The following are still the Emergency Coordinators: David Roehm Primary Tim Hagan Alternate	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	A list of emergency response phone numbers is posted by the phones.	<u> </u>
	The Contingency Plan was last amended on (date)	
	Amendments to the CP are sent to appropriate agencies.	YN
Part VI. Tra	aining	
VI.1,2	The Company's "Used Oil Training Program" is given initially and annually thereafter.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
	Personnel training is documented. I personnel training is documented.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
Part VII. Cl	losure	•
VII.1	The facility maintains a copy of the Closure Plan.	<u>√</u> Y _ N
Used Oil Filte	r Processing (62-710.850, F.A.C.)	
62-710.850(4)	The facility has current registration certificates for - Used Oil Filter Transporter Used Oil Filter Processor Used Oil Filter Processor	_Y ½N
62-710.850(5)	The facility has records indicating the destination or end use of the processed used oil filters and the Name and Address of each destination or end user.	<u>√</u> Y _N
	The facility has submitted its <u>annual</u> report by March 1. NO Page 5 Page 5	_Y <u>/</u> N

	All used oil filters are stored in - Fire has receasing	
62-710.850(6)	 All used oil filters are stored in – (Activity as meet) Above ground containers on impermeable surfaces; Sealed containers that are in good condition; Containers labeled, Used Oil Filters. Some cliques do not have labels 	_Y _N _Y _N _Y _N
	Upon detection of any leaking oil from a container the oil is contained, cleaned-up and managed properly. One soil-of box of scrap metal leaking oil on to ground	_Y <u>/</u> N
Petroleum Con	ntact Water (62-740, F.A.C.)	,
62-740.300(2)	 The following records are maintained at the facility: Name and address of producer; Name and address of transporter; Date of receipt of the PCW shipment; Volume of PCW received; A copy of the shipping paper; Weekly container or tank inspections. 	<u> </u>
62-740.300(4)	The facility has written assurance from the producer that the PCW is non-hazardous.	_Y _N

DOCUMENTS AND RECORDKEEPING

Permit Application.	Operating Permit.
William A. H. JOHN C. A. C.	Annual Used Oil Recovery Report.
Validated Annual Used Oil Registration [Form 62-701.900(13)].	Annual Osed Off Recovery Report.
Annual DEP Registration Placard For Storage Tanks.	Contingency Plan.
Training Logs.	Closure Plan.
Results of Annual Waste Analyses For All Solid Waste Streams <i>Disposed</i> .	Transporter Liability Insurance [\$100,000 minimum].
Results of Annual Waste Analyses For All Solid Waste Streams <i>Received</i> From Generators.	Monthly Inspection Logs Of The Solids Storage and Sludge Separation Areas.
Processed Oil Sampling Logs [Minimum Of One Sample Every Two Weeks].	Annual Analyses Of WWT and OES Sludges.
Tank Inspections and Monthly Release Detection Monitoring.	Generator Non-Haz Demonstration For Used Antifreeze.
Analysis Of Vibrascreen Filter Solids and Tank Bottom Sludges [Unless Processed In Tanks 110 or 111].	Records Of Refused Used Oil Shipments
Documentation Of Annual Closure Cost Estimate [Solid Waste Processing].	Documentation Of Annual Financial Assurance [Solid Waste Processing].
Records Of Quantities Of Waste Received, Stored, Processed and Disposed.	Quarterly Submittals Of Material Balance Of Quantities Of Solid Waste.
Records Of Disposal Or Treatment Facility For All Solid Wastes Removed [Name and Location].	Monthly Solid Waste Inspection / Corrective Actions Logs.
Copies Of Permits For Facilities Receiving Processed Wastes.	Manifests / Bill-Of-Lading.
Monthly Inspection Logs Of Safety and Emergency Equipment.	·



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

October 26, 2001

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

Settlement Agreement, OGC Case No. 01-1496C

HOWCO Environmental Services FLD 152 764 767, Pinellas County

Dear Mr. Hagan:

Enclosed is a copy of the executed Settlement Agreement for the referenced case.

In order to close this case, you have agreed to pay in settlement the amount of \$4,000.00, along with \$100.00 to reimburse the Department costs, for a total of \$4,100.00. The payment shall be made in four (4) monthly installment payments. The first payment of \$1,100.00 is due on January 10, 2002. The initial payment shall be followed by three (3) equal monthly payments of \$1,000.00. Payments are due on the 10^{th} of each month. Final payment is due no later than April 10, 2002.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated. If you have any question please call me at (813) 744-6100, extension 410.

Sincerely,

James M. Dregne

Environmental Specialist III
Division of Waste Management

JMD/jd

Enclosure

cc: Kathy Carter, OGC
Steven Ray, HWR Section
Jeff Pallas, US EPA Region IV
Compliance File
Angela Dempsey, OGC



Department of Environmental Protection

OCT 1 0 2000

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Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

October 9, 2001

David B. Struhs Secretary

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURNED RECEIPT REQUESTED

HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, Florida 33713

Attention: Arthur T. (Tim) Hagan

e: Proposed Settlement of HOWCO Environmental Services

FLD 152 764 767

OGC File No.: 01-1496C

Dear Mr. Hagan

The purpose of this letter is to complete the resolution of the matter previously identified by the Department in the Warning Letter dated March 21, 2001, a copy of which is attached. The corrective actions required to bring your facility into compliance have been performed. In order to resolve the matters identified in the attached Warning Letter, you are assessed civil penalties in the amount of \$4,000.00, along with \$100.00 to reimburse the Department costs, for a total of \$4,100.00. This payment must be made payable to The Department of Environmental Protection by certified check or money order and shall include the OGC File Number assigned above and the notation "Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund." shall be sent to the Department of Environmental Protection, 3804 Coconut Palm Drive, Tampa, Florida, 33619-8318. The payment shall be made in four monthly installment payments. The first payment of \$1,100.00 shall be made within ninety (90) days of your signing this letter. The initial payment shall be followed by three (3) equal monthly payments of \$1000.00. Final payment is due no later than May 1, 2002. Failure to timely make any installment payment will allow the Department, at its discretion, to accelerate the balance which will become immediately due.

Your signing of this letter constitutes your acceptance of the Department's offer to resolve this matter on these terms. If you elect to sign this letter, please return it to the Department at the address indicated above. The Department will then countersign the letter and file it with the Clerk of the Department. When the signed letter is filed with the Clerk, the letter shall constitute final agency action of the Department, which shall be enforceable pursuant to Sections 120.69 and 403.121, Florida Statutes.

If you do not sign and return this letter to the Department at the District address above by October 24, 2001, the Department will assume that you are not interested in settling this matter on the above described terms, and will proceed accordingly. None of your rights of substantial interests are determined by this letter unless you sign it and it is filed with the Department Clerk.

Sincerely yours,

For the Department:

Environmental Protection

Director of District Management Southwest District

I ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS SETTLEMENT OFFER IDENTIFIED ABOVE.

For: HOWCO Environmental Services

By:

Tim Hagan
President
HOWCO Environmental Services

Tim Hagan
President
FlowCo Environmental Services

Tim Hagan
Deborah A. Getzoff
Director of District Management
State of Florida Department of

DAG/jmd

Attachment

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to §120.52(10), Florida Statutes, with the

designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Clerk

Maßlack 1026-01
Date

NOTICE OF RIGHTS

Persons who are not parties to this Consent Order but whose substantial interests are affected by this Consent Order have a right, pursuant to Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes, to petition for an administrative hearing on it. The Petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) at the Department's Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, MS-35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, within 21 days of receipt of this notice. A copy of the Petition must also be mailed at the time of filing to the District Office named above at the address indicated. Failure to file a petition within the 21 days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative hearing pursuant to Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes.

The petition shall contain the following information: (a) The name, address, and telephone number of each petitioner; the Department's Consent Order identification number and the county in which the subject matter or activity is located; (b) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the Consent Order; (c) A statement of how each petitioner's substantial interests are affected by the Consent Order; (d) A statement of the material facts disputed by petitioner, if any; (e) A statement of facts which petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the Consent Order; (f) A statement of which rules or statutes petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the Consent Order; (g) A statement of the relief sought by petitioner, stating precisely the action petitioner want the Department to take with respect to the Consent Order.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Notice. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department with regard to the subject Consent Order have the right to petition to become a party to the preceding. The petition must conform to the requirements specified above and be filed (received) within 21 days of receipt of this notice in the Office of General Counsel at the above address of the Department. Failure to petition within the allowed time frame constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to request a hearing under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, Florida Statutes, and to participate as a party to this proceeding. Any subsequent intervention will only be at the approval of the presiding officer upon motion filed pursuant to Rule 28-106.205, Florida Administrative Code.

Mediation under Section 120.573, Florida Statutes, is not available in the proceeding.



Governor

Environmental Protection

Southwest District
3804 Coconut Palm Drive
Tampa. Florida 33619

OCT 1 0 2001

David B. Struhs Secretary

March 21, 2001

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880

Pinellas County



Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible, and to seek your cooperation in resolving the matter. A hazardous waste program field inspection conducted on September 19, 2000, indicates that violations of Florida Statutes and Rules may exist at the above referenced facility. Department of Environmental Protection personnel made observations described in the attached inspection report. Section 10 of the report lists a summary of alleged violations of Department Rules.

Department of

Section 403.727, Florida Statutes (F.S.) provides that it is a violation to fail to comply with rules adopted by the Department. The activities observed during the Department's field inspection and any other activities at your facility that may be contributing to violations of Florida Statutes or Department Rules should cease.

You are requested to contact Jim Dregne at (813)744-6100, extension 410, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), F.S. If after further investigation the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and expenses. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) RCRA Civil Penalty Policy of 1990, the penalties which would be assessed in this case are \$14,900.00.

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880 Page 2

Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100. If this matter cannot be resolved within 90 days, under the Department's agreement with the EPA, a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. We look forward to your cooperation in completing the investigation and resolution of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A. Getzoff

Director of District Management

Southwest District

DG/jmd

Enclosure

cc:

Steve Ray, HWR Section

Compliance File ____

PENALTY COMPUTATION WORKSHEET

Violator's Name: HOWCO I	Environmental So	ervices			
Identify Violator's Facility:	FLD 152 764 767				
Name of Department Staff Resp	ponsible for the Pe	enalty Computation	ons:		
James M. Dregne				•	
Date: February 28, 200)1				
	PART I - Clas	s B (no penalty) I	Determination	ı	
Rationale for Class B Determin	nation:	-			
		ss A Penalty Dete	erminations		
Violation Type	Potential for Harm	Extent of Dev.	Matrix Amount	Multi- day	Total
1. 279.44(d)	MAJOR	MINOR	4,600		4,600 dreppes
2. 279.54(b)(1)	MINOR	MAJOR	500 600		500 - 600
3. 279.54(f)(1)	MINOR	MINOR	100		100
4. 62-710.510(2)	-MINOR	MAJOR	600-		600 400pe
5. <u>62-710.850(6)(a)</u>	MODERATË MAJO R	MAJOR	3,200 8,000		3,200
6. <u>62-737.400(5)(b)(1)</u>	MINOR	MINOR	100		100
7. Specific Condition II.2	MINOR-	MODERATE	200		200 dropp
8. Specific Condition III.8	MINOR	MAJOR	600 .		-600 droppe
9. General Condition 14(c)	MINOR	MINOR	100		100

Total Penalties for all Violations: \$14,900.00

* DEPARTMENT COST \$100.00



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

١.	INSPECTION TYPE: Routine Complaint Permitting Follow-Up Pre-Arranged
	FACILITY NAME HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID # FLD 152 764 767
	STREET ADDRESS 843 43 rd Street South, St. Petersburg, FL
	MAILING ADDRESS 3701 Central Avenue, St. Petersburg, FL 33713
	COUNTY Pinellas PHONE (727) 327-8467 DATE 09/19/00 TIME 10:20 and
	NOTIFIED AS: □ Non Handler □ CESQG (<100 kg/mo.) □ SQG (100-1000 kg/mo.) □ Generator (>1000 kg/mo.) □ Transporter □ Transfer Facility □ Interim Status TSD Facility □ Interim Status TSD Facility □ Unit Type(s): □ Used Oil: Processing Facility, Transporter □ Used Oil Filters: Processor, Transporter:
2.	APPLICABLE REGULATIONS: □ 40 CFR 261.5 □ 40 CFR 262 □ 40 CFR 263 □ 40 CFR 264 □ 40 CFR 268 □ 40 CFR 273 □ 40 CFR 273 □ 40 CFR 273 □ 40 CFR 273 □ 62-730, FAC □ 62-740, FAC
3.	RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL(s):
	Tim Hagan, President
4	
	Dave Roehn – HOWCO Richard Dillen – HOWCO Dave Thompson – HOWCO Stanley Tam - FDEP Roger Evans - FDEP Al Gephart - FDEP Jim Dregne – FDEP
5	LATITUDE/LONGITUDE 27° 54′ 00" 82° 38′ 11"
6	5. SIC Code: 2999
7	7. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: Private Federal State County Municipal
•	S PERMIT #: 92465-HO06-001 ISSUE DATE: 08/03/2000 EXP. DATE: 08/03/2005

9. PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

HOWCO Environmental Services is a used oil and material processing facility that stores, processes and markets used oil. HOWCO has been at its current location since 1972 and currently employs approximately forty people; thirty of which work at the 43rd Street processing facility. The 3.2 acre site contains an oil processing facility, an industrial wastewater pretreatment facility, storage tanks, vehicle maintenance garage and an on-site analytical laboratory. Administrative personnel and facility operating records are located and maintained at the Central Avenue office.

HOWCO operates about six used oil recovery trucks from their St. Petersburg location. The recovery trucks also provide other waste pumping services including waste removal from oil/water separators and car and truck wash pits. In addition to the St. Petersburg facility, HOWCO operates a used oil transfer facility in Ocala. The used oil waste stored in Ocala is brought to St. Petersburg for processing. A majority of the waste processed at the facility is brought to the facility in HOWCO owned trucks. The facility receives a few shipments of used oil each week from common carriers and independent oil transporters. Used oils collected by HOWCO trucks are initially screened by the drivers at the generator's site using a halogen "sniffer". Used oils transported to HOWCO by other vendors are required to include a manifest describing the material.

Used oil shipments arriving at HOWCO are sampled and analyzed in the facility's on-site laboratory prior to unloading. A representative sample of each incoming shipment is taken, using a bailer, and tested for total halogens using a bench top 200T x-ray analyzer. If the analysis indicates the halogen concentration is less than 999 ppm, the used oil is pumped into the tank farm. If total halogens are greater than 999 ppm the load is rejected unless the total halogens are less than 4,000 ppm and a rebuttable presumption is made. All oil is processed and marketed as "on-spec" used oil fuel to various burners. According to Mr. Hagan, the facility does not accept off-spec used oil or hazardous waste. Records of used oil that was tested and rejected by HOWCO was not being maintained on file for a minimum of three years. This is a violation of 40 CFR 279.44(d). Also, HOWCO drivers were not notifying the Department of any refusals to pick-up used oil from clients. This is a violation of 62-710.510(2) F.A.C.

Used oil is processed utilizing the Cooker Process. HOWCO discontinued the use of the distillation flash tower as part of their used oil processing several years ago. According to Mr. Hagan, the process was done only to remove light ends from the processed oil to meet a used oil specification of the phosphate industry. HOWCO discontinued selling oil to the phosphate industry for use in beneficiation in 1997. Used oil processed in the Cooker is pumped to Tank #100 or Tank #101 for thermal/chemical treatment. A de-emulsifier is added to the oil and the mixture is heated. The treated oil is then allowed to cool to facilitate the separation of water. Water that is recovered from these processes is treated in the facility's wastewater pretreatment plant prior to being discharged to the City of St. Petersburg POTW. The oil is then sent through a vibrascreen to separate out the solids. The solids from the vibrascreen are collected in a drum that was properly labeled, "Screen Filter Residue". The solids are sent to a solid waste landfill for disposal or processed for oil recovery. The solids from the vibrascreen are tested annually to ensure that they are not a hazardous waste.

At the time of the inspection, the facility's permit required that every tank (batch) of processed oil be sampled and tested to determine if the processed used oil meets the used oil fuel specifications. In the event a batch of processed used oil did not meet the on-spec requirements the batch would be re-processed and a notation would be made in the facility operating records indicating the batch number that was re-processed. Inspection of the analytical results of processed oil shipped from February 2000 through April 2000 indicated that all parameters were in compliance.

The facility also receives used oil filters, used antifreeze, non-hazardous solid waste, industrial wastewater, and petroleum contact water (PCW) for processing and disposal. The ultimate disposal of other waste is either

through the permitted discharge to the St. Petersburg POTW or to an off-site disposal facility. The processing of solid wastes is overseen by the Department's Solid Waste Management Section that has its own inspections and reporting requirements. On occasion, HOWCO may act as a broker for the disposal of hazardous waste for some clients. The hazardous waste that is brokered by HOWCO is not transported by HOWCO, but is transported directly from the generator to the disposal facility.

Crushed and uncrushed used oil filters are received in 55-gallon drums and stored on the south side of the property, west of the used oil filter crusher. At the time of the inspection, there were approximately 227 drums of used oil filters. The drums were sealed and properly labeled. After the filters have been removed from the 55-gallon drums, the empty drums are transferred to a drum washing area located west of the oil filter crusher. The drums are pressure washed with water. Diesel fuel or kerosene is used to "cut" the oil. The oily waste from the drum cleaning operation drains to a sump next to the wash area. The oily waste is then pumped from the sump to the water/oil processing facility. The area was clean and in good condition. However, there were several areas on the floor around the drum washer that require maintenance. The used oil filters are conveyed to a filter crusher. The used oil from draining the filters is collected in a drip pan under the filter crusher where it is pumped to an adjacent storage tank. The tank was properly labeled, "Used Oil". Periodically, the oil from the storage tank is removed and pumped into one of the facility's used oil storage tanks to be re-refined. Crushed filters are stored in either drums or dump trailers. Valves at the bottom of the dump trailers allow any remaining oil to be drained into a 55-gallon drum. At the time of the inspection there were two dump trailers on-site. One trailer was being loaded with crushed filters. The other trailer was loaded with filters and was awaiting disposal. The trailer awaiting disposal had a 55-gallon drum beneath the drain valve. The drum was not labeled, "Used Oil". This is a violation of 40 CFR 279.54(f)(1). Neither dump trailer was covered to protect the contents from the weather. This is a violation of 62-710.850(6)(a), F.A.C.. The drums and/or dump trailers of crushed filters are shipped to the Pinellas County incinerator for disposal or to U.S. Foundry, Medley, FL.

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Wastewater, including petroleum contact water (PCW), industrial wastewater, rainwater collected in secondary containment areas and water from the re-refining of used oil is accumulated and stored in aboveground storage tanks #151-155, #160-166, #170, #180, #191 and #192. The wastewater is treated in the pre-treatment system prior to discharging to the City of St. Petersburg POTW. Any oil recovered from the tanks by gravity separation is pumped back to the used oil tank farm for re-refining.

Solid waste managed at the facility includes oily solid waste generated by HOWCO and its clients. Solid wastes generated by HOWCO includes solids from the vibrascreen, tanker trucks, cone-bottom tank, oily solid batch treatment tank and storage tanks at the facility. The oily solids may be placed in drums, roll-off boxes, decontamination boxes or other containers for storage. The wastes are managed as non-hazardous waste. The waste solids are sampled and analyzed once per year to demonstrate that the waste is non-hazardous. For incoming solid wastes, each client is required to provide the necessary non-hazardous waste determination. A review of the sampling records indicated that the solid wastes were non-hazardous. The solid wastes are bulked and sent to an approved thermal facility or a licensed landfill for disposal. At the time of the inspection, there

were three roll-off boxes of solid waste in the Solids Storage and Sludge Separation Areas. The roll-offs were covered and properly labeled, "Processed Solid Waste". Also noted was that the discharge pipe from Tank #111 extends outside the secondary containment. Per Specific Condition IV.7(e), the facility is to ensure that Tank #111 discharges into a suitable container, and does not discharge onto the ground or asphalt pavement. It is recommended that the facility install a flexible pipe onto the discharge that would extend back into the area of secondary containment when there is no container under the discharge pipe.

The HOWCO tank farm consists of 48 aboveground storage tanks. The newest tank in the tank farm is a temporary 300 gallon diesel fuel tank that was placed within the secondary containment in Area #5. FDEP was not notified of the addition of this tank. This is in violation of Specific Condition II.2 in the facility's operating permit. Eighteen (18) of the tanks (approximate capacity of 339,420 gallons) are used to store used and re-refined used oil. The tanks have secondary containment consisting of oil impermeable concrete surfaces on the walls and floors to contain oil spills. Overall, the containment areas were clean and in good condition. However, containment areas #1 and #2, had pools of used oil due to leaking equipment. This is in violation of Specific Condition III.8 in the facility's operating permit. The tanks in the receiving area, Tanks 130 –135 were not labeled or marked with their contents. Initially there was some confusion over what each tank contained. Tanks 132, 134, and 135 were being used to store used oil exclusively. Failure to label used oil tanks with the words "Used Oil" is a violation of 40 CFR 279.54(f)(1).

Incoming and outgoing manifests for used oil, used oil filters, crushed oil filters, petroleum contact water and antifreeze are kept by HOWCO for at least three years. A random selection of customer files were inspected, all of which were found to be in compliance.

The Company had copies of its current registrations for used oil transporter, processor and marketer, and used oil filter transporter, transfer facility and processor. HOWCO also submitted its annual transporter report and its biennial processor report.

Fire extinguishers at the facility were serviced in June 2000. The fire and emergency equipment are inspected monthly and are tested annually. Located east of the truck wash rack is the facility's spill kit consisting of absorbents, blankets and booms. Inspection records were reviewed and found to be complete. Evacuation routes were posted at various locations and the emergency phone numbers were posted next to the phones.

The tanks and related piping are inspected monthly. The monthly inspection logs from Januray 2000 through August 2000 were found to be deficient because they are lacking the date and time the inspection was performed and the inspector's name. This is a violation of General Condition 14(c) in the facility's operating permit.

HOWCO employees receive training as outlined in the company's "Used Oil Training Program". The company's employees are provided initial and annual refresher training. The last annual refresher training was conducted on May 20, 2000, and July 29, 2000. Training records were reviewed and found to be complete.

Approximately twenty spent fluorescent light tubes (spent mercury containing lamps) were being improperly stored in the facility's laboratory. Spent mercury containing lamps must be stored in a way that prevents breakage. Failure to label each spent mercury-containing lamp or container of lamps with the words "Spent mercury-containing lamps for recycling" is a violation of 62-737.400(5)(b)(1), F.A.C.

10. SUMMARY OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS:

40 CFR 279.44(d)

Failure to maintain all records of analysis used to comply with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) of the rebuttable presumption section for at least three years.

Failure to store used oil in containers that are in good 40 CFR 279.54(b)(1) condition. Failure to properly label containers of used oil with the words 40 CFR 279.54(f)(1) "Used Oil". Failure of drivers to notify the Department of any refusal to 62-710.510(2), FAC pick-up used oil from a client. Failure to cover containers of crushed used oil filters to protect 62-710.850(6)(a), FAC the contents from the weather. Failure to label each spent mercury-containing lamp or 62-737.400(5)(b)(1), F.A.C. container of lamps with the words "Spent mercury-containing lamps for recycling". Failure to notify FDEP of the installation of a 300 gallon diesel Specific Condition II.2 fuel tank. Failure to remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary Specific Condition III.8

containment areas.

Failure to note the date, time and inspector's name on the General Condition 14(c) facility's monthly inspection forms.

11. RECOMMENDED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

62-737.400(5)(b)(1), F.A.C.

The facility shall ensure that all records of analyses of 40 CFR 279.44(d) incoming used oil are maintained for at least three years. The facility shall ensure that all containers of used oil are in 40 CFR 279.54(b)(1) good condition; the material is removed; or personnel overpack defective containers. Effective immediately and henceforth, the facility shall 40 CFR 279.54(f)(1) properly label all containers of used oil. Effective immediately, the company shall notify the 62-710.510(2) FAC Department's District Office by letter or electronic mail of any refusal to pick-up used oil by a HOWCO transporter within 72 hours of the refusal. Effective immediately and henceforth, the facility shall ensure 62-710.850(6)(a), FAC that all containers of crushed and uncrushed used oil filters are covered to protect the contents from the weather.

> Effective immediately each spent mercury-containing lamp or container of lamps shall be labeled with the words "Spent mercury-containing lamps for recycling".

Specific Condition II.2

The capacity of the facility's secondary containment is sufficient to handle any spills/leaks from the temporary storage tank of diesel fuel. Therefore, the facility may leave the tank at its current location for a period of 90 days or until the diesel fuel has been consumed, whichever occurs first. At that time, the facility shall cease to use the storage tank and (1) apply for a minor modification of its used oil processing permit to permanently include the tank in the tank farm for future use or (2), remove the tank and cease using it.

Specific Condition III.8

Effective immediately and henceforth, the facility shall remove spilled or leaked waste within secondary containment areas as described in Section 9.6 of the facility's permit application.

General Condition 14(c)

Effective immediately and henceforth, facility personnel shall note the date, time and inspector's name on all inspection logs.

Report Proposed By

Al Gephart Engineer IV

Lugiii

Report Reviewed By:

Jim Dregne

Environmental Specialist III

Report Approved By:

Elizabeth Knauss

Environmental Manager

Comp



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

March 21, 2001

Mr. Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880

Pinellas County

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible, and to seek your cooperation in resolving the matter. A hazardous waste program field inspection conducted on September 19, 2000, indicates that violations of Florida Statutes and Rules may exist at the above referenced facility. Department of Environmental Protection personnel made observations described in the attached inspection report. Section 10 of the report lists a summary of alleged violations of Department Rules.

Section 403.727, Florida Statutes (F.S.) provides that it is a violation to fail to comply with rules adopted by the Department. The activities observed during the Department's field inspection and any other activities at your facility that may be contributing to violations of Florida Statutes or Department Rules should cease.

You are requested to contact Jim Dregne at (813)744-6100, extension 410, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), F.S. If after further investigation the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and expenses. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) RCRA Civil Penalty Policy of 1990, the penalties which would be assessed in this case are \$14,900.00.

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES FLD 152 764 767 Warning Letter #241880 Page 2

Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100. If this matter cannot be resolved within 90 days, under the Department's agreement with the EPA, a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. We look forward to your cooperation in completing the investigation and resolution of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A. Getzoff

Director of District Management

Southwest District

DG/jmd

Enclosure

cc: Steve Ray, HWR Section

Compliance File ____



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

1.	INSPECTION TYPE: Routine Complaint Permitting Follow-Up Pre-Arranged
	FACILITY NAME HOWCO Environmental Services EPA ID # FLD 152 764 767
	STREET ADDRESS 843 43 rd Street South, St. Petersburg, FL
	MAILING ADDRESS 3701 Central Avenue, St. Petersburg, FL 33713
	COUNTY Pinellas PHONE (727) 327-8467 DATE 09/19/00 TIME 10:20 am
	NOTIFIED AS: CURRENT STATUS: □ Non Handler □ Non Handler □ CESQG (<100 kg/mo.) □ CESQG (<100 kg/mo.) □ SQG (100-1000 kg/mo.) □ Generator (>1000 kg/mo.) □ Transporter □ Transporter □ Transfer Facility □ Transfer Facility □ Interim Status TSD Facility □ Interim Status TSD Facility □ TSD Facility □ TSD Facility □ Unit Type(s): □ Unit Type(s): □ Used Oil: Processing Facility, Transporter □ Used Oil: Processor, Transporter: □ Used Oil Filters: Processor, Transporter: □ Used Oil Filters: Processor, Transporter:
2.	APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:
3.	RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL(s):
	Tim Hagan, President
1.	INSPECTION PARTICIPANTS:
	Dave Roehn – HOWCO Richard Dillen – HOWCO Stanley Tam - FDEP Dave Thompson – HOWCO Roger Evans - FDEP Jim Dregne – FDEP
5.	LATITUDE/LONGITUDE 27° 54′ 00" 82° 38′ 11"
5.	SIC Code: 2999
7.	TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: Private Federal State County Municipal
3.	PERMIT #: 92465-HO06-001

9. PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

HOWCO Environmental Services is a used oil and material processing facility that stores, processes and markets used oil. HOWCO has been at its current location since 1972 and currently employs approximately forty people; thirty of which work at the 43rd Street processing facility. The 3.2 acre site contains an oil processing facility, an industrial wastewater pretreatment facility, storage tanks, vehicle maintenance garage and an on-site analytical laboratory. Administrative personnel and facility operating records are located and maintained at the Central Avenue office.

HOWCO operates about six used oil recovery trucks from their St. Petersburg location. The recovery trucks also provide other waste pumping services including waste removal from oil/water separators and car and truck wash pits. In addition to the St. Petersburg facility, HOWCO operates a used oil transfer facility in Ocala. The used oil waste stored in Ocala is brought to St. Petersburg for processing. A majority of the waste processed at the facility is brought to the facility in HOWCO owned trucks. The facility receives a few shipments of used oil each week from common carriers and independent oil transporters. Used oils collected by HOWCO trucks are initially screened by the drivers at the generator's site using a halogen "sniffer". Used oils transported to HOWCO by other vendors are required to include a manifest describing the material.

Used oil shipments arriving at HOWCO are sampled and analyzed in the facility's on-site laboratory prior to unloading. A representative sample of each incoming shipment is taken, using a bailer, and tested for total halogens using a bench top 200T x-ray analyzer. If the analysis indicates the halogen concentration is less than 999 ppm, the used oil is pumped into the tank farm. If total halogens are greater than 999 ppm the load is rejected unless the total halogens are less than 4,000 ppm and a rebuttable presumption is made. All oil is processed and marketed as "on-spec" used oil fuel to various burners. According to Mr. Hagan, the facility does not accept off-spec used oil or hazardous waste. Records of used oil that was tested and rejected by HOWCO was not being maintained on file for a minimum of three years. This is a violation of 40 CFR 279.44(d). Also, HOWCO drivers were not notifying the Department of any refusals to pick-up used oil from clients. This is a violation of 62-710.510(2) F.A.C.

Used oil is processed utilizing the Cooker Process. HOWCO discontinued the use of the distillation flash tower as part of their used oil processing several years ago. According to Mr. Hagan, the process was done only to remove light ends from the processed oil to meet a used oil specification of the phosphate industry. HOWCO discontinued selling oil to the phosphate industry for use in beneficiation in 1997. Used oil processed in the Cooker is pumped to Tank #100 or Tank #101 for thermal/chemical treatment. A de-emulsifier is added to the oil and the mixture is heated. The treated oil is then allowed to cool to facilitate the separation of water. Water that is recovered from these processes is treated in the facility's wastewater pretreatment plant prior to being discharged to the City of St. Petersburg POTW. The oil is then sent through a vibrascreen to separate out the solids. The solids from the vibrascreen are collected in a drum that was properly labeled, "Screen Filter Residue". The solids are sent to a solid waste landfill for disposal or processed for oil recovery. The solids from the vibrascreen are tested annually to ensure that they are not a hazardous waste.

At the time of the inspection, the facility's permit required that every tank (batch) of processed oil be sampled and tested to determine if the processed used oil meets the used oil fuel specifications. In the event a batch of processed used oil did not meet the on-spec requirements the batch would be re-processed and a notation would be made in the facility operating records indicating the batch number that was re-processed. Inspection of the analytical results of processed oil shipped from February 2000 through April 2000 indicated that all parameters were in compliance.

The facility also receives used oil filters, used antifreeze, non-hazardous solid waste, industrial wastewater, and petroleum contact water (PCW) for processing and disposal. The ultimate disposal of other waste is either

through the permitted discharge to the St. Petersburg POTW or to an off-site disposal facility. The processing of solid wastes is overseen by the Department's Solid Waste Management Section that has its own inspections and reporting requirements. On occasion, HOWCO may act as a broker for the disposal of hazardous waste for some clients. The hazardous waste that is brokered by HOWCO is not transported by HOWCO, but is transported directly from the generator to the disposal facility.

Crushed and uncrushed used oil filters are received in 55-gallon drums and stored on the south side of the property, west of the used oil filter crusher. At the time of the inspection, there were approximately 227 drums of used oil filters. The drums were sealed and properly labeled. After the filters have been removed from the 55-gallon drums, the empty drums are transferred to a drum washing area located west of the oil filter crusher. The drums are pressure washed with water. Diesel fuel or kerosene is used to "cut" the oil. The oily waste from the drum cleaning operation drains to a sump next to the wash area. The oily waste is then pumped from the sump to the water/oil processing facility. The area was clean and in good condition. However, there were several areas on the floor around the drum washer that require maintenance. The used oil filters are conveyed to a filter crusher. The used oil from draining the filters is collected in a drip pan under the filter crusher where it is pumped to an adjacent storage tank. The tank was properly labeled, "Used Oil". Periodically, the oil from the storage tank is removed and pumped into one of the facility's used oil storage tanks to be re-refined. Crushed filters are stored in either drums or dump trailers. Valves at the bottom of the dump trailers allow any remaining oil to be drained into a 55-gallon drum. At the time of the inspection there were two dump trailers on-site. One trailer was being loaded with crushed filters. The other trailer was loaded with filters and was awaiting disposal. The trailer awaiting disposal had a 55-gallon drum beneath the drain valve. The drum was not labeled, "Used Oil". This is a violation of 40 CFR 279.54(f)(1). Neither dump trailer was covered to protect the contents from the weather. This is a violation of 62-710.850(6)(a), F.A.C.. The drums and/or dump trailers of crushed filters are shipped to the Pinellas County incinerator for disposal or to U.S. Foundry, Medley, FL.

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10. SUMMARY OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS:

40 CFR 279.44(d)

Failure to maintain all records of analysis used to comply with paragraphs (a), (b), (c) of the rebuttable presumption section for at least three years.

62-737.400(5)(b)(1), F.A.C.

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> Effective immediately each spent mercury-containing lamp or container of lamps shall be labeled with the words "Spent

mercury-containing lamps for recycling".

Specific Condition II.2

The capacity of the facility's secondary containment is sufficient to handle any spills/leaks from the temporary storage tank of diesel fuel. Therefore, the facility may leave the tank at its current location for a period of 90 days or until the diesel fuel has been consumed, whichever occurs first. At that time, the facility shall cease to use the storage tank and (1) apply for a minor modification of its used oil processing permit to permanently include the tank in the tank farm for future use or (2), remove the tank and cease using it.

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Effective immediately and henceforth, facility personnel shall note the date, time and inspector's name on all inspection logs.

Report Prepared By:

Al Gephart Engineer IV

Report Reviewed By

Jim Dregne

Environmental Specialist III

Report Approved By:

Zizabeth Knauss

Environmental Manager

USED OIL PROCESSOR CHECKLIST

Fac	cility Name: Howco ENVIROUMENTAL Secu, Date: 9/19/0	<u>0</u>		
Fa	cility Representative: <u>Rochu/ Dilleم</u> Facility ID : جَدِي عَلَيْهِ الْعَلَيْمَةِ عَلَيْهِ الْعَلَيْمَةِ عَلَيْهِ الْعَلَيْمِينَ الْعَلِيْمِينَ الْعَلَيْمِينَ الْعَلِيْمِ	72	764	767
Ins	pector: <u>Там / Еламу / Gepнает / DRE сл</u> eRegistration #			
	40 CFR 279 Subpart F Processor Standards			
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? (279.50(a))	Y	^	<u> </u>
	Transporter or burner processing incidental to normal course of operations?	Y_	^	<u></u>
	Processors who also generate, transport, market, dispose or burn used oil mapplicable Subparts of Part 279.	ust c	comply	with the
2.	Does the processor have an EPA ID Number? (279.51(a))	Y	<u>~</u> N	1
3.	Is the processor Registered? (62-710.500(1)(b))	Y	<u></u> N	ν
4.	Does the processor have a general permit? 62-710.800(1))	Y_	1	V*
5.	For new facilities, was the notification of intent to use the general permit submitted 30 days prior to beginning operation? For existing facilities, was the notification for renewal submitted 30 days prior to expiration of the general permit?(62-710.800(2))		<u></u> 1	VA L
	Oil Filter Processing Standards – 62-710.850 F.A.C.			
1.	Does the facility process used oil filters by removing oil, draining, crushing or element separation? Describe in narrative. Generators who process their own filters are not regulated provided the filters are not disposed of in a landfill but are managed by a registered processor.	Y	<u>~_</u> N_	
	Is the facility a registered used oil filter processor? (62-710.850)	Y_	<u>~</u> N	<u> </u>
2.	Are the filters stored in above ground containers which are: (62-710.850(6))			
	In good condition? Closed or otherwise protected from weather? Labeled "Used Oil Filters"? Stored on an oil impervious surface?	Y_	✓ N N N	
3.	Are records maintained on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent that include: (62-710.850(5)(a))			
	Destination or end use of the processed filters?	Y_	<u>レ</u> N	
	Name and street address of each destination or end user?	Y	<u></u> N	
	Are copies kept at the facility's street address for 3 years? (62-710.850(5)(b))Y_	<u>~</u> N	
4.	Is an Annual Report submitted by March 1 for the previous calendar year summarizing the above records? (62-710.850(5)(c))	Y_	<u></u> N	···

Facility Name:	owco	
	September 19.	2000

Oil Management Standards - 279.54

1.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)	YN
2.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 and 62.762 F. A. C. rules? (Applicable to USTs over 100 g and ASTs over 550 gallons. Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)	Y <u>~</u> N
	Is secondary containment consisting of a floor and dike which are impervious to oil provided for ASTs? Applies to all ASTs regardless of size per 279.54(d & e)	YN
3	Are containers and tanks in good condition and not leaking? (279.54(b))	YN
	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum? (279.54(c))	Y_ ~ N
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?	YN
(5 .)	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil? (279.54(f)) 130 series tanks wet	Y N L
6	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable? (279.54(g))	Y_N_
	General Facility Standards - 279.52	
1.	Is the facility maintained and operated to prevent a fire, explosion or planned or unplanned release of used oil to the air, soil, or water which could threaten human health or the environment? (279.52(a)(1))	YN
2.	Does the facility have an internal communication or alarm system capable of giving immediate emergency instruction to facility personnel?(279.52(a))	Y_ ~ N
3.	Is there a telephone, alarm, 2-way radio or other device at the scene of operations immediately available and capable of summoning assistance from local fire departments? (279.52(a)(2)(ii))	YN
	Is there immediate access to this equipment by all personnel who are engag in pouring, mixing, spreading or otherwise handled, either directly or by voice or visual contact with another employee? (279.52(a)(4))	ed Y <u>~</u> N
4.	Describe fire control equipment. Is it adequate? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
5		
	Is spill control and decontamination equipment present? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
6.	Is spill control and decontamination equipment present? (279.52(a)(2)(iii)) If sprinklers, water hoses or foam producing equipment is part of the facility fire control equipment, is water available at adequate volume and pressure? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN

	Date: Septem	nper 19, 2000
8.	Is there adequate aisle space to allow unobstructed movement of facility personnel and emergency equipment to any area of the facility where needed? (279.52(a)(5i))	YN
9.	Has the facility made emergency response arrangements with the following: (279.52(a)(6))	
	Fire Department:	YN
	Police:	YN
	Hospital:	YN
	Emergency Response Contractor:	YN
10.	If not, has the facility attempted to do so and is the refusal documented?	YN
	Contingency Plans and Emergency Response – 279.52	2(b)
1.	Does the facility have a contingency plan?	YN
2.	Is it at the facility and easily available?	YN
3.	Does the plan include:	
	Fire Response Procedure: (compare to 279.52(b)(6)) N/A	YN
	Spill Response Procedures: " N/A	Y <u>~</u> N
		Y <u> </u>
	Instructions for handling contaminated materials & residues	<u> </u>
	A description of arrangements with local authorities: N/A	YN
	Emergency Coordinators: (Name) Tim Hagen	Y <u>~</u> N
	Addresses and telephone numbers of Emergency Coordinators:	YN
	Emergency equipment list:	YN
	Specifications and capabilities of emergency equipment:	Y N
	Locations of emergency equipment:	YN
	An evacuation plan and routes:	Y <u> </u>
	Evacuation/alarm signals:	YN
	External reporting procedures:	YN
	Internal recordkeeping requirements:	YN
4.	Is the plan up to date, with no changes to the list of emergency equipment, list of emergency coordinators, applicable regulations or contingency plan failures since the last revision? (279.52(b)(4))	Y <u>~</u> N
5.	Has the plan been distributed to the local police, fire department, ERT and hospital? <u>Circle omitted authorities.</u> (279.52(b)(3))	YN
6.	Is the emergency coordinator authorized to commit funds for incident response	onse?YNN
7.	Has the processor noted in the operating record any incidents requiring implementation of the contingency plan? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	Y_ <u>~</u> N
9.	Were written reports made within 15 days to the DEP? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	Y . NA ~

Facility Name:__

Facility Name:	fowco
Date:	September 19, 2000

Rebuttable Presumption and Analysis Plan — 279.53, 279.55

1.	used oil stored at the facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm and whether the facility's used oil fuel meets the used oil specification? (279.55)(a))	YN
2.	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by testing?	Y <u></u> N
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(a)(2))	
	Sampling methods?	YN
	Frequency of sampling?	YN
	Analytical Methods?	YN
	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by process knowledge?	YN
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(a)(3))	YSN
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?	YN
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?	YN
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe basis for presumption rebuttal in narrative. (ex. analysis, refrigerant oil, etc.) N/A	Y ~ N
4.	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by testing?	
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(b)(2))	
	Sampling methods?	YN
	Whether the oil will be tested before or after processing?	Y_ <u>~_</u> N
	Frequency of sampling?	YN
	Analytical Methods?	YN
	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by process knowledge	?YN_ <u>~</u>
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(b)(3))	YY
5.	Are all oil processing residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock? (279.59) N/A	Y . N ~
	If not, has the processor conducted a hazardous waste determination? (279.10(e)) N/A	Y <u> </u>
6.	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determinations kept for 3 years?	YN

Facility Name:	HOWC	0	
Date:	September 1	19	2000

Recordkeeping and Reporting - 279.57, 62-710.510-520 F.A.C.

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: (279.56(a))	
	Name & address of the generator or off site source of the used oil?	Y N
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	Y N
	Name & Address of the transporter delivering the oil to the facility?	Y N
	EPA ID # of the transporter delivering the oil	Y_ <u>~</u> N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	Y N
	Type of oil received (62-710.510(1)(c))	Y N
	Date of shipment?	Y N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: (279.56(b), also check marketer require	ements)
	Name & Address of receiving facility? (burner, processor or disposal site)	Y N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility?	Y N
	Name & Address of transporter delivering the oil?	Y N
	EPA ID # of transporter?	Y N
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y_ ~ N_
	End Use of the oil? (62-710.510(1)(e))	Y N
	Date of delivery?	Y N
3.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent? (62-710.501(1))	YN
4.	Does the facility submit an annual report by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? (62-710.520)	Y_ <u>~</u> N
	If not, is the facility an electric utility processing only self generated used oil for recycling, which is exempt from state registration and reporting requirements? (62-710.530)?	YN
5.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? (62-710.510(2))	YN
	Closure - 62-710.800(3) F.A.C. and 279.54(h)	
1.	Has the facility submitted a written closure plan? (62-710.800(3)(a))	Y_ <u>~</u> N
2.	Does the plan include procedures for removing containers of oil and residues?	YN
	Cleaning and decontaminating tanks and ancillary equipment?	Y N
	Removing contaminated soils?	YN
	Eliminating the need for further maintenance?	YN

If the facility operated tank systems, and not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed, the owner or operator must close the facility as a hazardous waste landfill.

USED OIL TRANSPORTER CHECKLIST

Fa	cility Name:	Howco	، Date: <u>-ج</u>	eptembe:	19,20	000
		tive: RoEhn/ Dillen		# <u>FLD 1</u>		
		SANS/GEFHART/Dregne			•	
		40 CFR 279 Subpart E	Transporter Star	ndards		
1.	Is the facility exem	npt under any of the following? [279	.40(a)]		Y	N
	On site transport?	•				
	Generator transpo	orting < 55 g /time to a collection cer	nter?			
	Transporter of < 5 by same generato	55 g /time from generator to aggrega or?	ation point owned			
2.	are used to transp	also transports hazardous waste in toort used oil, are the vehicles emption (If not, the used oil must be manag	ed per 261.7 after		Y	N <u>A -</u>
3.	Does the transpor	rter process used oil incidental to tra	ansport? [279.41]		Y	N_ <u>_</u>
	Are any residues i asphalt manufactu	managed as used oil, reclaimed, or ure feedstock?	used as	N/A	Y	N
	If not, has the trandetermination? [27]	nsporter conducted a hazardous wa 79.10(e)]	ste	N/A	Y	N
4.	Has the facility no form 8700-12.	otified of used oil activities? Check I	ΞPA		Y	N
5.	oil processors, off	rter only deliver used oil to other train f specification used oil burners with n-specification oil burners? [279.43(EPA ID		γ <u>υ</u>	N
6.	Does the transpor	rter comply with DOT requirements	? [279.43(b)]		Y	N
7.	If any oil is discha	arged during transport, does the tran	nsporter: [279.43(c)]			
		esponse Center and State Warning R 153.203, as applicable?	Point and Coast		Y	N
	Report to DOT in	writing per 49 CFR 171.16?			Y	N
	Clean up any disc	charges until the discharge poses no	o threat?		Y	N
8.	Does the facility a	also transport used oil filters?			Y	N
	If so, are the filter	rs stored in above ground containers	s which are: [62-710).850(6)]		
	In good condition				<u>ن ۲</u>	N
	•	ise protected from weather?			Y_ ~	N
	Labeled "Used Oi	il Filters"?				N
	Stored on an oil ir	mpervious surface?	•		YY	N

Facility:	Hou _	
Date:	September	A, 2000

Transporter Recordkeeping -- 279.46

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: [279.46(a)]		
	Name & Address of facility providing the oil for transport?	Y	N
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	٧ <u> </u>	N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	Y	N
	Date of shipment?	Y	N
	Signature of oil provider, dated upon receipt?	YY	N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: [279.46(b)]		
	Name & Address of receiving facility or transporter?	Y_ c_	N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility or transporter?	Y	N
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y	N
٠	Date of delivery?	Y	N
	Signature of oil receiver, dated upon receipt?	Y	N
3.	Do the above records also include state required information on the type of oil and destination or end use? [62-710.510(1)(c & e)]	Y	N
4.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-701.900(13) or equivalent? [62-710.510(1)]	Y	N
5.	Does the facility submit an annual report on DEP Form 62-701.900(14) by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? [62-710.510(5)]	Y	N
	If not, is the facility a generator who transport only their own used oil generated at		
	their own non-contiguous operations to their own central collection facility for storage	ge	
	prior to having their used oil picked up by a certified used oil transporter.? [62-710.510(3)]	Y	N
7.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? [62-710.510(4)]	Y	N
8.	Does the transporter sell to burners or claim that any oil meets the specification?	Y	N
	If so, complete the USED OIL MARKETER checklist.		
	Transporter Certification 62-710 F.A.C.		
1.	Is the transporter certified? (local governments, and < 55g/time transporters are exempt) [62-710.600]	. Y	N
2.	Does the facility maintain training records? [62-710.600(2)(c)]	Y	N
3.	Does the facility maintain insurance or financial assurance of \$100,000 combined single limit? [62-710.600(2)(d)]	Y	N
4.	Is the facility registration form and ID number displayed at the facility? [62-710.500(4	4)]Y_ <u>~</u>	N

Facility:	110	೮೮	
Date:	September	19,	2000

Rebuttable Presumption -- 279.44

1.	Does the transporter determine whether used oil stored being transported or stored at a transfer facility has a total halogen content above or below	ı 1,000 ppm?	Y	N
	Is this done by testing?		Y	N
	Is this done by process knowledge? Describe basis in narrative.		Y	N_ <u></u>
	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determination kept for 3 years? [279.44(d)]		Y	N
2.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?		Y	N
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?		Y	N
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe in narrative.	N/A	Y	N
	Transfer Facility Standards 279.4	5		
1	Does the transporter store used oil at any transportation related facility (including parking lots) for more than 24 hours and not longer than 35 days during the normal course of transport? Transfer facilities storing			
	used oil more than 35 days must comply with 279 Subpart F	N/A	Y	N
	Is the transfer facility registered per 62-710.500(1)(a) F. A. C.?		Y	N
2.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)		Y	N
3.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 F. A. C. rules? (Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)		Y	N
	Is secondary containment provided and adequate?		Y	N
4.	Are containers, and tank trailers in good condition and not leaking?		Y	N
5.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum?		Y	N
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?		Y	N
6.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil?		Y	N
7.	Are used oil filters stored more than 10 days?		Y	N
	If so, is the facility a registered used oil filter transfer facility? [62-710.850]) N/A	Y	N
8.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repair	ing	Y	N



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

September 28, 1999

Mr. Dave Roehm Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

Re: Howco Environmental Services

Pinellas County

EPA ID No.: FLD 152 764 767

Dear Mr. Roehm:

Thank you for your assistance during the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) compliance inspection conducted on September 17, 1999. Enclosed is the inspection report generated from this visit. Based upon the information gathered from this inspection, Howco Environmental Services was found to be in compliance with RCRA regulations governing used oil transporters, processors and marketers.

If you have any questions, or if I can be of further assistance to you, please contact me at (813) 744-6100, extension 379.

Sincerely,

Simone M. Core

Environmental Specialist I

Division of Waste Management

Enclosure

cc: Morgan Leibrandt, BWP&R

Charlie Ryburn, Pinellas Co. DEM

Compliance file



Jeb Bush Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

1.	INSPECTION TYPE:	⊠Routine □C	omplaint Perm	nitting Fo	ollow-Up Pre-	Arranged
-	FACILITY NAME	Howco Environme	ntal Services	E	EPA ID # _FLD 15	52 764 767
	STREET ADDRESS	843 43 rd Street Sou	ith, St. Petersburg,	FL 33711		
	MAILING ADDRESS	3701 Central Aven	ue, St. Petersburg,	FL 33713		
	COUNTY Pinellas	PHONE (727)32	27-8467 DATE	September	17, 1999 TIME	9:50 a.m.
	NOTIFIED AS: Non Handler CESQG (<100 kg/n SQG (100-1000 kg Generator (>1000 l Transporter Transfer Facility Interim Status TSD TSD Facility Unit Type(s):	/mo.) kg/mo.)	C1 S0 G T1 T1 In	STATUS: on Handler ESQG (<100 QG (100-1000) enerator (>10) ransporter ransfer Facility sterim Status T SD Facility nit Type(s):	0 kg/mo.) 100 kg/mo.) ty	
	☐ Exempt Treatment ☐ Used Oil:	Facility		xempt Treatm sed Oil:	ent Facility	
2.	APPLICABLE REGUI 40 CFR 261.5 40 CFR 265	LATIONS: 40 CFR 262 40 CFR 266	☐ 40 CFR ☐ 40 CFR	263	40 CFR 264 40 CFR 273	
	☑ 40 CFR 279	62-710, FAC	62-737,	FAC 🖂	62-740, FAC	
3.	RESPONSIBLE OFF	ICIAL(s):				
	Dave Roehm, Plant Ma	ınager	Tim Hagan, O	wner		
4.	INSPECTION PART	ICIPANTS:				
	Dave Roehm, Howco		Randall Straus	s and Simone	Core, FDEP	
5.	LATITUDE/LONGIT	'UDE 27° 45' 4	1" 82° 41′ 33"			
5.	SIC Code: 2999, 4953	•				
7.	TYPE OF OWNERS	HIP: <u>Private</u> I	Federal State	County	Municipal	
3.	PERMIT #: N/A	ISSUE DATE:	EXP. DAT	ГЕ:		

"Protect, Conserve and Manage Florida's Environment and Natural Resources"

Howco Environmental Services FLD 152 764 767

9. Facility Description:

Howco is a used oil transporter, processor and marketer. The facility also picks-up used oil filters, used antifreeze, non-hazardous solid waste, industrial wastewater and petroleum contact water (PCW) for processing or disposal. Representing the facility was Mr. Dave Roehm – Plant Manager. The facility operates at 843 43rd Street South, St. Petersburg and was last inspected by the Department's hazardous waste section on September 29, 1998.

The process has not changed since the last inspection. The main areas of the plant are: industrial wastewater pretreatment plant, oil processing area, oil storage tank area, sludge separation area, the pad where drum washing, filter crushing and sludge pressing occurs, laboratory and the vehicle maintenance area.

The wastewater plant is contained within a concrete block dike (4' 3" high) which acts as a secondary containment area. Oil/water separation occurs in vertical tanks and the separated oil is pumped back to the oil plant for processing. Separator water is treated in two air strippers to remove volatile compounds. Lime and polymer is added to create flocs which is pumped to the sludge tank. The wastewater is then discharged to St. Petersburg POTW. Tank #140 (sump tank) located in this area of the facility has been sandblasted and internally lined approximately three (3) feet up from the bottom; this was completed about 4-6 weeks from the date of the inspection. Sandblasting grit and sludge from cleaning out of the tank were added to the solid waste stream.

The oil processing plant is located within an adjacent containment area and consists of a series of storage tanks, processing tanks and equipment for treating the oil. The oil is heated in two cookers (#100 and #107) to remove water. Water high in COD is sent to Cliff Berry (Miami) instead of the wastewater plant. The solids from the vibratory filter are stored in two 55-gallon drums which take about two months to fill before being transferred to tanks #110 or #111 located in the sludge separation area. The flash tower is still present, but not in use since Howco discontinued selling oil to the phosphate industry. The surface beneath the processing area has been coated since the last inspection in order to provide impervious secondary containment. An underground pipeline previously used for conveying oil/water mixture between the processing area and the wastewater pretreatment plant has been closed off by being blind flanged at both ends. The out of service line should be permanently closed by welding caps at both ends to prevent its use. The remaining underground pipelines currently in use were recently pressure tested for leaks by Norris and Samon Pump Service and all passed. In the oil storage area, four tanks (#121, #122, #123 and #124) are used to store processed oil prior to shipment. The secondary containment for this area has been completed.

In the sludge separation area, the sludge is treated in a heated tank and then a cone sludge separator to remove oil from the waste sludge. It was suggested to Mr. Roehm that the pipelines through which the sludge is discharge into the roll-off should be capped when not in use. This is to prevent possible discharge of waste from the tanks outside the containment wall, in the event of a valve failure. The sludge is sent to Chambers Waste Systems in Okeechobee.

Located on the pad is a filter crusher. At the time of the inspection the filter crusher was out of service since it was being raised in order to apply an impervious coating to the pad beneath the crusher. The

Howco Environmental Services FLD 152 764 767

crusher is also being raised to a higher elevation to prevent any overflow of oil from the collection sump onto the pad. As a result of the filter crusher being out of service there were approximately forty-eight 55-gallon drums labeled "Used Oil Filters" stored on the pad. The crushed filters are sent to U.S. Foundry, Medley, Florida. Storm water is collected in an open trench which drains to the yard drain basin and then pumped through an underground pipe to an oil/water separator. This separator is underground with access only possible through a manhole. Mr. Roehm stated that the separator is cleaned out every night.

The vehicle maintenance area contained a parts washer that uses Howco Kleen as a solvent. Howco Kleen is a high flash point naphtha. Also present were two 55-gallon drums of naphtha for use in the laboratory. Both these drums were labeled and closed. One unlabeled 55-gallon drum of used oil filters was present along with two labeled 300-gallon drums of antifreeze for recycling. Only one shipment of antifreeze (5000 gallons) was made to U.S. Filter Recovery (Rockville, VA) for 1999. This facility recycles the antifreeze by recovering the glycols for reuse. Several unlicensed tanker trailers that were previously stored on the Howco site have since been removed.

Howco sells their processed oil as fuel to the following five (5) customers: Florida Power Corporation (St. Petersburg), Better Roads (Punta Gorda), Couch Construction (Tampa, Odessa, Clearwater), Ajax Paving (Punta Gorda) and Harper Brothers (Fort Myers). Processed oil is certified by Howco to be "onspec". Each batch which constitutes a tank is sampled before shipment, a revised sampling methodology is still being worked out between Howco and the Department's permitting section. Approximately twenty-three (23) out-bound manifests were examined – about eight of these had no analyticals attached. It was also observed that the following parameters were consistently listed as As<1, Cd<2, Cr<5, Pb<100, Flashpoint >100and PCB's<2 in all the analyticals inspected. A batch of ten analyticals were compared against lab test; inconsistencies were found in two out of the ten. The lab test for Batch No. 1263 listed Pb as 122 and Cr as 28, while the lab test for Batch No. 1269 listed Pb as 123. These values are greater than the requirements for "on-spec" oil. Subsequent to the inspection, Dave Roehm supplied a laboratory log that he stated documents that the reported high values were in error. The high values were reportedly copied from the wrong column of the log book onto the lab sheets. The lead concentration listed on the analytical sheets actually refers to the tank numbers #122 and #123. The value of 28 ppm chromium was stated to be erroneous, and was reportedly the lead value for batch #1263.

Approximately twenty-eight (28) manifests were examined for in-coming oil. Field screening of oil is done by drivers on each pick-up to ensure that the halogen level is below 1000 ppm, or 4000 pm based on the rebuttable presumption (CFR 279.53). Several loads were reported over 1000 ppm, but were documented to have included pick-ups from public collection facilities. All manifests showed the incoming oil to be below the acceptable halogen content. Sludge disposal records and annual report were also in order. Training records were examined for all the truck drivers. All the drivers were trained in hazardous waste operations and emergency response, as well as, hazardous material transportation.

10. Recommendations:

a. The out-of-service pipeline that connects the pretreatment wastewater plant and the oil processing plant should be permanently capped-off via welding to prevent its use.

Howco Environmental Services FLD 152 764 767

- b. Cap ends of pipelines through which sludge is discharged into roll-off, so as to prevent the soil directly beneath the pipelines from being contaminated.
- c. Label the 55-gallon drum of used oil filters found in the vehicle maintenance area as "Used Oil Filters".
- d. Ensure that all out-bound manifests have the appropriate analyticals attached.

Inspected:

Simone M. Core

Environmental Specialist I

Approved:

Elizabeth B. Knauss Environmental Manager

USED OIL TRANSPORTER CHECKLIST

Fac	cility Name: HOW (O Environmental Services Date:	o pte m	box 17,	1999
Fac	cility Representative: Mr. Dave Rochm Facility ID:	# FLD	1527	16476
Ins	pector: Randall Strauss; Simone Core			
	40 CFR 279 Subpart E Transporter Stan	dards		
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? [279.40(a)]		Y	N_
	On site transport?			
	Generator transporting < 55 g /time to a collection center?			
	Transporter of < 55 g /time from generator to aggregation point owned by same generator?			
2.	If the transporter also transports hazardous waste in the same trucks as are used to transport used oil, are the vehicles emptied per 261.7 after HW shipments? (If not, the used oil must be managed as hazardous)	NIA	Y	
3.	Does the transporter process used oil incidental to transport? [279.41]		Y	N
ŧ	Are any residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock?	N/A	Y	N
	If not, has the transporter conducted a hazardous waste determination? [279.10(e)]	N/A	Y	N
4.	Has the facility notified of used oil activities? Check EPA form 8700-12.		Y	N
5.	Does the transporter only deliver used oil to other transporters, oil processors, off specification used oil burners with EPA ID Numbers, or to on-specification oil burners? [279.43(a)]		YE	N
6.	Does the transporter comply with DOT requirements? [279.43(b)]		Y	N
7.	If any oil is discharged during transport, does the transporter: [279.43(c)]			
	Notify National Response Center and State Warning Point and Coast Guard per 33 CFR 153.203, as applicable?		YV	N
	Report to DOT in writing per 49 CFR 171.16?		Y	N
	Clean up any discharges until the discharge poses no threat?	•	Y	N
8.	Does the facility also transport used oil filters?		YY	N
	If so, are the filters stored in above ground containers which are: [62-710.	850(6)]		•
	In good condition?		Y	N
	Closed or otherwise protected from weather?		Y	N
	Labeled "Used Oil Filters"?	,	Y	N
	Stored on an oil impervious surface? In the process to be	0.29	Y	N

Transporter Recordkeeping -- 279.46

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: [279.46(a)]	_	
	Name & Address of facility providing the oil for transport?	Y_/	N
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	V V	N.
	Quantity of oil shipped?		N
	Date of shipment?		N
	Signature of oil provider, dated upon receipt?	Υ	14
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: [279.46(b)]	,	
	Name & Address of receiving facility or transporter?	Y	N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility or transporter?	Y_/	N
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y	N
	Date of delivery?	Y_/	N
	Signature of oil receiver, dated upon receipt?	YY	N
3.	Do the above records also include state required information on the type of oil and destination or end use? [62-710.510(1)(c & e)]	Y <u>√</u>	N
4.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-701.900(13) or equivalent? [62-710.510(1)]	YY	N
5.	Does the facility submit an annual report on DEP Form 62-701.900(14) by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? [62-710.510(5)]	Y	N
	If not, is the facility a generator who transport only their own used oil generated at their own non-contiguous operations to their own central collection facility for storage prior to having their used oil picked up by a certified used oil transporter.?	ie	
	[62-710.510(3)]	Υ	N
7.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? [62-710.510(4)]	y	N
8.	Does the transporter sell to burners or claim that any oil meets the specification?	Y	N
٠.	If so, complete the USED OIL MARKETER checklist.		-
	Transporter Certification 62-710 F.A.C.	1	
1.	Is the transporter certified? (local governments, and < 55g/time transporters are exempt) [62-710.600]	Y	N
2.	Does the facility maintain training records? [62-710.600(2)(c)]	Y	N
3.	Does the facility maintain insurance or financial assurance of \$100,000 combined single limit? [62-710.600(2)(d)]	Y	N
4.	Is the facility registration form and ID number displayed? [62-710.500(4)]	YY	N

Facility: How Environmental Servie,
Date: September 17, 1999

Transfer Facility Standards -- 279.45

	Does the transporter store used oil at any transportation related facility (including parking lots) for more than 24 hours and not longer than 35 days during the normal course of transport? Transfer facilities storing used oil more than 35 days must comply with 279 Subpart F	N/A	Y	N
	Is the transfer facility registered per 62-710.500(1)(a) F. A. C.?		Y	N
2.	Does the transporter determine whether used oil stored at a transfer facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm?		Y	N
	Is this done by testing?		Y	N
	Is this done by process knowledge? Describe basis in narrative.		Y	N
	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determination kept for 3 years? [279.44(d)]		Y <u>/</u>	N
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?		Y	N
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?		Y	N_ <u>/</u>
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe in narrative.	N/A	Y	N
4.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)		Y	N
5.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 F. A. C. rules? (Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)		Y <u>/</u>	N
	Is secondary containment provided and adequate?		Y	N
6.	Are containers, and tank trailers in good condition and not leaking?		YY	N
7.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum? Beiggs core and per consent	~	Y	N
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?		Y	N_\
8.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil?		YY	N
9.	Are used oil filters stored more than 10 days?			
	If so, is the facility a registered used oil filter transfer facility? [62-710.850]	N/A	YY	N
10.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable?	ng	Y	N

USED OIL PROCESSOR CHECKLIST

Fac	cility Name: HOW (O Environmental Service Date: Septemb	ec 17, 1999				
	cility Representative: Mr. Dave Rochm Facility ID: FLO I	•				
Ins	Inspector: Rendall Strauss & Simone Core. Registration # 59-261 3500					
	40 CFR 279 Subpart F Processor Standards					
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? (279.50(a))	YN				
	Transporter or burner processing incidental to normal course of operations?	YN				
	Processors who also generate, transport, market, dispose or burn used oil mapplicable Subparts of Part 279.	ust comply with the				
2.	Does the processor have an EPA ID Number? (279.51(a))	YN				
3.	Is the processor Registered? (62-710.500(1)(b))	YN				
4.	Does the processor have a general permit? 62-710.800(1))	YN				
5.	For new facilities, was the notification of intent to use the general permit submitted 30 days prior to beginning operation? For existing facilities, was "the notification for renewal submitted 30 days prior to expiration of the general permit?(62-710.800(2))	YN				
	Oil Filter Processing Standards 62-710.850 F.A.C.					
1.	Does the facility process used oil filters by removing oil, draining, crushing or element separation? Describe in narrative. Generators who process their own filters are not regulated provided the filters are not disposed of in a landfill but are managed by a registered processor.	YN				
	Is the facility a registered used oil filter processor? (62-710.850)	YN				
2.	Are the filters stored in above ground containers which are: (62-710.850(6))					
3.	In good condition? Closed or otherwise protected from weather? Labeled "Used Oil Filters"? Stored on an oil impervious surface? The process of the percent order. Are records maintained on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent that	Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N				
	include: (62-710.850(5)(a))	V / N				
	Destination or end use of the processed filters?	YN				
	Name and street address of each destination or end user? Are capies kept at the facility's street address for 3 years? (63.710.850(5)(b))	1N				
	Are copies kept at the facility's street address for 3 years? (62-710.850(5)(b))) 1IN				
4.	Is an Annual Report submitted by March 1 for the previous calendar year summarizing the above records? (62-710.850(5)(c))	YN				

Facility Name: wo Environmental Savie,
Date: September 17, 1999

Oil Management Standards - 279.54

1.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)	YN
2.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 F. A. C. rules? (Applicable to USTs over 100 g and ASTs over 550 gallons. Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)	Y
	Is secondary containment consisting of a floor and dike which are impervious to oil provided for ASTs? Applies to all ASTs regardless of size per 279.54(d & e)	YN
3.	Are containers and tanks in good condition and not leaking? (279.54(b))	YN
4.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum? (279.54(c)) 13e - addressed	YNY
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?	YN
5.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil? (279.54(f))	YN
6.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable? (279.54(g))	YN
	General Facility Standards - 279.52	
1.	Is the facility maintained and operated to prevent a fire, explosion or planned or unplanned release of used oil to the air, soil, or water which could threaten human health or the environment? (279.52(a)(1))	YN
2.	Does the facility have an internal communication or alarm system capable of giving immediate emergency instruction to facility personnel?(279.52(a))	YN
3.	Is there a telephone, alarm, 2-way radio or other device at the scene of operations immediately available and capable of summoning assistance from local fire departments? (279.52(a)(2)(ii))	YN
	Is there immediate access to this equipment by all personnel who are engage in pouring, mixing, spreading or otherwise handled, either directly or by voice or visual contact with another employee? (279.52(a)(4))	ed YN
4.	Describe fire control equipment. Is it adequate? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
5.	Is spill control and decontamination equipment present? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
6.	If sprinklers, water hoses or foam producing equipment is part of the facility fire control equipment, is water available at adequate volume and pressure? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
7.	Is the emergency equipment inspected and tested periodically?	y V N

Facility Name: 1 wro Environmental Services
Date: Se etember 17, 1999

8.	Is there adequate aisle space to allow unobstructed movement of personnel and emergency equipment to any area of the facility with needed? (279.52(a)(5i))		YN
9.	Has the facility made emergency response arrangements with the following: (279.52(a)(6))	Э	
	Fire Department: St. Potersburg		YN
	Police: St. Petersbury		YN
	Hospital: Bayfront Medical Centre		YN
	Emergency Response Contractor: Facility is ER (on	tractor	YN
10.	If not, has the facility attempted to do so and is the refusal docum	ented?	YN
	Contingency Plans and Emergency Respons	se 279.52	?(b)
1.	Does the facility have a contingency plan?		YN
2.	Is it at the facility and easily available?		YN
3.	Does the plan include:		
	Fire Response Procedure: (compare to 279.52(b)(6))	N/A	YN
	Spill Response Procedures: "	N/A	YN
	Explosion Response Procedures: "	N/A	YN
	Instructions for handling contaminated materials & residues		Y
	A description of arrangements with local authorities:	N/A	y V N
	Emergency Coordinators: (Name) 71m Morcis		YVN
	Addresses and telephone numbers of Emergency Coordinators:	-	Y 🗸 N
	Emergency equipment list:		Y 🗸 N
	Specifications and capabilities of emergency equipment:		y V N
	Locations of emergency equipment:		YN
	An evacuation plan and routes:		Y 🗸 N
	Evacuation/alarm signals:		Y 🗸 N
	External reporting procedures:		YN
	Internal recordkeeping requirements:		YN
4.	Is the plan up to date, with no changes to the list of emergency elist of emergency coordinators, applicable regulations or continge failures since the last revision? (279.52(b)(4))		YN
5.	Has the plan been distributed to the local police, fire department, and hospital? <u>Circle omitted authorities.</u> (279.52(b)(3))	ERT	YN
6.	Is the emergency coordinator authorized to commit funds for inci	dent respor	nse?Y_ <u>1/</u> N
7.	Has the processor noted in the operating record any incidents re implementation of the contingency plan? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	quiring	YN
9.	Were written reports made within 15 days to the DEP? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	YN

Rev. 09/23/99

Facility Name: 1 W(0 En uranmental Sorvers)
Date: September 17, 1999

Rebuttable Presumption and Analysis Plan -- 279.53, 279.55

1.	Does the processor have a written analysis plan to determine whether used oil stored at the facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm and whether the facility's used oil fuel meets the used oil specification? (279.55)(a))	YN
2.	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by testing?	YN
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(a)(2))	
	Sampling methods?	YN
	Frequency of sampling?	YN
	Analytical Methods?	YN
	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by process knowledge? .	YN
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(a)(3))	YN
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?	YN
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?	YN
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe basis for presumption rebuttal in narrative. (ex. analysis, refrigerant oil, etc.) N/A	_YN
4.	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by testing?	
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(b)(2))	_
	Sampling methods?	YN
	Whether the oil will be tested before or after processing?	YN
	Frequency of sampling?	YN
	Analytical Methods?	YN
	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by process knowledge?	YN/
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(b)(3))	YN
5.	Are all oil processing residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock? (279.59) N/A	YN
	If not, has the processor conducted a hazardous waste determination? (279.10(e)) N/A	YN
6.	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determinations kept for 3 years? (279.57(a)(2)(i))	Y

Facility Name: 1 200 Environmental Services
Date: September 17,1919

Recordkeeping and Reporting -- 279.57, 62-710.510-520 F.A.C.

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: (279.56(a))	
	Name & address of the generator or off site source of the used oil?	Y N
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	Y N
	Name & Address of the transporter delivering the oil to the facility?	Y N
	EPA ID # of the transporter delivering the oil	Y N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	Y N
	Type of oil received (62-710.510(1)(c))	Y N
	Date of shipment?	Y N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: (279.56(b), also check marketer require	ements)
	Name & Address of receiving facility? (burner, processor or disposal site)	Y N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility?	Y_V N
	Name & Address of transporter delivering the oil?	Y N
	EPA ID # of transporter?	Y N
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y N
	End Use of the oil? (62-710.510(1)(e))	Y N
	Date of delivery?	Y N
3.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent? (62-710.501(1))	YN
4.	Does the facility submit an annual report by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? (62-710.520)	YN
	If not, is the facility an electric utility processing only self generated used oil for recycling, which is exempt from state registration and reporting requirements? (62-710.530)?	YN
5.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? (62-710.510(2))	YN
	Closure 62-710.800(3) F.A.C. and 279.54(h)	
1.	Has the facility submitted a written closure plan? (62-710.800(3)(a))	YN
2.	Does the plan include procedures for removing containers of oil and residues?	YN
	Cleaning and decontaminating tanks and ancillary equipment?	YN
	Removing contaminated soils?	YN
	Eliminating the need for further maintenance?	YN
	•	

If the facility operated tank systems, and not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed, the owner or operator must close the facility as a hazardous waste landfill.

USED OIL MARKETER CHECKLIST

Fac	ility Name: How co Environmental Services Di	ate: Septem	ber 1	7, 1999
Fac	ility Representative: Mr. Dave Roehm Fa	acility ID #:FL	D 152	764767
Insp	simone core	egistration #_ <u></u>	59-261	3500
	40 CFR 279 Subpart H Markete	r Standards		
1.	Does the facility direct shipments of off-specification used oil to used oil burners? (except processors who burn incidentally)	`	/N_	<u>/</u>
	Or does the facility first claim that used oil that is to be burned fenergy recovery meets the used oil fuel specification	or	/N_	
2.	Check other Subparts the marketer complys with. (Must compl	y with at least o	ne and hav	re EPA ID #)
	C - Generator/E - Transporter/F - Proces			
3.	Is the facility registered? (62-710.500(1)(c)))N/A	(Utility)	′N_	
4.	Does the marketer only send off specification oil to burners with Numbers (279.71(a))	EPA ID N/A	γ ' N_	
	And approved Industrial Furnaces or Boilers(279.71(b))	•	YN_	
5.	Does the marketer claim the used oil meets the specification by	analysis?	YN_	
	Or by obtaining copies of generator performed analyses? (279.	72(a))	YN_	<u> </u>
6.	Does the marketer have copies of written and signed certification oil burners to which he has directed shipments stating that the based of the statement of the	ons from all off ourner: (279.75)	specificatio) N/A/_	<u> </u>
	Has notified EPA of its used oil management activities?	•	YN_	
	Will only burn off spec oil in an approved device?	•	YN_	
7.	Do Off specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(a))	1	V/A	
	Name & Address of transporter delivering oil? EPA ID # of transporter? Name & Address of receiving burner? EPA ID # of receiving burner? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?			N N N N N
8.	Do on specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(b))	ī	N/A	
	Name & Address of receiving facility? Cross reference to analysis or other information used to determine the oil meets the specification? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?	Y mine that Y Y		N N N
9.	Does the marketer keep copies of records for three years? (279	9.72(b))	YN_	
10.	Does the facility maintiain records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) type of oil and destination or end use?	, including	y_ ✓N_	
11.	Does the facility submit annual reports by March 1?	•	YN_	



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

SITE INSPECTION REPORT

OWNER/OPERATOR:

Mr. David J. Roehm (HOWCO)

MAILING ADDRESS:

3701 Central Ave.

St. Petersburg, Fl. 33713

INSPECTION

NAME OF SITE:

HOWCO Used Oil Processing Facility

DATE: June 3, 1999

SITE ADDRESS:

CITY:

same as above

St. Petersburg, Fl.

PERMIT NO: pending

REASON FOR VISIT:

• ,	COMPLIANCE INSPECTION		X
•	PERMITTING INSPECTION	:	<u>X</u> .
	COMPLAINT INVESTIGATION		

PERSONS PRESENT:

Susan Pelz, Al Gephart (FDEP), David Roehm, Tim Hagan (HOWCO)

SUMMARY REPORT: The purpose of this site visit was to assess the activities at the site with respect to the applicability of solid waste permitting.

Mr. Roehm and Mr. Hagan accompanied us throughout the site inspection. (See Site Inspection Report dated January 9, 1998 for general description of the site.)

We observed the ongoing modifications to the used oil processing facility. Several tanks were being elevated to allow for better housekeeping, and a secondary containment structure was being built around the tanks.

We proceeded to the south part of the facility where we observed the filter crushing operation, and the drum crusher. Mr. Hagan indicated that the drum crusher would be used to crush oily wastes such as booms and pads. After additional discussion, it was concluded that the only "absorbent materials" which are proposed to be crushed in the drum crusher are booms and pads (i.e. not granular absorbents). I indicated that this information needs to be clarified in the Solid Waste Processing portion (Section 5) of the used oil processing facility permit application, and that the Department would probably want to see a demonstration of this proposed activity prior to authorizing it in the permit.

We then went to the southwest corner of the site. We observed several drums, a roll-off with one side cut out, the cone separator tank, the "oily waste batch treatment tank," and one other (vertical) tank. Upon inspection, the majority of the drums were labeled "used oil" or "oil filters." However, one drum was labeled "sludge" and "trash." I opened this drum and it contained a bag of trash, several oil containers and what appeared to be an oily sludge. We discussed the operation of the "oily solids batch treatment tank" (OSBTT) with respect to the materials found in this drum.

"Protect, Conserve and Manage Florida's Environment and Natural Resources"



Permit no.: none

Page 2

The OSBTT has a 4-6 inch infeed pipe which will be fed by a vac truck suction line. The materials are "blown" into the tank which is an inclined horizontal tank. The incline reportedly will allow the oily liquids to rise to the top and be removed for processing in or at the used oil processing facility, while the solids accumulated at the bottom are discharged by "rapping" the tank, through a 12-inch pipe into a roll-off for offsite disposal. It did not appear that this system could physically accommodate the bag of trash and oil containers (which were greater than 4-6 inch diameter) which were discovered in the drum. We discussed this at great length, and it was concluded that bags of "trash" and other large debris would not be placed in the OSBTT, but would be removed from the drums before processing in the OSBTT. At the conclusion of the site visit we discussed this issue again, and I indicated that "trash" or other materials which cannot (or will not) be processed trough the used oil processing facility shall not be accepted at the facility. The Department recognizes that small quantities of incidental solid wastes may be received, but the facility shall not accept materials which are clearly "trash" or other solid wastes without a solid waste permit. Another issue concerning the OSBTT was that the discharge pipe extends beyond the secondary containment wall. Al indicated that he would discuss this with Randy Strauss of our office.

Mr. Hagan then inquired about the possibility of processing used absorbents in a screened hopper. He proposed to place the used absorbents in the hopper and add water to release the oil for processing, and then combine the remaining solids with the other solids produced from the used oil processing. I indicated that as long as the materials are processed in the used oil processing facility (i.e. used oil is recovered from them) and are therefore covered under the used oil permit, a solid waste permit would not be required. However, I did express my skepticism about the feasibility of adding water to absorbents (such as "kitty litter") to release an insignificant quantity of oil, and then having to "dry" these materials out again to allow for landfill acceptance. I indicated that the Department would probably want to see a demonstration of this proposed activity prior to authorizing it in the permit.

We concluded our inspection in the office at the site. We again discussed the activities which would require a solid waste permit. Although Mr. Hagan proposed to manage "petroleum contaminated" wastes at the site, Al pointed out that only <u>used oil</u> contaminated wastes are allowed to be managed in the used oil processing facility. The management of wastes which are contaminated with petroleum products other than used oil will not be authorized by the used oil processing facility permit, and will require a solid waste permit. Additionally, the management of used oil contaminated materials which cannot or will not be processed to remove the used oil will not be authorized by the used oil processing facility permit, and will require a separate solid waste permit.

RECOMMENDATIONS: With the exception of the one drum with "trash" and sludge, the facility did not appear to have unauthorized solid wastes at the time of our visit. The facility operator should continue to accept only used oil, oil filters and used oil contaminated materials from which used oil can or will be recovered. Management of any other material is not authorized, at this time.

FDEP REPRESENTATIVE:

cc:

Susan J. Pelz, P.E. Solid Waste Section

Date Mailed to Facility

Deb Bush, Pinellas County, 3095 - 114th Ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fl. 33716

Al Gephart/Roger Evans, RCRA- FDEP Tampa

Randy Strauss, RCRA-FDEP Tampa

Robert Butera, P.E., Solid Waste- FDEP Tampa



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

June 24, 1999

Mr. Tim Hagan Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Ave. St. Petersburg, FL 33713

Re:

Howco Environmental Services

EPA ID# FLD 152 764 767

843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL

Dear Mr. Hagan:

Thank you for your assistance during the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) compliance inspection conducted of the above facility on September 29, 1998. Enclosed is the inspection report generated from this visit. The violations that are cited in the report are addressed in the Consent Order (OGC #97-2190) that you recently entered into with the Department. As described in Section 11 of the report, Howco will be considered to be in compliance with respect to these citations, provided you maintain compliance with the terms of the Consent Order.

If you have any questions, please call me at (813)744-6100, extension 387.

Sincerely,

Randall H. Strauss

Environmental Specialist II

Division of Waste Management

cc: Susan Pelz, SWD Solid Waste Morgan Leibrandt, HWR Charlie Ryburn, Pinellas Co. DEM Ernest Roggelin, Pinellas Co. DOH



Jeb Bush Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

ι.	INSPECTION TYPE: _	X Routine	Complaint	Permitting	Follow-U	pPre-Arranged
	FACILITY NAME	Howco Envi	ronmental Ser	vices	_ EPA ID#	FLD 152 764 767
	STREET ADDRESS	843 43rd Str	eet South, St. 1	Petersburg, FL	33711	
	MAILING ADDRESS	3701 Central	Ave., St. Pete	rsburg, FL 337	13	
	COUNTY Pinellas	PHONE	727/327-8	467 DATE	9/29/98	TIME 9:00 a.m.
	Transporter Transfer Facility Interim Status TSD TSD Facility Unit Type(s): Exempt Treatment I	mo.) g/mo.) Facility		Non Handler CESQG (<10 SQG (100-10 Generator (>1 Transporter Transfer Faci Interim Status TSD Facility Unit Type(s): Exempt Treat	0 kg/mo.) 00 kg/mo.) 1000 kg/mo.) lity s TSD Facility	
2.	X Used Oil: APPLICABLE REGUL 40 CFR 261.5 40 CFR 265 X 40 CFR 279	NAME				
3.				02-737,1 AC	<u> </u>	40, I AC
•	Tim Hagan, Owner		John	Lurie, Chief Fin	nancial Office	er
1.	INSPECTION PARTIC	CIPANTS:				
	Tim Hagan & John Luri	e, Howco	Ranc	all Strauss & Ra	ay Magsanoc,	FDEP
5.	LATITUDE/LONGITU	U DE 27°	54' 00" 82° 1	38' 11"		
5.	SIC Code: 2999, 4953					
7.	TYPE OF OWNERSH	IP: <u>Private</u>	Federal	State Cour	nty Munic	cipal
3.	PERMIT #: N/A	ISSUE DA	TE: EX	P. DATE:		

9. Facility Description:

Howco is a used oil transporter, processor and marketer. The facility also picks-up used oil filters, used anti-freeze, non-hazardous solid waste, industrial wastewater, and petroleum contact water (PCW) for processing and disposal. All oil is processed and marketed as "on-spec" to various burners, primarily asphalt plants. The ultimate disposal of other waste is either through a permitted discharge to the St. Petersburg POTW or to off-site disposal facilities. The business operates about six recovery trucks out of this location for used oil pick-up and other waste pumping services, e.g., from oil/water separators, car and truck wash pits and trenches, etc. Oil and waste from recovery trucks that service the Ft. Myers area are also processed and/or disposed at this facility. In addition, excess volume from a used oil transfer facility that Howco owns in Ocala is transported to this location for processing. The facility operates a chemical analytical laboratory that performs analyses supporting their own processing operations, and also provides analytical services for a fee, primarily for customer used oil and solid waste characterizations. The facility was last inspected by the Department for compliance with waste management requirements in October 1996.

The physical description of the used oil and wastewater processing plants is the same as from previous inspections, with the exception of containment area #2, where Tanks #121 through #129 were previously located. At the time of inspection, the secondary containment for this area was being upgraded. The tanks had been temporarily removed from the north half of the containment and half of a new concrete block and slab containment structure has been constructed. The next step planned at the time of inspection was to reinstall the storage tanks in the upgraded portion of the containment and place them back in service. Then the tanks will be removed from the south half of the area so the remaining portion of the containment can be completed and joined with the north half. Tim Hagan, the facility owner, estimated this area would be completed by the end of the year. The next planned upgrade will be steam cleaning, repairing cracks and coating the containment area for the oil processing plant, followed by the containment areas for the wastewater treatment plant. Mr. Hagan was unsure when the other upgrades would be completed, other than to say it would be before the end of 1999. The failure to complete the upgrade of these containment areas to be impervious are continuing violations of 40 CFR 279.54(d), which was cited as a result of the October 1996 inspection. In addition, there are two other tanks and a container that have not been provided with any form of secondary containment: a 3000-gallon tank which stores used oil generated from a filter crushing operation, a roll-off containing crushed oil filters and used oil, and a cone separator tank used to separate used oil from waste sludge violations of 40 CFR 279.54(c) & (d). At the time of inspection, a process tank for the separation of used oil from waste sludge was being fabricated, but was not yet completed and in service. This tank should not be put in service unless it is provided with secondary containment meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 279.54(d) and 62-762.500(6), F.A.C.

A processing change that has been made since the prior inspection is the discontinuation of the use of a distillation flash tower as part of the oil processing. Mr. Hagan said that this process was done only to remove light ends from the processed oil to meet a specification of the phosphate industry for oil used in beneficiation. He said that Howco discontinued selling oil to the phosphate industry for use in beneficiation at least a year ago, so the procedure has not been necessary.

There are several runs of underground piping at the facility including between the truck wash sump and a tank in the wastewater containment area, between the oil and wastewater plants, and from the wastewater plant to a sludge storage tank that feeds a filter press. This piping typically is used to convey used oil or mixtures of used oil and water. There are no records of monthly leak detection monitoring performed in accordance with 62-762.600, F.A.C., on this piping, a violation of 62.710.800(5), F.A.C. The piping is reported to be of steel construction with a slightly greater than 3" internal diameter(ID), and if so meets the new definition of "bulk product piping" of 62-761, F.A.C.

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Mr. Hagan reported that the exact ID of the piping was determined by asking his supplier for the specification of the standard 3" steel piping that the facility normally purchases. However, there is no documentation that this is the actual piping installed, as there are no records or drawings related to the installations, and facility personnel are not sure when the various piping runs were installed. Some type of verifiable documentation should be developed if the facility desires to comply with bulk product piping standards.

An open trench collects drainage of stormwater and used oil from several tanks and process operations located on a pad along the southern perimeter of the facility. The trench was in use to convey used oil and oily wastewater from the following tanks and operations at the time of inspection: 1) used oil was draining into the trench through a hose from a roll-off containing crushed oil filters, 2) oily wastewater was draining into the trench from the filter press, 3) oily wastewater was draining through a hose to the trench from a drum-washing rack. Liquids in the trench drain to a collection sump and from there are pumped through an underground pipe to a tank located in the wastewater containment area in which oil/water gravity separation takes place, which is followed by further processing of the separated phases. There are no records, nor is a method provided, for monthly leak detection monitoring performed on the trench, an additional violation of 62-710.800(5), F.A.C. Howco has maintained in the past that the drainage trench and sump system provides secondary containment for the storage tanks and processes located on the pad that drains to the system. However, since the trench and sump system is routinely used for the conveyance of wastes, it can not simultaneously function as secondary containment.

The used oil filter crushing operation has been modified from the description in the previous report, so that filters are managed in containers throughout the entire process. Mr. Hagan estimated that about 20,000 pounds a week of crushed scrap steel filters are sent to U.S. Foundry, Medley, FL. It was also reported that the bulk solid waste/soil pile operation is in the process of being modified. An additional process is being added to thermally treat and separate used oil from waste sludge in a heated process tank. This is to be used in conjunction with the existing cone sludge separator for the management of oil-containing sludge. The recovered oil from these two operations will be routed to the oil processing plant. The remaining solid waste sludge and residues will be mixed with clean soil, which acts as an absorbent, within the confines of a waste roll-off that has been modified for better access by cutting-out one side of the container. The mixture will be placed in a covered roll-off for storage prior to disposal off-site. Waste materials received from off-site that will be managed in this manner include oilabsorbent pads and booms, oil/water separator sludge; sludge from the clean-out of sumps and trenches from automotive repair businesses, truck and car washes, and stormwater treatment and control structures; and other non-hazardous sludge, or sludge that contains recoverable oil. In addition, several solid waste streams generated by the facility are managed and disposed in this manner. These include vibratory screen filter solids, filter press sludge, used absorbent pads and booms, and spent sand and carbon from wastewater treatment filters. Howco reported that it changes-out the sand and carbon filters about once a year, but has never performed a hazardous waste determination on these materials, a repeat violation from the October 1996 inspection of 40 CFR 262.11.

At the time of inspection, there was an estimated 10 cubic yard pile of soil covered with a tarp located on the pad in the southwest corner of the facility. Mr. Hagan reported that it was clean soil that would be used for mixing with sludge residues, as described above. He reported that no waste sludge/soil mixture was stored on-site at the time. He said that any mixing would be done in the modified roll-off and then transferred to the covered roll-off for storage prior to disposal off-site. Recently this waste has been disposed to Chambers Waste Systems, Okeechobee, and also in the past to Geologic Recovery Systems, Mulberry. Receipts indicate that over the past year disposal of this waste to Chambers has ranged from about 60 to 90 tons per month (~3 to 4 semi-trailers). Shipments to Chambers were transported by People Automotive & Truck, Inc., St. Petersburg, on the following dates in the amounts

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indicated: 2/11/98, 82 tons; 3/13/98, 59.6 tons; 3/25/98, 87 tons; 4/30/98, 92 tons. There are no waste analyses available for these shipments, a violation of 40 CFR 262.11.

Records were reviewed for shipment of material to Geologic Systems identified as "petroleum contaminated soil." Although specific loads of this material have been analyzed in the past, there are no analyses available for the following shipments transported by Mega Force Construction, Clearwater, which are identified as "petroleum contaminated soil": 7/31/96, 249.6 tons; 9/9/96, 183.7 tons; 11/12/96, 85.4 tons; 1/28/97, 260.6 tons; 3/19/97, 218.1 tons. There is no way of determining whether this material actually meets the Chapter 62-775, F.A.C., definition of "petroleum contaminated soil," because there is no documentation establishing the original generators or the waste included in each load, a violation of 40 CFR 262.11.

Processed oil is all certified by Howco to be "on-spec." The oil is marketed as fuel primarily to asphalt plants including Harper Brothers Plant #4, Ft. Myers; Couch Construction plants in Tampa, Odessa and Clearwater; and Ajax Paving Plants in Palmetto and Punta Gorda. Analytical results were available for outgoing oil, which is sampled and analyzed as described in the previous inspection report. A revised sampling methodology for outgoing oil will be specified in the analysis plan of Howco's Used Oil Processor Permit, which is currently under review by DEP Southwest District permit engineers.

Used anti-freeze is collected and stored in Tank #170, an approximate 10,000-gallon tank located in the oil processing containment area. Howco has been dealing through a broker since April 1998, American Chemical Exchange, Pasadena, CA, who arranges for recycling of the anti-freeze. Up to the time of inspection, about 31,000 gallons had been sent for recovery of glycol to U.S. Filter, Rockville, VA. Anti-freeze that is not acceptable for reclaim due to low glycol value is either treated in Howco's wastewater plant, or sent for disposal to Cliff Berry, Ft. Lauderdale, FL. Howco states that only non-hazardous anti-freeze is picked-up and all used anti-freeze customers are required to have a waste determination on file that is renewed annually.

Industrial wastewater and PCW is treated by lime, chemical oxidation, air stripping and carbon filtration prior to discharge to the St. Petersburg POTW. The facility maintains an industrial pretreatment permit with the city and is regularly inspected by the pre-treatment program.

The following out-of service tanker trailers were stored at the facility: Nos 301, 302, 333, 906 and a 12,000-gal unlabeled trailer. All were empty and Mr. Hagan was advised that they must be provided with secondary containment if used to store used oil.

Driver training and tank inspection records appear well maintained and complete. The 1997 and 1998 Used Oil Annual Reports incorrectly list the disposition of outgoing oil as "Marketed for an industrial process," rather than the correct designation, "Marketed as an on-specification used oil fuel."

10. Summary of Alleged Violations:

40 CFR 262.11	Failure to determine if solid waste meets the definition of hazardous waste.
40 CFR 279.54(c)	Failure to provide impervious secondary containment for used oil containers.
40 CFR 279.54(d)	Failure to provide impervious secondary containment for used oil tanks.
62-710.800(5), F.A.C.	Failure to maintain release detection monitoring records for used oil piping.

11. Recommended Corrective Actions:

The Department entered into a Consent Order with Howco that was executed June 16, 1999, which addresses the alleged violations cited in this report. All actions that are required of Howco to correct the alleged violations have been incorporated into the Consent Order. Howco will be considered in compliance with respect to these citations providing it complies with the terms of the Consent Order.

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Randall H. Štrauss

Environmental Specialist II

Approved:

Elizabeth B. Knauss

Environmental Manager

USED OIL TRANSPORTER CHECKLIST

Fa	cility Name: Howco Environmental Services Date: 5	gotem b	er 29,	1998
Fa	cility Representative: 7im Hagan Facility ID	# FLD 1	5276	4 767
Ins	spector: R. Sfrauss			
	,			
	40 CFR 279 Subpart E Transporter Sta	ndards		
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? [279.40(a)]		Y	N_
	On site transport?			
	Generator transporting < 55 g /time to a collection center?			
	Transporter of < 55 g /time from generator to aggregation point owned by same generator?			
2.	If the transporter also transports hazardous waste in the same trucks as are used to transport used oil, are the vehicles emptied per 261.7 after HW shipments? (If not, the used oil must be managed as hazardous)	NA	CY	N
3.	Does the transporter process used oil incidental to transport? [279.41]		Y	N_
	Are any residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock?	N/A	Y	N
	If not, has the transporter conducted a hazardous waste determination? [279.10(e)]	N/A	Y	N
4.	Has the facility notified of used oil activities? Check EPA form 8700-12.		Y	N
5.	Does the transporter only deliver used oil to other transporters, oil processors, off specification used oil burners with EPA ID Numbers, or to on-specification oil burners? [279.43(a)]		Y	N
6.	Does the transporter comply with DOT requirements? [279.43(b)]		YY	N
7.	If any oil is discharged during transport, does the transporter: [279.43(c)]			
	Notify National Response Center and State Warning Point and Coast Guard per 33 CFR 153.203, as applicable?		Y	N
	Report to DOT in writing per 49 CFR 171.16?		Y	/N
	Clean up any discharges until the discharge poses no threat?		Y	N
8.	Does the facility also transport used oil filters?		YY	N
	If so, are the filters stored in above ground containers which are: [62-710]).850(6)]	_	
	In good condition?		Y 1/	N
	Closed or otherwise protected from weather?		Y	N
	Labeled "Used Oil Filters"?		Y	N
	Stored on an oil impervious surface?		Y	N_V_

Facility: Howco & nonmental Services
Date: September 29, 1998

Transporter Recordkeeping -- 279.46

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: [279.46(a)]	
	Name & Address of facility providing the oil for transport?	YN
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	Y N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	Y N
	Date of shipment?	Y N
	Signature of oil provider, dated upon receipt?	Y N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: [279.46(b)]	
	Name & Address of receiving facility or transporter?	Y N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility or transporter?	YN
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y N
	Date of delivery?	YN
	Signature of oil receiver, dated upon receipt?	Y N
3.	Do the above records also include state required information on the type of oil and destination or end use? [62-710.510(1)(c & e)]	YN
4.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-701.900(13) or equivalent? [62-710.510(1)]	Y_ i N
5.	Does the facility submit an annual report on DEP Form 62-701.900(14) by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? [62-710.510(5)]	Y_ 1 N
	If not, is the facility a generator who transport only their own used oil generated at their own non-contiguous operations to their own central collection facility for storag prior to having their used oil picked up by a certified used oil transporter.? [62-710.510(3)]	e Y N
_		
7.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? [62-710.510(4)]	YN
8.	Does the transporter sell to burners or claim that any oil meets the specification? If so, complete the USED OIL MARKETER checklist.	YN
	Transporter Certification 62-710 F.A.C.	
1.	Is the transporter certified? (local governments, and < 55g/time transporters are exempt) [62-710.600]	YN
2.	Does the facility maintain training records? [62-710.600(2)(c)]	Y N
3.	Does the facility maintain insurance or financial assurance of \$100,000 combined single limit? [62-710.600(2)(d)]	YN
4.	Is the facility registration form and ID number displayed? [62-710.500(4)]	YN

Facility: Howco E viron rental Services

Date: 5 optember 29, 1998

Transfer Facility Standards -- 279.45

1	(including parking lots) for more than 24 hours and not longer than 35 days during the normal course of transport? Transfer facilities storing used oil more than 35 days must comply with 279 Subpart F	N/A	Y	,N
	Is the transfer facility registered per 62-710.500(1)(a) F. A. C.?		YY	N
2.	Does the transporter determine whether used oil stored at a transfer facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm?		Y	N
	Is this done by testing?		Y	N
	Is this done by process knowledge? Describe basis in narrative.		Y	N
	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determination kept for 3 years? [279.44(d)]		Y	N
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?		Y	N_
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?		Y	N
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe in narrative.	N/A	Y	N
4.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)		Y	N
5.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 F. A. C. rules? (Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)		Y	N_
	Is secondary containment provided and adequate?		Y	N_
6.	Are containers, and tank trailers in good condition and not leaking?		Y	N
7.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum?		Y	N
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?		Y	N_
8.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil?		Y	N
9.	Are used oil filters stored more than 10 days?			_
	If so, is the facility a registered used oil filter transfer facility? [62-710.850] N/A	Y	N
10.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repair or replacing any leaking units as applicable?	ing	YY	N

USED OIL PROCESSOR CHECKLIST

Fa	cility Name: Howco Environmental Services	Data: Soutan her	79 1998
Fa	cility Representative: Tim Hasan	Date: Saffan her Facility ID: FID 15	2 764 767
Inc	pector: R. Strass	Registration #	
1115	pector/(E)///	negistration #	
	40 CFR 279 Subpart F P	rocessor Standards	
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? (27	9.50(a))	YN
	Transporter or burner processing incidental to normal	al course of operations?	YN
	Processors who also generate, transport, market, disapplicable Subparts of Part 279.	spose or burn used oil m	nust comply with the
2.	Does the processor have an EPA ID Number? (279.	51(a))	YN
3.	Is the processor Registered? (62-710.500(1)(b))		Y
4. 5.	Does the processor have a general permit? 62-710. **Pro Cessor Fermit** For new facilities, was the notification of intent to use	800(1)) Touriou	YN/
Э.	submitted 30 days prior to beginning operation? For the notification for renewal submitted 30 days prior to of the general permit?(62-710.800(2))	existing facilities, was "	YN
	Oil Filter Processing Standar	ds 62-710.850 F.A.C.	
1.	Does the facility process used oil filters by removing crushing or element separation? Describe in narration who process their own filters are not regulated provided is posed of in a landfill but are managed by a register	ve. Generators ded the filters are not	YN
	Is the facility a registered used oil filter processor? (6	62-710.850)	Y_ N
2.	Are the filters stored in above ground containers whi	ch are: (62-710.850(6))	
	In good condition?		YN
	Closed or otherwise protected from weather?		Y
	Labeled "Used Oil Filters"?		YN
	Stored on an oil impervious surface?		YN
3.	Are records maintained on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) include: (62-710.850(5)(a))	or equivalent that	/ .
	Destination or end use of the processed filters?		YN
	Name and street address of each destination or end	user?	YN
	Are copies kept at the facility's street address for 3 y	ears? (62-710.850(5)(b))YN
4.	Is an Annual Report submitted by March 1 for the prosummarizing the above records? (62-710.850(5)(c))	evious calendar year	Y/_N

Facility Name: 1: Co Environmental Sorviers
Date: Scotember 29, 1998

Oil Management Standards - 279.54

1.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)	YN
2.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 F. A. C. rules? (Applicable to USTs over 100 g and ASTs over 550 gallons. Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)	YN
	Is secondary containment consisting of a floor and dike which are impervious to oil provided for ASTs? Applies to all ASTs regardless of size per 279.54(d & e)	YN
3.	Are containers and tanks in good condition and not leaking? (279.54(b))	YN
4.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum? (279.54(c))	YN
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?	YN
5.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil? (279.54(f))	YN
6.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable? (279.54(g))	YN
	General Facility Standards - 279.52	
1.	Is the facility maintained and operated to prevent a fire, explosion or planned or unplanned release of used oil to the air, soil, or water which could threaten human health or the environment? (279.52(a)(1))	YN
2.	Does the facility have an internal communication or alarm system capable of giving immediate emergency instruction to facility personnel?(279.52(a))	YN
3.	Is there a telephone, alarm, 2-way radio or other device at the scene of operations immediately available and capable of summoning assistance from local fire departments? (279.52(a)(2)(ii))	YN
	Is there immediate access to this equipment by all personnel who are engage in pouring, mixing, spreading or otherwise handled, either directly or by voice or visual contact with another employee? (279.52(a)(4))	ed YN
4.	Describe fire control equipment. Is it adequate? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
5.	Is spill control and decontamination equipment present? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
6.	If sprinklers, water hoses or foam producing equipment is part of the facility fire control equipment, is water available at adequate volume and pressure? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
7.	Is the emergency equipment inspected and tested periodically? Frequency? an notation	YN

Facility Name: Hu - Co Environmental Services
Date: September 29, 1998

8.	Is there adequate aisle space to allow unobstructed movement of facility personnel and emergency equipment to any area of the facility where needed? (279.52(a)(5i))	YN
9.	Has the facility made emergency response arrangements with the following: (279.52(a)(6))	
	Fire Department St. Kdersburg	YN
	Police: Ste Petershorge	YN
	Hospital:	YN
	Emergency Response Contractor: facility 19 El Contractor	YN
10.	If not, has the facility attempted to do so and is the refusal documented?	YN
	Contingency Plans and Emergency Response 279.52	(b)
1.	Does the facility have a contingency plan?	YN
2.	Is it at the facility and easily available?	YN
3.	Does the plan include:	
	Fire Response Procedure: (compare to 279.52(b)(6)) N/A	YN
	Spill Response Procedures: " N/A	YN
	Explosion Response Procedures: " N/A	YN
	Instructions for handling contaminated materials & residues	YN
	A description of arrangements with local authorities: N/A	YN
	Emergency Coordinators: (Name)	YN
	Addresses and telephone numbers of Emergency Coordinators:	YN
	Emergency equipment list:	YN
	Specifications and capabilities of emergency equipment:	YN
	Locations of emergency equipment:	Y
	An evacuation plan and routes:	YN
	Evacuation/alarm signals:	YN
	External reporting procedures:	YVN
	Internal recordkeeping requirements:	YN
4.	Is the plan up to date, with no changes to the list of emergency equipment, list of emergency coordinators, applicable regulations or contingency plan failures since the last revision? (279.52(b)(4))	YN
5.	Has the plan been distributed to the local police, fire department, ERT and hospital? <u>Circle omitted authorities.</u> (279.52(b)(3))	YN
6.	Is the emergency coordinator authorized to commit funds for incident respon	se?YN
7.	Has the processor noted in the operating record any incidents requiring implementation of the contingency plan? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	YN
0	Ware written reports made within 15 days to the DED2 (270 52/h)/6\/iv\\	V NI

Facility Name: 10. is Environ with Services
Date: September 29, 1998

Rebuttable Presumption and Analysis Plan -- 279.53, 279.55

1.	Does the processor have a written analysis plan to determine whether used oil stored at the facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm and whether the facility's used oil fuel meets the used oil specification? (279.55)(a))	YN					
2.	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by testing?	YN					
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(a)(2))	/					
	Sampling methods?	YN					
	Frequency of sampling?	Y					
	Analytical Methods?	YN					
	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by process knowledge? .	YN					
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(a)(3))	YN					
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?	YN					
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?	YN					
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe basis for presumption rebuttal in narrative. (ex. analysis, refrigerant oil, etc.) N/A	YN					
4.	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by testing?						
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(b)(2))						
	Sampling methods?	YN					
	Whether the oil will be tested before or after processing?	YN					
	Frequency of sampling?	YN					
	Analytical Methods?	YN					
	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by process knowledge? Y_V_N						
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(b)(3))	YN					
5.	Are all oil processing residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock? (279.59) N/A	Y 1 N					
	If not, has the processor conducted a hazardous waste determination? (279.10(e)) N/A	YN_					
6.	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determinations kept for 3 years? (279.57(a)(2)(i))	YN					

Facility Name: funde Environmental Services
Date: Soptember 21, 1998

Recordkeeping and Reporting -- 279.57, 62-710.510-520 F.A.C.

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: (279.56(a))	
	Name & address of the generator or off site source of the used oil?	YN
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	YN
	Name & Address of the transporter delivering the oil to the facility?	YN
	EPA ID # of the transporter delivering the oil	Y N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	YN
	Type of oil received (62-710.510(1)(c))	Y
	Date of shipment?	Y N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: (279.56(b), also check marketer require	ements)
	Name & Address of receiving facility? (burner, processor or disposal site)	Y N
	EPA ID # of receiving facility?	YN
	Name & Address of transporter delivering the oil?	Y N
	EPA ID # of transporter?	Y_ V N
	Quantity of oil delivered?	Y N
	End Use of the oil? (62-710.510(1)(e))	YN
	Date of delivery?	Y N
3.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent? (62-710.501(1))	YN
4.	Does the facility submit an annual report by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? (62-710.520)	YN
	If not, is the facility an electric utility processing only self generated used oil for recycling, which is exempt from state registration and reporting requirements? (62-710.530)?	YN
5.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? (62-710.510(2))	YN
	Closure 62-710.800(3) F.A.C. and 279.54(h)	
1.	Has the facility submitted a written closure plan? (62-710.800(3)(a))	YN
2.	Does the plan include procedures for removing containers of oil and residues?	YN
	Cleaning and decontaminating tanks and ancillary equipment?	YN
	Removing contaminated soils?	YN
	Eliminating the need for further maintenance?	YN

If the facility operated tank systems, and not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed, the owner or operator must close the facility as a hazardous waste landfill.

	USED OIL MARKETER CH	ECKLIST		
Fac		Date: Septem	br 29	1998
Fac	cility Representative: 1 Hagan	=acility ID #: <u>F2</u>	D 1527	164 767
Ins	pector: Li Strewss	Registration #_		
	40 CFR 279 Subpart H Market	er Standards		
1.	Does the facility direct shipments of off-specification used oil to used oil burners? (except processors who burn incidentally)	0	YN	
	Or does the facility first claim that used oil that is to be burned energy recovery meets the used oil fuel specification	for	YN	
2.	Check other Subparts the marketer complys with. (Must comp		one and ha i - Burner	ve EPA ID #)
3.	Is the facility registered? (62-710.500(1)(c)))N/A		YN	
4.	Does the marketer only send off specification oil to burners with Numbers (279.71(a))	, 2,	, YN	
	And approved Industrial Furnaces or Boilers(279.71(b))		YN	
5.	Does the marketer claim the used oil meets the specification be	y analysis?	YN	/
	Or by obtaining copies of generator performed analyses? (27)	9.72(a))	YN	
6.	Does the marketer have copies of written and signed certificat oil burners to which he has directed shipments stating that the			on
	Has notified EPA of its used oil management activities?		YN	···
	Will only burn off spec oil in an approved device?		YN	
7.	Do Off specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(a))		N/A	
	Name & Address of transporter delivering oil? EPA ID # of transporter? Name & Address of receiving burner? EPA ID # of receiving burner? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?	•	Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N
8.	Do on specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(b))		N/A	-
	Name & Address of receiving facility? Cross reference to analysis or other information used to dete the oil meets the specification? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?		Y / Y / Y / Y / Y / Y / Y / Y / Y / Y /	N N N
9.	Does the marketer keep copies of records for three years? (27)	79.72(b))	YN_	
10.	Does the facility maintiain records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2 type of oil and destination or end use?	!), including	YN	<u>.</u>
11.	Does the facility submit annual reports by March 1?		Y_V_N	<u> </u>



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

June 10, 1999

Mr. Tim Hagan, President HOWCO Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

HOWCO Environmental Services, Inc., FLD 152 764 767 Permit Application 92465-HO06-001 (f.k.a. HO52-308139) Sixth Notice of Deficiency Warning Letter #225256

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible and to seek your cooperation in resolving this matter. The Department has completed its review of the above referenced application and determined that the information submitted on May 3 and May 11, 1999, in response to the Fifth Notice of Deficiency is not complete. The information needed to complete the application is itemized in Attachment I, the Sixth Notice of Deficiency.

Failure to submit a complete application constitutes a violation of 62-710.800(1), Florida Administrative Code (FAC). You are requested to contact Roger Evans at (813)744-6100, extension 388, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

In addition, when a permit application is incomplete, all processing of the application is suspended. You are hereby advised to provide the Department with two (2) copies of the necessary additional information within thirty (30) days of receipt of this letter, pursuant to 62-710.800, FAC and 403.0876, Florida Statutes (FS). In preparing a complete response to these comments, the Department recommends that the response be addressed in two sections. The first section should identify each comment and follow with the answer and discussion by the applicant. The next section should contain the revised pages of the application.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with 120.57(4), FS. If after further investigation the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and

HOWCO Environmental Servi Sixth Notice of Deficiency, Warning Letter #225256 Page 2

expenses. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) RCRA Civil Penalty Policy of 1990, the penalties that have been assessed in this case are \$4,599 as shown in Attachment II. Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100. If this matter cannot be resolved expeditiously, the Department will issue a Notice of Violation, begin the formal process to deny the permit pursuant to 120.60, FS, or take other appropriate actions. We look forward to your cooperation in the resolution of this matter.

Very Truly Yours

Richard D. Garrity, Ph.D.

Director of District Management

Southwest District

RDG/sct

Attachments

cc: Narindar Kumar, EPA Region IV

Satish Kastury, FDEP - Tallahassee

Compliance File

ATTACHMENT I

HOWCO Environmental Services Used Oil Processing Permit Application

Summary Of Issues:

Attachment 1. List of Drawings

Prior to the Department accepting the application, all drawings must be signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Florida. These may be construction or as-built drawings.

Your response to the 5th Notice of Deficiency (NOD) indicated that the title of drawing D-8-1 was consistent with the title in the Table of Contents. This is not the case. Please revise the titles to be consistent.

Your response to the 5th NOD indicated that you would provide a the full 16" x 16" FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Map (City of St. Petersburg, Florida; Pinellas County; Panel 21 of 28; Community Panel Number 125148-0021-B) with the plant site locator. To date, this has not been received by the Department. Please include this map with your response.

Attachment 3. Detailed Process Description

Item 3.12 As stated in the 5th NOD, the Department will <u>not</u> accept your response to this issue. The Department can require a waste determination on antifreeze (see the 3rd paragraph in, "Florida Fact Sheet On The Management Of Waste Antifreeze"). The Department policy does not require testing if the antifreeze is **recycled**. From past discussions with HOWCO, we understand that HOWCO puts the antifreeze in its industrial wastewater pretreatment plant or sends it off-site for disposal. The frequency of the waste determination of the antifreeze shall be once, initially, and each time there is a process change. Please revise the text accordingly.

Attachment 4. Sampling & Analysis Plan

Item 4.2 The Department does not accept the premise that the processed oil generated at HOWCO meets the on-specification criteria based on generator's knowledge.

It was the Department's understanding at the March 25, 1999, meeting that HOWCO would submit a Sampling and Analysis Plan addressing the on-spec determination of processed used oil. Your May 7, 1999, submittal contains no such Plan. The data provided does not demonstrate that the sampling frequency of batches of processed used oil should be once/month as stated in your May 7 letter.

HOWCO may either (1) agree to sampling every batch prior to shipment off-site, or (2), provide a Sampling and Analysis Plan that the Department can approve. The Plan shall include at a minimum the requirements listed below:

- Frequency of sampling: A procedure that randomly selects, each week, a batch (tank) for sampling. Repeating the random selection, if necessary, until a full tank (one that is tagged-out for shipment) is selected;

Attachment 4. Sampling & Analysis Plan (Continued)

- Identify the name of the laboratory performing each analyses, the analytical methods used and the detection limits;
- Record date, time, batch number and tank number for each sample taken;
- Submit a Quality Assurance Plan using USEPA SW-846, <u>Test Methods For Evaluating Solid Waste</u> and 62-160.600 F.A.C., <u>Quality Assurance</u>, as guidelines;
- All batches (tanks) sampled are to be analyzed for all of the constituents in 40 CFR 279.11, Table 1 and PCB;
- Provide a procedure for re-processing processed oil that has been sampled and found to be off-spec used oil.
- Item 4.2.1 The Department has noted your responses to the first three comments of Item 4.2.1, however, your response to the comment, "In the first paragraph, is one of the ten processed oil tanks the same as the process oil tank sampled for off-site shipment?", is confusing. First you indicate that yes, the used oil in the ten processed oil tanks is sampled for off-site shipment. However, in discussions with the Department, HOWCO has stated that not all tanks are sampled prior to off-site shipment. The text should be revised.

In your response explaining what is meant by "Periodic grab sampling and analysis is performed on one of the ten processed oil tanks once per week", you specify the sampling frequency. Therefore, the sentence, "Periodic grab sampling". should be deleted from the text.

In addition, the Department does not concur with the change of the sampling frequency from once/week to once/month. This issue is discussed in Item 4.2, above.

Attachment 5. Solid Waste Handling.

Please refer to the attached memo to Roger Evans from Susan Pelz, Solid Waste Section, dated May 20, 1999, for details on the following comments.

- Item 5.1 Pre-qualification of generator's shipments must include a Waste Profile sheet **and** analytical data or MSDS (for virgin materials). See attached memo; comment #1.
- Item 5.2.1 Please identify what "new" sentence was added to the 12/29/98 submittal to address this comment.

In the 4/30/99 submittal, a revision was added stating that, "The solidification agent may be soil, fly ash or spent absorbent material that is brought to the facility specifically for solidification purposes or generated onsite from used oil processing". Please remove the word "spent" and re-word to state, "The solidification agent may be clean soil, fly ash or absorbent material that is purchased specifically for solidification purposes. See attached memo; comment #2.

Item 5.2.2 In the last sentence, the word variance is not an appropriate term. Please revise to read, "FDEP-approved alternate procedure". See attached memo; comment #3.

- Item 5.2.2.3 More clarification is needed on which solids will be sampled annually. See attached memo; comment #4.
- Item 5.3 The total spectrum of petroleum hydrocarbons does not fall under the Used Oil rules. Please revise the descriptive terms "petroleum contaminated" and "petroleum hydrocarbon" solids, materials or wastes to "used oil contamination" or "oily" solids, materials or wastes. See attached memo; comment #5.

There shall be no incoming solid waste placed on the ground or pavement at the facility. See attached memo; #6.

Please provide further clarification on how materials are handled. See attached memo; comment #7.

The Department could not locate your revision to the text indicating that containers of processed waste are to be marked to distinguish them from containers of unprocessed waste. See attached memo; comment #8.

- Item 5.4 Please be consistent in using the terms, "liquid/solids separator decanting tank", "oily solids batch treatment tank", and "cone separator tank". See attached memo; comment #9.
- Item 5.5.1 Please be more descriptive on how and where oily solids are mixed prior to shipping off-site. See attached memo; comment #10.
- Item 5.5.2 Please clarify the difference, if any, between "hydraulic press", "oil filter crusher" and the "drum crusher". See attached memo; comment #11.
- Item 5.6 The Department did not agree that solids producing a sheen in water constitutes recoverable amounts of petroleum hydrocarbon. See attached memo; comment #13.

It does not seem reasonable that the sludge will dry in the sludge drying bed. Please describe the effectiveness of this process. See attached memo; comment #14.

Additional sentences were requested to explain the transfer of material from tanks 110 and 111 to roll-off boxes. HOWCO's response stating that material may be placed in a roll-off box is not acceptable. Solids are to be containerized and are to be processed, not disposed. See attached memo; comment #15.

Please clarify which storage location the solid waste is to be transferred to from the sludge drying bed or storage container. See attached memo; comment #16.

Attachment 8. Contingency Plan.

- Item 8.1 Drawing D-8-1 is not titled "Process and Storage Plan" as identified in the text.
- Item 8.5 The last paragraph, "Primary and alternate personnel qualified to act as Incident Coordinator are listed in Table 8-2", is missing from the 4/30/99 revision. Please insert this paragraph into the text.
- Item 8.8 In items (a) through (e), item (b), "The plan fails in an emergency", is missing from the 4/30/99 revision. Please insert item (b) into the text.

Howco Environmental Services 6th Notice of Deficiency Page 4

Attachment 9. Unit Management Description.

Table 9-1 The table provided in the April 30, 1999, submittal is not the same table that the Department approved in HOWCO's December 28, 1998, submittal. Please provide two copies of the 12/28/98 version of Table 9-1.

Memorandum

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

TO:

Roger Evans, Engineer IV, Hazardous Waste Section

FROM:

Susan Pelz, P.E. Solid Waste Section

DATE:

May 20, 1999

SUBJECT:

HOWCO submittal dated April 30, 1999, Attachment 5 and Enclosure (3)

cc:

Robert Butera, P.E., Solid Waste Manager Stanley Tam, P.E, Hazardous Waste Manager Al Gephart, Engineer III, Hazardous Waste

I have reviewed the above-referenced submittal and have the following comments:

Item 5.1, Pre-approval of Oily Solid Wastes

1. The information states, "Generators are required to pre-qualify their shipments utilizing one of the following methods...." [emphasis added] Since it is stated that only one of the listed methods is required, it is not clear if submission of a Waste Material Profile Sheet only would be sufficient for acceptance of the material. The Solid Waste Section does not believe that submission of a Waste Profile Sheet without analytical data or MSDS (for virgin materials) is acceptable.

Item 5.2.1, Solids Removed by the Vibrating Mesh Screen.

2. The information states, "The solidification agent may be soil, fly ash or spent absorbent material that is brought to the facility specifically for solidification purposes or generated onsite from used oil processing." In order to clarify this, the following changes should be made: "The solidification agent may be <u>clean</u> soil, fly ash or spent absorbent material that is brought to the facility <u>purchased</u> specifically for solidification purposes or generated onsite from used oil processing."

Item 5.2.2, Oily Solids Removed from Storage Tanks

3. The information states, "The thermal treatment facility will have the proper <u>variance</u> to treat the oily solids waste stream in accordance with F.A.C. 62-775." [emphasis added] Since "variance" is not technically the correct terminology, please change this to "The thermal treatment facility will have the proper **FDEP-approved alternate procedure** to treat the oily solids waste stream in accordance with F.A.C. 62-775."

Item 5.2.3, Sampling Plan for Solids

4. More clarification is needed on which solids will be sampled annually. Is it the processed (outgoing) solids, the incoming solids or solids which may be at some stage in the process (e.g. filter press solids, cone tank solids, etc.)?

Item 5.3, Incoming Oil Solids Acceptance Criteria

- 5. "Petroleum solids, petroleum impacted soils and used absorbent materials" are not included in the definition of used oil or oily wastes. For example, gasoline or diesel contaminated soil or sorbents would be "petroleum impacted" but are not authorized for management at the used oil processing facility. Wastes which are not used oil or oily wastes from which recoverable oil cannot be obtained shall not be managed at the site unless a solid waste permit is obtained. This section should be revised to clarify that "Oily waste contaminated solids, soils and used absorbent materials are processed for used oil recovery." Alternatively, "Solids, soils and used absorbent materials which are contaminated with used oil are processed for used oil recovery" is acceptable.
- 6. This section must clearly indicate that the solids (assumed to be received in containers) are removed from the containers and placed directly into the oily solids batch treatment tank or the cone separation tank. Residual solids resulting from processing in the oily solids batch treatment tank and/or cone tank must be discharged directly into a roll-off or other container for off-site disposal. No material is to be dumped on the ground or concrete slab in the solids processing area.
- 7. This section should include a description of how the materials are handled. For example, solids received in vac trucks are discharged directly into the processing/treatment tanks (see Enclosure (3), page 7, paragraph 5). How are solids received in drums are dumped in to the tanks? This information must be included in the application.
- 8. As discussed (see Enclosure (3), page 7, paragraph 4), the incoming and outgoing materials must be clearly distinguished. Procedures for this must be included in the application.

Item 5.4, Unloading of Oily Solid Wastes

9. It is not clear if the "liquid/solids separator decanting tank" is the same as the "oily solids batch treatment tank" or the "cone separator tank." This part should be changed to be consistent with other portions of the Operations Plan.

Item 5.5.1, Petroleum Solids (see also Comment #5 above)

10. The information states, "The remaining oily solids are then mixed with a solidification agent and allowed to dry.... Upon completion of the drying the solids are loaded into trucks and transported to a permitted landfill facility or thermal remediation facility for disposal." Where does this occur? Is this mixing conducted in a roll-off? How are the materials "mixed?" How are the materials "loaded into a truck?" See Comment #2 concerning solidification agents. Dumping the materials onto a concrete pad for mixing and solidification is unacceptable. Since the solids processing area is not covered (i.e. roof) it does not seem likely that the solids will effectively "dry out," especially during the rainy season.

Item 5.5.2, Booms and Pads

11. It does not seem reasonable to expect that used oil will be recovered from contaminated booms and pads through processing with a hydraulic press. It is not clear if the "hydraulic press" is the same as the "oil filter crusher" and/or the "drum crusher." Information on each of these units should be provided. Since the hydraulic press was "made by the Company [HOWCO]", the Department has no assurance that this unit was designed and manufactured with the purpose of processing contaminated booms and pads. The information in Enclosure (3), page 7, paragraph 1 indicates that the booms and pads may also be crushed in the <u>used oil filter crusher</u> or drum crusher. If these units were purchased from an equipment manufacturer (as opposed to fabricated by HOWCO), documentation from the manufacturer indicating that the used oil filter crusher or drum crusher is suitable for extracting used oil from contaminated booms and pads should be provided. The processing of other used oil contaminated sorbents should be discussed.

Item 5.6, Petroleum Contaminated Solid Waste

- 12. See Comment #5 above concerning "petroleum" contaminated solids.
- 13. The information states, "petroleum contaminated solid waste includes sludges, oil dry, absorbent material, soil, debris, wood, clay, concrete, spent blast media and other petroleum residuals which are classified as a non-hazardous waste. The petroleum contaminated solid waste may be generated on or off site.... Solid waste that produces a sheen when placed in water will be deemed to contain a recoverable amount of petroleum." It is not my recollection that the Department agreed to this definition, although Enclosure (3), page 7, paragraph 3 indicates that the Department agreed to this proposal. It does not seem reasonable that "debris, wood, clay, concrete, and spent blast media" would be sufficiently contaminated to be able to recover used oil. Unless the applicant conclusively demonstrates that used oil can be recovered from these materials, the management of these materials will require a separate solid waste permit.
- 14. Where is the sludge drying bed located? Is it covered? If it is not covered, it does not seem reasonable to expect that the sludge will dry effectively. See Comments #6 and #10 above concerning placement of contaminated materials on the ground or concrete pad.
- 15. The information states, "The solids from the decanting separation may be placed in a roll-off box for shipment off site. The petroleum contaminated solid waste from the decanting separation that has recoverable petroleum will be processed in either the Oily Solids Batch Treatment Tank Number 111 or the Cone-Bottom Tank Number 110." This should be revised to, "The solids... will be placed in a roll off box for shipment off site, or in the Oily Solids Batch Treatment Tank or Cone-Bottom Tank." The Department understands this section to mean that all oily solids will first have free liquids decanted. They may then be further processed in the Oily Solids Batch Treatment or Cone-Bottom Tanks. It would be helpful if a flowchart was provided which shows each incoming waste stream (oily solids, oily sludges, used oil contaminated booms and pads, used oil contaminated sorbents), processing steps, testing steps, mixing, drying, etc., and final disposition.

16. The information states, "The solid waste will be transferred from the sludge drying bed or storage container by using a solids handling vacuum truck. The truck will be used to vacuum the petroleum contaminated solid waste from the storage location into the truck tank." To which "storage location" does this refer? See Comment #5 above concerning "petroleum" contaminated solids.

ATTACHMENT II

PENALTY COMPUTATION WORKSHEET

Facility Name: HOWCO Environmental Services

Facility Address: 3701 Central Avenue, St. Petersburg, FL 33713

Penalty Computed By: Stanley Tam

Date: June 4, 1999

PART I - Class A Penalty Determination

	Violation	Potential	Extent of	Matrix	Multi-	Adjustment	Total
	Type	for Harm	Deviation	Amount	Day		
	62-710.800(1), FAC						
1		moderate	major	\$4599			\$4599
							·
2							
3					<u> </u>		

Total Penalties for All Violations: \$4,599

(Attach Part II for each violation for which an adjustment on multi-day penalty is determined)



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Struhs Secretary

March 1, 1999

Mr. Tim Hagan, President Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE:

Howco Environmental Services, FLD 152 764 767 Used Oil Permit Application HO52-308139

Fifth Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The Department has completed its review of the referenced application received on January 4, 1999, and February 4, 1999, and has determined that the information submitted is incomplete. These issues that are in need of resolution are outlined in the attached summary.

The deficiencies noted in the summary constitute a violation of Department rules. Failure to correct these deficiencies within the allotted time frame given below will subject Howco Environmental Services to formal enforcement action, which may include the imposition of a monetary penalty.

In preparing a complete response to these comments, the Department recommends that the response be addressed in two sections. The first section should identify each comment and followed with the answer and discussion by the applicant. The next section should contain the revised pages of the application.

Please provide two (2) copies of your written response within thirty (30) days. Should you have any questions, please contact Al Gephart at 813-744-6100, extension 372 or myself at extension 388.

Sincerely,

Roger C. Evans

Permitting Engineer

Hazardous Waste Section

cc: Tim Rudolph, Environeering, Inc.

ag-inbox/howco/letters/3-1-99.doc

HOWCO Environmental Services Used Oil Processing Permit Application

Summary Of Issues:

Table of Contents

Titles and page numbers identified in the 'Table of Contents' and 'List of Tables and Forms' do not match the pages in the application. For example:

Items 3.9, 3.10 and 3.11 should be designated as being on page 3-7

Item 3.12 should be designated as being on page 3-8.

Item 5.2.1 should be designated as being on page 5-1.

Item 5.3 has a different title in the text than what appears in the table of contents.

Table 3-1 should have the word "processing" in the title.

Table 3-2 should have a new title.

Table 9-1 should be designated as being on page 9-3

Attachment 1. List of Drawings

- D-6-2 On page 1-1, the title of drawing D-6-2 should be Emergency Containment No. 1, 2 and 3 not Emergency Containment No. 2.
- D-8-1 How does the title "Process & Storage Equipment Plan" relate to drawing D-8-1?

Attachment 1 also has drawing D-8-1 labeled as "Emergency Containment No 1". How are these two titles related?

20782-6TF-024 Please change the title from "St. Petersburg, Fl - Map" to "Site Location Map".

Please indicate if the drawings provided are "as built" drawings. All drawings shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Florida.

- 125148-00210-B Please place the plant site locator on the full 16" x 16" FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Map (City of St. Petersburg, Florida; Pinellas County; Panel 21 of 28; Community Panel Number 125148-0021-B.)
- Drawing D-4-2 Tanks A and B should be labeled with a corresponding number to tanks listed in Table 3-2. All drawings should be revised to indicate the numerical designations of these two tanks.

Attachment 2. Brief Description Of Facility Operation.

- Item 2.2 As written, the Department understands that the solids generated from the wastewater treatment filter press will **not** be managed with any other waste stream prior to shipment off site. Please be more specific in re-wording the text to insure that this is true.
- Item 2.3 In the last paragraph, what are dump trainers?

Attachment 3. Detailed Process Description.

- Item 3.12 If the Generator does not perform the TCLP test, will Howco pick up the used antifreeze? If so, is it tested? Please discuss this scenario within the text.
- Item 3.12.1 How does a Freon leak detector determine if the used antifreeze is acceptable or unacceptable?
- Table 3-3 Are the tanks identified in Containment area 5 proposed or existing?

Attachment 4. Sampling & Analysis Plan.

- The Department does not accept the premise that the processed oil generated at Howco meets the on-specification criteria based on generator's knowledge. Before the Department can accept a statistical analysis demonstrating Howco's processed oil is on-spec, all data forming the bases for the study must be provided for review and validation. The information describing the statistical analysis provided in the application is too vague and convoluted to be accepted at face value. Such statements as "various parameters that are measured qualitatively are averaged and the standard deviation is determined to provide the statistical analysis of data" and "the average value plus or minus the standard deviation is used as the acceptable range for a given parameter being normal" cannot be accepted at face value. The values must be clarified and supported in the context of the statistical analysis. Until it can be statistically proven that Howco's processed used oil is on-spec, each tank of processed oil must be sampled and tested to verify the quality of the oil.
- Item 4.2.1 In the first paragraph, is "one of the ten processed oil tanks" the same as "the process oil tank sampled for off-site shipment"?

In the first paragraph, how do the last two sentences "fit in" with the previous three sentences?

Please explain what is meant by "Periodic grab sampling and analysis is performed on one of the ten processed oil tanks once per week".

In the third paragraph, how many "tagged-out" tanks does 5-10 loads represent?

How long is the tank agitated using compressed air before the tank is sampled? What effect does the air injection have on the total halogen concentration in the processed oil?

Please explain why samples are held for 30 days. Holding times of US EPA approved methods for halogenated volatile organics is 14 days and for PCBs, 7/40 days. Any testing of samples held for longer periods than those stated would be invalid.

Item 4.3.2 There is no reference to Table 4-2 in the text. Please consider deleting the Item 4.3.2 and re-wording Item 4.3.1 to read "Incoming industrial wastewater is sampled using the bailer and analyzed for the following constituents/properties identified in Table 4-2.

Attachment 5. Solid Waste Handling.

- Item 5.1 In the third bullet, the page number for Table 5-1 is incorrect.
- Item 5.2 Please indicate on the facility site plan the location of the vibratory screen. In addition, revise the text to include a more detailed operating description of the vibratory screen.

- Item 5.2.1 In the first paragraph, please re-word the text to make it explicit that only "virgin" materials are to be used for solidification, stabilization or absorption.
 - In the 11th sentence, the activities are only acceptable if virgin materials are used or the wastes are generated on-site from used oil processing.
- Item 5.2.2 In the third paragraph, the waste cannot be accepted by a soil thermal treatment facility.
- Item 5.3 The processing activities described in this paragraph requires a solid waste permit.
- Item 5.5.1 Howco is required to perform a waste determination on the petroleum contaminated solids and "other" solids coming into the facility. Please include language which will satisfy this requirement.

Howco has failed to provide the Department with reasonable assurance that solid waste will not be accepted. The Used Oil Processing Permit does not authorize the acceptance or management of solid waste. If Howco anticipates acceptance of solid waste, a separate solid waste permit is required. Please refer back to the Department's 'Third Notice of Deficiency' letter, Attachment 5.

Attachment 7. Preparedness And Prevention Plan.

- Item 7.2 Equipment which "may be" available for use in a spill control is not acceptable language to the Department. The equipment is either available or not available in times of emergency. Please revise the text to be consistent with the title.
- Item 7.5 This paragraph identifies that preventative maintenance will be completed on an annual basis but does not establish the frequency emergency equipment will be tested. Please revise the text to include this information.
- Table 7-5 Delete the word "may".

Attachment 8. Contingency Plan.

The Contingency Plan should be designed to be a 'stand alone' document, and hence all references such as drawings, etc. are to be contained within the plan. Please modify the plan to include all outside referenced documents.

- Item 8.1 Drawing D-8-1 is not titled "General Arrangement Plan" as identified in the text. What is a "General Arrangement Plan"?
 - In Item 8.1 and 8.3, the text mentions chemical usage and storage areas but these locations are not indicated on the referenced drawings D-6-1 and D-8-1. Please revise the drawings to indicate the locations of the liquid chemical handling and storage areas.
- Item 8.4 In paragraph 1, the last sentence, please re-word the sentence to clarify that monthly inspections are to be performed independent of any intensive storm water event.
- Item 8.8 In the second paragraph, please add an evacuation route posting at the Filter Press/Crusher area.
- Item 8.11 Please revise drawing D-4-1 to show the locations of emergency response and control equipment.

Attachment 9. Unit Management Description.

Item 9.1 A review of Tables 3-1, 3-2 and 3-3 shows that there are 51 tanks total but the text states that there are 48 tanks. Please correct this discrepancy. The last sentence in Item 9.1 should also include a reference to Table 3-3.

In the third paragraph, the text states ten tanks, then nine. Please clarify this inconsistency.

In the third paragraph, why are the capacities in "brackets"?

In the fourth paragraph, the capacity of Dike No. 3 does not agree with the capacity stated in Table 3-2. Please revise the text to be consistent.

In the fifth paragraph, correct the "typo" 46,0010 gallons.

- Table 9-1 Please revise the note on Table 9-1 to indicate inspections must be conducted at least every 30 days, not 31 days.
- Item 9.6 The Department has received your letter dated February 19, 1999, which submitted changes concerning the discharge of stormwater and the use of the existing stormwater oil water separator. This review has been forwarded to the Industrial Waste Section for their review and comments.

Attachment 10. Closure.

Item 10.4 Since a closure permit is not required to close a used oil processing facility, the Closure Permit time frame should not be included in the schedule for closure.

Please add a line item indicating the time to submit the certification of complete closure.



Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

July 28, 1998

Tim Hagan, President Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, Florida 33713

RE: Howco Environmental Services, FLD 152 764 767

Operating Permit Application HO52-308139

Third Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) has completed its review of the referenced application received on July 1, 1998, and determined that the information submitted is not complete. The information needed to complete the application is itemized in the attached Notice of Deficiency.

When a permit application is incomplete, all processing of the application is suspended. You are hereby advised to provide us with the necessary additional information, pursuant to the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Rule 62-710.800 and Chapter 403.769 Florida Statutes (FS).

The deficiencies noted in the attached Notice of Deficiency constitute a violation of FDEP rules. Failure to correct these deficiencies within 45 days could subject you to formal enforcement action. If you cannot submit this information in 45 days, you must provide a schedule with dates indicating when this information will be submitted. If a complete response to each item is not submitted within the time frame given above, the FDEP will issue a Notice of Violation, begin the formal process to deny the permit pursuant to Section 120.60, FS, or take other appropriate actions.

The response made by Howco Environmental Services (Howco) to each item shall be as noted in Section 62-710.800(6), FAC which details the Certification of plans, specifications and other related documents supporting the permit application by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida.

Howco Environmental Services 3rd Notice of Deficiency Page 2

In addition, each response must note that a revision has been made (a revised date in the revision block, the revision number should remain "0" until the application is deemed complete) and the response must be labeled and numbered such that it can be placed in the appropriate section of the application. This might necessitate the submittal of a new table of contents reflecting the revisions and correct page numbers.

Two copies of your response shall be submitted to the FDEP office in Tampa, Florida. You are encouraged to contact this office to discuss the deficiencies noted by the application review. This exchange of ideas will assist you in developing a complete and adequate response.

Should you like to arrange a meeting or if you have any questions, please contact me at (813) 744-6100, extension 388.

Sincerely,

Roger Evans

Permitting Engineer

Hazardous Waste Section

Division of Waste Management

Attachment

cc.

Raoul Clarke, Administrator, FDEP -- Tallahassee Satish Kastury, Administrator, FDEP -- Tallahassee

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Notice of Deficiency

Part 1-B-3

The Flood Insurance Rate Maps (125148-0027-B and 125148-0028-B) provided by Howco does not have sufficient information to demonstrate that the facility is not within the 100-year flood plain area. Please provide the panel of the map that identifies the area in which the facility is located. The facility's location should also be noted on the diagram.

Throughout the application Howco specifies that the used oil they process is recycled. Based on common usage the word "recycling" means reuse of the used oil. Since Howco is not reusing the used oil another term should be used throughout the application.

Attachment 3

- Item 3.8. The application must describe the sampling conducted on the facility generated solids prior to mixing with a solidification agent.
- Item 3.11. Describe what permit(s) or exemption(s)/exclusion(s) is Howco operating under for the two air strippers.
- Item 3.12.1. Halogen screening is insufficient as a prescreen for antifreeze destined for disposal. Antifreeze destined for disposal must be sampled and analyzed by the generator for contaminants of concern prior to customer pick-up by Howco.

Attachment 4

- Item 4.1.1. Describe in detail how a "composite sample" is obtained from multi-compartmented vehicles.
- Item 4.1.2. The third bullet identifies an EPA Method 8021A which has been replaced by 8021B. Please make the appropriate change to the text.

Even if concentrations of halogenated solvents in used oil are below 100 ppm each, does not automatically provide the rebuttal in every instance. For example, a particular batch of used oil is known to be contaminated with "F-listed" solvent waste through generator knowledge. In that case, the mixture should be treated as hazardous waste and the rebuttal cannot be demonstrated. Revise the text to add that in addition to the 50 FR 49176 guidance, a case by case determination should be made.

- Item 4.2. Where and what is the Statistical data analysis mentioned in this paragraph?
- Item 4.2.1. Please explain what is a discrete sample and a discrete composite as identified in the text. Is it equivalent to a grab sample? Please describe in more details the purpose of sampling, methods to be utilized and frequency of sampling.
- Item 4.2.2. What is Method ASTM D93-85?
- Item 4.4.1. The terms industrial solids and industrial cleaning are not specific enough as it may not include petroleum related waste.
- Item 4.4.2. Is Howco proposing to perform a hazardous waste determination on a solid waste stream based solely on analyzing for TCLP metals and TCLP volatile organics?

Attachment 5

The information submitted in Attachment 5 appears to indicate that Howco will be managing "oil solids products from customers." The management of the solid waste materials described do not seem to be intrinsically linked to, or a by-product of, a traditional used oil processing operation. Please refer to the Department's memorandum (enclosed) dated March 5, 1998 on this subject. Since these materials are solid wastes and are destined for disposal, and not recycling, they must be managed pursuant to a separate permit required by Chapter 62-701, FAC. Please indicate whether or not Howco intends to manage these solid waste materials. Although the used oil processing facility application may describe the management of these solid waste materials, the used oil permit which may be issued pursuant to Chapter 62-710, FAC., cannot authorize the management of these materials. If Howco elects to manage these solid waste materials, the Department's Solid Waste Section must be contacted concerning the solid waste permitting requirements for this activity.

- Item 5.5.4. The language included in your response needs to be incorporated into the application.
- Item 5.4. Please explain what is meant by "Both parts of this facility are utilizing a concrete pad surrounded on three sides with block walls......"

Attachment 6

The tracking plan as outlined does not comply with the requirements of 40 CFR 279.56. Please review the rules governing this section and amend the tracking plan accordingly.

Item 6.3. This section does not comply with the requirement of 40 CFR 279.57(a)(2). Please revise this section to include; (i) Records and results of used oil analyses performed; and (ii) Summary reports and details of all incidents that require implementation of the contingency plan an specified in 40 CFR 279.52(b).

Attachment 7

- Item 7.3. Your response did not address our comments. The application must describe the inspection, testing and maintenance of the emergency equipment.
- Item 7.5. Form 7-6 could not be located. Please provide this form. Form 8-3 could not be located. Please provide this form.
- Item 7.3. This application should be specific in identifying the equipment that will be available for spill control. Please modify the language accordingly.
- Table 7-3 The complete home address of the incident coordinators was not presented.
- Table 7-4 The Florida Department of Environmental Regulations is now known as Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

Attachment 8

The contingency plan should be designed to be a stand alone document and all references should be included within the section.

- Item 8.3. Please expand on what is meant by "All chemical usage areas where spills are likely to occur are found in the process and storage Equipment Location Plan."
- Item 8.4. The last paragraph indicates that captured storm water from the property may be discharged into the storm sewer system. Please describe the precaution taken to insure that no contaminants flows off-site.
- Item 8.8. Copies of the evacuation routes should not only be kept in a book in the plant office but posted at strategic locations throughout the facility. Please include verbiage that describes where other copies will be located.

Howco Environmental Services 3rd Notice of Deficiency Page 6

Attachment 9

Item 9.1. The description of the storage tanks within the tank farm does not match Tables 9-1 and 9-2.

Tables 9-1 and 9-2 Please provide drawings that identify the containment areas 1, 2 and 3 as identified within these tables. Please provide the calculations that were used to determine the containment volumes of areas 1, 2 and 3. All engineering drawings, specifications and calculations shall be signed and sealed by an independent Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida.

Item 9.4. Your response indicates that the piping system is all above ground and within secondary containment area, but the application does not mention any of this. Please clarify this inconsistency.

Table 9.3 Please identify how will the inspector determine that the areas inspected (e.g., 'Trailer with product locked' to 'Drum inspection') are of satisfactory or unsatisfactory condition. The log should also include an area that records any corrective action taken or needed to be taken.

Attachment 10

Item 10.2.1 Please include the justification for the number of samples and the sample locations selected. A statistically significant number of random soil samples should also be selected as previously discussed with Mr. Bill Crawford.

The soil sampling need to address samples through the asphalt or concrete around the tank farms and processing areas.

Item 10.4. The application needs to include an outline of the closure schedule activities to be performed by the facility. A response of "six months" to remove oil product and residues is not adequate.

Attachment 11

The discussion of the training requirements at Howco does not identify some of the main regulatory rules (i.e., Used Oil Regulations 40 CFR 279 and State Regulations 62-710 FAC) that the training program is intended to satisfy. The plan should also describe the records used to document employees training and how these records will be managed, who (job title) will retain the records, how long the records will be retained, frequency of training hours that will be provided, and formal aspects of the hands on training that provide the necessary training to the employees. This information must be included in the application.



Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

October 24, 1997

Tim Hagan, President Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, Florida 33713

RE:

Howco Environmental Services, FLD 152 764 767

Operating Permit Application HO52-308139

Second Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) has completed its review of the referenced application as revised on September 25, 1997, and determined that the information submitted is not complete. The information needed to complete the application is itemized in the attached Notice of Deficiency.

When a permit application is incomplete, all processing of the application is suspended. You are hereby advised to provide us with the necessary additional information, pursuant to the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Rule 62-710.800 and Chapter 403.769 Florida Statutes (FS).

The deficiencies noted in the attached Notice of Deficiency constitute a violation of FDEP rules. Failure to correct these deficiencies within 45 days could subject you to formal enforcement action. If you cannot submit this information in 45 days, you must provide a schedule with dates indicating when this information will be submitted. If a complete response to each item is not submitted within the time frame given above, the FDEP will issue a Notice of Violation, begin the formal process to deny the permit pursuant to Section 120.60, FS, or take other appropriate actions.

The response made by Howco Environmental Services (Howco) to each item shall be as noted in Section 62-710.800(6), FAC which details the Certification of plans, specifications and other related documents supporting the permit application by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida.

In addition, each response must note that a revision has been made (a revised date in the revision block, the revision number should remain "0" until the application is deemed complete) and the response must be labeled and numbered such that it can be placed in the appropriate section application. This might necessitate the submittal of a new table of contents reflecting the revisions and correct page numbers.

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 2

Two copies of your response shall be submitted to the FDEP office in Tampa, Florida. You are encouraged to contact this office to discuss the deficiencies noted by the application review. This exchange of ideas will assist you in developing a complete and adequate response.

Should you like to arrange a meeting or if you have any questions, please contact me at 813 744-6100 extension 372.

Sincerely,

Permitting Engineer

Hazardous Waste Section

Division of Waste Management

Attachment

Raoul Clarke, Administrator, FDEP - Tallahassee cc: Satish Kastury, Administrator, FDEP - Tallahassee

Notice of Deficiency

General Comments:

The FDEP, as agreed, reviewed the Howco document submitted in support of the notice of intent to use a General Permit. This document is the Howco Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure and Contingency Plan (SPCC&C) identified as Revision 4, January, 1996. The information requested in the new used oil processor permit is broader and more specific than was required by the permitting process for the General Permit. The comments and questions prepared as a result of the review of this document are intended to aid in the preparation of an acceptable application.

Each section of the application form should provide a reference to the location within the application that contains the necessary information.

Part I-A 1

Howco has operated under the requirements of a Florida General Permit in the past, but this application and subsequent permit will be the first used oil program specific permit. This block should be checked new.

Part I-A 2

The information requested in this item was not provided. As noted in the cover letter, this item and all pages of the application should indicate revision '0' until the application is deemed complete.

Part I-A 3

The information requested in this item was not provided.

Part I-A 4

The year that used oil processing began at this facility should be indicated instead of the general time frame provided.

Part I-B 1

The information requested in this item was not presented in the spaces provided. The information on the included blue prints indicated that 'surrounding community' was the nearest community. The application is looking for the identity of the nearest governmental agency.

Part I-B 2

The information requested in this item was not presented in the spaces provided. The information was provided on the included blue prints, but must also be inserted or referenced in the blanks.

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 5

The description must include how the facility will manage the records of this familiarization.

Specific questions on items related to facility preparedness and prevention are identified below:

Item 7.1. The application must identify the schedule for the upgrading of the containment systems for the tank systems.

Are drivers required to be present when loading and unloading trucks and or containers? What type of communication is available to the drivers during unloading and loading operations? Are loading or unloading operations conducted with only the driver present at the facility?

Item 8.5.9. As described, the only incident requiring a written report would be a release of oily material that leaves the property. The reporting requirements of 62-710 FAC, 62-762 FAC, and 40 CFR 279 should be reviewed to determine when a spill or release must be reported, and the application revised as necessary.

Attachment 8 (Contingency Plan)

The contingency plan as presented does not include all the information requested in the instructions for completion of the application. The information not identified and specific questions of the information in the contingency plan are identified in the following comments. The item numbers are references to the instructions for completion of the application form.

- Item 7.a The application only presents the specific actions to be taken by the Incident commandeer in response to fire and explosions. Action to be taken by other employees must be included.
- Item 7.b The description of the emergency response arrangements is not presented.
- Item 7.c The qualifications of the emergency response coordinators are not presented.
- Item 7.e The plan includes a list of equipment available during an emergency, but does not describe the capabilities of the equipment nor is the location of the spill response equipment identified on a facility map.
- Item 7.f The location of tanks and containers specifically dedicated for the storage of spill or released materials is not identified.
- Item 7.h The application does not indicate that the evacuation routes are posted in the plant and should be revised to indicated where copies of the evacuation routes will be posted.

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 7

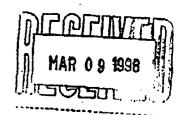
The closure plan discusses the taking of soil samples from location of visual soil staining at the facility. The application must include a discussion of mandatory soil sampling and contingent groundwater sampling. The plan should also include any additional actions the facility will take should contaminated soils or groundwater be identified during the sampling.

Training

The training plan for the facility could not be located, and must be included as a portion of the application.



Department of Environmental Protection



Lawton Chiles
Governor

Twin Towers Office Bullding 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Virginia B Wetherell Secretary

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Used Oil Processors

FROM:

Rick Neves, Environmental Specialist (CM)

DATE:

March 5, 1998

SUBJECT:

Solid Waste Permit Considerations for Used Oil Processors

While the management of waste materials generated during the processing of used oil is addressed in the Used Oil Processor Permit, it has come to the attention of the Department that some Used Oil Processors may also be subject to Solid Waste permit requirements as well. The purpose of this memo is to clarify this issue

Various and sundry items besides processing sludges may be "oily wastes" under 62-701.200(76), or "materials containing or otherwise contaminated with used oil" under 40 CFR 279.10(c). It is not uncommon for handlers to manage these materials at their used oil processing facilities. However, there are some businesses which actively solicit and manage significantly large quantities of these "oily wastes" at their facilities. The question then is "Is this used oil processing or solid waste management?" It is clear in reading 57 FR 41581 (Sept. 10, 1992) that EPA expected some materials to contain a quantity of free flowing used oil which may be recovered and recycled (e.g. filters, wipers and absorbent materials). It is also clear that these items may be managed as used oil provided the used oil is to be recovered and recycled. Once the used oil is separated from the material, the material may be managed as used oil if burned for energy recovery, or as solid waste if it is determined to be non-hazardous and destined for disposal.

It is difficult to arbitrarily differentiate between oily and solid waste management for permitting issues. Some facilities focus on managing liquids where this may not be much of a problem while others include management of solids that may not fall within the definition of "oily wastes".

If the "oily waste" management seems intrinsically linked to, or a byproduct of, a traditional used oil processing operation, then it would seem that this activity might be addressed in a specific condition of the Used Oil Processor Permit. If, on the other hand, what is being managed seems to be an assortment of various solid wastes not traditionally considered liquid used oil (though it may contain a limited amount of recoverable used oil), or is a non-petroleum contaminated solid waste, a solid waste permit would be required. This is ultimately a determination that must be made at the District level between the District and the facility while maintaining consistency with other District decisions. Concerned parties should keep in mind that all "oily wastes" may not necessarily be used oil.



Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

July 22, 1997

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

Tim Hagan, President Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Avenue St. Petersburg, Florida 33713

RE: Howco Environmental Services, FLD 152 764 767

Operating Permit Application HO52-308139

First Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) has completed its review of the referenced application and determined that the information submitted is not complete. The information needed to complete the application is itemized in the attached Notice of Deficiency.

When a permit application is incomplete, all processing of the application is suspended. You are hereby advised to provide us with the necessary additional information, pursuant to the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Rule 62-710.800 and Chapter 403.769 Florida Statutes (FS).

The deficiencies noted in the attached Notice of Deficiency constitute a violation of FDEP rules. Failure to correct these deficiencies within 45 days could subject you to formal enforcement action. If you cannot submit this information in 45 days, you must provide a schedule with dates indicating when this information will be submitted. If a complete response to each item is not submitted within the time frame given above, the FDEP will issue a Notice of Violation, begin the formal process to deny the permit pursuant to Section 120.60, FS, or take other appropriate actions.

The response made by Howco Environmental Services (Howco) to each item shall be as noted in Section 62-710.800(6), FAC which details the Certification of plans, specifications and other related documents supporting the permit application by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida.

In addition, each response must note that a revision has been made (a revised date in the revision block, the revision number should remain "0" until the application is deemed complete) and the response must be labeled and numbered such that it can be placed in the appropriate section of the submitted application. This might necessitate the submittal of a new table of contents reflecting the revisions and correct page numbers.

Notice of Deficiency

Part I-A 1

Two locations were checked as applicable. The renewal location should be left empty.

Part 1-B-3

The map indicating the location of the 100 - year flood plan could not be located. A topographic map depicting the location of the 100 - year flood plan, and the source of the information must be included in the application.

Part I-C.4 (Attachment 3)

The application does not discuss the generation, capture or reuse of the off-gasses generated during the distillation process. This information should be included in this application, and the application should describe how this information is presented to the FDEP air section. The detail description of the process has been rewritten and the relationship to previously submitted information (which describes processing based on weight percentage water) is not clear. The application must describe the management of each separate stream.

- Item 3.8 and 5.2. The application has been revised to include a general description of the management of the solids generated by SWECO oil / solid separator. The description does not provide sufficient details on the processing, solidification and disposal of these solids.
- Item 3.7.2. The application states that oil recovered from the emulsion breaking treatment is pumped directly into the product storage tank. The fate of the emulsion breaking chemicals should be discussed.
- Item 3.7.3. The discussion of used oil decanting from the tanks in the waste water treatment facility has been removed. Has Howco discontinued this practice, and if so what are the new procedures?
- Attachment 5. The application should describe the fate of the dewatering liquid removed from process sludges.
- Item 2.3. This item references a sludge processing facility. This facility was not identified on the site plan. Is this facility the sludge drying bed? The description does not match previous descriptions provided during meetings and site visits. Additionally, the process associated with the sludge drying bed should be described. The management of all waste streams should be identified.
- Item 2.4 The application should describe how the oil from the compacted filters is recovered.

Attachment 4 (Waste Analysis Plan)

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 4

Part I-B 3

Section 2 of the SPPC&C gives a detailed description of the plant operation. The section did not include any topographic or scale maps of the facility, or a map indicating the 100 year flood plane. A copy of an FID or FEMA map for this area should be included.

Part I-C 1

The application does not indicate the hazardous waste generator status of the site. Please note that this question address all aspects of the facility operations, and a response is required in this and item I-C 2.

Part I-C.3 (Section 2)

The overview of plant operations should include an estimate of the number of employees.

Part I-C.4 (Section 2)

The application does not discuss the generation, capture or reuse of the off-gasses generated during the distillation process. This information should be included in this application, and the application should describe how this information is presented to the FDEP air section.

Line 4, Paragraph 1, page 5, Section 2.1.1. The application should describes the management > 7 \times of the solids generated by SWECO oil / solids separator.

Line 5, Paragraph 1, page 5, Section 2.1.1. This sentence implies that all batch tanks of oil are sampled and analyzed. The waste analysis plan indicates that product knowledge may be used to determine product oil specifications. Please revise the application to have a consistent description of product sampling and analysis.

Line 1, Paragraph 2, Page 7, Section 2.1.3. The application states that oil recovered from the emulsion breaking treatment is pumped directly into the product storage tank. The fate of the emulsion breaking chemicals should be discussed.

Line 4, Paragraph 2, 6, Section 2.2. The annex containing the discharge limits for the St. referenced and Petersburg Waste Water Treatment facility could not be located.

Paragraph 5, Page 9, Section 2.2. The application indicates that materials being processed in the waste water treatment facility are tested. The application should describe the analysis performed on these wastes.

Line 2, Paragraph 1, Page 10, Section 2.2. The application should describe how the oil is this chassage of decanted from the tanks in the waste water treatment facility.

Page 10, Section 2.2. The management of the solids and contaminated sands generated by the waste water treatment process should be described.

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 5

Line 1, Paragraph 2, Page 12, Section 2.3. The application should describe the fate of the χ dewatering liquid removed from process sludges.

Line 2, Paragraph 2, Page 12, Section 2.3. The application should describe the range of and or description of 'proper disposal' facility.

Line 4, Paragraph 3, Page 12, Section 2.3. The process associated with the sludge drying bed should be described. The management of all waste streams should be identified.

Line 1, Paragraph 1, Page 13, Section 2.4. The application should describe how the oil from the compacted filters is recovered.

Part I-C.5a (Waste Analysis Plan - Separate Document)

The waste analysis plan should be a specific section of the application.

The plan must include a description of the sampling frequency, sampling methods, and parameters to be identified.

The fingerprinting procedures for shipments arriving at the facility must be described.

The description of the sampling plan for out going materials must include sampling frequency, sampling method, and parameters to be identified. Additionally, the plan presented indicates that product knowledge will be used to make the on/off specification determination. The application must describe the basis for using product knowledge, and how this information is updated.

The following items are specific comments on the plan as presented.

Part (a)

How are the test results recorded?

How are the test results related to a specific sample, truck and customers that contributed to the materials on the truck?

How and where are the test results maintained?

Part (b)

What sampling device is utilized to obtain the core sample?

How are the test results associated with a specific tank, and with truck loads that are removed from that tank between sampling?

What is the basis for the use of "product knowledge" as a basis for on-specification used χ oil fuel determination? How is this information recorded? How frequently is this information updated?

Where are the before and after samples taken and what parameters are identified in the \times analysis?

What is the monthly composite? Where are the samples taken? What size samples are taken? What is the criteria used to select the tanks to be sampled?

Section 3, Standard Operating Procedures, contains some information regarding the prequalification process, the driver responsibilities when picking up a shipment of used oil from the customer, and sampling of the shipment at the Howco facility. The following question relate to Section 3.

The application must include an example of the waste profile sheet.

The description of prequalification procedures indicates that sampling results for each waste stream should be available at Howco. The application should discuss the retention and availability of the sampling test results.

The description of driver responsibilities at the customer does not include the actions the X driver will take should the second test indicate the presence of unacceptable halogen contamination. The description should describe the specific EPA test method to be use in the second test for a shipment that fails the physical inspection and sniffer test.

How are the samples of non-Howco transported shipments identified, what parameters are dentified in the testing, and how are the records managed?

The application indicates that manifest are prepared upon receipt of the waste. The application should define what 'receipt' means (pick-up from the generator, arrival at the facility, etc.). The application should include an example of the transportation document, and how this document is managed.

The application must include a detailed plan for the management of the solids (those generated on site and those received from off site) at the facility. This plan must include detailed descriptions of the processes and equipment used, the sampling plan to determine the waste classification of the byproducts, and details of the disposal of all waste streams.

The application must include a description of the used oil tracking plan. The description must include a copy of the 'typical' form used to track the movement of used oil into and out of the facility, and a records retention policy.

Part I-C.6 (Preparedness and Prevention) (140.6/11/2) 7

The application did not indicate where the information required to satisfy the requirements of this part was located within the SPCC&C. Some of the information is available in various locations within the SPCC&C but should be consolidated into a specific location.

- Item 6.e The inspection, testing and maintenance of the emergency equipment is not discussed.
- Item 6.f Access to communication devices at all times is not discussed.
- Item 6.i Arrangements with local authorities is incomplete. The application must describe the actions Howco has taken to familiarize local authorities with the facility and its preparedness, prevention and emergency response procedures. The description must include how the facility will manage the records of this familiarization.

Specific questions on items related to facility preparedness and prevention.

- Line 2, Paragraph 3, Section 4.1, Page 17. The application must justify the statement that the containment walls around the tanks are impervious to oil and water.
- Page 31, Section 6.2. Are drivers required to be present when loading and unloading trucks and or containers? What type of communication is available to the drivers during unloading and unloading operations? Are loading or unloading operations conducted with only the driver present at the facility?
- Page 23, Section 5. The definitions of spill classification on this page are different from the definitions on page 34, Section 6.5. Additionally, the page indicates that three definitions are used but only two are presented.
- Line 1, Paragraph 1, Page 37, Section 8.1. The containment and control program could not be located in the SPCC&C.

Paragraph 1, Page 51, Section 10.1. As described, the only incident requiring a written report would be a release of oily material that leaves the property. The reporting requirements of 62-710 FAC, 62-762 FAC, and 40 CFR 279 should be review to determine when a spill or release must be reported, and the application revised as necessary.

Part I-C.7 (Contingency Plan) Contingency Plan

The contingency plan as presented does not include all the information requested in the instructions for completion of the application. The information not identified and specific questions of the information in the contingency plan are identified in the following comments.

- Item 7.a The application only presents the specific actions to be taken by the Incident commandeer in response to fire and explosions. Action to be taken by other employees must be included.
- Item 7.b The description of the emergency response arrangements is not presented.
- Item 7.c The qualifications of the emergency response coordinators is not presented.

- Item 7-e The plan includes a list of equipment available during an emergency, but does not describe the capabilities of the equipment nor is the location of the spill response equipment identified on a facility map.
- Item 7.f The location of tanks and containers specifically dedicated for the storage of spill or released materials is not identified.
- Item 7.h The facility evacuation routes are identified on Drawing D-8-2. The amount of information contained on this drawing makes it difficult to quickly and easily identify the evacuations routes. The application does not indicate that the evacuation routes are posted in the plant and should be revised to indicated where copies of the evacuation routes will be posted.

This plan does not specify where copies of the plan will be maintained at the facility, and does not describe the conditions that will require modification of the plan.

Part I-C.8 (Unit Management)

Containers (Section 7)

The application does not describe, nor clearly indicate on a facility map, the location of the container storage area. This description should include details of construction, engineering drawings with cross section, and the features that make the area impervious to water and used oil.

The application does not include the inspection checklist used to inspect the container storage area(s), and record any corrective action taken or needed to be taken.

Paragraph 1, Page 35, Section 7. This paragraph states that 85 gallon (or smaller) containers will be used to manage sludge, wasted handling and storage. This statement indicates that these materials are not managed in one ton totes, rolloffs, trucks and other devices. This section should be revised as necessary.

Tanks (No specific section)

Table 2-1, Page 8, Section 2. This table identifies the tanks at the facility, but does not provide any information on the materials of construction or construction specifications. The application must describe the aspects of the tanks that demonstrate how the tanks comply with the requirements of 62-762.500(3)(d), (e), and (f) FAC.

The application must describe the piping system and how it complies with 62-762.500(4) FAC. The application must describe the secondary system and how it complies with 62-762.500(6) FAC. The application must describe the tank maintenance procedures and how repairs will be made in accordance with 62-762.700 FAC.

Howco Environmental Services Notice of Deficiency Page 9

The inspection plan presented in Section 13 is a conceptual view of the safety program for the facility. The inspection plan should include the forms used by the inspectors to detect the safety hazardous discussed in the application and the specific equipment and operational systems to be inspected. The inspection forms should include any observations made during the inspection and the actions necessary to correct deficiencies detected during the inspection.

The application must describe the management of rain water that accumulates in the secondary containment areas at the facility.

Part I-C.9 (Closure Plan - Separate Document)

The application identified the tanks at the facility to be closed, but did not identify the other areas that will be closed.

The application did not describe the sampling to be conducted to document that decontamination of the unit management areas had been successful. The description should include specific sampling methods, sampling parameters, and analytical methods. The discussion of samples and sample location could be summarized in table form to ensure that the specific samples identified are all described.

The disposal of solids generated during the closure was not discussed in the closure plan.

The closure plan does not discuss soil sampling at the facility. The application must include a discussion of the soil sampling plan and additional actions the facility will take should contaminated soils be identified during the soil sampling.

Part I-C.11 (Training - 11)

The training plan identifies the contents of the training to be presented to the employees. The application should describe the specific regulatory rules that the training plan is designed to address.

Paragraph 3, Page 55, Section 11. The amount of time dedicated to Phase Two training must be identified.

The application should describe the formal aspects of the hands on training that provide the necessary training to the employees.

The application must describe the records used to document employees training and how these records will be managed.

The application should describe the management actions necessary to revise the training program to address regulatory changes.



Department of **Environmental Protection**

Lawton Chiles Governor

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

SITE INSPECTION REPORT

OWNER/OPERATOR:

Mr. Lynn LeMasters (HOWCO)

MAILING ADDRESS:

843 43rd Street South

St. Petersburg, Fl. 33711

NAME OF SITE:

HOWCO Solid Waste Processing Facility

SITE ADDRESS:

same as above

CITY:

St. Petersburg, Fl.

INSPECTION

DATE: January 9, 1998

PERMIT NO: none

REASON FOR VISIT:

COMPLIANCE INSPECTION Χ. Χ. PERMITTING INSPECTION

COMPLAINT INVESTIGATION

PERSONS PRESENT:

Susan Pelz, Robert Butera, Bill Crawford, Roger Evans (FDEP), Lynn

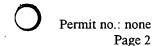
LeMasters (HOWCO)

The purpose of this site visit was to assess the activities at the site with respect SUMMARY REPORT: to the applicability of solid waste permitting.

Mr. LeMasters accompanied us throughout the site inspection. The site has an industrial wastewater treatment plant (discharge permitted by City of St. Petersburg?) in the east part of the site. The effluent from the treatment plant is discharged to the City of St. Petersburg POTW. This treatment plant includes several storage and process tanks which are also part of the used oil processing facility. A central collection system runs eastwest through most of the site. Runoff from the paved areas (most of the site is paved) is collected in this collection system which flows from east to west to an oil/water separator/sump located at the west-central portion of the site. This runoff is "inspected" prior to ultimate discharge to the stormwater system. The sump inside the property discharges to an oil/water separator located just outside the south wall. This outside separator then discharges to the stormwater drain. Mr. LeMasters indicated that the sumps (oil/water separators) are valved, and runoff does not automatically discharge.

We observed the oil filter crushing operation. A trench drain exists south of the main site collection system. The south trench collects oil and oily waters from the oil filter crushing operation, the truck wash and the filter press. This oil/oily water collects in a sump (at the south-central part of the site) and is pumped to the wastewater treatment plant onsite.

We observed several drums stored along the south wall. Some drums were labeled "Non-Hazardous Waste," some were labeled "Waste Oil Absorbent Pads and Absorbent" and "Danger Hazardous Material." One of the drums from Grayco Environmental was opened. This drum contained "filter lint" reportedly from a used oil processing facility. Several cardboard drums were observed. These drums were from Florida Silica and Sand. A couple of these drums were opened, and they contained a fine white powder. The labels indicated that the material was an abrasive media (i.e. like sandblast grit). A few gray drums from Valcool were observed. These



drums reportedly contained a blue cutting fluid concentrate, although Mr. LeMasters could not verify this. Six yellow overpack drums were also observed. These drums reportedly contained oily wastes. The contents of these drums were not verified during our site inspection. All of these drums were stored in an area marked "Oil Filters." We discussed the presence of these materials at the site. These solid waste materials should not be at the site or should be managed pursuant to a solid waste management facility permit (assuming the materials are non-hazardous). Mr. LeMasters indicated that he did not know why some of the materials (e.g. abrasive media, "virgin" blue cutting fluid, etc.) were onsite.

We then went to the southwest corner of the site. We observed 3 "bays" where semi-solids and sludges were being solidified. We observed a cyclone separator (decanter), and a pile of "clean" soil. One of the piles of solids had a significant number of oil filter rings. Mr. LeMasters explained that the solids which accumulate in the sumps, solids produced by the "decanting" activity, and solids generated from the wastewater treatment plant are placed in the "bays" and soil, or other materials are added to solidify the materials. He indicated that some materials are sent to landfills for disposal, and some materials are sent to soil thermal treatment facilities for disposal. We observed significant ponded water within one of the "bays". The area has a 6-foot concrete wall around the south and west sides. The south wall extends east for approximately 200 feet. We walked around the outside of the wall and observed several locations of significant seepage of oily material through the wall. In some locations, the material had obviously impacted (stained) the soil in the vicinity. The south wall has a major horizontal crack, and may present a potential significant failure, and discharge to the environment. Other cracks were also observed in the wall. Mr. LeMasters explained that the wall had recently been re-sealed. However, some of the leakage was obviously fresh (still liquid, not just staining). The entire solid waste processing area is uncovered. It appears that the liquids from this area are intended to discharge to the south trench drain. However, the solid (or solidified) materials are tracked out of the area by equipment, and it appears that liquid which contact these materials will discharge to the main collection system (ultimately to stormwater).

We then proceeded to the northwest part of the site. Equipment and empty containers are stored in this area. This area is not paved. The property adjacent to the north appears to have a machine repair business. Several areas of significantly stained soils (apparently gasoline or oil) were observed along the north property boundary.

We concluded our inspection by observing the wastewater treatment plant, and then going outside the facility to observe the stormwater drain which receives discharges from the facility. We observed the oil/water separator just outside the south wall, and then we went to observe the stormwater pipe discharge at a nearby park. It should also be noted that the facility has several groundwater monitoring wells onsite (a couple of which we saw during our visit). These groundwater monitoring wells were installed as part of a previous tank closure(?). Due to time constraints, we did not review any records during this site inspection.

DEFICIENCIES NOTED: Operating a solid waste management facility without the proper permit.

RECOMMENDATIONS: The owner/operator should cease accepting, processing and otherwise managing solid wastes. The owner/operator should remove and properly dispose of the solid waste materials. Solid wastes are those materials which are not specifically regulated pursuant to Chapter 62-710, F.A.C. or 40 CFR 279.

FDEP REPRESENTATIVE:

Susan J. Pelz, P.E. Solid Waste Section

Date Mailed to Facility

CC: Tim Hagen, HOWCO, 843 - 43rd St. South, St. Petersburg, Fl. 33711

Deb Bush, Pinellas County, 3095 - 114th Ave. N., St. Petersburg, Fl. 33716

Bill Crawford/Roger Evans, RCRA- FDEP Tampa

Randy Strauss, RCRA- FDEP Tampa

Flórida, Department of Environmental Protec Pollutant Storage Tank Inspection Program, implemented by the: Pinellas County Public Health Unit (PCPHU), Engineering Division 4175 East Bay Dr. Clearwater, FL 34624-6966

Inspection Report-Cover Page

528624557

TANK OWNER

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVI

843 43RD ST S LAT/LONG: 27:45:47 / 82:41:32

SAINT PETERSBURG

(813)327-8467 DATE ENTERED: 29-APR-86

FACILITY STATUS: OPEN

33711-1922 FACILITY TYPE: C / Fuel User/Non-Retail

Imental Protection

OPER: TIM HAGAN

SAINT PETERSBUR FL 33713

ACCOUNT OWNER: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SVCS 3701 Central Ave

(813)327-8467 CONTACT: TIM HAGAN

: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SVCS 3701 Central Ave

SAINT PETERSBUR FL 33713

(813)327-8467 CONTACT: TIM HAGAN

Tank	Product	Size	Status	Status	Install	Posi	Fee	COL	NSTRUCTIO	ON
#			_	Date	Date	tion	Y/N	Tank	Monitor	Pipe
	Leaded Gas	2000	В	30-JUN-86		Ą	М	D	- I	С
100	Waste Oil	29500	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	В
								C		I
					•			K		
101	Waste Oil	28500	U	•	07/1980	À	Ϋ́	A	ivi	B
								C		I
			*					K		
105	Vehicular Diesel	14000	U		07/1980	A	Y	C	M	В
			•					K		. I
								M		•
106	Waste Oil	9870	U	•	07/1980	A	Y	C	M	В
								K		I
			•					M		
120	Waste Oil	21775	U		07/1980	Α	Y	A	M	В
			_	•		• •	_	C		I
								K		•
								S		
101	Waste Oil	27989	U		07/1980	A.	У		3.4	D
121	waste Oil	2/909	U		07/1980	Α.	ï	A	M	В
			N					C		I.
								K	•	
								S		
122	Waste Oil	27989	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	В
					•			С		I
								, K		
		•						S		
123	Waste Oil	27989	U		07/1980	A	Y	Α	M	В
				-				C -		1
• .								. K		
				£				S		
124	Waste Oil	27989	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	В
•								C	• • •	Ī
							_	· K		
					,			S S		
125	Waste Oil	18040	U		07/1090	٥	v		3.7	D
í73	AN USCE OIL	10040	U		07/1980	A.	Y	A	M	В
								C		I
								K		
					_ <u>-</u> _	*		· S	_	

Inspection Type:

ROUTINE

ATCI AST

Inspector Name & #:

Emest Roggelin (813) 538-7277 ext. 136

Contact Name (Print)

Florida, Department of Environmental Protec (DEP) Pollutant Storage Tank Inspection Program, implemented by the: Pinellas County Public Health Unit (PCPHU), Engineering Division 4175 East Bay Dr. Clearwater, FL 34624-6966

Inspection Report-Cover Page

FACILITY STATUS: OPEN

33711-1922 FACILITY TYPE: C / Fuel User/Non-Retail

Page 2 of 3

528624557 HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVI

843 43RD ST S LAT/LONG: 27:45:47 / 82:41:32

SAINT PETERSBURG FL

(813)327-8467 DATE ENTERED: 29-APR-86

			- 5 467 'IM HAG		XED. 29-APK-0	0				
Tank #	Product	Size	Status	Status Date	Install Date	Posi tion	Fee Y/N		CONSTRUCT	
	Waste Oil	18565	U	. Date	07/1980	A	Y	Tanl A	c Monitor M	r Pipe B
		10000		·	071300	11	•	v. C	141	I
						•		K S		
127	Waste Oil	18565	. U		07/1980	Α	Y	A	M	В
								<u>C</u>		I
								K S		
128	Waste Oil	23792	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	В
			•					C K		1
								S		
129	Waste Oil	21775	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	В
								C • K		I
								· \$		
140	Waste Oil	26041	U .		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	C ·
	•			•				C • K		K M
141	Waste Oil	17432	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	C
								C		K
142	Waste Oil	17432	U.		07/1980	A	. Y	K A	M	M C
				· · ·	•			C		K
143	Waste Oil	17013	U		07/1980	A	Y	K A	3.4	M
115	Waste OH	11015	O		07/1500	A	1	- C	M	C K
144	William Off	10004		,				K		M
144.	Waste Oil	18886	U		07/1980	Α	Y	` A C	M	C K
	•		•					K	·	M
150	Waste Oil	15000	U		07/1980	Α	Y	A	M	С
				•			21	C K		K M
151	Waste Oil	15000	U .		07/1980	Α .	Ý	A	M	C
•			•				•	C		K
152	Waste Oil	28130	U·		07/1980	·A	Υ .	K A	M	M C
	•							C	*12	K
153	Waste Oil	20531	U	•	07/1980	4	v	K	3.4	M
133	Waste On	20331	U		01/1300	A	Y	A C	M	C K
								K		M
154	Waste Oil	18172	U	•	07/1980	A	Y	A C	M	C K
								K		M
155	Waste Oil	20139	U		07/1980	A	Y	A	M	C
								C K		K M
160	Waste Oil	14792	U		07/1980	Α	Y	A.	M	C
								C		K
161	Waste Oil	14792	U		07/1980	A	Y	K C	M	M B
								K		Ī
								M		

Ilorida, Department of Environmental Protec Pollutant Storage Tank Inspection Program, implemented by the: Pinellas County Public Health Unit (PCPHU), Engineering Division 4175 East Bay Dr. Clearwater, FL 34624-6966 Inspection Report-Cover Page

528624557

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVI 843 43RD ST S LAT/LONG: 27:45:47 / 82:41:32 SAINT PETERSBURG

Page 3 of 3

(813)327-8467

DATE ENTERED: 29-APR-86

33711-1922 FACILITY TYPE: C / Fuel User/Non-Retail

FACILITY STATUS: OPEN

		OPER: T	'IM HAG	AN						
Tani #	k Product	Size	Status	Status	Install	Posi	Fee		STRUCTIO	
	Waste Oil	14792	U	Date	Date	tion	Y/N	Tank	Monitor	Pipe
شدان	. Waste On	14/92	U	• .	07/1980	\mathbf{A}_{\pm}	Y	C K M	M	I
163	Waste Oil	14792	U		07/1980	Α .	Y	A C	M	C K
164	Waste Oil	18832	U		07/1980	Α .	Y	K A C	M	M C K
165	Waste Oil	18618	U		07/1980	Α΄	Y	K A	M	M C
							.	C K	•••	K M
166	Waste Oil	15000	U		07/1980	A	Y	A C	M	C K
170	Waste Oil	11000	U		07/1980	A	Y	K A C	M	M A C
: 171	Waste Oil	9607	Ú		07/1980	Α .	Y	K A	M	K A
.172	Waste Oil	9703	U .		07/1980	A	Y	C K A	M	C K A
173	Waste Oil	5500	U.		07/1980	A	Y	C K A	M	C K A
								C K		C K
174	Vehicular Diesel	2898	A	01-JAN-90	07/1980	Α	N	A C	M	A C
180	Waste Oil	56796	U	e ja	07/1980	Α	Y	K A C	M _e	K C K
2 .	Vehicular Diesel	4000	В	30-JUN-86		Α	N	K D	I	M C
-3	Vehicular Diesel	3000		01-DEC-94	07/1987	A	Y	A	В	D
-			•		31,120,			E	С	. ע
	#7	<u>.</u>				•		K	E	



Name: HOWCU Environmental Su Pacility I.D.#: 52 86 24.55 7 Date: 6-18-97

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK COMPLIANCE INSPECTION FORM

			Yes	No	Unk	N/A
I. REGISTR	ATION/NOTIFICATION: Comments:					
i	Facility has registered all applicable tanks on site; 62-762,400	1				
2.	Current registration placard is properly displayed; 62-762.410 (6)	2.	Σ			***************************************
Proper no	tification has been made for the following; 62-762.450:					
3.	Abandonment and closure (30 days prior); (1) (a)	3.				\sim
4.	Change of ownership (30 days after); (1) (b)	4.				\times
5.	Retrofitting, replacement or upgrading; (10 days prior); (1) (c)	5.				\sim
6.	Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d)	6.				\nearrow
7.	Change of facility status (e.g. substances stored); (1) (e)	7.				\sim
8.	Change of method of financial responsibility (within 30 days); (2)	8. [> <
9.	The facility owner/operator notified D.E.R. of internal tank inspection 24 hrs prior to the test;	9.				罖
	(3)					
10.	Loss of greater that 100 gallons on an impervious surface or 500 gallons inside secondary	10.			i	\times
	containment within one working day; 450 (4)					

	0.40	01 - 0
<u>II.</u>	RECORDS KEEPING: Comments: Attal Lellarts 10-16-96 warsout the rep	Olt Cultar
	in part of (exerción process.	0.0
	11. All records were maintained for two (2) years and were available for inspection within five (5) 11.	
	working days; 62-762.710	
	12. Some, but not all records were maintained for two (2) years and were available for inspection 12.	\times
	within five (5) working days; 62-762.710	
	within 11vc (5) working days, 02-702.710	

Proper reporting requirements met for the following; 62-762.460:			
13. Integral piping tightness test failure within 10 days; (1)			X
14. Pollutant discharge exceeding 25 gallons on a pervious surface; (2)			\boxtimes
15. Positive response of a release detection device with one working day; (3)			><
The owner or the operator of the system which has discharged has:			
16. Taken it out-of-service; 62-762.700 (1), had it repaired or replaced; 700, or properly			
closed it; .800			
17. Removed any regulated substances from the system; 62-762.820 (1)			\boxtimes
18. Tightness tested all repaired components before placing them back in service; 62-762.700 (5)			><
& (6)	<i>}//////</i>		
19. Begun initial corrective actions for a release; 62-762.820 (2)		1	X

<u>IV.</u>	INVENTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR TANKS IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL: Comments:
	20. All inventory requirements maintained in accordance with 62-762.720 (1) 21. Some, but not all inventory requirements maintained in accordance with 62-762.720 (1) 21.



Name: 4000 00 Environments Sv C Facility I.D.#: 578624557 Date: 6-18-97

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK COMPLIANCE INSPECTION FORM

	COMPLIANCE INSPECTION FORM				
			Yes N	lo Unk	N/A
<u>V.</u>	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS/CATHODIC PROTECTION: Comments:			· ·	
-					
1					
	Storage tank criteria; 62-762.500				
	22. Meets construction upgrading schedule; .510 and .520	22.			\square
	23. Meets applicable storage tank standards; (1), (2) & (3)	23.			
	24. Tank has secondary containment system; 500 (6)	24.			
	25. Tank equipped with overfill protection; (3) (f) 1-4, (g)	25.			\geq
1	Piping criteria				
	26. Meets new piping standards with secondary containment; .500 (4) & .600 (4)	26.			
1	27. Meets construction upgrading schedule; 62-762.510 (3), & .520 (2)	27.			\geq
	Repairs to storage tank systems; 62-762.700				
	28. Failed storage tank system component properly required; (1)-(4)	28.	$\succeq \bot$		
1	29. Tightness testing of the required component prior to being brought back into service; (5)	29.			DOX 34
***********************	Cathodic Projection; 62-762.730	•			
	30. Cathodic protection system for tank and piping provides continuous protection; (1)-(4)	30.			\rightarrow
***************************************	Secondary containment; 62-762.500				
	31. Does containment are have sufficient volume; .500 (6) (a) (2)	31,	\geq		
1	32. Is the containment area made out of impervious material in accordance with Chapter 62-762,	32.		5	,,,,,,,,
***************************************	F.A.C., requirements; (6) (a) (1)				
	33. The containment area equipped with drainage system or protected from accumulation of rain;	33.	\sim		
	- (6) (a) (3) - 1				
İ	34. Hydrant pits equipped with spill prevention equipment; (5)	34.		١.	$\supset \subset$
L					•
	· ·			(1)	
1777		Æ	41116	7 (/	
VI.	RELEASE DETECTION/MONITOR WELLS: Comments: MOUNTALLY VISUAL +	WI	<u> Mill</u>	Muy	
	PHOLINE TELL	25	マンコ		
	35. Facility has an approved released-detection system; 62-762.600 & 62-762.860	35.	 		
	36. Monitoring wells properly designed, constructed and installed; 62-762.640 or 62-762.600 (6)	36.			\mathbf{k}
	37. Interstitial monitoring adequate to detect a release from integral piping; 62-762.600 (4) & (5)	37.			
VII.	OUT-OF SERVICE STATUS: Comments:				
	38. Are the corrosive protection devices properly maintained; 62-762.800 (1) (a)	38.			124
	39. Is the vent line and other ancillary equipment properly secured and maintained; (1) (b)	39.			1
	40. Test performed to insure the integrity of out-of-service system prior to being returned to	40.			
	service; (1) (c)				Million .
	30.300,(1).(0)				
VIII.	VARIANCE: Comments:				
	41. Has the facility for an Alternate Procedure; 62-762.850 (1)	41.		////	
L					
	•				
	Logueso				
IX.	OTHERS: Comments:				
		_		////	
	42. Any other violation noted during inspection (Explain in comments)	42.	///	////	



Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

APR 1 1 1997

Mr. Tim Hagan Howco Environmental Services 3701 Central Ave. St. Petersburg, FL 33713

RE: WARNING LETTER #100547

Howco Environmental Services 843 43rd St. S. St. Petersburg, FL EPA ID NO.: FLD 152 764 767

Dear Mr. Hagan:

The purpose of this letter is to advise you of possible violations of law for which you may be responsible, and to seek your cooperation in resolving the matter. A hazardous waste program field inspection conducted on October 16 & 17, 1997, indicates that violations of Florida Statutes and Rules may exist at the Howco Environmental Services facility. Department of Environmental Protection personnel made observations described in the attached inspection report. Section 11 of the report lists a summary of alleged violations of Department Rules.

Section 403.727 Florida Statutes provides that it is a violation to fail to comply with rules adopted by the Department. The activities observed during the Department's field inspection and any other activities at your facility that may be contributing to violations of Florida Statutes or Department Rules should be ceased.

You are requested to contact Randall Strauss at (813)744-6100, ext. 387, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of this Warning Letter to arrange a meeting to discuss this matter. The Department is interested in reviewing any facts you may have that will assist in determining whether any violations have occurred. You may bring anyone with you to the meeting that you feel could help resolve this matter.

Please be advised that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation, preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), Florida Statutes. If after further investigation, the Department's preliminary findings are verified, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a Consent Order which will include a compliance schedule, an appropriate penalty, and reimbursement of the Department's costs and expenses. In accordance with the Department's Settlement Guidelines for Civil Penalties and the RCRA Civil Penalty

Howco Environmental Services Warning Letter #100547

Policy of 1990, a civil penalty has been calculated and is pending review. Costs and expenses in this case will be a minimum of \$100.00. If this matter cannot be resolved within 90 days, under the Department's agreement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. We look forward to your cooperation in completing the investigation and resolution of this matter.

Sincer#1

Richard D. Garrity, Ph.D. / Director of District Management

Southwest District

RDG/rhs

Enclosure

cc: Panduranga Ojili, HWR
Jewell Grubbs, USEPA, Region IV
Charlie Ryburn, Pinellas Co. DEM
Compliance File



Department of **Environmental Protection**

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

1.	INSPECTION TYPE:COMPLAINT _X ROUTINEFOLLOW-UPPERMITTING
	FACILITY NAME: Howco Environmental Services DEP/EPA ID FLD 152 764 767
	STREET ADDRESS: 843 43rd Street South, St. Petersburg, FL
	MAILING ADDRESS: 3701 Central Ave., St. Petersburg, FL 33713
	COUNTY: Pinellas PHONE: (813)327-8467 DATE: October 16-17, 1996 TIME: 9:00
	NOTIFIED AS: CURRENT STATUS:
	Non Handler Non Handler Non-Notifier CESQG (<100 kg/mo.) CESQG (<100 kg/mo.) SQG (100-1000 kg/mo.) SQG (100-1000 kg/mo.) Generator (>1000 kg/mo.) Generator (>1000 kg/mo.) Transporter Transfer Facility Transfer Facility Interim Status TSD Facility Interim Status TSD Facility TSD Facility TSD Facility TSD Facility Unit Type(s): Exempt Treatment Facility X Used Oil Non-Notifier
2.	Applicable Regulations:
	X 40 CFR 261.5 X 40 CFR 262 40 CFR 263 X 40 CFR 264 40 CFR 265 40 CFR 266 40 CFR 268 40 CFR 273 X 40 CFR 279 X 62-710 F.A.C. X 62-730 F.A.C. 62-737 F.A.C. 62-740 F.A.C.
3.	Responsible Official:
	Tim Hagan, owner
4.	Survey Participants and Principal Inspector:
	Bill Crawford, Roger Evans, Randy Strauss-FDEP; Ernest Roggelin-Pinellas Co. HRS Storage Tank Program; Jose Rodriquez-Pinellas Co. DEM Air Program; Roy Williams-St. Petersburg Fire & Rescue/Prevention Division; Tim Hagan-Howco Environmental Services
5.	Facility Latitude: 27°54'00" Longitude: 82°38'11"
6.	SIC Code: 4953, 5172
7.	Type of Ownership: FEDERAL STATE COUNTY MUNICIPAL PRIVATE
8.	Permit No.: N/A Date Issued: Exp. Date:
9 _	Pre-Arranged Inspection: Yes No X

10. Facility Description:

This facility was last inspected by the Department's hazardous waste section in March 1994. The major processes and activities are the same as reported in previous inspections, i.e. used oil collection, processing and marketing; wastewater, sludge and soil treatment and disposal; used oil filter processing; hazardous waste brokering; emergency response waste recovery and disposal; and laboratory analytical services. The facility currently employs about 45 people at the oil processing/wastewater plant and the main office located at the mailing address identified above.

The handling of used oil filters has changed since the previous inspection in 1994, when filters were transported to the facility in 55-gallon drums, then emptied into a roll-off container prior to crushing. Howco now collects and transports filters in dedicated trucks in-bulk. The trucks dump the filters on a pad located at the southwest corner of the facility. Oil drains from the filters across the pad into an open trench. This trench extends approximately 300 feet along the edge of a concrete pad and collects used oil and contaminated stormwater run-off from-in addition to the filters-a soil/sludge waste pile, a cone-type sludge separator, spillage from filter crushing and waste drum handling, and the operation of a waste sludge filter press. The trench drains to a collection sump for a truck wash rack, which is then pumped through an underground pipe to tanks used for oil/water separation located in the wastewater treatment area. The details of construction of the pad in the bulk soil and oil filter drainage areas could not be determined due to being coated with a layer of oil/soil mixture. There was visible oil seepage through the mortar cracks of the concrete block wall enclosing the drainage area. After draining and crushing, the filters are transported as scrap in roll-offs to U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing, 8351 NW 93rd St., Medley, FL. Approximately 140,000 pounds of scrap filters were transported to U.S. Foundry during a two-week period prior to the inspection.

The management of the filters on the open pad constitutes a violation of Section 62-710.850(6), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), which requires filters to be stored in labeled containers, protected from the weather on an oil-impermeable surface. The used oil drainage on the pad and in the trench constitute violations of similar requirements for used oil management by processors spelled-out at 40 CFR 279.54. These standards specify that used oil can only be stored in tanks, containers, or units regulated under hazardous waste-permitted facility requirements, and the units must be provided with secondary containment.

Located on the pad adjacent to the filters, a bulk soil/waste pile is used as an oil absorbent and media for mixture of various solid wastes managed at the facility. Wastes that are added to this pile include solids cleaned from the trench drain system described above, solids removed from a cone-type liquid/solid separator, solids from a vibratory filter used in the oil processing plant, filter press solids, spent absorbents and any other miscellaneous sludges or solid-phase wastes. The miscellaneous wastes include anything that can not be processed through the used oil or wastewater plants, and can be mixed homogeneously into the bulk pile.

The cone separator is used for liquid/solids separation from tanker loads of oily wastes such as tank bottom, oil/water separator, sump and stormwater drain clean-outs. The liquids are processed through the oil and/or wastewater plants and the solids are added to the bulk pile. pile of clean soil is located nearby and added as needed to the waste pile, which is periodically mixed and allowed to dry and drain to the This waste had been disposed to Chambers Landfill up until April 1996, but the most recent disposal prior to this inspection was in September 1996, and went to Geologic Recovery Systems, Mulberry, FL, a soil thermal treatment facility. Treated soil from Geologic is the source of the clean soil described above that is used for mixing. Disposal of the bulk waste pile to Geologic constitutes a repeat violation of Section 403.413(4)(c), F.S., which Howco was previously cited for in conjunction with a February 19, 1993, Department inspection. The practice had apparently been discontinued after that citation until the most recent September 1996 disposal.

Prior to disposal, the bulk waste pile is mixed and a grab sample is taken for analysis for the parameters required by the disposal facility-either Chambers or Geologic. The method of waste determination for materials added to the pile received from off-site range from generator knowledge to full TCLP analysis, but include the customer's certification that the waste is non-hazardous. Several waste streams generated by Howco are also added to the bulk pile. filter press sludge generated by Howco has been analysed at least three times in the past for TCLP constituents and was determined to be nonhazardous at those times. The cone separator solids, shaker filter solids and sand/carbon wastewater filter media have never been analysed at the point of generation, i.e. upon removal from the units. Due to the variety of sources contributing to these waste streams, a schedule should be implemented to analyse these solid wastes at the point of generation. The analyses should include all TCLP parameters likely to be present to ensure only non-hazardous wastes are added to the bulk pile before being mixed and diluted with clean soil.

Oil that contains between 6% and 20% water is distilled at 250°F to remove the water. At the time of inspection, modifications in the plant were underway to replace the distillation condenser. The former condenser utilized cooling water from a closed-loop water tower which was being replaced with a totally air-cooled unit. In addition to water, the condensate also contains enriched concentrations of halogenated compounds and "light ends" that distill over at this temperature. The condensate is routed to a storage tank where physical separation occurs between the aqueous and organic phases. The aqueous phase is routed for treatment in the wastewater plant and the "light ends" organic phase is mixed with processed oil and burned to provide heat for the distillation. Uncondensed vapor emissions from the condensate storage tank are routed through an approximate 30-gallon drum containing activated carbon. A waste determination consisting of TCLP analysis for organics must be performed on the spent carbon prior to disposal.

Since the organic phase of the condensate is derived from used oil and burned for energy recovery, it is regulated as "used oil" per 40 CFR 279.10(e)(2). In addition, even though the light ends can exceed 4000 ppm of halogens and thus be defined as "off-specification," Howco is

exempt from 40 CFR 279 Subpart G, standards for off-specification used oil burners, per 40 CFR 279.50(b)(3)(ii). Howco's air permit may specify other possible regulatory requirements pertaining to the burning of this material, which is to be determined by the Pinellas County DEM Air Program.

The used oil storage and processing tanks are located within two adjacent secondary containment areas. The western section contains 10 vertical tanks ranging from 20,000 to 30,000-gallon capacity which are used to store processed oil prior to shipment. The containment for these tanks consists of a concrete slab base sorrounded by an asphaltcovered earthen berm. The eastern section contains tanks used for storage of incoming oil and processing tanks and equipment. containment for this area consists of a concrete floor with concrete block walls. The Pinellas County Storage Tank Program has determined that these containment areas do not meet the standards for secondary containment specified at 62-762.500(6), F.A.C.; specifically, that the containments are not impervious to used oil for a number of reasons. These include cracks, holes and deterioration in the concrete base and walls, incomplete sealing of joints, and the asphalt berm does not meet the permeability rate standard of 1×10^{-7} cm/sec or less. Due to these deficiencies, the containments also do not meet the requirement located at 40 CFR 279.54(d)(2). The containments should be upgraded to meet all the 62-762.500, F.A.C., standards by June 23, 1997, when the facility's new Used Oil Processing Facility Permit application is due.

Tanks that are used for oil/water separation, burner fuel storage and untreated and treated wastewater storage and processing are located in a containment area generally referred to as the Wastewater Treatment This area is subdivided into four sections separated by concrete block containment walls. Several tanks in this area are subject to regulation as used oil tanks including: Tank #105 (15,000 gal) which is used for burner fuel storage; Tanks #140 and #141 (30,000 & 20,000 gals) which receive used oil collected in the trench and truck wash sump described above; and five tanks (18,000-20,000 gals) which are used for oil/water separation. Used oil separated in the latter tanks is pumped back into the oil plant for processing. Due to the storage and processing of various used oils and materials derived from used oil in these tanks, this secondary containment area is also subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 279 and Chapter 62-762, F.A.C. For the same reasons stated in the above paragraph, the containment for this area must be upgraded to meet the 62-762.500, F.A.C., standards by June 23, 1997.

The separated oil layers from tanks in the wastewater plant are discharged into the containment area. The oil is then pumped from sumps within the containment into the oil processing plant. The intentional use of the containment to handle used oil precludes its potential function as an emergency secondary containment. If the area is to be used in this manner, then the containment itself must be provided with secondary containment. The alternative is to manage the separated oil only in tanks that are provided with secondary containment.

Subsequent to the inspection, Howco pressure tested six 3" underground pipes used to convey oily wastes, wastewater and sludges between the two plants, from the truck wash sump to the separator holding tanks and

from the wastewater plant to the sludge holding tank for the filter press. Two of the six lines failed, including a line between the two plants, Line #1, and the line from the wastewater plant to the sludge holding tank, Line #6. Due to failing the pressure tests, Howco submitted a Discharge Reporting Form to the Pinellas County Storage Tank Program on January 10, 1997, and subsequently reported that Line #2 was to be abandoned in place and that Line #6 was repaired. Documentation of a "passed" pressure test after the repairs on Line #6 should be submitted to the Department.

In addition to the permanent tanks that are identified on facility drawings and have been registered with the Department's storage tank program, Howco keeps approximately ten to fifteen tanker trailers onsite and leases portable tanks that are used for temporary storage of various wastes. Some of the tanker trailers are in-use for waste hauling, however several of them are not licensed for over the road use and are reportedly used for temporary overflow storage capacity. These tanks must also be provided with secondary containment if they are used for the storage of used oil for greater than 24 hours.

Field screening of oil is done by drivers on each pick-up using a "Multi-Gas Leak Detector" which the product literature states will detect HFCs, perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene and most other compounds containing halogens. The meter has a threshold setting that Howco's lab calibrates to trip when exposed to a standard they prepare from virgin oil and a chlorinated solvent. The standard is made at some concentration less than 1000 ppm halogen to provide a margin of error. If the meter is triggered when screening a used oil pick-up, then a sample is analysed by the driver in the field using a Dexsil® Clor-D-Tect® quantitative test kit. Howco's purhase records indicated that about 5 to 10 cases per month of the Dexsil® kits are used.

Currently, all or almost all of the processed oil is marketed as "on-specification" used oil fuel and a sequential number is assigned to each "batch" of fuel. Exactly what constitutes a "batch" of used oil fuel was not completely determined from the inspection, but appears to be associated with each time one of the ten 20,000 to 30,000-gallon storage tanks is filled. With oil being continually added and withdrawn from the tanks, exactly what constitutes a discrete batch and how the analyses correlate to each batch number is not clear. This procedure needs to be clarified in Howco's analysis plan, which simply states that a monthly composite sample is sent to an outside lab for verification of their product knowledge.

Each delivery of fuel to an oil burner is accompanied by a "Certificate of Analysis" that includes the batch number and results for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, flash point and total halogen concentrations. The total halogens are run in Howco's lab by x-ray fluorescence. A review of total halogen results for 29 batches indicate that a unique determination was made for this parameter on each batch, because the result for each batch was different and varied by a considerable amount. The average total halogen concentration for the 29 batches was 608.5 ppm, with a low of 237 ppm and a high of 937 ppm.

All the flash point results are reported as >140F, which is based on generator knowledge that all past analyses have been significantly higher than 140F. The results for metals appear to be based on a

monthly confirmatory analysis that is performed by an outside lab. The sample sent for outside analysis is a composite of all the samples taken by Howco during the month for total halogen analysis. The breakdown of lead results for the 29 batches reviewed as reported on the "Certificates of Analysis" is as follows: (20)56 ppm, (6)51 ppm, (2)56.5 ppm, and (1)39.8 ppm. Arsenic and cadmium are listed as <1 ppm on all analyses and chromium is listed as either 1 or 2 ppm. Since the lead results reported for the individual batches are not the result of a discrete analysis of each specific batch, they should not be reported as an actual analytical result on the "Certificate of Analysis." If Howco does not wish to analyse a representative sample of each batch, then they should propose a sampling plan with statistical data to support reporting the lead concentration as <X ppm, with a specified percentage certainty.

A review of records for a variety of incoming wastes revealed that Howco has received anti-freeze wastes that were determined to be hazardous due to exceeding TCLP limits. During the inspection, a record was observed for the receipt of anti-freeze from Tampa Volvo on 1/18/95 that analysed at 10 ppm lead by TCLP. Subsequent to the inspection, records were obtained in conjunction with an inspection of Ken Marks Ford, Clearwater, that showed Howco picked-up 260 gallons of anti-freeze on January 31, 1996, that was analysed in Howco's lab as containing 2.2 ppm tetrachloroethylene. Since these anti-freeze wastes were transported by Howco for treatment in their wastewater system, they were subject to regulation as solid wastes and as hazardous wastes due to exceeding the TCLP limits of 5 ppm for lead and 0.7 ppm for tetrachloroethylene, respectively.

A business sideline Howco is attempting to develop is the sale of their own brand of parts cleaner called Howco Klean, which the MSDS states contains 90% aliphatic and 10% aromatic petroleum distillates, 2% 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene and has a flash point of 143°F (TCC). Howco plans to pick-up the used solvent for processing in their oil treatment plant if an initial analysis from each customer determines the spent solvent to be non-hazardous. Testing of the spent solvent should include all the metal and organic TCLP constituents, except pesticides, and the flash point should be determined using one of the methods specified at § 261.21—not the method reported on the MSDS, Tagliabue Closed Cup (TCC).

Other miscellaneous activities include brokering of hazardous waste disposal which is usually arranged through Perma-Fix. A copy of all hazardous waste manifests is maintained in Howco's office. Flourescent bulb disposal is brokered using Perma-Fix as transporter and Quicksilver, Tampa, as the recycling facility. Laboratory analytical services are performed on a job basis as well as for wastes picked-up by Howco.

A review of additional required records indicated that training records were complete and up-to-date. The Used Oil Annual Reports for '93, '94 and '95 were reviewed and revealed discrepancies that have not been explained as of the date of this report. All the used oil is reported on the '94 and '95 reports as being "Marketed for an industrial process." No oil is reported to have been "Marketed as an on-spec fuel," even though this is the stated disposition of all of Howco's used oil in 1995, and almost all of it in 1994. The 1993 report states

that 1,851,395 gallons was marketed as fuel or used in an on-site burner, and 1,015,803 gallons was marketed to the phosphate industry for use in flotation. The '94 report states that 13,688 gallons of used oil was used for phosphate flotation. Howco's Annual Reports need to be corrected to indicate the amounts of used oil marketed as on-spec fuel, if this is in fact the disposition of the oil.

The facility maintains an SPCC and Contingency Plan that was most recently updated in January 1996. Although the plan states that the local police and fire departments have been familiarized with the facility, there is no description of any arrangements with these agencies in the plan, as specified at § 279.52(b)(2)(iii), nor is there documentation of submittal of the plan to these authorities. The plan identifies the location of portable fire extinguishers on a drawing, but describes the location of spill control and other emergency equipment as being in the "HazMat trailer." It's not clear whether this refers to the same equipment Howco uses for off-site emergency response, which would therefore not always be available at the facility. The plan needs to be clarified to show the exact location of this trailer if it is permanent, and all locations of spill control materials and safety equipment other than just the fire extinguishers. All other records reviewed which included safety inspections, tank inspections, incoming waste profiles and analyses (except those violations noted above), and bulk waste analyses were in order. following violations were identified as a result of the inspection and subsequent follow-up investigation.

11. Summary of Alleged Violations:

40 CFR 262.11	Failure to determine if solid wastes added to the bulk pile meet the definition of hazardous waste at the point of generation.
40 CFR 263.20 & 403.727(3)(b)5., F.S.	Failure to use a manifest in the transportation of hazardous waste antifreeze.
40 CFR 279.52(a)(1)	Failure to maintain and operate the facility to minimize the possibility of a release of used oil to the soil.
40 CFR 279.52(b)(2)(iii)&(iv)	Failure to describe arrangements with local authorities and locations of all emergency equipment in the contingency plan.
40 CFR 279.52(b)(3)(ii)	Failure to submit copies of contingency plan to local police, fire, hospital and emergency response teams.
40 CFR 279.54(a)	Failure to store used oil in tanks, containers or other regulated units.
40 CFR 279.54(c)	Failure to provide impervious secondary containment for containers of used oil.
40 CFR 279.54(d)	Failure to provide impervious secondary containment for existing aboveground tanks.

62-710.850(6)(a), F.A.C.

Failure to store used oil filters in sealed, labeled containers on an oil-impermeable surface.

403.413(4)(c), F.S.

Disposal of wastewater treatment sludge at a soil thermal treatment facility in violation of Department rules.

403.727(3)(b)1., F.S.

Transportation of hazardous waste to an unpermitted facility.

403.727(3)(b)2., F.S.

Storage, treatment and disposal of hazardous waste at an unpermitted facility.

Date: 4/2/97

12. Recommendations:

- a) Revise the analysis plan to include a detailed description of the processed oil sampling procedures and a statistical method of determining the maximum lead content of the processed oil batches.
- b) Do not report results from monthly composite sample lead analyses as actual analytical results on the "Certificate of Analysis."
- c) Provide results of pressure test on repaired Line #6.
- d) Provide information regarding current practices for the disposition of the "light ends."
- e) Provide clarification regarding the disposition of used oil marketed in 1994 and 1995.

Inspected:

Randall H. Strauss

Environmental Specialist II

Approved:

Elijabeth B. Knauss

Environmental Manager

USED OIL PROCESSOR CHECKLIST

Fa	cility Name: Howco Date	e: <i>[0]</i>	ŶØ,
Fa	cility Representative: Tim Hagan Fac	ility ID :	<u> </u>
Ins		istration #FCD	152764767
		+	
	40 CFR 279 Subpart F Proce	ssor Standards	
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? (279.50	(a))	YN
	Transporter or burner processing incidental to normal cou	urse of operations?	YN
	Processors who also generate, transport, market, dispose applicable Subparts of Part 279.	e or burn used oil m	ust comply with the
2.	Does the processor have an EPA ID Number? (279.51(a))	Y
3.	Is the processor Registered? (62-710.500(1)(b))		YN
4.	Does the processor have a general permit? 62-710.800(1))	YN
5.	For new facilities, was the notification of intent to use the submitted 30 days prior to beginning operation? For exist the notification for renewal submitted 30 days prior to export the general permit?(62-710.800(2))	ting facilities, was "	YN <i>N/A</i>
	Oil Filter Processing Standards	62-710.850 F.A.C.	
1.	Does the facility process used oil filters by removing oil, or crushing or element separation? Describe in narrative. On who process their own filters are not regulated provided to disposed of in a landfill but are managed by a registered	Generators he filters are not	YN
	Is the facility a registered used oil filter processor? (62-71	10.850)	YN
2.	Are the filters stored in above ground containers which ar	re: (62-710.850(6))	<i>/</i>
	In good condition?		YN/
	Closed or otherwise protected from weather?		YN
	Labeled "Used Oil Filters"?		Y N volum
•	Stored on an oil impervious surface?		Y_N_ Un trouver
3.	Are records maintained on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or e include: (62-710.850(5)(a))	quivalent that	
	Destination or end use of the processed filters?		Y_N_
	Name and street address of each destination or end user	?	YN
	Are copies kept at the facility's street address for 3 years'	? (62-710.850(5)(b)))YN
4.	Is an Annual Report submitted by March 1 for the previous summarizing the above records? (62-710.850(5)(c))	ıs calendar year	YN

	Facility Names 1 200	Freixonnenta
	Facility Name: Facili	1/96.
	Oil Management Standards - 279.54	(h /
1.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)	Y N N
2.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 and 62.762 F. A. O. rules? (Applicable to USTs over 100 g and ASTs over 550 gallons. Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)	y N N
	Is secondary containment consisting of a floor and dike which are impervious to oil provided for ASTs? Applies to all ASTs regardless of size per 279.54(d & e)	YN
3.	Are containers and tanks in good condition and not leaking? (279.54(b))	YN
4.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum? (279.54(c))	YN
5.	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration? Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil? (279.54(f))	N Wow N - about
6.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable? (279.54(g))	YN
	General Facility Standards - 279.52	
1.	Is the facility maintained and operated to prevent a fire, explosion or planned or unplanned release of used oil to the air, soil, or water which could threaten human health or the environment? (279.52(a)(1))	N N
2.	Does the facility have an internal communication or alarm system capable of giving immediate emergency instruction to facility personnel?(279.52(a))	
3.	Is there a telephone, alarm, 2-way radio or other device at the scene of operations immediately available and capable of summoning assistance from local fire departments? (279.52(a)(2)(ii))	YN
	Is there immediate access to this equipment by all personnel who are engag in pouring, mixing, spreading or otherwise handled, either directly or by voice or visual contact with another employee? (279.52(a)(4))	ed YN
4.	Describe fire control equipment. Is it adequate? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	Y <u>N</u>
5.	Is spill control and decontamination equipment present? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YN
6.	If sprinklers, water hoses or foam producing equipment is part of the facility fire control equipment, is water available at adequate volume and pressure? (279.52(a)(2)(iii))	YNN/A

Rev. 10/15/96

7. Is the emergency equipment inspected and tested periodically? Frequency? Weekly / June 1

8.	Is there adequate aisle space to allow unobstructed movement of facility personnel and emergency equipment to any area of the facility where needed? (279.52(a)(5i))	YN
9.	Has the facility made emergency response arrangements with the following: (279.52(a)(6)) Fire Department: St. Petersburg Police: St. Petersburg Hospital: Contractor: Laidland	Y
10.	If not, has the facility attempted to do so and is the refusal documented?	YN
Contingency Plans and Emergency Response 279.52(b)		
1.	Does the facility have a contingency plan?	YN
2.	Is it at the facility and easily available?	YN
3.	Does the plan include: Fire Response Procedure: (compare to 279.52(b)(6)) Spill Response Procedures: "N/A Explosion Response Procedures: "N/A Instructions for handling contaminated materials & residues A description of arrangements with local authorities: N/A Emergency Coordinators: (Name) In Le Master In Itagan. Addresses and telephone numbers of Emergency Coordinators. Emergency equipment list: Specifications and capabilities of emergency equipment: Locations of emergency equipment: An evacuation plan and routes: Evacuation/alarm signals: External reporting procedures: Internal recordkeeping requirements:	Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N
4.	Is the plan up to date, with no changes to the list of emergency equipment, list of emergency coordinators, applicable regulations or contingency plan failures since the last revision? (279.52(b)(4))	Y_ i/N
5. 6.	Has the plan been distributed to the local police, fire department, ERT and hospital? <u>Circle omitted authorities.</u> (279.52(b)(3)) Is the emergency coordinator authorized to commit funds for incident response.	YN
7.	Has the processor noted in the operating record any incidents requiring implementation of the contingency plan? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	Y
9.	Were written reports made within 15 days to the DEP? (279.52(b)(6)(ix))	YN

Facility Name: 4. co Environmental

Date: 10/17/96.

Rebuttable Presumption and Analysis Plan -- 279.53, 279.55

1.	Does the processor have a written analysis plan to determine whether used oil stored at the facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm and whether the facility's used oil fuel meets the used oil specification? (279.55)(a))	Y N
2.	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by testing?	YN
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(a)(2))	
	Sampling methods?	Y
	Frequency of sampling?	Y
	Analytical Methods?	YN
	Is the 1,000 ppm halogen determination made by process knowledge? .	Y
	If so, is the type of information that will be used to determine the halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(a)(3))	YN
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?	YN
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?	YN
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe basis for presumption rebuttal in narrative. (ex. analysis, refrigerant oil, etc.) N/A	YN
4.	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by testing?	
	If so, does the analysis plan cover: (279.55(b)(2))	
	Sampling methods?	YN
	Whether the oil will be tested before or after processing?	Y_1/N
	Frequency of sampling?	Y
	Analytical Methods?	YVN
	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by process knowledge	YVN
	Is the used oil fuel specification determination made by process knowledge of the land process k	
	halogen content stated in the analysis plan? (279.55(b)(3))	YN
5.	Are all oil processing residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used as asphalt manufacture feedstock? (279.59), N/A	YN
	determination2 (270 10(a))	YN
ŝ.	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determinations kept for 3 years? (279.57(a)(2)(i))	Y
	principle for waste accepted from.	
	I so the but not week accorded or	site.

Facility Name: 4. Co Environmental
Date: 10/17/96

Recordkeeping and Reporting -- 279.57, 62-710.510-520 F.A.C.

1.	Do used oil acceptance records include: (279.56(a))	
	Name & address of the generator or off site source of the used oil?	Y_i N
	EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?	Y N
	Name & Address of the transporter delivering the oil to the facility?	YN
	EPA ID # of the transporter delivering the oil	Y N
	Quantity of oil shipped?	YN
	Type of oil received (62-710.510(1)(c))	Y
	Date of shipment?	Y N
2.	Do used oil delivery records include: (279.56(b), also check marketer requir	ements)
	Name & Address of receiving facility? (burner, processor or disposal site)	Y/_ N /
	EPA ID # of receiving facility?	YN
	Name & Address of transporter delivering the oil?	YN
	EPA ID # of transporter?	YN
	Quantity of oil delivered?	YN
	End Use of the oil? (62-710.510(1)(e))	YN
	Date of delivery?	Y N
3.	Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent? (62-710.501(1))	YN
4.	Does the facility submit an annual report by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? (62-710.520)	YN
	If not, is the facility an electric utility processing only self generated used oil for recycling, which is exempt from state registration and reporting requirements? (62-710.530)?	YN
5.	Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? (62-710.510(2))	YN
	Closure 62-710.800(3) F.A.C. and 279.54(h)	
1.	Has the facility submitted a written closure plan? (62-710.800(3)(a))	YN
2.	Does the plan include procedures for removing containers of oil and residues?	YN
	Cleaning and decontaminating tanks and ancillary equipment?	YV_N
	Removing contaminated soils?	YN
	Eliminating the need for further maintenance?	YN_

If the facility operated tank systems, and not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed, the owner or operator must close the facility as a hazardous waste landfill.

	1 USED OIL MARKETER CHI	ECKLIST ,
Fac	cility Name: FOR CO.	Date: 10/16/96
Fac	cility Representative: Tim Hogan. F	acility ID#: FLD 152 764 767
Ins		Registration #_
	40 CFR 279 Subpart H Markete	er Standards
1.	Does the facility direct shipments of off-specification used oil used oil burners? (except processors who burn incidentally)	YN
	Or does the facility first claim that used oil that is to be burned energy recovery meets the used oil fuel specification	I for
2.	Check other Subparts the marketer complys with. (Must-comp	· · · -
	C - GeneratorE - TransporterF - Proce	essorG - Burner
3.	ls the facility registered? (62-710.500(1)(c)))N/A	A (Utility) Y V_N
4.	Does the marketer only send off specification oil to burners win Numbers (279.71(a))	th EPA ID YN
	And approved Industrial Furnaces or Boilers(279.71(b))	YN
5.	Does the marketer claim the used oil meets the specification I	oy analysis? Y \ N
	Or by obtaining copies of generator performed analyses? (27	9.72(a)) YN
6.	Does the marketer have copies of written and signed certificate oil burners to which he has directed shipments stating that the	
	Has notified EPA of its used oil management activities?	~ Y 2 N
	Will only burn off spec oil in an approved device? > 3	recognity N_N_
7.	Do Off specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(a))	N/A
	Name & Address of transporter delivering oil? EPA ID # of transporter? Name & Address of receiving burner? EPA ID # of receiving burner? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?	3 /2 M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
8.	Do on specification oil delivery records include: (279.74(b))	N/A
	Name & Address of receiving facility? Cross reference to analysis or other information used to dete the oil meets the specification? Quantity of oil shipped? Date of shipment?	rmine that YN YNN
9.	Does the marketer keep copies of records for three years? (27	79.72(b)) Y N
10.	Does the facility maintiain records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2 type of oil and destination or end use?	2), including
11.	Does the facility submit annual reports by March 1?	Y

USED OIL TRANSPORTER CHECKLIST

E۵	cility Name: How co	Date: /a	110/	γ ? (-		
	cility Representative: Tim Hasa,	-/	#. 61 D 1=	<u> </u>	64 767.	
	pector: D. Strans	Facility ID		2.10	07 /6/.	
1113	pector. P. A. 100 1	Registration	on #			
	40 CFR 279 Subpart E Trans	porter Sta	ndards			/
1.	Is the facility exempt under any of the following? (279.40(a))		Y	NN	
	On site transport?					
	Generator transporting < 55 g /time to a collection center?					
	Transporter of $<$ 55 g /time from generator to aggregation p by same generator ?	oint owned				
2.	If the transporter also transports hazardous waste in the sar are used to transport used oil, are the vehicles emptied per HW shipments? (If not, the used oil must be managed as I	261.7 after	NA	Y	N	
3.	Does the transporter process used oil incidental to transport	(279.41)		Y	_N_/	
	Are any residues managed as used oil, reclaimed, or used a asphalt manufacture feedstock?	as	N/A	Y	N	
	If not, has the transporter conducted a hazardous waste determination? (279.10(e))		N/A_L	Y	N	
4.	Has the facility notified of used oil activities? Check EPA form 8700-12			Y <u>V</u>	_N	
5.	Does the transporter only deliver used oil to other transporter oil processors, off specification used oil burners with EPA ID Numbers, or to on-specification oil burners? (279.43(a))			Y	_N	
6.	Does the transporter comply with DOT requirements? (279.	43(b))		٧_ <u>ر</u>	_N	
7.	If any oil is discharged during transport, does the transporte	r: (279.43(c)))	N/A_		
	Notify National Response Center and State Warning Point a Guard per 33 CFR 153.203, as applicable? Report to DOT in writing per 49 CFR 171.16?	and Coast	to a see	Y	_N/	_
	Report to DOT in writing per 49 CFR 171.16?	no-ir. 17.	st.	Y	N	
	Clean up any discharges until the discharge poses no threat	!?		Y_L	N	
8.	Does the facility also transport used oil filters?			Y	N	
	If so, are the filters stored in above ground containers which	n are: (62-710	0.850(6))			
	In good condition?			Y_V	_N	
	Closed or otherwise protected from weather?			Y_ L	_N	
	Labeled "Used Oil Filters"? Stored on an oil impervious surface?			Y_ L	<u> </u>	
	Otored on an on impervious surface?			ĭ	N 1 -1/	

Transporter Recordkeeping - 279.46

1. Do used oil acceptance records include: (279.46(a))

Name & Address of facility providing the oil for transport?

EPA ID # of oil provider (if applicable)?

Quantity of oil shipped?

Date of shipment?

Signature of oil provider, dated upon receipt?

2. Do used oil delivery records include: (279.46(b))

Name & Address of receiving facility or transporter?

EPA ID # of receiving facility or transporter?

Quantity of oil delivere?

Date of delivery?

Signature of oil receiver, dated upon receipt?

3. Do the above records also include state required information on the type of oil and destination or end use? (62-710.510(1)(c & e))

4. Does the facility keep records on DEP Form 62-710.900(2) or equivalent? (62-710.501(1))

5. Does the facility submit an annual report by March 1 summarizing the on site records for the previous calendar year? (62-710.520)

If not, is the facility an electric utility transporting only self generated used oil for recycling, which is exempt from state registration and reporting requirements? (62-710.530)?

7. Does the transporter keep copies of the record and reports for three years at the street address of the facility? (62-710.510(2))

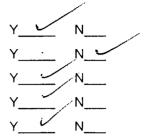
Transporter Certification (62-710 F.A.C.)

1. Is the transporter certified? (local governments, and < 55g/time transporters are exempt) (62-710.600)

2. Does the facility maintain training records? (62-710.600(2)(c))

3. Does the facility maintain insurance or financial assurance of \$100,000 combined single limit? (62-710.600(2)(d))

4. Is the facility registration form and ID number displayed? (62-710.500)



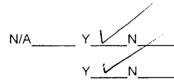
N_N

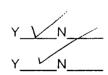
Y_____N___

Y___N___

Y___N___

Y____N___





Facility Name: 100 150 764 767.

Transfer Facility Standards - 279.45

1	Does the transporter store used oil at any transportation related facility (including parking lots) for more than 24 hours and not longer than 35 days during the normal course of transport? Transfer facilities storing used oil more than 35 days must comply with 279 Subpart F N/A	1	Y	N .
	Is the transfer facility registered per 62-710.500(1)(a) F. A. C.?		Y	N
2.	Does the transporter determine whether used oil stored at a transfer facility has a total halogen content above or below 1,000 ppm?		Y	_N
	Is this done by testing?		Y	_N
	Is this done by process knowledge? Describe basis in narrative.		Y	_N
	Are test records or copies of records providing basis for determination kept for 3 years?		Y	N
3.	Have any analyses showed exceedances of the 1,000 ppm level?		Y	_N
	If so, was the oil managed as hazardous waste?		Y	N
	If not, was the oil exempt? Describe in narrative. N/A	-	Y	N
4.	Is used oil stored only in tanks or containers? (Circle applicable units)		Y	N
5.	If the facility has tanks, do they comply with 62-761 and 62.762 F. A. C rules? (Describe in narrative, including number and size of tanks, noting registration numbers if applicable, and compliance status.)		Y	_N
	Is secondary containment provided and adequate?	-	Y	_N
6.	Are containers, and tank trailers in good condition and not leaking?		Υ	_N
7.	Are containers provided with secondary containment consisting of walls and floor at a minimum?		Y	_N
	Is the containment system impervious to oil so as to prevent migration?		Y	_N
8.	Are ASTs, UST tank fill lines and containers labeled "used oil"?		Y	_N
9.	Are used oil filters stored more than 10 days?			
	If so, is the facility a registered used oil filter transfer facility? (62-710.850) N/A	V_	<u>/</u> -	_N
10.	Does the facility stop operations and clean up releases of used oil, repairing or replacing any leaking units as applicable?	\bigvee	/ Y	_N

HRS Pinellas County Public Health Unit

June 11, 1996

Tim Hagan HOWCO Environmental Services, Inc. 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL 33711-1922

D.E.P.

JUN 1 8 1996

SOUTHWEST DISTRICT

TAMPA

Re:

528624557

HOWCO Environmental Services Inc.

St. Petersburg

PINELLAS

Dear Mr. Hagan:

On May 15, 1996 the annual Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 62-762 compliance inspection was performed at your facility. Representatives of this agency, the Department of Environmental Protection, the City of St. Petersburg Fire Department, and your company were in attendance. You have been previously supplied with a copy of the inspection document, although a copy is enclosed for your use.

This letter addresses the issues revealed during that visit, and your comments are requested:

1. It is unknown, at this time, whether the facility has an approved release detection system for the underground transfer piping connecting the West and East tank farms. Please note the following pertinent FAC Chapter 62-762 references: 762.200(3), 762.200(19), 762.600(5), 762.600(7). The aforementioned sections define both integral and bulk piping, as well as describe release detection requirements for those applications. A December 1, 1993 letter between the DEP and the Florida Petroleum Council discusses proposed rule changes allowing the inclusion of 3-inch diameter and larger piping into the bulk category; and an administrative decision to allow the down-sizing prior to the rule change.

An initial question, then, would be on what diameter pipe connects the two tank farms? If you choose to select the inclusion of the piping, in the bulk piping category; please be prepared to demonstrate the diameter of the pipe at both tank farms.

Florida Groundwater Service, Inc. on behalf of your company, attempted to satisfy the integral piping release detection requirement. Their January 5, 1996 letter to this agency, regarding monitor well #11 did not provide enough information. Please have your consultant provide a detailed response, describing how the well meets the requirements of FAC Chapter 62-761.640(1)(a-d). Your company needs to decide whether release detection will be by the "pipe pressure test" or "ground water monitoring well".

2. In accordance with FAC Chapter 62-762.700(2) repairs shall be made to storage tank systems in a manner to prevent any discharge due to structural failure or corrosion. FAC Chapter 62-762.200(37) defines the storage tank



PINELLAS COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH UNIT ENGINEERING - SUITE 300 4176 EAST BAY DRIVE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA 34624-6966 TEL: (813) 538-7277 FAX: (813) 538-7293 SUNCOM: 558-7277



June 11, 1996
HOWCO Environmental Services Inc.

Page 2

system to include the aboveground tank, integral piping, and the release detection components. FAC Chapter 62-762.200(32) defines release detection to include secondary containment, and FAC Chapter 62-762.200(34) includes an "impervious containment area" in its definition of secondary containment.

- Tank #142 exhibited a hole in its roof. Please repair and describe the process used to verify the structural integrity of the tank shell [Photo #1].
- The western saddle for tank #130 exhibited damage to its concrete structure [Photo #2]. Please repair.
- The eastern tank farm, black tank section, exhibits cracking of the containment floor. Investigate the extent of the penetration, sealing where necessary to provide an impervious construction condition for the unit.
- The western tank farm exhibits a more widespread deterioration of the containment floor, and concrete block walls. See the accompanying site diagram and photographs highlighting existing conditions.

[Photo #3 - hole in block wall appears to demonstrate hollow core nature of wall unit. While the hollow core may not be a universal construction feature, the area indicated requires repair.]

[Photo #4 - "step" cracks following the mortared edges both inside and outside the block wall have apparently compromised the impervious integrity of this corner of the containment unit. Please repair.]

[Photo #5 - South loading area wall in the vicinity of tanks #170-173 exhibit extensive "step" cracking, as well as deterioration of the mortar between blocks. This damage has affected several courses of block. Please repair.]

[Photo #6 - Tank #173 appears to be experiencing a deterioration of the concrete base support. There is a hole at the 7:30 position (Bob Boyett is aware of this item).]

[Photo #7 - presents a typical example of cracking of the floor of the portion of the containment unit where tanks #120-128 are located. Investigate the extent of the penetration, sealing where necessary to provide an impervious construction condition for the unit.]

3. Your attention is directed to FAC Chapter 62-762.800(2) describes the

June 11, 1996 HOWCO Environmental Services Inc.

Page 3

requirements for the closure of aboveground storage tank systems. Subsection (d) provides additional exemptions for sites with documented contamination, or that were initially installed with secondary containment. Your attention is again directed to FAC Chapter 62-762.200(34) which defines secondary containment, and to (16) which defines impervious.

Herein lies the next series of issues. The asphalt berm surrounding the western portion of the West Farm appears to be faintly depicted in the March 1979 aerial photo, although it is more clearly depicted in the November 1984 aerial. Based on the March 1994 aerial photo, tank #120, does appear to be present.

Based on several discussions it is this agency's initial opinion that asphalt is not a recognized impervious secondary containment barrier to oil products. Toward the resolution of this issue, this agency will accept a sealed opinion from a Professional Engineer, on the degree to which your asphalt berm and concrete pad can provide impervious secondary containment.

I have had the opportunity to examine the Contamination Assessment Report dated April 1996 as prepared by your consultant for the Department of Environmental Protection. This document appears to indicate that neither soil nor ground water sampling occurred within the confines of the western portion of the West tank farm.

Therefore, you are advised to have the condition of the containment assessed, and if not impervious perform a closure assessment of the tank #120 portion in accordance with Department of Environmental Protection regulations and guidelines.

- 4. FAC Chapter 62-762.450(1)(a) required the submission of a Storage Tank Registration Form notifying the DEP of the planned closure of a storage tank system. This document was apparently not submitted when tank #120 was removed by your staff. Please sign the enclosed document, forwarding the original to the DEP Registration Section, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee 32399-2400; copying our agency.
- 5. FAC Chapter 62-762.710(2) requires the retention of records associated with the results of the examination of monitoring wells. In accordance with Chapter 62-762.600(5) the release detection system shall be monitored at least once a month. The January 5, 1996 FGS Inc. letter informed this agency that monitor well #11 would provide leak detection for the underground transfer line. It appears that up to the date of the inspection, no records have been maintained for this well.

June 11, 1996 HOWCO Environmental Services Inc.

Page 4

- 6. In accordance with FAC Chapter 62-762.600(2) the monthly release detection process requires the thorough inspection of the exterior of each tank and the secondary containment system, noting: wetting, discoloration, blistering, corrosion, cracks, or other signs of structural damage or leakage. At the time of the inspection, the HOWCO monthly inspection forms did not note individual tank defects, nor deterioration of the secondary containment structures. Mr. Boyett and I discussed how this oversight might be remedied. Besides the aforementioned containment structure defects, several tanks exhibit peeling paint, corrosion, and/or saddle damage. Further, both east and west containment units exhibit puddling of oil products which while not impacting the 110% capability of the units, do not mesh with the noted "clean-dry" status of monthly reports. You are advised to implement a more accurate reporting of the condition of the tanks and containment units at your facility. Similarly, tanks with deformities should be noted on this monthly report (tank #173).
- 7. In accordance with FAC Chapter 62-762.450(4) notification requirements, please investigate the apparent overfill situation that occurred with tank #141. When Mr. Boyett and I climbed to the top of this tank and #142, it appeared that #141 had recently experienced an overfill condition. The tank top was wet, and adjacent tanks exhibited splash marks. Please determine the amount of product released into the containment unit.

Please be advised that this agency may have additional questions concerning the registration date(s) of the present tank farm units based on information in both the Contamination Assessment Report, and from the aerial photographs.

If I may be of further assistance, please contact me at (813) 538-7277 extension 136.

Sincerely,

Ernest M. Roggelin

Environmental Specialist III Pallutant Storage Tank Program

PAGE: 1 OF 3 PRINTED: 05/14/96

FACILITY ID #: 528624557 COUNTY: PINELLAS FACILITY NAME: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC FACILITY LOCATION: 843 43RD ST S, SAINT PETERSBURG FACILITY CONTACT: TIM HAGAN PHONE: (813) 327-8467 OWNER: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC PHONE: (813) 327-8467 OWNER ADDRESS: 843 43RD ST S, SAINT PETERSBURG, FL, 33711-1922 OWNER CONTACT: TIM HAGAN OWNER CHANGE DATE: 06/16/93 LONGITUDE:82-41-32 LATITUDE:27-45-47 FAC TYPE: NON-RETAIL BUSINESS LAST UST COMPLIANCE DATE:00/00/00 LAST AST COMPLIANCE DATE:11/02/94 CONTAMINATION DATA AVAILABLE: OTHER ATRP INSTALL UNDER OR TANK INTEGRAL MONITORING TANK TANK # SIZE CONTENT DATE ABOVE TYPE PIPING SYSTEM STAT 1 2000 Α XX/XX Α D С I В 100 29500 L XX/80 Α ACK ΒI М U 101 28500 L XX/80 Α ACK BI M U 105 14000 L XX/80 Α CKM BI M U 106 9870 L. XX./80 Α CKM BI М U 120 21775 L XX/80 Α ". PI ACK M 11 121 27989 L XX/80 Α ACK BI М 11 122 27989 L XX/80 A ACK BI M U 123 27989 L XX/80 Α ACK BI 1 1 U 27989 124 L XX/80 Α ACK BI M U 125 18040 L. XX/80 Α ACK BI M U 126 18565 I... XX/80 Α ACK RT M U 127 18565 L XX/80 A ACK RT [r] U 128 23792 L XX/80 Ω ACK BI M 11 129 21775 L XX/80 A ACK BI M U 140 26041 L XX/80 Α ACK CKM M U 1141 Wet 17432 XX/80 Α ACK CKM M U 14240he. 17432 L XX/80 Α ACK CKM М U 143 17013 L XX/80 Α ACK CKM М H 144 18886 XX/80 L Α ACK CKM M U 150 15000 XX/80 L A ACK CKM М 11 151 15000 XX/80 Α ACK CKM m U 152 28130 L XX/80 Α ACK CKM М U 153 20531 L XX/80 A ACK CKM M U 154 18172 L XX/80 A ACK CKM M U 155 20139 L XX/80 Α **ACK** CKM M U 14792 XX/80 ACK CKM M U MORE TANKS LISTED NEXT PAGE INSPECTION TYPE (ALL THAT APPLY) SITE INFORMATION (ALL THAT APPLY) ROUTINE DISCHARGE NEAR PUB WELL REPAIRED _ INSTALL CLOSURE CONTAMINATED **UPGRADED ABANDONED** REINSPECT ___ COMPLAINT UST & AST ACID TANKS HAZARD MAT DEP DISTRICT OR LOCAL PROGRAM: INSPECTOR NAME (PRINTA CONTACT NAME (PRINT) LOB BOYETT -96 166 Bon eED) SIGNATURE & DATE CONTACT'S SIGNATURE & DATE A-Sowers

STATE OF FLORIDA OF ARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PR CTION POLLUTANT STORAGE TANK SYSTEM INSPECTION REPORT FORM - COVER PAGE

PAGE: 2 OF 3 PRINTED: 05/14/96

				INSTALL	UNDER OR	TANK	INTEGRAL	MONITORING	TANK
TANK	Ħ	SIZE	CONTENT	DATE	ABOVE	TYPE	PIPING	SYSTEM	STAT
161		14792	L.	XX/80	A	CKM	BI	M	U
162		14792	L	XX/80	A	ČKM	BI	M	U
163		14792	L	XX/80	Α	ACK	CKM	14	U
164		18832	L.	XX/80	, A	ACK	CKM	ļΥ	U
165		18618	L.	XX/80	A	ACK	CKM	M	U
166		15000	L	XX/80	A	ACK	CKM	M	U
170		11000	L	XX/80	A	ACK	ACK	M	U
171		9607	L	XX/80	A	ACK	ACK	M	U
172		9703	L.	XX/80	Α	ACK	ACK	М	U
173		5500	L	XX/80	A	ACK	ACK	[7]	U
174		2898	<u>L</u>	XX/80	A	ACK	ACK	M	U
180		56796	L.	XX/80	A	ACK	CKM	M	U
2		4000	D	XX/XX	A	D	C	I	В
3		3000	D	XX/87	A	AEK	D .	BC	U

STATE OF FLORIDA ARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PR CTION POLLUTANT STORAGE TANK SYSTEM INSPECTION REPORT FORM - COVER PAGE

PAGE: 3 OF 3 PRINTED: 05/14/96

FACILITY ID #: 528624557 COUNTY: PINELLAS
FACILITY NAME: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC FACILITY LOCATION: 843 43RD ST S, SAINT PETERSBURG
FACILITY CONTACT: TIM HAGAN PHONE: (813) 327-8467
COMMENTS: DISCUSS CLOSURE WITH PEDDO VARGAS-PRADA
538-7277 9ct 137 le gXISTANCO OF 2° CONTAINMENT
. PROVIDE NARRATIVE OF TANK #120 REPROVAL, PORCEPT
* HAVE FES PROVIDE GWTR FLOW DIRECTION \$
HYDRAUUC CONDUCTIVITY DATA. FOR MW#11.
· SUBJUT STRF FOR MONONAL OF TANK#120,
· BEGIN MUNTHLY SAMPLING & RECORD FOR MW#11
* TANK# 14Z - ROPAIR ROOF HOLD.
· EXPLAIN APPARENT OVERFLOW SITUATION TANK#14
(AMOUNT SPILLED)
· MASOR NETPOFIT DATE 12-31-99
NOTE: CRACKS IN WALLS / FLOORS OF WEST & EAST
TANK FARMS, PROPRIEMS WITH MORTAR SEVERAL
ARPAS.
NOTE: PEELING PAINT/COPRUSION ON TANKS.
- PEROPO AS NOTED.
YANK #130 HOPYZONTAL. JADDIE DAMAGED
NOTE: TANKS WITH DOFOMMITTES.
TORMER PUMP LOCATION IN FLOOR - COLLECTS
OLL.



Name: HOWCO Facility I.D.#: 578624557 Date: 5-15-96

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK COMPLIANCE INSPECTION FORM

I. Facility has registered all applicable tanks on site; 62-762.400 2. Current registration placard is properly displayed; 62-762.410 (6) Proper notification has been made for the following; 62-762.450: 3. Abandonment and closure (30 days prior); (1) (a) Tank 2	
2. Current registration placard is properly displayed; 62-762.410 (6) Proper notification has been made for the following; 62-762.450: 3. Abandonment and closure; (30 days prior); (1) (a) Tank 2 70 4. Change of ownership (30 days after); (1) (b) 5. Retrofitting, replacement or upgrading; (10 days prior); (1) (c) 6. Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d) 6.	
2. Current registration placard is properly displayed; 62-762.410 (6) Proper notification has been made for the following; 62-762.450: 3. Abandonment and closure (30 days prior); (1) (a) Tank 2	
3. Abandonment and closure (30 days prior); (1) (a) Tauch 20 3. 4. Change of ownership (30 days after); (1) (b) 4. 5. Retrofitting, replacement or upgrading; (10 days prior); (1) (c) 5. 6. Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d) 6.	
4. Change of ownership (30 days after); (1) (b) 5. Retrofitting, replacement or upgrading; (10 days prior); (1) (c) 6. Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d) 6.	
5: Retrofitting, replacement or upgrading; (10 days prior); (1) (c) 5: 6. Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d) 6.	***************************************
6. Change of tank status (in service/out of service); (1) (d)	\rightarrow
	\sim
	\sim
7. Change of facility status (e.g. substances stored); (1) (e) 7.	Χ
8. Change of method of financial responsibility (within 30 days); (2)	X
9. The facility owner/operator notified D.E.R. of internal tank inspection 24 hrs prior to the test: 9.	
10. Loss of greater that 100 gallons on an impervious surface or 500 gallons inside secondary 10.	
containment within one working day; .450 (4)	

II.	RECORDS KEEPING: Comments: #11 - MONITOR WELL MONTHLY	DAT	A -	
	 All records were maintained for two (2) years and were available for inspection within five (5) working days; 62-762.710 			
	12. Some, but not all records were maintained for two (2) years and were available for inspection within five (5) working days; 62-762.710			

III.	REPORTING/DISCHARGE RESPONSE/ REPAIRS: Comments:				
	Proper reporting requirements met for the following; 62-762.460:	<i>VIIII</i>			
	13. Integral piping tightness test failure within 10 days; (1)		1		155
***************************************	 Pollutant discharge exceeding 25 gallons on a pervious surface; (2) 	$\overline{}$			1
	15. Positive response of a release detection device with one working day, (3)				> <
****	The owner or the operator of the system which has discharged has:				
	16. Taken it out-of-service; 62-762.700 (1), had it repaired or replaced; .700, or properly 16.	X			100
	closedit, 800 - Lewe has been femore O.				
	17. Removed any regulated substances from the system; 62-762.820 (1)				
	18. Tightness tested all repaired components before placing them back in service, 62-762.700 (5)				156
	Compared to the compared to th	7/////			
	 Begun initial corrective actions for a release; 62-762.820 (2) 			Tunn	

IV.	INVENTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR TANKS IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL: Comments:
	20. All inventory requirements maintained in accordance with 62-762/720 (1)
	21. Some, but not all inventory requirements maintained in accordance with 62-762.720 (1) 21.



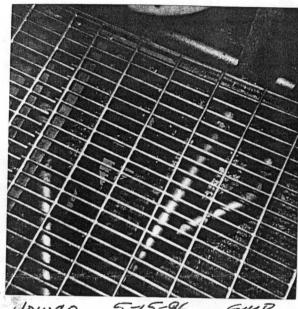
ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK COMPLIANCE INSPECTION FORM

		Yes	No	Unk	N/A
<u>V.</u>	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS/CATHODIC PROTECTION: Comments:				
	Storage tank criteria; 62-762.500				
	22. Meets construction upgrading schedule; .510 and .520 22.				\times
	23. Meets applicable storage tank standards; (1), (2) & (3)	$\geq \leq$		Salar Salar Salar Salar	On accommunity was
	24. Tank has secondary containment system; 500 (6) couclete, block osphett works. 25. Tank equipped with overfill protection; (3) (f) 1-4, (g) 25.	\simeq			
	Piping criteria				iiiin
	26. Meets new piping standards with secondary containment; .500 (4) & .600 (4) 26.				
	27. Meets construction upgrading schedule; 62-762.510 (3), & .520 (2) 27.				\supset
5	Repairs to storage tank systems; 62-762.700				
	28 Failed storage tank system component properly required; (1)-(4) # (4 2 . (28)			\times	
	29. Tightness testing of the required component prior to being brought back into service; (5) 29. Cathodic Protection; 62-762.730				imm
	30. Cathodic protection system for tank and piping provides continuous protection; (1)-(4) 30.				
	Secondary containment; 62-762.500				
	31. Does containment are have sufficient volume; :500 (6) (a) (2) 31	\times			
	32. Is the containment area made out of impervious material in accordance with Chapter 62/762,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	mm	>	mm
	F.A.C., requirements; (6) (a) (1) What block crocking with drainage system of projected from accumulation of rain; 33.				
	 Is the containment area equipped with drainage system or protected from accumulation of rain, (6) (a) (3) 	mm	,,,,,,,,	<i>,,,,,,</i> ,	<i>,,,,,,,</i>
	34. Hydrant pits equipped with spill prevention equipment; (5) 34.				<i></i>
	#35- TECORD DETAILS AS NOTED ON PLAN	T77	\mathcal{U} K)	
VI.	RELEASE DETECTION/MONITOR WELLS: Comments: #36 PANTOE GWIR FLOW DI	nec.	701	,	
	HYDRAUMC CONDUCTION DATA: #35 3AM. 35. Facility has an approved released-detection system; 62-762-600 & 62-762-860 35.	/ = 			
				\sim	
	36. Monitoring wells properly designed, constructed and installed; 62-762.640 or 62-762.600 (6) 36.			\sim	
	37. Interstitial monitoring adequate to detect a release from integral piping; 62-762.600 (4) & (5) 37.				$>\!\!<$
<u>VII.</u>	OUT-OF SERVICE STATUS: Comments:				
	20 4 4 (6276.000//	f			
	38. Are the corrosive protection devices properly maintained; (62-762.800 (1) (a) 38. 39. Is the vent line and other ancillary equipment properly secured and maintained; (1) (b) 39.				\ll
	40. Test performed to insure the integrity of out-of-service system prior to being returned to 40.				
	service; (1) (c)				iiiiii
VIII.	VARIANCE: Comments:				
<u> V 111.</u>	TAMANCE Comments.		·-		
	41. Has the facility for an Alternate Procedure, 62-762,850 (1)				
IX.	OTHERS: Comments:				
					
	42. Any other violation noted during inspection (Explain in comments) 42.				\sim



HOW CO 5-15-96 GMR TYPICAL FLOOR 528624557 CRACK, BASTYWEST FARMS

P 40TO # 7



HOWCO 5-15-96 GUNR FEST FARM 528524557 FORMER FLOOR PUMP AREA PIT COLLEGES OIL



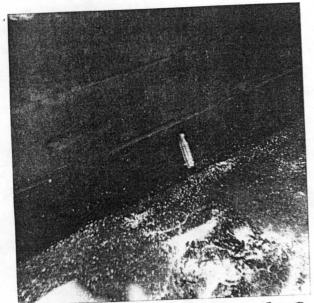
HOWCO 5-15-96 EMR FLEST FARM 528624557 TANK 130 WEST MIDDLE SADDLE CRACKING

PHOTO # 2



HOW CO 5-15-96 EMR EAST FARM #142 ROOF HOLE 528624557

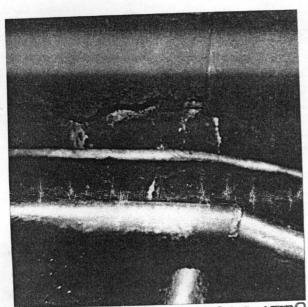
PINOTO # 1



DAMAGED & HOLLOW BLOCK WALL NEAR NE CORNER TANK#100



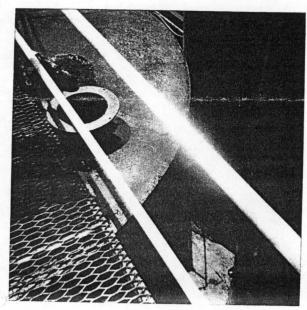
HOWCO 5-15-96 528624559 NORTH LOADING PREA NEAR NW CORNER THANK 4100 STEP CRACK & NO MORTAR PUR PHOTO #4



HOWCO 5-15-96 528624557 WEST FARM WALL EMR BIWN #173 \$ #129 INTEGRITY



HOWCO 5-15-96 EMR SOUTH LOADING BACK, ±173 HOLL AT TANK BASE "7:30 POSTAGE 528624557



HOWED 5-15-96 EAST FARM #141 APPAROAT OVERFILL

EUR 5286-24557

Memorandum

Florida Department of **Environmental Protection**

Lauri Roughton, OGC

THROUGH: William R. Kutash, WPA, SWD

JElizabeth B. Knauss, RCRA Program SWD

DATE:

December 17, 1996

RE:

HOWCO

OGC Case 91-1176 Pinellas County

Per your request I have attached a copy of HOWCO's check #505654 dated June 30, 1992 for the payment missing from the LCT database records.

There is still a discrepancy of \$0.04 from the total penalty. Per our conversation, you confirmed that we would write off this amount.



OUR SITES ARE RIGHT.

Don't let non-hazardous waste come back from the grave to haunt you. Protect your firm from the potential liabilities associated with your cradle to the grave responsibilities by choosing Howco for all your industrial waste transportation

and disposal needs.

Whether a major corporation or small business, Howco is outfitted, licensed and ready to transport and dispose of your environmental waste in a proper burial site. Processing industrial sludges to meet landfill or incineration guidelines. And reclaiming contaminated wastewater for transfer, by permit, to the sanitary sewer system. All in ways that perpetually satisfy environmental compliance laws

and regulations.

Call one of our toll free Customer Service lines at 1-800-334-6926, 1-800-435-8467 or 813-323-0818 today to find out more about Howco's transport and disposal services.





Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

April 1, 1996

Mr. Angelo Pousa HOWCO Environmental Services 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL 33711

Dear Mr. Pousa:

Attached for your files is a copy of the current application form for Temporary EPA identification numbers. Please replace your old forms with the new form. Use of the new form is mandated by F. A. C. Rule 62-730.161. Temporary numbers may only be issued for emergency situations such as spills, cleanup of abandoned sites, or a one time cleanup of a site that does not normally generate hazardous waste. If you have any questions, please call me at 744-6100 ext. 383.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Knauss

Environmental Manager

FLORIDA DE' 'TMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL P' TECTION

L. /ISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT Bureau of Emergency Response

INITIAL REPORT OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE INCIDENT

Incident Number:		County:				BEI	R Regio	n:	Date of	Incident:		Time of Incident:
196-5W-0013 Pinellas				sw			1/6/96			?		
										Initial	Report Received:	
1	•			-		_		-				_
i 8 9 6 Incident Reported By:	7.90			<u>)amie</u> Affiliation:	AC	16.				Phone N	Jumb	er (include area code):
			ł	a cum						ľ		•
Bob Boyett			ii	1 SWF ;	low	CO						7-8467
Address of Reporting										Alternat	le Pho	one Number:
843 43-3	5 t. S. , 5	54. Po	terch.	urs 1F	L	33711				(500).	- 43	5-8467
Location of Incident:	•											
843 43-1 5	1. 5.											
Nearest City/Town:							L	atitude:			Lor	ngitude:
St. Petershurg											1	_
Type of Incident:	BER Help Rec	quested:	Media	Affected:	T	Mode:		Inci	dent Desc	ription:		Actions:
☐ Fire 🖾 Spill	None .	•	☐ Air	•	- 1	□ Rail			Vaive Lea	=		☐ None Taken
☐ Dumping	☐ Referral		☐ Soi	l		☐ Coasta	al		Vehicle A			Booms/Dikes
☐ Complaint	☐ On-Scene		Dit Dit		1				Vessel Dis			
☐ Air Release	☐ Phone Only		☐ Bea		- 1	☐ Pipelii				d Drum(s)		□ Soil Removed
☐ Abandoned drum	☐ Follow-up I			rm Drain ells Nearby	- [☐ Highw ☐ Water				Tank Leal Tank Ove		☐ Absorbent Used☐ Contractor Hired☐
<u> </u>			l	•	I	☐ Reside	-			iel Tank L		☐ Fire Extinguished
☐ Ground Water	☐ Surface Wat	ter:									AGE.	ļ ~ ~
□ No Media	ACTECTES			T .	1	<u> </u>		. " .				
Responsible Party:						n (include	title):			l		er (include area code):
HOWCO Envir				Bob	$6\rho_{\rm A}$	ie tt			-,-,			-8467
Responsible Party's Ad	Responsible Party's Address (include city, state, zip): Alternate Phone Number:											
843 43 00 51.	s. St. Peta	echusa	, FL	33711						i \$00) -	435.	-8467
843 43 cd st.	Material:	,					Am	ount:			Cate	gory Code (see below):
0:1							35		☐ gal.	□ lbs.		21
		•							□ gal.	☐ lbs.		
		 							☐ gal.			······································
ļ		 					-					
0									□ gal.			
Category Codes (choos		cific catego	ory for ea	ach material	above	e, and enter	the coo	de on th	ie appropi	riate box):		
01 Oil	05 Paint		09 Ch				Oxidizer		17 Sewa	_		21 PCB
02 Fuel	06 Solvent	,		nmonia	~		Reactive		18 Wast			22 Fertilizer
03 Crude Oil	07 Flammable								19 Radi 20 Solid			23 Biohazard 24 Unknown
04 Petroleum (misc.) 25	os roison (m.	isc.)	12 Fe	sticiue/mei oi	cide	10 (COHOSIV	Æ	20 30110	waste		24 Ulikilowii
L						A ·	No.:"					
Responding Agencies:						Agencies			_			
D EPA D FMI				lice/Sheriff		□ EPA □ SWP		GFC		NRC		□ Local EM
FHP GFC				cal Program				FMP		TBER USCG		□ Local Program
D HRS DO'	Γ □ Fire	рері.	u Lo	cal Road De	pt.	□ HRS	u	DOT	u	USCG		☐ Local Road Dept.
Normatria												,
Narrative: A	coke pin	<u>e cau</u>	1500	a st	18.0	<u> </u>			to h.	<u>e (e</u>	1 42 64 6	· o d
into the w	end can	<u> </u>	Ci .	mist	σF		:1 1	bot	800	0120	<u>Ł As</u>	building .
and the s	treete	No p	10 A 0 12	es ce	f/	(20 1	10000	cT	010.	rred.		
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Non-DEP Contractor U	Jsed:			Follow-u	p refe	erred to:			Inc	ident copie	es sen	t to:
, D No D Yes (Nam			١		•					•		
BER Response:			Signati	ure of Region	nal E-	mnlovee.			1		Dat	te·
☐ Yes (attach investig	ative report)	D No		_		•						
Il a res (arrach mvestig	anve report)	FE 140	1.1	ami a	Ner.						1 11	10 8195



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation. Twin Towers Office Mcg. © 2600 Bodr Stone Road © Talkhassee, Florida 32399-2400

DER Form v. 17-770.500(1) Franciscon or Permolaum Product Form To. Concurrentine Reson Form Southing Time February DD, 1990	17-770 SOCKII	
	Fundaments or Parologing Product	
Streeting Dutie February DD, 1990	Form Te: Contamination Meson Form	
	Shaking Duro Fatherary DD 1890	
	DES Application No.	

Petroleum or Petroleum Product Contamination Report Form

DET Facility ID: _F40 152 762 767	
Facility Name: HOWED ENVIRONMENTAL STAN	
Facility Address: FY3 43 80 5T South	
ST PATE FC 33711	
County: PINECLAS	
Other Names for this Site:	
Contact Person's Name: Bob Boysett	4.11 A 2 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Contect Person's Phone No.: 800 435 6467	
C. Jt Person's Address: S AME	
Dister of Discovery: 1-6-51-	
Type of Product Discharged: US.5.0 a/C	
Estimated Amount of Product Lost:	
How did Discharge coour? (fank leak, Pipe leak, Truck Applicant, Explosion,	(C) PIPE BROKE SENDING
A STRRAM OF OIL UP INTO THR	WIND WHICH CAUSED A
MIST OF OIL COURTING THE THE	ARRA OUTSIAN OUR
FENCE. TER OIL COURARD THR ST.	
What has been done to prevent a further Discharge? TANK & Pu	ŕ
To the best of my knowledge, all information on this form is true, accurate, an	d complete.
Bob Boyalo Signature of Owner, Authorized Representative, Operator	ROB BOYETT Print Name of Owner or Operator
Signature of Owner Authorized Representative, Operator	
	Date 1-8-85

Submit this form to the appropriate district office at the address below



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. ♥ 2600 Bluir Stone Roud ♥ Taliahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DER Horm # 17-701,800	XT)
Form 150 Discharge Pa	sporting Form
Enective Date Décember	10. 1990
058 Appliquen No.	<u> </u>
	(Effect in by DER)

Discharge Reporting Form.

Use this form to notify the Department of Environmental Regulation of

Printed Name of Owner, Operator or Authorized Representative

- 1. Results of tank tightness testing that expeed allowable tolerances within tan days of receipt of test result.
- 2. Petroleum discharges exceeding 25 gallons on pervious purfaces as described in Scotlon 17-761,460 F.A.C. within one working day of discovery.
- Hazardous substance (CERQLA regulated), discharges exceeding applicable reportable quantities established in 17-781,480(2) E.A.C., within one working day of the discovery.
- 4. Within one working day of discovery of suspected releases confirmed by: (a) released regulated substances or pollutants discovered in the surrounding area, (b) unusual and unexplained storage system operating conditions, (c) monitoring results from a leak detection method or from a tank closure assessment that indicate a release may have occurred, or (d) manual tank gauging results for tanks of 550 gailons or less, exceeding ten galions per weekly test or five gallons averaged over four consecutive weekly tests.

Mail to the DER District Office in your area listed on the reverse side of this form

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE

	Complete all applicable blanks
1.	DER Facility ID Number: FLO 152762767 2. Tank Number: 120 3. Date: 1-8-51
4.	Facility Name: HOWCO FENUIRON MENTAL SERVICES
	Facility Owner or Operator: TIM HAGAN OWNER MARK SCHRAFFER PLANT MANASA
	Facility Address: SY3 Y3 RD ST SOUTH
	Telephone Number: (800) 435 8467 County: PINECLAS
	Mailing Address: SAME
5.	Mailing Address: SAME Date of receipt of test results or discovery: 1-6-55 month/day/year
	Method of initial discovery, (circle one only) A. Liquid detector (automatic or manual) B. Vapor detector (automatic or manual) C. Tightness test (underground tanks only). D. Emptying and Inspection. E. Inventory control. G. Obsure:
7.	Estimated number of gallans discharged: 35-50 GALLOWS .
8.	What part of storage system has leaked? (circle all that apply) A. Dispenser (B)Pipe C. Fitting D. Tank E. Unknown
3.	Type of regulated substance discharged, (circle one) A. leaded gasoline D. vehicular diesel C. used/waste oil V. hazardous substance notudes pesticides, ammonia, chlorine and derivatives (write in name or Chemical Abstract Service CAS number) Z. other (write in name)
	Cause of leak, (circle all that apply) A. Unknown C. Loose connection E. Puncture G. Spill i. Other (specify)
	Type of financial responsibility, (direle one) A Third party insurance provided by the state insurance contractor C. Not applicable B. Self-insurance pursuant to Chapter 17-789.500 F.A.C. D. None
2.	To the best of my knowledge and belief all information submitted on this form is true, accurate, and complete.
	BOB BOYETT BOD BORDED

Hot Dage & Swaz Operator of Authorized Representative





Governor

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619 813-744-6100

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

MAY 3 1 1994

Mr. Tim Hagan Howco Environmental Services 843 43rd St. S. St. Petersburg, FL 33711

RE: Howco Environmental Services

Pinellas County

EPA ID NO.: FLD152764767

WARNING LETTER #94-0062HW52SWD

Dear Mr. Hagan:

A hazardous waste compliance inspection was conducted at your facility on March 15, 1994. This inspection was conducted under the authority of Section 403.091, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 403, Part IV, Florida Statutes, in order to determine the compliance status of your facility with Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Parts 260 through 268, as adopted in Florida Administrative Code Chapter 17-730.

During this inspection, possible violations of rules regarding hazardous waste management were noted. These possible violations are described in the "Summary of Violations" section of the attached inspection report.

You are advised that any activity at your facility that may be contributing to violations of the above described statutes and rules should be ceased immediately. Operation of a facility in violation of State statutes or rules may result in liability for damages and restoration, and the judicial imposition of civil penalties up to \$50,000 per violation per day pursuant to Section 403.727, Florida Statutes.

You are requested to contact Randall Strauss of this office at (813) 744-6100, ext. 387, within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of this Warning Letter to discuss the issues raised in this Warning Letter and your plans regarding corrective actions.

PLEASE BE ADVISED that this Warning Letter is part of an agency investigation preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57 (4), Florida Statutes. The purpose of this letter is to advise you of potential violations and to set up a meeting to discuss possible resolutions to any potential violations that may have occurred for which you may be responsible. If you take acceptable corrective

Howco Environmental Services Warning Letter #94-0062HW52SWD

actions within 90 days of the date of the inspection report, the Department will not seek penalties from you. However, if you do not take appropriate corrective action within 90 days, under the Department's agreement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued against you within 150 days of the date of the attached inspection report. If the Department issues a Notice of Violation, and you are named as a party, you will be informed of your rights to contest any determination made by the Department in the Notice of Violation.

If after further investigation, the Department determines that the violations occurred and you have not taken timely corrective actions, this matter may be amicably resolved only through the entry of a Consent Order, which will include a compliance schedule and an appropriate penalty.

Sincerely,

Richard D. Garrity, Ph.D.

Director of District Management

Southwest District

RDG/rhs

Enclosure

cc: Janet Ashwood, HWR, FDEP
Alan Farmer, USEPA, Region IV
Charlie Ryburn, Pinellas Co. DEM
Compliance File



Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619 813-744-6100

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

1. INSPECTION REPORTCOMPLAINT X ROUTINE FOLLOW-UP PERMITTING
FACILITY NAME Howco Environ./Tim's Oil Recovery DEP/EPA ID #FLD152764767 #FLD108304379
STREET ADDRESS 843 43rd St. S., St. Petersburg, FL 33711
MAILING ADDRESS Same
COUNTY <u>Pinellas</u> PHONE (813)323-0818 <u>DATE</u> 3/15/94 <u>TIME</u> 0800-1400
TYPE OF FACILITY:
Generator (>1000 kg/month) Container Tank SQG (100-1000 kg/month) Tank Land Treatment X CESQG (<100 kg/month) Waste Pile Thermal Surface Impoundment Chem/Phys/Bio Transporter Disposal Incinerator X Transporter Disposal Surf. Impound. Transfer Facility Surface Impoundment Waste Pile
Non-Handler X Used Oil Management Activity
2. <u>APPLICABLE REGULATIONS</u> : 40 CFR 261.5 40 CFR 262 40 CFR 265 X 40 CFR 266 X 17-710, F.A.C. 40 CFR 263 40 CFR 264 17-730, F.A.C.
3. RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Name: Tim Hagan, owner
4. SURVEY PARTICIPANTS AND PRINCIPAL INSPECTOR: Name: Randy Strauss, Roger Evans - FDEP; Dick King - Howco
5. <u>FACILITY LATITUDE</u> : <u>LONGITUDE</u> : <u>82°38'11"</u>
6. TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: FEDERAL STATE COUNTY MUNICIPAL PRIVATE
7. PERMIT NO.: N/A Issue Date: Exp. Date:

8. PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

This facility is doing business under the names Howco Environmental Services and Tim's Oil Recovery and currently employs 34 people. The major part of the business consists of the collection, recycling and marketing of used oil. The facility also operates a wastewater treatment unit (WWTU) that treats water separated during the used oil recycling process, as well as petroleum contaminated wastewaters accepted from off-site. Other activities include draining and crushing used oil filters, and collection and arranging disposal of petroleum contaminated soils.

The facility has registered with the Department under both names as a transporter, collector, and recycler of used oil; and has notified EPA using the name Tim's Oil Recovery as a marketer of used oil. Certification of insurance coverage and submittal of a training program for a used oil transporter per 17-710, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), has been provided under both names. Proof of financial responsibility as a hazardous waste transporter in accordance with the requirements of Rule 17-730.170, F.A.C., has been submitted to the Department under the name Hagan Holding Company d/b/a Tim's Oil Recovery effective through July 2, 1994. The facility currently has interim status, but has requested withdrawal of its Part A application stating that it was submitted as a protective filing only. A contamination assessment of the 3-acre site is currently in process in accordance with the Department's "Corrective Actions for Contamination Site Cases."

The oil recycling process is the same as described in previous inspection reports and essentially consists of separating water and solids from the oil. Most of the oil is collected on established routes serviced by the facility's seven transport tanker trucks which range in capacity from 2500 to 4000 gallons. The facility also has ten 8000-gallon semi-trailers which are used for bulk shipments. Oil is also piped to the recycling process from a drain and sump system that collects drainage from a truck wash area and the filter crushing operation. Solids separated from the oil using a vibratory screen filter are mixed with sludge from the WWTU and fed into a filter press. The disposition of the filter press sludge is described below. The liquids removed by the filter press are fed back into the system via the same plumbing used for the truck wash.

The recycled oil is tested for the parameters specified in 40 CFR 266.40(e) before shipment to customers. Most of the oil is sold to asphalt plants to be used for heating aggregate. Dick King said that presently all oil shipped is "on-spec" and estimated that it has been at least four years since the facility has shipped any "off-spec" oil for burning. In the past, "off-spec" oil was sold to Ajax Paving and Howco had copies of notifications to EPA from Ajax plants in Ft. Myers and Englewood as burners of "off-spec" oil.

The filter press sludge is added to petroleum contaminated soils which are stockpiled on a concrete pad at the southwest corner of the facility. The stockpile is periodically mixed using a Bobcat loader until enough material is accumulated for shipment — usually about 400 tons. The stockpile is not covered and drainage from the pile is controlled by soil diking and french drains which route it to the truck wash collection system. Howco has disposed of the last two shipments at Chambers Landfill, Okeechobee, and provides analyses for their approval prior to disposal. Although Chambers specifies the analyses to be run, Dick King said Chambers provides no specific criteria, but gives a verbal approval based on the results of each batch.

Results provided for the last 2 shipments for TCLP/metals and volatile aromatics (EPA Method 8020) show no hazardous constituents were detected above regulated levels. Total halogens were also analysed and for the most recent shipment were 685 mg/kg, eventhough all the chlorinated compounds analysed by the 8020 method were below detectable limits, i.e. 0.01 mg/kg. The results for total halogens indicate that a more detailed analysis for specific halogenated compounds should be performed on this material (e.g. 8010/8120) to determine if any chlorinated TCLP constituents could be present above regulated levels. The analysis that was performed, EPA Method 5050/9252, actually reports concentration of total chloride and does not distinguish whether it is from an organic or inorganic source, therefore, if the result is due to an organic source the concentration of a specific compound, based on its weight, could be many times the 685 mg/kg number reported.

The WWTU receives water that has been separated from used oil during the recycling process, as well as petroleum contaminated water from off-site sources such as tank bottoms from USTs and terminals, stormwater from terminals, petroleum tank cleanings, and ship bilges. Hydrocarbons are oxidized in the system using chlorination and potassium permanganate. Solids are removed via dissolved air flotation and are piped to the filter press and eventually added to the soil stockpile as described above. The effluent is passed through a sand and carbon filter followed by air strippers prior to discharge to a City of St. Petersburg POTW. Dick King said the sand and carbon are periodically changed-out and added to the petroleum-contaminated soil/WWTU sludge stockpile.

A spot-check of analyses for incoming and outgoing loads, registrations, insurance, and training records revealed no problems other than one incoming load analysed at 1500 ppm total halogens. The problem was tracked to one customer who had mixed a chlorinated solvent with his waste oil but it was not detected with the vapor analyser used by the driver. Further checks revealed that the material was detectable, however, with a colorimetric test kit also carried by the drivers. The kit is usually only used to confirm high halogens detected by screening with the vapor instrument. The customer was advised to stop the

Date: 5/23/90

practice and the driver instructed to screen this customer's oil with the test kit in the future.

9. SUMMARY OF VIOLATIONS:

40 CFR 262.11

Failure to determine if solid waste carbon, sand filter media, and used oil solids meet the definition of hazardous waste.

Report Prepared By:

Randall H. Strauss

Environmental Specialist II

Approved By:

Elizabeth Knauss

Environmental Specialist III

Date 3/15/94
Inspector K. Strawss
Facility ID#F10/52764767 Howco
F10/08 304 379 Tim's GIL.

RCRA COMPLIANCE INSPECTION REPORT SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR'S CHECKLIST

1.	Has the Generator determined that he is a hazardous waste
	generator (262.11)?
2.	generator (262.11)? What he Generator determined that he is a hazardous waste generator (262.11)? What he Generator determined that he is a hazardous waste Ones the Generator accumulate hazardous waste on site of more than a total of 1001 Kg/mo or 1 Kg/mo of acutely toxic
	of more than a total of 1000 Kg/mo or 1 Kg/mo of acutely toxic
	waste (or 100 Kg/mo of their spill residue)?
3.	Does the Generator treat or dispose of his hazardous waste on-site? NoYes
4.	Does the Generator have an IW permit? IW ID#
5.	Does the Generator delivery his hazardous waste to an approved storage, treatment or disposal facility or industrial waste permitted facility? WARMON IF CONCRATING HW Note in narrative where shipped, amounts, kinds of hazardous waste.
6.	Is the area managed to prevent fire, explosion or contamination of the environment? YesNo
	Note in narrative any unusual circumstances, potential
	problems, or recommendations.

Date 3/15/44
Inspector & Strains
Facility ID#14D/08304379

TRANSPORTERS CHECKLIST

Γ.	SITE	NAME:	Tim's Oil Rocoverny	
			0	
ΙI.	TRANS	SPORTI	ER REQUIREMENTS (40 CFR 263)	
	1.		chicles transporting hazardous waste have the opriate placards? (263.10)(49 CFR 172.500)	YesNo
	2.	Does	formate placards? (263.10)(49 CFR 172.500) Sacards and available, but not presently transporter have an EPA identification er? (263.11(a))	YesNo
	3.		the transporter use manifest system as required \$13.20? Not presently transporting \$\mu\$. The manifests contain at least?	YesNo
		Do th	ne manifests contain at least	
		a.	Name, address, and EPA ID of transporter?	YesNo
		b.	Name, address, and EPA ID code of generator?	YesNo
		c.	Name, address, identification code of designated permitted facility?	YesNo
		d.	Corresponding manifest document number?	YesNo
		e.	Description and quantity of each hazardous waste?	YesNo
**	,	f.	Signature of subsequent transporters?	YesNo
		g.	Signatures signifying proper delivery or reasons why delivery could not be certified?	YesNo
		h.	EPA waste codes?	YesNo

	4.	Inte	rnational shipments: (263.20(g))		N/A
		a.	Record of date waste left U.S.?	Yes	No
		b.	Presence of one signed copy in records?	Yes	No
		c.	Signed copy of manifest returned to the generator?	Yes	No
		d.	Copy of the manifest given to a U.S. Customs official at the point of departure from the United States?	Yes	No
	5	For a	SQG waste:		
		a.	Is waste transported according to reclamation agreement?	N/ Yes	No
		b.	Is following information recorded on a shipping paper:		
			Name, address, and EPA ID of waste generator Quantity of waste accepted DOT - required shipping info Date waste is accepted	Yes Yes Yes Yes	
		c.	Does transporter carry this shipping paper during transport?	N Yes	No
		d.	Are records maintained for three years after termination or expiration of reclamation agreement?	NA-Yes	No
	6.	Are (263	copies of the manifest retained for 3 years?	N Yes	No
•	7.	Is ti (263	here evidence of discharge of hazardous waste?	Yes	No
	8.		transporter demonstrated the financial onsibility required under 17-30.170(2)	Yes	No
	9.		the transporter verify financial responsibility wit Department annually (17-730.170(3))?	h Yes	No
III.	TRA	NSFER	FACILITY REQUIREMENTS (17-730.171)	I PK	
	Α.		transporter comply with 10 day storage limit transfer facilities? (263.12)	Yes	No
		1.	Is the hazardous waste packaged according to 262.30? (263.12)	Yes	No

в.	Gene	ral F	Cacility Standards (265 Subpart B)	In a Tu
	1.		rity (265.14)	lot operate
		a.	rity (265.14) Is the facility security system adequate to minimize unauthorized entry? Are signs posted and legible for 25 feet?	YesNo
		b.	Are signs posted and legible for 25 feet?	YesNo
	2.	Insp	ection Requirement (265.15)	
		a.	Does the facility have a copy of the Inspection Plan?	YesNo
		b.	Does the facility have completed inspection logs?	YesNo
		c.	Were the deficiencies corrected in a timely manner?	YesNo
		d.	Are the inspection logs maintained at the facility for 3 years?	YesNo
	3.	Pers	sonnel Training (265.16)	
		a.	Do management personnel complete hazardous waste training?	YesNo
			Is training on the job?Is training in the classroom?	YesNo
		b.	Do laborers who handle hazardous waste complete training?	YesNo
			Is training on the job?Is training in the classroom?	YesNo YesNo
		c.	Does training include:	
			Emergency response procedures?Inspection procedures?Operation of hazardous waste handling equipment?	YesNo YesNo YesNo YesNo
		d.	How often is training reviewed?	
		e.	Does the facility have personnel training recincluding:	ords
			Job title and description of position?Description of employee's training	YesNo YesNo

DATE 51 15 94 FACILITY ID 100 364 379

				1.1	
		f.	Is training successfully completed within 6 months of hiring/transfer to HW position?	YesYes	No
		g.	Are records maintained for three years at the facility?	Yes	No
	4.	<u>Iqni</u>	table, Reactive, or Incompatible Waste (265.17)		
		a.	Is the waste separated and confined from sources of ignition or reaction, sparks, spontaneous ignition, and radiant heat?	Yes	No
		b.	Are "No Smoking" signs posted in the area?	Yes	No
c.	Prep	aredn	ness and Prevention (265 Subpart C)		
	1.	cont	there evidence of fire, explosion or tamination of the environment? (265.31 - atenance and Operation of Facility)	Yes	No
		If y	ves, use narrative explanation.		
	2.		the facility equipped with (265.32 - required pment):		
		a.	Internal communications or alarm system? Is it easily accessible in case of emergency?	Yes Yes	No
		b.	Telephone or two-way radio to call emergency response personnel?	Yes	No
		c.	Portable fire extinguishers, fire control equipment, spill control equipment and decontamination equipment?	Yes	No
			Is this equipment tested to assure its proper operation?	Yes	No
			How frequently?		
		d.	Water of adequate volume for hoses, sprinklers or water spray system?	Yes	No
		1	(1) Describe source of water.		
			(2) Indicate flow rate and/or pressure and storage capacity, if applicable.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

DATE 3/15/94 FACILITY ID #1D/08304370

	$\sim 1 f$
3.	Is there sufficient aisle space to allow
	unobstructed movement of personnel and equipment? V_{ij}
	(e.g., adequate aisle space in between barrels to
	check for leakage, corrosion and proper labeling,
	etc.) (265.35 - Required Aisle Space)YesNo
4.	Has the owner/operator made arrangements with
T 0	the local authorities to familiarize them with
	characteristics of the facility? (Layout of
	facility, properties of hazardous waste handled
	and associated hazards, places where facility
	personnel would normally be working, entrances to
	roads inside facility, possible evacuation routes.)
	(265.37 - Arrangements with Local Authorities)N/AYesNo
	If N/A, explain
5.	In the case that more than one police or fire
	department might respond, is there a designated
	primary authority? (265.37 - Arrangements with
	Local Authorities)N/AYesNo
	If yes, indicate primary authority.
	Is the fire department a city or volunteer fire
	department?
	<u> </u>
6.	Does the owner/operator have phone number of and
0.	agreements with state emergency response teams,
	emergency response contractors and equipment suppliers?
	(265.37 - Arrangements with Local Authorities)YesNo
	Are they readily available to the emergency
	coordinator?YesNo
7.	Has the owner/operator arranged to familiarize local
	hospitals with the properties of hazardous waste
	handled and types of injuries that could result
	from fires, explosions, or releases at the facility?
	(265.37 - Arrangements with Local Authorites)YesNo
	,,
•	If no, has the owner/operator attempted to do this?
	and the one office of the state
8.	If the State, or local authorities decline to enter
٥.	•
	into the above referenced agreements, has this been
	documented in the operation record?
	(265.37 - Arrangements with Local Authorities) Yes No
	·

c.	Cont	ingency Plan and Emergency Procedures (265 Subpart D)	\wedge
	1.	Does the facility have a contingency plan? (265.51 - Purpose and Implementation of Contingency Plan)	YesNo
	2.	Is it maintained at the facility? (265.53 - Copies of Contingency Plan)	YesNo
	3.	Is the contingency plan a revised SPCC Plan (265.52 - Content of Contingency Plan)	YesNo
		a. Does the plan include:	
		(1) Action personnel will take?	YesNo
		(2) Evacuation routes?	YesNo
	P	(3) Emergency Equipment?	YesNo
		(4) Is the emergency equipment properly inspected and maintained?	YesNo
	4.	Is there an emergency coordinator on site or within short driving distance of the plant at all times? (265.55 - Emergency Coordinator)	YesNo
	5.	Who is the emergency coordinator?	
	6.	Has the facility supplied local police and fire departments with a copy of the contingency plan? (265.53(b) - Content of Contingency Plan)	YesNo
D.	Cont	ainer Storage Checklist	ļ
	(Sub	part I - Use and Management of Containers 265.170)	
	1.	Are the containers in good condition (265.171)? (check for leaks, corrosion, bulges, etc.)	YesNo
	2.	If a container is found to be leaking, does the operator transfer the hazardous waste from the leaking container?	YesNo
	3.	Is the waste compatible with the containers	Ves No

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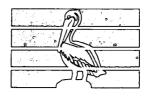
	4.	Are containers holding hazardous waste opened, handled or stored in such a manner as to cause the container to rupture or leak? (265.173)	Yes	No	N
		If yes, explain using narrative.		_	
	5.	Are each of the containers inspected at least weekly (265.174)?	Yes	_No	
		If no, explain using narrative concerning the frequency of inspection.			
•	6.	Are containers holding ignitable or reactive wastes located at least 15 meters (50 feet) from the facility property line? (265.176)	Yes	_No	
		If yes, explain using narrative.			
	7.	Are incompatible wastes stored in the same containers?	Yes	_No	
		If yes, explain using narrative.			
	8.	Are containers holding incompatible wastes kept apart by physical barrier or sufficient distance?	Yes	_No	
		If no, explain using narrative.			
E.	requ deco	facility have a written closure plan satisfying irements of closure performance, notification, and entamination standards of 40 CFR 265.111, 265.112(c), 114, 265.115? (17-30.171(2)(b))	Yes	_No	
F.	vehi of p	mazardous waste that is stored in containers or cles stored on a man made surface which is capable preventing spills or releases to the ground?	V	N-	Andrews Comments of the Party o
_	·	730.171(2)(d))	Yes	_No	
G.		written log maintained for all waste entering eaving the transfer facility? (17-730.171(2)(e))	Yes	_No	1
	Does	the log contain:			,
		Generators' names? Manifest numbers? Dates when waste enters and leaves facility?	Yes Yes Yes	_No _No _No	
					W

DATE 3/15/94 FACILITY ID 103 304 379

	н.	Has the facility notified the department on Form 17-730.900(6) (Transfer facility notification form)? (17-730.171(3)) YesNo
	I.	Does the transfer facility have an EPA/DER ID number? YesNo
<i>۲.7</i>	UNREC	GULATED WASTES (HOUSEHOLD/CONDITIONALLY EXEMPT
• •		L QUANTITY GENERATOR WASTES)N/A
	1.	Does the transporter have documentation that this waste was generated by an unregulated source? YesNo
	2,.	If no, is the transporter assuming responsibility as the generator of this waste?YesNo
		a. If yes, complete the applicable Generator or Small Quantity Generator checklist.
		b. If no, the inspector should inform the transporter that he will be held responsible as the generator of the waste and will be reinspected to ensure that the applicable requirements are being satisfied. A follow-up inspection should be scheduled as follows:
		i) 90 days after initial inspection if the quantity of "unregulated" wastes on site exceed 1000 kg.
		ii) 180 days after initial inspection if the quantity of "unregulated" wastes on site are less than 1000 kg.
	3.	Does the transporter mix/consolidate hazardous wastes of different DOT shipping descriptions 263.10(c)(2)? Yes Vo
		If yes, complete the Generator checklist.
•	LAND	BAN WASTE
	1.	Does the transporter manage restricted (land ban) wastes? Jailed to make a HW Altonnivation on Sone Folialization If yes, check appropriate box(es). Yes No
		If yes, check appropriate box(es). Yes No

"California List" _____

F--- List



CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG

March 4, 1994

Randy Strauss.
Division of Waste Management
Hazardous Waste Compliance Section
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
3804 Coconut Palm Drive
Tampa, Florida 33619

Dear Randy:

As you requested, enclosed is the report of laboratory analyses for samples collected at Howco Environmental as part of our pretreatment monitoring program. At the time of the violations Howco's stripper was malfunctioning due to lack of maintenance. Since February 2, 1994 a second stripper has been added and the facility has returned to compliance.

Does Howco have an air permit for the two strippers? If you require additional information, or have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me at (813) 893-7261.

Sincerely,

Janet G. DeBiasio

Environmental Specialist Water Quality Assessment

Public Utilities Department

Enclosures

xc: WQAD File

Telephone: (813) 893-7171

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL

PROJECT ID: PRETREATMENT VOC's

sample #		9401111	9401110	9401075	9401074	9401030	9401014	9401013	9400994	9400993	9400973	9400972	9400947	9400890
Site #:		#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161	#161
Batch#:		34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Run Date:		02/20/94	02/20/94 20	02/20/94 20	02/20/94	02/20/94	02/20/94 20	02/20/94 20	02/20/94	02/20/94	02/12/94 40	02/11/94 40	02/11/94 40	02/20/94
<u>Dilution Factor:</u>		20	20	20	20	20	20		20	20	40	40	40	20
Sample Date:		02/16/94	02/16/94	02/15/94	02/15/94	02/13/94	02/12/94	02/12/94	02/11/94	02/11/94	02/10/94	02/10/94	02/09/94	02/07/94
ROW PARAM. ANALYTE NAME N	MDL *													
	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L
26 M+P-XYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
27 O-XYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL,	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
20 trans-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
36 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
35 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
38 NAPHTHALENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
32 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
29 ISOPROPYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
30 N-PROPYLBENZENE	1	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL
34 sec-BUTYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
37 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 33 1,2.4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	175	BDL	BDL
39 METHYL-TERT-BUTYLETHER		2.244	1,632	761	901	571	668	670	727	736	639	449	460	512
5 TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	- 1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
40 1 V ACROLEIN (Screen)	100	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
41 2 V ACRILONITRILE (Screen)	100	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL
13 3 V BENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
28 5 V BROMOFORM	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
12 6 V CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
24 7 V CHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL_	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
23 8 V CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
4 9 V CHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
42 10 V 2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	8DL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
10 11 V CHLOROFORM	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
17 12 V DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL BDL
9 14 V 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL
14 15 V 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 6 16 V 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	- 1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
6 16 V 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE 16 17 V 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
18 18 V 1,3-DICHLOROPROPYLENE		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
25 19 V ETHYLBENZENE		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
3 20 V METHYL BROMIDE (Bromomethane)	- i l	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
1 21 V METHYL CHLORIDE (Chloromethane)	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
7 22 V METHYLENE CHLORIDE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
31 23 V 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
22 24 V TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
19 25 V TOLUENE	1	77	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
8 26 V 1,2-TRANS-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
11 27 V 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
21 28 V 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
15 29 V TRICHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2 31 V VINYL CHLORIDE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIOLATIONS SHADED	SUM	2,321	1,632	761	901	571		670	727	736	639	624	460	512
SUM OF REGULATED CMPDS		<u>77</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	ō	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>
FILE:howco3.WK3 TOTAL BTEX (bolded)		77	0	<u></u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>

*- The Correct MDL = the MDL times the dilution factor.

** - Sent to outside lab for verification.

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT ID: PRETREATMENT VOC's

<u>sample #</u>		9400854	9400836	9400814	9400779	9400739	9400718	9400696	9400680	9400663	9400662	9400635	9400614	9400534	9400517
Site #:		# 161	#161	#161	#161	# 161	#161	# 161	# 161	# 161	#161	#161	# 161	#161	#161
Batch#:		34	34	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Run Date:			02/11/94	02/05/94	02/06/94	02/05/94	02/03/94	02/03/94	02/02/94	02/02/94	02/02/94	02/02/94	02/02/94	02/02/94	02/02/94
Dilution Factor:		40	40	40	40	40	1	20	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Sample Date:		02/05/94	02/04/94	02/03/94	02/02/94	02/01/94	01/31/94	01/30/94	01/29/94	01/28/94	01/28/94	01/27/94	01/26/94	01/23/94	01/22/94
ROW PARAM. ANALYTE NAME	MDL *														
No. ID. [1] TEST METHOD#:624	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L
26 M+P-XYLENE	1	BDL	205	174	147	211	10	241	589	848	776	763	754	766	1,414
27 O-XYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	89	80	110	5	136	335	487	434	434	427	424	732
20 trans-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
36 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
35 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
38 NAPHTHALENE	1	BDL	BDL BDL	70 BDL	98	171	6	113	298	420	400	368	370	463	463
32 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 29 ISOPROPYLBENZENE	1	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL 30	59	BDL 81	72 BDL	73	69	82	110
29 ISOPROPYLBENZENE 30 N-PROPYLBENZENE		BDL	BDL	52	45	69 69	3	62	BDL 127	174	164	BDL 165	BDL 157	BDL 178	BDL 245
34 sec-BUTYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL 127	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL I/6	BDL BDL
37 1.2-DICHLOROBENZENE		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
33 1.2.4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1	BDL	BDL	95	80	116	5	119	253	347	341	332	317	338	477
39 METHYL-TERT-BUTYLETHER	1	3,426	7,955	5,297	5,082	5,427	275	768	8,453	6,929	7,764	6,796	6,788	2.261	5,243
5 TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
40 1 V ACROLEIN (Screen)	100	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
41 2 V ACRILONITRILE (Screen)	100	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
13 3 V BENZENE	1	BDL	191	93	93	75	4	73	397	338	313	302	303	141	489
28 5 V BROMOFORM	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
12 6 V CARBON TETRACHLORIDE 24 7 V CHLOROBENZENE	1	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
24 7 V CHLOROBENZENE 23 8 V CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL
4 9 V ICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL
42 10 V 2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
10 11 V CHLOROFORM	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL
17 12 V DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
9 14 V 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	_ 1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
14 15 V 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
6 16 V 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
16 17 V 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
18 18 V 1,3-DICHLOROPROPYLENE	1	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
25	1	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL 2	54 BDL	128 BDL	BDL 222	198 BDL	200 BDL	201 BDL	199	384
1 21 V METHYL CHLORIDE (Chloromethane)	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL
7 22 V METHYLENE CHLORIDE	- 1	BDL	520	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
31 23 V 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
22 24 V TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
19 25 V TOLUENE	1	BDL	442	227	260	239	11	332	1,150	1,464	1,277	1,262	1,327	1,130	2,831
8 26 V 1,2-TRANS-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
11 27 V 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
21 28 V 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
15 29 V TRICHLOROETHYLENE		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
2 31 V VINYL CHLORIDE	1	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
VIOLATIONS SHADED	SUM	3,426	9,314	6,138	5,885	6,469	323	1,928	11,788	11,310	11,740	10,696	10,713	5,982	12,388
SUM OF REGULATED CMPDS		<u>o</u>	<u>1,154</u>	<u>362</u>	<u>353</u>	<u>363</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>460</u>	<u>1,675</u>	<u>2,023</u>	<u>1,789</u>	<u>1,765</u>	<u>1,830</u>	<u>1,470</u>	<u>3,704</u>
FILE:howco3.WK3 TOTAL BTEX (bolded)		<u>o</u>	838	<u>624</u>	<u>580</u>	685	<u>32</u>	<u>837</u>	<u>2,599</u>	<u>3,359</u>	<u>2,999</u>	<u>2,962</u>	<u>3,011</u>	<u>2,660</u>	<u>5,850</u>

*- The Correct MDL = the MDL times the dilution factor.

Department of Public Utilities

HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT ID: PRETREATMENT VOC's

	sample #		9400500	9400437	9400402	9400346	9400330	9400305	9400276	9400242	9400213		9400275	9400241	9400212	9400176
	Site #:		#161	#161	# 161	#161	# 161	# 161	#161	# 161	#161	#161	FIELD	FIELD	FIELD	FIELD
	Batch#:			33	BATCH#:32	BATCH#:32	BATCH#:32	BATCH#:32		BATCH#:31	BATCH#:31	BATCH#:32	BATCH#;31	BATCH#:31	BATCH#:31	BATCH#:31
	Run Date:			02/02/94	01/21/94	01/20/94	01/20/94	01/20/94	01/14/94	01/14/94	01/14/94	0 17 2 0 10 1	01/14/94	01/14/94	01/14/94	01/13/94
	Dilution Factor:			40	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:50	DF:1	DF:1	DF:1	DF:1
	Sample Date:		01/21/94	01/19/94	01/18/94	01/15/94	01/14/94	01/13/94	01/12/94	01/11/94	01/10/94	01/08/94	01/12/94	01/11/94	01/10/94	01/08/94
ROW PARAM.	ANALYTE NAME	MDL*														
No. ID. [1]	TEST METHOD#:624	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L	UG/L
26	M+P-XYLENE	100/1	NA NA	383	367	603	279	395	251	98	102	554	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
27	O-XYLENE	+ +	NA NA	210	201	340	157	219	342	131	139		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
20	trans-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	 	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL 107	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
36	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
35	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	1 -1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
38	NAPHTHALENE	1 1	NA NA	245	163	206	160	175	251	143	172		BDL	BDL.	BDL	BDL
32	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1	NA	55	BDL	BDL	BDL	153	180	108	109		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
29	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	1 1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
30	N-PROPYLBENZENE	1	NA NA	115	83	100	63	81	95	61	59		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
34	sec-BUTYLBENZENE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	133	143		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
37	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	1	NA .	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
33	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1	NA	217	112	143	89	120	144	90	97	123	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
39	METHYL-TERT-BUTYLETHER	1	NA	5,569	2,413	3,501	897	2,595	1,056	954	768	17,172	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
5	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	ACROLEIN (Screen)	100	NA	BDL	BDL	DETECTED **	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	ACRILONITRILE (Screen)	100	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	BENZENE	1	NA	180	139	283	89	140	231	59	96		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	BROMOFORM	11	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	123	BDL	BDL	79	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	11	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL,	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	CHLOROBENZENE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	1 1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	60	BDL	BDL	51	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	CHLOROETHANE		NA NA	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL,	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	2-CHLOROETHYLVINYL ETHER	1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL 71	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL 107	BDL 421	BDL BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL BDL	BDL
	CHLOROFORM DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	 	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	101	BDL	BDL	107	78		BDL	BDL BDL	BDL	BDL BDL
	1.1-DICHLOROETHANE	 	NA NA	BDL	BDL 78	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	1 1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1 1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	1 1	NA NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	1,3-DICHLOROPROPYLENE	1 1	NA .	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	ETHYLBENZENE	1 1	NA NA	97	98	164	74	103	251	99	103		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	METHYL BROMIDE (Bromomethane)	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
1 21 V	METHYL CHLORIDE (Chloromethane)	1	NA	BDL	BDL	3,338	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
7 22 V	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
31 23 V	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	8DL	BDL	BDL						
	TOLUENE	1	NA	628	759	1,468	500	685	1,436	337	514		BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	1,2-TRANS-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	NA	BDL	59	94	BDL	BDL	88	BDL	BDL	86	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	1 1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	1 1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
	VINYL CHLORIDE	1	NA	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL						
VIOLATIONS		SUM	0		4,394	6,903	2,663	4,666	4,325	2,553	2,801	24,329	0	0	0	0
	SUM OF REGULATED CMPDS		<u>o</u>	<u>905</u>	<u>1,054</u>	<u>2,010</u>	<u>1,019</u>	928	<u>2,006</u>	835	1,211	<u>5,585</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>
FILE:howco3.WK3	TOTAL BTEX (bolded)		<u>o</u>	<u>1,498</u>	<u>1,563</u>	2,858	1,099	1,543	<u>2,511</u>	724	953	3,027	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>

* - The Correct MDL = the MDL times the dilution factor.





Environmental Certification HRS #E83079

> CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG 1635 3RD AVE NORTH ST. PETERSBURG, FL 33713 ATT: KEVIN RISKOWITZ

1032 U.S. Highway One, North P.O. Box 468 Ormond Beach, Florida 32175 (904) 672-5668 Fax (904) 673-4001 Drinking Water Certification HRS #83160

Page 1

Date

Date

Submission #: 9401000053 Client PO Number: 16385

Project Number: Date Received: 01/06/94 Date Reported: 01/17/94 Project:

Order Number: 44913 Date Sampled: 01/05/94

Client Sample Number:

Sample Description: HOWCO-161-#9400105

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Analyzed	Prepared
=======	=======================================	========				=======
602	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/11/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/11/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/11/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	290	RM	01/11/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	400	RM	01/11/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/11/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	210	RM	01/11/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	480	RM	01/11/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	1200	RM	01/11/94	
			=========		=======	=======

Order Number: 44914 Date Sampled: 01/05/94

Client Sample Number:

Sample Description: FIELD BLANK-#9400104

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Date Analyzed	Date Prepared
=======		=======		:========	========	=======
602	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/12/94	
=======		=======		:=======	========	========



Environmental Certification HRS #E83079

CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG 1635 3RD AVE NORTH ST. PETERSBURG, FL 33713 ATT: KEVIN RISKOWITZ

ENVIROLAB

1032 U.S. Highway One, North P.O. Box 468 Ormond Beach, Florida 32175 (904) 672-5668 Fax (904) 673-4001 Drinking Water Certification HRS #83160

Submission #: 9401000068

Date Received: 01/07/94

Client PO Number: 16385

Project Number:

Date Reported: 01/19/94

Project: SWWTP

Page 8

Order Number:

44955

Date Sampled: 01/06/94 Client Sample Number:

Sample Description: 794-9400132

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Date Analyzed	Date Prepared
8250	DI-N-OCTYL PHTHALATE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	DIMETHYL PHTHALATE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	FLUORANTHENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	HEXACHLOROETHANE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	ISOPHORONE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	N-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	NAPHTHALENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	PHENANTHRENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	PYRENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	1-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	2-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	UG/L	<5	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94
8250	DIOXIN (SCREEN)	UG/KG	<100	TP	01/16/94	1/13/94

Order Number:

44956

Date Sampled: 01/06/94

Client Sample Number: Sample Description: 161-9400128

HOWED

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Date Analyzed	Date Prepared
602	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<5	RM	01/10/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<5	RM	01/10/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<5	RM	01/10/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	<5	RM	01/10/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	860	RM	01/10/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<5	RM	01/10/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	420	RM	01/10/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	97	RM	01/10/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	1800	RM	01/10/94	



Environmental Certification HRS #E83079

CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG 1635 3RD AVE NORTH ST. PETERSBURG, FL 33713 ATT: KEVIN RISKOWITZ

ENVIROLAB

1032 U.S. Highway One, North P.O. Box 468 Ormond Beach, Florida 32175 (904) 672-5668 Fax (904) 673-4001 Drinking Water Certification HRS #83160

Submission #: 9401000068

Client PO Number: 16385

Date Received: 01/07/94

Project Number:

Date Reported: 01/19/94

Project: SWWTP

Page 9

Order Number:

44957 Date Sampled: 01/06/94

Client Sample Number:

Sample Description: FIELD BLANK-9400129

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Analyzed	Prepared
602	1.2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/10/94	

OC ACCEPTABLE

R. Sulliyan / F. Guzman

President / Vice-President

JAN 1 9 1994

R.A. ELEFRITZ. SR.

ENVIROLAB

(904) 672-5668

Fax (904) 673-4001

Drinking Water Certification

P.O. Box 468

HRS #83160

1032 U.S. Highway One, North

Ormond Beach, Florida 32175



Environmental Certification HRS #E83079

CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG 1635 3RD AVE NORTH ST. PETERSBURG,FL 33713

ATT: KEVIN RISKOWITZ

Date Received: 01/10/94 Project Number:
Date Reported: 01/25/94 Project:

Page 1

Order Number: 44979

Date Sampled: 01/07/94

Client Sample Number: 1

Sample Description: HOWCO-161-#9400153

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Date Analyzed	Date Prepared
602	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/19/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/19/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/19/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	<10	RM	01/19/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	2000	RM	01/19/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<10	RM	01/19/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	340	RM	01/19/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	270	RM	01/19/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	1100	RM	01/19/94	

Order Number: 44980 Date Sampled: 01/07/94

Client Sample Number:

Sample Description: FIELD BLANK-#9400154

Method	Component	Units	Result	Analyst	Date Analyzed	Date Prepared
602	1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	TOTAL XYLENES	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	BENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	
602	TOLUENE	UG/L	<1.0	RM	01/19/94	

Pinellas County Public Heath Unit



STATE OF FLORIDA Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services

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PINELLAS COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH UNIT **ENGINEERING - SUITE 300** 4175 EAST BAY DRIVE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA 34624 TEL: (813) 538-7277 FAX: (813) 538-7293 SUNCOM: 558-7277

LAWTON CHILES, GOVERNOR





FEB 24 1994

February 21, 1994

Mr. Earnest M. Roggelin, Environmental Specialist III Pollutant Storage Tank Program Pinellas County Public Health Unit 4175 East Bay Drive Clearwater, Fl 34624-6966

Dear Mr. Roggelin:

We are in receipt of your letter dated February 15, 1994 wherein you discussed the controlled overflow/discharge event that took place at our facility recently.

In response to your request for information, the following is provided:

- A. The approximate one inch of oil sludge which appears on the bottom of the containment once the liquid has been removed is a product of two factors:
 - 1. The oil that rides up and down on the water that is in the various tanks that are being overflowed has an emulsified layer.
 - 2. The oil that constantly sits in the containment sump is a sufficient quantity even though not in excess of five hundred gallons to generate an emulsified layer of semi-solids once the containment has been pumped out.

It is our contention that at no time was there more than five hundred gallons of petroleum product in the containment area. The sludge as you call it was a product of the emulsification of the oil that was present plus the water and the fact that as we pulled the water out the oil further emulsifies some portion of the water on its way down to the concrete floor.

Please understand that it is our intent that at any time we have a discharge of petroleum products into a containment area which is in excess of five hundred gallons, we will make the necessary reports immediately and infact file a discharge report to your office for review. It is rare but not impossible for this containment to have product in it again. These are most generally due to excessively quick and heavy rainfalls and on very rare occasions, this being one, there can be a mechanical failure which produced excess product in the containment area. As you are aware, we initially had the fire department inspect the premises thoroughly after the report was

made by the City St. Petersburg Officials. Their inspection revealed that there is a film of oil on the top of the water in the containment area and this film could not have been five hundred gallons of petroleum. Also, immediately upon our discovering the containment had product in it, we initiated a clean-up procedure which began with the removal of the liquids. Upon your arrival, we had just finished removing the liquids and were in the process of cleaning the bottom manually. This cleaning process takes an extensive amount of time and man power and would not be an immediate removal. This therefore is why you found approximately one inch of emulsive semi-solids on the containment floor.

Your concern for the registration for our skid tank in the facility yard is understandable. We are not unwilling to register this tank if the determination by your office is that is does not qualify as a portable or mobile tank by virtue of the Florida Statues. Please advise if it is your decision that it must be registered. In that event we will provide the necessary submission to Tallahassee for registration.

Your decision to allow our registration of all tanks to be named used oil is appreciated. We felt that this was the only rational way to register our tanks considering that the potential for used oil is always there and rather than have misleading association of name for any possible emergency it would be logical and more protective to maintain the used oil status.

I hope this explanation will satisfactory for the purposes for your inspection and we look forward to your eventual annual visit for compliance inspection later this year.

Sincerely,

RK/ts

Howco

FRS Pinelas County Public Health Unit

February 15, 1994

R. J. King Tim's Oil Recovery, Inc. 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL 33711-1922

Re: 528624557

Tim's Oil Recovery, Inc. 843 43rd Street South

St Petersburg

PINELLAS

Subject: Controlled Overflow/Discharge Event

PECELVE J FEB 1 7 1994

Department of Environmental Protection SOUTHWEST DISTRICT

ΒY

Dear Mr. King:

On February 10, 1994 Joseph Sowers and I met with you briefly to investigate a complaint that this agency received from the City of St. Petersburg via the Department of Environmental Protection. The subject event occurred on February 7, 1993. The following items require a response:

- a. You indicated to this agency that approximately "5000 gallons of water with 1/4 inch of product" was determined to constitute the "controlled overflow" event. Upon consideration, the containment area when viewed held approximately one inch of waste oil sludge which appears to be denser than water. If so, how will this amount of product factor into the controlled overflow amount discharged? As was discussed, a release of 500 gallons or more must be reported to the Department of Environmental Protection as a discharge.
- b. During your overview of the event, you indicated that the eastern containment area contains oil/water separators and processed water tanks. The separators receive a broad spectrum of water/oil from the yard drains, and therefore appear not to be regulated under Florida Administrative Code Chapter 17-762. Please read the accompanying memorandum dated May 30, 1991. If this interpretation holds true, then the PCPHU would be concerned only with the western containment area, and the "skid tank" for compliance activities.

Relative to our discussion on the identification of the facility's tanks as waste/used oil, "L", this agency will continue to accept that determination at this time. While your company collects a broad spectrum of "waste" products including: gasoline, vehicle



PINELLAS COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH UNIT ENGINEERING - SUITE 300 4175 EAST BAY DRIVE CLEARWATER, FLORIDA 34624-6966 TEL: (813) 538-7277 FAX: (813) 538-7293 SUNCOM: 558-7277



February 15, 1994 Tim's Waste Oil, Inc.

Page 2

diesel, home heating oil, used lube oil, etc. the blending both on the truck and on-site in the large volume tanks probably reduces the non-lube constituents to a de minimus quantity.

Late this year during your routine compliance inspection this agency will need to assemble a flow chart of the western containment area tanks, along with all associated piping. If I may be of further assistance, please contact me at 538-7277 extension 136.

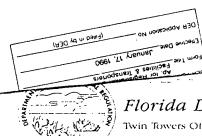
Sincerely,

Ernest M. Roggelin

Environmental Specialist III Pollutant Storage Tank Program

cc: (Randy Strauss) DEP Tampa

John Parnell, City of St. Petersburg



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. ● 2600 Blair Stone Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEA For	17-710.900(3)
	Annual Report by Used Oil Facilities and Transporters
Ettective	Date_ January 17, 1990
DER Au	orcalion No

Annual Report by Used Oil Facilities and Transporters

Please refer to instructions when completing this form

For reporting period January 1, 1992 through December 31, 1992

SECTION A (To be filled out by Transporters and Collection and Recycling Facility Operators)				
1. Company Name: TIM'S OIL RECOVERY Mailing Address: 843 43RD ST. SOUTH	2. Telephone No. (813) 327-8467			
ST. PETERSBURG, FL 33711 Check if changed since last registration	3. Used Oil Registration No.: 5001.0 -UO			
4. Name of person preparing report (please print) CATHY CLEMSON Affiliation with business: _CONTROLLER Phone No., if different than 2 ()	5. Type of operation (check as many as apply) X Collection Facility X Transporter X Recycling Facility			

SECTION B (To be filled out by Collection Facility Operat	ors Only)		
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected from: Automotive Industrial Mixed			
6. Own Operations (Facility and Equipment)			
7. Other Persons (Individuals or Other Companies/Agencies)			
8. Total Amount of Used Oil Collected During Reporting Period (add items 6 and 7)		•	



(Files in by DER)

SECTION C (This entire page to be filled out by Transporters and Recycling)	Facility Ope	rators Only)
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected From the following sources:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
9. CO - Commercial (service stations, garages and shops)		-	2,732,503
10. AG – Agricultural			81,152
11. IN - Industrial (manufacturing, construction, mining or other industrial processing operations			705,792
12. MI - Military (all except ships and port facilities)			58,902
13. PC = Public Used Oil Collection Centers			3,010
14. TE - Non-Marine Transportation Terminals (railyards, airports and vehicle fleet terminals)			137,737
15. BP = Bulk Petroleum Storage Terminals (tank bottoms, etc.)			-0-
16. OF - Sources Outside Florida			-0-
17. SH - Ships, Port Facilities, Marinas			36,905
i6. OT=Other Sources (specify)			214,919
19. BI – Beginning Inventory			393,233
20. TR or RE - Used Oil Transporter or Recycling Facility			18,345
21. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste Collected During Reporting Period (add items 9-20)			4,244,761
Amount of Used Oll and Oily Waste (gallons) Marketed, Disposed or End Used:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
22. NE -Total amount of used oil or oily waste transferred to other facilities for processing			-0-
23. MBI - Marketed as a Fuel In-State or On-Site Burner			3,496,209
24. MBO - Marketed as a Fuel Out-of-State			-0-
25. MINI - Marketed for an Industrial Process In-State or On-Site Industrial Processor (specify process)			-0-
26. MINO - Marketed for an Industrial Process Out-of-State (specify process)			0-
27. DS = Disposal - Underline type of material and specify disposal method and amount Type: Bottom Sediment, Water, Oily Waste, Other Method: Landfill Wastewater Treatment Unit Incinerator Other (specify)			117,051
28. El -Total Inventory on Hand (end of year)			631,501
29. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste from Lines 22-28 (the sum of the three columns of this line should be approximately equal to the sum of the three columns on line 21)			
30. EU - End User (specify end use: burned, phosphate flotation, form oil, chain oil, trap dipping, disposal, other)			4,244,76

30. EU – End User (specify end use: burned, phosphate flotation, form oil, chain oil, trap dipping, disposal, other)

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify the information provided in this report is a true, accurate and complete presentation of the information required by Section 17-710.520, Fiorida Administrative Code.

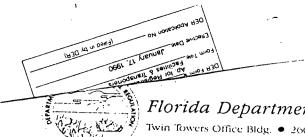
TIM HAGAN, PRESIDENT

Name of Authorized Person (Please print or type)

Signature of Authorized Person

Date

Page 2 of 3



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

·	
DER Form . 17-710.900	X3)
Annual Report	by
Form The Used Oil Facil	ities and Transporters
Ellective Date January	17, 1990
DER Application No	i
<u> </u>	(Fried in (), DERI)
DER Application No	(Feed in the DERI)

Annual Report by Used Oil Facilities and Transporters

Please refer to instructions when completing this form

For reporting period January 1, 1992 through December 31, 1992

SECTION A (To be filled out by Transporters and Collection	and Recycling Facility Operators)
Company Name: HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES Mailing Address: 843 43RD ST. SOUTH	2. Telephone No. (813) 323-0818
ST. PETERSBURG, FL 33711 Check if changed since last registration	3. Used Oil Registration No.: 50119 -UO
4. Name of person preparing report (please print) CATHY CLEMSON Affiliation with business:CONTROLLER Phone No., if different than 2 ()	5. Type of operation (check as many as apply) X Collection Facility X Transporter X Recycling Facility

SECTION B (To be filled out by Collection Facility Opera	ators Only)		* ** ** * ***** <u>****</u>
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected from:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
6. Own Operations (Facility and Equipment)			IVIIVEO
7. Other Persons (Individuals or Other Companies/Agencies)			
8. Total Amount of Used Oil Collected During Reporting Period (add items 6 and 7)			

*REPORTED UNDER TIM'S OIL RECOVERY 50010-UO



	Form Tine V
	Effective Date January 17, 1990
	DER Application No.
ĺ	(Filled in by DEA)

SECTION C (This entire page to be filled out by Transporters and Recycling	Facility One	erators Only	١
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected From the following sources:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
9. CO - Commercial (service stations, garages and shops)	, 1010/1100/0	industrial	Mixed
10. AG - Agricultural \			
11. IN - Industrial (manufacturing, construction, mining or other industrial processing operations			
12. MI - Military (all except ships and port facilities)			
13. PC = Public Used Oil Collection Centers			
14. TE = Non-Marine Transportation Terminals (railyards, airports and vehicle fleet terminals)			
15. BP = Bulk Petroleum Storage Terminals (tank bottoms, etc.)			
16. OF - Sources Outside Florida			
17. SH - Ships, Port Facilities, Marinas			1
18. OT - Other Sources (specify)			
19. BI - Beginning Inventory			
20. TR or RE - Used Oil Transporter or Recycling Facility			
21. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste Collected During Reporting Period (add items 9-20)			
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Marketed, Disposed or End Used:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
22. NE = Total amount of used oil or oily waste transferred to other facilities for processing		- Industrial	Mixed
23. MBI - Marketed as a Fuel In-State or On-Site Burner			
24. MBO - Marketed as a Fuel Out-of-State			
25. MINI = Marketed for an Industrial Process In-State or On-Site Industrial Processor (specify process)			·
26. MINO = Marketed for an Industrial Process Out-of-State (specify process)			•
27. DS = Disposal - Underline type of material and specify disposal method and amount Type: Bottom Sediment, Water, Oily Waste, Other Method: Landfill Wastewater Treatment Unit Incinerator Other (specify)		· .	
28. El = Total Inventory on Hand (end of year)			
9. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste from Lines 22-28 (the sum of the three columns of this line should be approximately equal to the sum of the three columns on line 21)			
O. EU - End User (specify end use: burned, phosphate flotation, form oil, chain oil, trap dipping, disposal, other)			

30. EU = End User (specify end use: burned, phosphate flotation, form oil, chain oil, trap dipping, disposal, other)

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify the information provided in this report is a true, accurate and complete/presentation of the information required by Section 17-710.520, Florida Administrative Code.

Name of Authorized Person (Please print or type)

Signature of Authorized Person Date



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2000 Blair/Stone-Réfad • Tallahassee, Florida 32399/2400

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Annua Report by User Oil Facilities an	c Transnumers
Chemie Date January 17, 199	2
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Annual Report by Used Oil Facilities and Transporters

"Please refer to instructions when completing this form"

For reporting period January 1, 1992 through December 31, 1992

(To be filled out by Transporters and Collection and	Recycli	ng Facility C	perators)	
	2. Telephone No. (813_) 327-8467			
in the contract of the contrac	,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的,我们就是一个大型的			-U
4. Name of person preparing report (please print) CATHY CLEMSON	I. —	of operation (ch		es apply)
Affiliation with business: CONTROLLER	☐ Tr	ansporter	A STATE OF THE STA	
Phone No., if different than 2 ()	R	ecycling Facility		
		an in the second	in the second	The second secon
SECTION B (To be filled out by Collection Facility Collection Faci	Operato	rs Only)	**************************************	1
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected from:	a management of the transfer	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
6. Own Operations (Facility and Equipment)		Topic to the		- J.
7. Other Persons (Individuals or Other Companies/Agencies)	7 t t-	r enila i		
8. Total Amount of Used Oil Collected During Reporting Period (add items 6 and	d 7)			-0

REPORTED UNDER TIM'S OIL RECOVERY 50010-UO

St. Petersburg FL 33711

au _H fo	Florida Department	=

PARCHIA DATA	
DEP ADDICATION NO	15,
	1

SECTION C (This entire page to be filled out by Transporters and Recycling Facility Operators Only)			
Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste (gallons) Collected From the following sources:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
9. CO - Commercial (service stations, garages and shops)			0
10. AG - Agricultural			
11. IN - Industrial (manufacturing, construction, mining or other industrial processing operations			
n2. MI - Military (all except ships and port facilities)			
13. PC - Public Used Cil Collection Centers			
14. TE - Non-Marine Transponation Terminals (railyards, airports and vehicle fleet terminals)			
15. BP = Butk Petroleum Storage Terminals (tank bottoms, etc.)			
16. OF - Sources Outside Florida	<u> </u>		
17. SH - Ships. Port Facilities, Marinas			
18. CT - Other Sources (specify)		·	
19. Bl - Seginning Inventory	-	-	
20. TR or RE - Used Oil Transponer or Recycling Facility			
21. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste Collected During Reporting Period (add items 9-20)			
Amount of Used Oll and Oily Waste (gallons) Marketed, Disposed or End Used:	Automotive	Industrial	Mixed
22. NE -Total amount of used oil or oily waste transferred to other facilities for processing			
23. MBI - Marketed as a Fuel in-State or On-Site Burner			,
24. MBO - Marketed as a Fuel Out-of-State			•,,
25. MINI - Marketed for an industrial Process in State or On-Site Industrial Processor (specify process)	.,.	·	
26. MINO - Marketed for an Industrial Process Out-of-State (specify process)			•
27. DS - Disposal - Underline type of material and specify disposal method and amount Type: Bottom Sediment, Water, Oily Waste, Other Method: Landill Wastewater Treatment Unit Incinerator Other (specify)			
28. El -Total inventory on Hand (end of year)			
29. Total Amount of Used Oil and Oily Waste from Lines 22-28 (the sum of the three columns of this line should be approximately equal to the sum of the three columns on line 21)	·		
30. EU - End User (specify end use: burned, phosphate flotation, form oil, chain oil, trap dipping, disposal, other)			F0-

To the best of my knowledge and belief, I centry the information provided in this report is a true, accurate and complete presentation of the information required by Section 17-710.520, Fiorida Administrative Code.

Signature of Authorized Person



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Southwest District

3804 Coconut Palm

Tampa, Florida 33619

Lawton Chiles, Governor

813-744-6100

Virginia B. Wetherell, Secretary

MAY 1 3 1995

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Howco Environmental Services 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, FL 33711

ATTN.: Tim Hagan, President

WARNING NOTICE #WN93-0030HW52SWD FLD 152 764 767

RE: Howco Environmental Services
Class I Hazardous Waste Violations

Dear Mr. Hagan,

A hazardous waste compliance inspection was conducted at your facility on February 19, 1993. This inspection was conducted under the authority of Section 403.091, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 403, Part IV, Florida Statutes, in order to determine the compliance status of your facility with Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Parts 260 through 268, as adopted in Florida Administrative Code Chapter 17-730.

During this inspection, possible violations of rules regarding hazardous waste management were noted. These possible violations are described in the "Summary of Violations" section of the attached inspection report.

You are advised that any activity at your facility that may be contributing to violations of the above described statutes and rules should be ceased immediately. Operation of a facility in violation of state statutes or rules may result in liability for damages and restoration, and the judicial imposition of civil penalties up to \$50,000 per violation per day pursuant to Section 403.727, Florida Statutes.



Howco Environment Services
Warning Notice #WN93-0030HW52SWD

You are requested to contact Kevin Bull of this office at (813)-744-6100 (ext. 389) within 10 calendar days of receipt of this Warning Notice to arrange a meeting with Department personnel to discuss the issues raised in this Warning Notice. You may wish to consult an attorney and to have the attorney attend the meeting with the Department.

PLEASE BE ADVISED that this Warning Notice is part of an agency investigation preliminary to agency action in accordance with Section 120.57(4), Florida Statutes. The purpose of this letter is to advise you of potential violations and to set up a meeting to discuss possible resolutions to any potential violations that may have occurred for which you may be responsible. Under the Department's agreement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a formal administrative complaint or "Notice of Violation" (NOV) must be issued within 90 days of the date of the attached inspection report. The issuance of the NOV may be avoided through the entry of a consent order or a demonstration that the listed violations did not occur. If the Department issues a Notice of Violation, and you are named as a party, you will be informed of your rights to contest any determination made by the Department in the Notice of Violation.

If after further investigation, the Department determines that the violation occurred, this matter may be resolved through the entry of a "Consent Order" which will include a compliance schedule and an appropriate penalty.

Since 🔑

Richard Garrity

Director of District Management

Southwest District

RDG/kmb

Enclosure

cc: Satish Kastury, FDER, BWP&R
 Don Trussell, FDER, BWP&R
 Alan Farmer, USEPA, Region IV, RCRA Branch
 Compliance File`



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Southwest District

3804 Coconut Palm Dr.

Tampa, Florida 33619

Lawton Chiles, Governor

813-744-6100

Virginia Wetherell, Secretary

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT

1. INSPECTION REPORTCOMPI	LAINT X ROUTINE	_FOLLOW-UP_	_PERMITTING			
FACILITY NAME Howco Environment	tal Services	_DER/EPA ID #_	FLD 152 764 767			
FACILITY NAME Tim's Oil Recovery		_DER/EPA ID #_	FLD 108 304 379			
STREET ADDRESS 843 43rd Street Se	outh, St. Petersburg, FL	33711				
MAILING ADDRESS 843 43rd Street	South, St. Petersburg, FL	. 33711				
COUNTY Pinellas PHONE (813)	323-0818 DATE Februar	y 19, 1993 TIME	E 1000 - 1600 hours			
TYPE OF FACILITY: Generator Generator (>1000 kg/month)	Storage X Container	,	Treatment X_Tank			
SQG (100-1000 kg/month)CESQG (<100 kg/month)	XTank Waste Pile Surface Impound	ment	Land Treatment Thermal Chem/Phys/Bio			
Transporter	D' 1	-	Incinerator			
X Transporter Transfer Facility	Disposal Landfill	-	Surface Impound.			
Non-Handler			X Used oil marketer			
Non-Handler	Surface Impounds Waste Pile	nent _	A Used on marketer			
2. <u>Applicable Regulations</u> : 40 CFR 261.540 CFR 265X_40 CFR 265X_40 CFR 265X_17-710 FAC	262 <u>X</u> 40 CFR 2		CFR 264 7-730 FAC			
3. Responsible Official: Tim Hagan - Owner						
4. Survey Participants and Principal Inspector: Dick King - Director of Operations Kevin Bull and Gilbert Dembeck - FDER						
5. Facility Latitude: 27° 54' 00"	Longitude: 82° 38" 11"					
6. Type of Ownership: FEDERAL	STATE COUNTY	MUNICIPAL	<u>PRIVATE</u>			
7. Permit No.: <u>HT52-204220</u>	Date Issued: October :	29 <u>, 1991 Exp. D</u> a	ate: October 29, 1992			

8. Facility Description:

Howco Environmental Services (Howco), operating a facility on approximately three acres, is currently registered as a used oil transporter and recycling facility, under 17-710, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). With regards to hazardous waste, Howco has interim status as a treatment, storage, and disposal facility, under 40 CFR 265. The process used at Howco for recycling of used oil is discussed in previous inspection reports, and so lengthy details will not be supplied in this report.

The following table summarizes the solid wastes of significance that are currently being managed at Howco.

Process	Significant Solid Waste	EPA Haz. Waste No.	Quantity	Disposition	Exclusion/ Exemption
Used oil de-emulsifi- cation	Recycled oil	N/A	350,000 gal. per mo.	Various	40 CFR 261.6(a)(4)
Oil filter crusher	Crushed oil filters	N/A	1,600 cu. ft. per mo.	Pinellas Cty.	40 CFR 261.4(b)(15)
Waste water treatment	Waste water	N/A	28,000 gal. per day.	Pinellas Cty. POTW	40 CFR 261.4(a)(2)
Waste water treatment	Sludge	N/A	2,000 gal. per day	Soil Treat- ment Service	See text
Receipt from off-site	Citrus oil	D001	~18,000 gallons	Pending	-

Mr. Dick King, Director of Operations, escorted the Department investigators throughout the inspection. According to Mr. King, Howco has seven vehicles, each with a capacity of 2,500 gallons, for transporting used oil. Transport vehicles that were used for the transport of used oil, as specified by Mr. King, were found to be lacking the used oil certification number (50119-UO) that has been issued by the Department (see Photo #1). Transport vehicles for Tim's Oil Recovery (see Photo #2), which is also located at the same address as Howco, were also lacking, in some instances, the used oil certification number (50010-UO) that has been issued by the Department. The used oil transport vehicles are otherwise properly placarded.

At the time of the inspection, Howco was storing various wastes in eight transport trailers, according to Mr. King. The trailers vary in size from 4000 to 5500 gallons (see Photo #3). Trailer #33 and #906 contained a material that was described by Mr. King as citrus oil. According to the material data safety sheets (MSDSs) that Mr. King made available, the flashpoint of this material is 118°F (D001). Samples were obtained by Howco operators and analyzed within the Howco laboratory for flashpoint by Mr. Sonny Feagle. The flashpoint (Pensky-Martins Closed Cup) of the material in trailer #33 was found to be 120°F,

whereas that of the material in trailer #906 was found to be 110°F. The Department does not consider a food-based oil as fitting the regulatory definition of used oil, which, according to 57 FR 41613, is derived from "...any oil that has been refined from crude oil, or any synthetic oil..." Accordingly, these materials are defined to exhibit the characteristic of ignitability (D001), as per 40 CFR 261.21. According to Department files, Howco submitted a Part I application under 17-730.230, F.A.C. (Application for a Hazardous Waste Facility Permit), which was received by the Department on October, 29, 1991. Howco was given permit number HT52-204220, however the State permit was terminated on October 29, 1992, as per 17-730.230(8), F.A.C., as the result of the failure of Howco to complete their application. According to Department files, Howco also has submitted a Part A application under 40 CFR 265 (Hazardous Waste Permit), and thus has interim status. This application specifies that only D018 hazardous waste will be handled at Howco. Howco does not have a permit or interim status to treat, store, or dispose of ignitable waste (D001).

According to documents supplied by Mr. King, however, the citrus oil was transported to Howco, by Young Trucking, under a non-hazardous waste manifest. The shipments of citrus oil were generated at two separate facilities (Lakeland and Safety Harbor, FL) of Tastemaker. According to the manifests, a total of approximately 18,000 gallons of this hazardous waste had been received by Howco between January 4, 1993 and January 6, 1993. According to Mr. King, upon receipt the hazardous waste was pumped from the 55-gallon drums, in which it was received, to the storage transport trailers.

By the definition of 40 CFR 260.10, the storage transport trailers are containers, in that they are "...portable device(s)." Upon examination, transport trailer #906 was found to be open. Mr. King was unable to supply a written schedule for inspections of the containers, as well as a written schedule for the operating and emergency equipment found within the facility, although, according to Mr. King site inspections are conducted on a daily basis.

Mr. King was questioned regarding the contents of the other six transport trailers in this area, in addition to their being visually examined for contents. Following is a list of their contents according to Mr. King: #907 - gasoline/water mixture (flashpoint of 118°F, according to Mr. Feagle's analysis), which had been detected, by Howco operators, in the WWTU and consequently pumped to this trailer; #902 - ink/oil mixture; #906 - used oil; #603 - empty; #608 - used oil; and #(unmarked) - used oil.

Used oil received by Howco is pumped directly to the oil tank farm which, according to Mr. King, has a capacity of approximately 300,000 gallons. The process used by Howco to recycle the used oil includes the addition of de-emulsifiers to separate water and settle the solids out of the used oil. The recycled oil is then marketed to various facilities throughout the State of Florida for the purposes of energy recovery. Howco also receives used oil filters, which are crushed, drained, and packed in lined cardboard boxes (4' x 4') for incineration. According to Mr. King, the used oil filters are incinerated at the Pinellas County solid waste incinerator. As per 40 CFR 261.4(b)(15), oil filters that have been properly drained are excluded from hazardous waste regulations.

According to Mr. King, Howco also receives water that has been contaminated with petroleum products. Laboratory analysis of the chemical oxygen demand (COD) is performed, and depending on the COD, the contaminated water is placed in one of two series of storage tanks. The WWTU uses potassium permangate (to reduce the COD), and a polymer (to initiate flocculation). The WWTU is permitted by the City of St. Petersburg under permit number SPFL-5093-86-32 to release up to 28,000 gallons per day to the POTW. Each shipment of sludge from the WWTU is analyzed by an independent certified laboratory,

according to Mr. King. The sludge, which is shown to be non-hazardous by the laboratory results, according to Mr. King, is transported largely to Soil Treatment Services of Kissimmee, FL.

On March 30, 1993, a telephone call was placed to Mr. Larry Keene, Operating Manager of Soil Treatment Services (STS) of Kissimmee, FL. According to Mr. Keene, STS is permitted as a soil thermal treatment facility under 17-296 and 17-775, F.A.C. According to 17-296.415, "Soil thermal treatment facilities are only authorized to treat petroleum contaminated soil..." Subsequent to this conversation with STS, STS's soil site data sheet and laboratory results were received via STS for waste shipped from Howco to STS on January 14, 1993. The soil site data sheet did not indicate that the material to be thermally treated at STS was sludge from a WWTU. According to 403.413, F.S., WWTU sludge is litter, and as per 403.413(4)(c), dumping this material on a private property (soil thermal treatment facility) is unlawful unless prior consent of the owner has been given, and unless such litter is not in violation of any other State rule (for example, 17-296.415, F.A.C.). For the two separate incidents documented, Howco disposed of approximately 51 tons of waste on December 11, 1992, and 24 tons of waste on January 14, 1993.

Based on the laboratory results of the material shipped from Howco to STS, analysis of the total volatile organic halogens, apparently performed by Howco's environmental laboratory, indicated that the concentration of tetrachloroethylene was 2.231 mg/kg. As tetrachloroethylene is a TCLP contaminant with a maximum allowable concentration of 0.700 mg/L, the analyses performed for this waste is not sufficient to determine if the waste is hazardous waste. Accordingly, analyses for this waste should have included all TCLP contaminants, ignitability, corrosivity, and reactivity

Upon completion of the site inspection on February 19, 1993, a record review was conducted. Mr. King could not supply a written training plan, nor a closure plan. Also, Howco does not have documentation of compliance with the financial requirements of Subpart H of 40 CFR 265. It should be noted here that Howco has submitted a request to the Department to have their TSD permit withdrawn. As noted earlier, the State T.O.P. has been terminated, however action is pending with regard to the Federal TSD application. A decision is pending whether Howco will be required to close pursuant to 40 CFR 265 Subpart G.

Although Mr. King did make available the contingency plan for Howco, he did note that the plan is currently being amended. According to Department records these amendments have not yet been received. Also, although a groundwater monitoring plan was made available by Mr. King, no groundwater analytical results were available as, according to Mr. King. A Contamination Assessment Plan, under OGC case number 91-1176, is currently awaiting approval by the Department.

9. Summary of Violations:

403.727 (1)(b),F.S. and 40 CFR 270.71 During interim status, a TSD shall not treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste not specified in Part A of the permit application. Approximately 18,000 gallons of citrus oil (D001) was received by Howco Environmental Services from January 4, 1993, to January 6, 1993. Howco Environmental Services' permit application specifies only D018 and does not include D001 waste.

40 CFR 265.173 A container holding hazardous waste must always be closed during storage, except when it is necessary to add or remove waste. Container #906 at Howco Environmental Services, containing citrus oil (D001), was found to be open when inspected.

- 40 CFR 265.174 The owner or operator must inspect areas where containers are stored, at least weekly, looking for leaks and for deterioration caused by corrosion or other factors. Howco Environmental Services had no written records indicating that these inspections were performed, although the inspections are conducted daily.
- 40 CFR 265.15 The owner or operator must develop and follow a written schedule for inspecting all monitoring equipment, safety and emergency equipment, security devices, and operating and structural equipment that are important to preventing, detecting, or responding to environmental or human health hazards. No written schedule was available at Howco Environmental Services, although daily inspections are conducted.
- 40 CFR 262.11 A person who generates a solid waste must determine if that waste is a hazardous waste. Howco Environmental Services does not adequately determine if the WWTU sludge is hazardous waste. The hazardous waste determination for this waste should include all TCLP contaminants, ignitability, reactivity, and corrosivity.
- 403.413 (4) (c), F.S. It is unlawful for any person to dump litter in or on any private property, unless prior consent of the owner has been given and unless such litter will not be in violation of any other State regulation. Howco Environmental Services is disposing of solid waste from their WWTU in soil thermal treatment facilities, which according to 17-296.415, F.A.C., are only authorized to treat petroleum contaminated soil as defined in Chapter 17-775, F.A.C. According to documents from the soil thermal treatment facility, there is no knowledge that that the waste received from Howco Environmental Services is a sludge from a WWTU.
- 40 CFR 265.16 Facility personnel must successfully complete a program of classroom instruction or on-the-job training that teaches them to perform their duties in a way that ensures the facility's compliance with the requirements of this part. A written training program, with all the appropriate elements, was not available for inspection at Howco Environmental Services.
- 40 CFR 265 Subpart G The owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility shall comply with this subpart. Howco Environmental Services currently does not have a closure plan.
- **40 CFR 265 Subpart H** The owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility shall comply with this subpart. Howco Environmental Services currently does not have documents regarding liability coverage for sudden accidental occurrences or financial assurance for closure.
- 17-710.600(4), F.A.C. Transporters, except for common carriers and those who carry used oil in drums, shall permanently apply the certification number to each transport vehicle. Transport vehicles, certified under Howco Environmental Services and Tim's Oil Recovery, were lacking certification numbers.

Howco Environmental Services FLD 152 764 767

Report Prepared By:

Date: 4-16-93

Kevin Bull

Environmental Specialist I

Approved By:

Environmental Supervisor I



Photo #1 - Howco Environmental Services' used oil transport vehicles



Photo #2 - Tim's Oil Recovery's used oil transport vehicles



Photo #3 - Transport trailers used for storing various wastes

RCRA Checklist for Inspect	ion of Waste Fuel Market	ers/Processors:
Name of Facility: Howes	ENVIRONMENTAL	· · · · ·
•	13 rd Street South	
St. Pe	k FL 33711	
EPA Waste Fuel I.D. Number	:	
Facility Inspection Repres	sentative:	
Title:		
Telephone:		•
Site Characterization:		
1. Does the facility accep	ot hazardous waste?	yes no
Does the facility blend oil to be marketed as f		yes no
3. Does the facility accerties, used oil previous ous waste?	ot hazardous waste fuel, sly blended with hazard-	yes no
4. Check the following ger	meral operating practices	:
Storage	Treatment	Disposal
Drum	Settling	Landfill
∠ Above-ground tank(s)	Heat addition	Land Treatmen
Underground tank(s)	In-Line Filtering	Surface
Other	Certrifugation	Impoundment
Tank sizes	<pre>Screen Filtration</pre>	Other
	Dehydration	•
	<pre>Emulsion Breaking</pre>	
	Blending	• .
Descriptions and Observations:	•-	•

5	Does the facility have Interim Status or a permit (Section 3005)?	yes	no
	Specify:		,
6.	Does the facility generate hazardous waste?	yes	(no)
7.	Does the facility accept hazardous waste? specify waste and generator type. (Request manifests for review)	yes	no
	Small Quantity Generators		
	$(_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{_{1}}}}}}}}}$		
	Large Quantity Generators		
	Specify waste types:	•	
8.	Does the facility accept only used oil?	yes	no
9.	Specify other material recycled as fuel.		
	Catrus oil		
10.	Has the facility notifed the Agency of their waste fuel activity? (§266.34(b))	yes	no
	If no, explain:		
11.	Does the facility have manifests for all shipments of hazardous waste and blended hazardous waste fuel (received or sent)? (\$265.70)	yes	no
12.	Does the facility have a copy of the required notice from burners or marketers to whom waste fuel is marketed? (\$266.34(e) or \$266.43(b)(5))	(yes)	no
13.	Does the facility have invoice information for shipments of used oil claimed to be specification used oil fuel? (§266.43(b)(6)	yes	no
	OEI spec. Ajax only		

Inspector Gilbert Dembert F. Kevin Bull Facility ID# 152 767 767

RCRA COMPLIANCE INSPECTION REPORT TSD FACILITIES CHECKLIST

Gen	eral Facility Standards			
1.	Site Name 4000 Environmental Services,	Inc.		
2.	Has facility received hazardous waste from a foreign source? (264.12 - required notices)	YesNo		
	If yes, has he filed a notice with the Regional Administrator and DER?	YesNo NA		
3.	Does the facility have a copy of the permit along with the approved application? Perf	YesNo		
Wast	te Analysis (264.13) 264 Permit Condition	-		
1.	Is a copy of the waste analysis plan maintained at the facility?	YesNo		
2.	Does the facility have copies of completed waste analysis reports?	YesNo		
3.	Has the waste analysis been reviewed or repeated as required?	YesNo		
4.	(For off-site facilities) waste analysis that generators have agreed to supply?	YesNo		
5.	Check waste analysis equipment to see if it is on-site and in working condition?	YesNo		
Sec	urity (264.14) 264 Permit Condition			
1.	Is the facility security system adequate to minimize unauthorized entry?	YesNo		
2.	Are signs posted and legible for 25 feet?	YesNo		
Inspection Requirement (264.15) 264 Permit Condition				
1.	Does the facility have a copy of the Inspection Plan?	Yes No		

		/
2.	Does the facility have completed inspection logs?	YesNo
3.	Were the deficiencies corrected in a timely manner?	YesNo
4.	Are the inspection logs maintained at the facility for 3 years?	YesNo
5.	Is the facility equipped to prevent fire, explosion or contamination of the environment and is the equipment in working condition?	YesNo
Per	sonnel Training (264.16) 264 Permit Condition	 /
1.	Does facility have copy of training plan?	YesNo
2.	Does facility have personnel training records?	YesNo
7	Mas management completed training?	YesNo
4.	Have laborers completed training?	YesNo VIVK
5.	Is training successfully completed within 6 month of hiring/transfer to HW position?	s yesNo VNK
6.	Has the training been conducted as stated in the Training Plan?	YesNo V///
7.	Do the facility personnel training records include:	
	a. Job title and description of position?	YesNo
	b. Description of employee's training?	YesNo
8.	Are records maintained for 3 years?	YesNo
<u>Ign</u>	itable, Reactive, or Incompatible Waste (264.17)	264 Permit Condition
1.	Is the waste separated and confined from sources of ignition or reaction, sparks, spontaneous ignition, and radiant heat?	YesNo
2.	Are "No Smoking" signs posted in the area?	YesNo

Pre	paredness and Prevention (264.3037) 264_	Permit Condition
1.		thy doing CAP
2.	Is the facility equipment located in accordance with the approved plan and is it functional?	YesNo
Con	tingency Plan and Emergency Procedures (264	.50-56) 264 Permit Condition
1.	Does the facility have a copy of the Contingency Plan?	No
2.	Has the plan been amended and have the amendments been approved?	Yes _No Plan unter amendments
3.	Were the plan revisions submitted to all authorities?	Yes No
	the emergency coordinator on-site or within short driving distance of plant at all times?	YesNo
5.	Verify equipment location. Is it in working condition?	YesNo
Man	ifest System, Recordkeeping and Report (264	.70-77) 264 Permit Condition
1.	Does the facility have copies of the Manifest?	No
	a. Are the manifests signed and dated and returned to the generator?	YesNo
	b. Is a signed copy given to the transporter?	YesNo
	c. Are there any manifests that have not been completely filled out?	YesNo
2.	Are copies of the manifest retained for three years?	YesNo
3.	Has the facility received any shipments of hazardous waste which were inconsistent with the manifest?	YesNo
	HW shipped on non-HW momit	

	•	the discrepancy with the generator and transporter?	Yes	No	
	b.	If no, has DER been notified?	Yes	No	desire (et
4.	that haza:	the facility have operating records show a description and quantity of each rdous waste and the date and method of at the facility?	Yes	No	
5.		location and quantity of hazardous waste with operating record?	Yes	No	NA
Gro	undwa'	ter Monitoring (264.90100) 264 Permit	Condit	ion	
1.	Does Plan	the facility have a copy of the Groundwater ?	Yes	No	
٦		the facility have copies of the groundwater ysis?	Yes	No	
3.	Has	the analysis been conducted as specified?	Yes	No	
4.	incr	there been a statistically significant ease of the value for the parameter from ground?	Yes	No	UNV
5.	the	the facility notify the Department of parameter that showed a statistically ificant increase within 7 days?	Yes	No	NA
6.	Veri	fy location of wells?	Yes	No	
7.		fy condition of wells and check for caps locks?		No	
Clo	sure	and Post-Closure (264.110120) 264 Per	mit Con	dition_	
1.		copy of the approved plan and all sions kept at the facility?	Yes	No	
2.	faci	the maximum inventory of wastes at the lity exceed that specified in the ure Plan?	Yes	No	NA
3.		the facility have an approved post-closure (for land disposal facilities)?	Yes	No	NA

DATE	2	2-19-93								
FACILITY	ID	FLD	152	764	767					

4.	Has the plan been amended and approved by the Department and distributed to the appropriate agencies?	YesNo /
<u>Fin</u>	ancial (264.140151) 264 Permit Condition	_
1.	Does the facility have a written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost of closing the facility?	YesNo
2.	Has the financial assurance been updated for the last year?	YesNo
3.	Is the facility in compliance with the financial assurance regulation with respect to:	
	Closure cost? Post-closure cost? Sudden liability? Non-sudden liability?	Yes No

ARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION EXIT INTERVIEW

FACILITY: Howco Environmental Services, + Tims O. / Recovery
FLD 152 764 767
I.D. NUMBER: FLD 152-764 767 DATE: 2/19/93 TIME: 3 PM
INTERVIEW PARTICIPANTS: Dick King, Sonny Feagle
This exit interview is the Department's procedure to advise you early in the process of possible violations of Florida Administrative Code Chapter 17-730, which adopts Federal Regulations 40 CFR Parts 260-266 by reference. It is possible that the violations noted and checked are incomplete. After a complete internal file review by the Department, an inspection report will be finalized. In most cases the violations noted below by the inspector will not change in the final report, therefore, you are advised to immediately begin correcting these violations. The Department will forward the complete inspection checklist along with the finalized inspection report within 45 days. Be advised that the Department has signed an enforcement agreement with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency which calls for the assessment and collection of monetary penalties for violations. While your quick response in correcting the violations may not reduce the calculated penalties, continued non-compliance may result in greater penalty liability.
The following violations have been tentatively identified:
1. Hazardous Waste Determination (262.11). 2. Hazardous Waste Notification (262.12 or 263.11 or 264/265.11). 3. Manifest Deficiencies or Recordkeeping and Reporting (263 Subpart B or 264/263 Subpart E). 4. Personnel Training [265.16 (262.34(d) for SQG) or 264.16]. 5. Contingency Plan [265 Subpart D (262.34(d) for SQG) or 264 Subpart D)
6. Preparedness and prevention (265 Subpart C or 264 Subpart C). 7. Container Requirements (265.34 or 264/265 Subpart I). 8. Tank Requirements (262.34 or 264/265 Subpart J). 9. Operating a treatment, storage or disposal facility without a permit (403.722 F.S., F.A.C. 17-730, Section IV).
10. Security Requirements (264/265 .14)11. Groundwater Monitoring (264/265 Subpart F)12. Closure/Post-closure (264/265 Subpart G)13. Failure to comply with the provisions of a Department issued permit or with the provisions of the Consent Order14. Other (symbolic with TC) reguments for 3 4.5.6
COMMENTS: Receipt of un-manifested HW. Storage of HW: n opentrailer, in labeled Failure, to have UO # on all transport yellistes
DER INSPECTOR SIGNATURE:
FACILITY PARTICIPANT SIGNATURE:
NOTE: BY SIGNING THIS FORM THE FACILITY PARTICIPANT IS ONLY INDICATING THAT THIS FORM HAS BEEN RECEIVED. THIS IS NOT AN

ADMISSION THAT THE CITED PROVISIONS HAVE BEEN VIOLATED.

STATE OF FLORIDA MENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULAT! Applicant Name & Address STATE OF FLORIDA DEPA...MENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION Applicant Name & Address Revenue Code 1001

Department of Enviro. Intal Regulation Routing and Transmittal Slip

Routing and Transmittal Slip
To: (Name, Office, Location)
Beth Knauss / Tampa D.E.R.
3. Se: JUL 1 4 1992 4.
Remarks: SOUTHWEST DISTRICT TAMPA Beth - I've been hold in
Timis Oil / Howco in a pending file for several months
now. I never received a letter deleting the transfe
facility. I'd like to issue approvals (their
insurance is fine). Please Let me know what you
want me to do. If you want the TF deleted,
I can do that based on
From 1 2 Apr Constant Date
Thanker. Thom Men. 08 July 92

terri Chasteen SC 278.0300

HW Comp HOW(CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE 06/30/92 THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE Alexander & Alexander, Inc. DOES NOT AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE 100 S. Ashley Drive, Ste. 1100 POLICIES BELOW-Tampa, FL COMPANIES AFFORDING COVERAGE 33602 PHONE 813-229-0027 COMPANY LETTER A NATIONAL UNION FIRE INSURED COMPANY LETTER B FCCI FUND HAGAN HOLDING CO., INC. 843 43RD STREET SOUTH INC. COMPANY LETTER C PETERSBURG FL 33711 COMPANY LETTER D > COVERAGES <======== THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOW HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL TERMS, EXCLUSIONS, AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS. POLICY EXP LIMITS TYPE OF INSURANCE POLICY NUMBER POLICY EFF CO DATE LTR GENERAL AGGREGATE |2,000,000 GENERAL LIABILITY 07/02/92 07/02/93 1,000,000 GL5417279 PROD-COMP/OP AGG. A COMMERCIAL GEN LIABILITY ------PERS. & ADV. INJURY 1,000,000 [] CLAIMS MADE [X] OCC. 1,000,000 EACH OCCURRENCE [] OWNERS'S & CONTRACTOR'S PROTECTIVE FIRE DAMAGE 50,000 (ANY ONE FIRE) [] MED. EXPENSE [] 5,000 (ANY ONE PERSON) 1,000,000 COMB. SINGLE LIMIT AUTOMOBILE LIAB 07/02/92 07/02/93 CA5417280 BODILY INJURY OTUA YMA (X) (PER PERSON) ALL OWNED AUTOS [] SCHEDULED AUTOS BODILY INJURY IX HIRED AUTOS (PER ACCIDENT) NON-OWNED AUTOS [] GARAGE LIABILITY PROPERTY DAMAGE PHY.DAM-SCHD VEHC EXCESS LIABILITY EACH OCCURRENCE [] UMBRELLA FORM AGGREGATE [] OTHER THAN UMBRELLA FORM STATUTORY LIMITS EACH ACCIDENT 500,000 DISEASE-POL. LIMIT 500,000 01/01/92 01/01/93 WORKERS' COMP 12495-001 B AND 500,000 EMPLOYERS' LIAB DISEASE-EACH EMP. OTHER PROPERTY - SPECIAL 07/02/92 07/02/93 BLANKET- \$582,000 DEDUCT.- \$5,000. ST2602674 DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS/LOCATIONS/VEHICLES/SPECIAL ITEMS TIM'S OIL RECOVERY, LTD., HOWCO ENVIRONMENTAL OTHER NAMED INSUREDS: SERVICES, LTD., & TIMCO REALTY CO. ======> CANCELLATION <======== > CERTIFICATE HOLDER <========= = SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EX-PIRATION DATE THEREOF, THE ISSUING COMPANY WILL ENDEAVOR TO MAIL 10 DAYS WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER NAMED TO THE LEFT, BUT FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRON. = FAILURE TO MAIL SUCH NOTICE SHALL IMPOSE NO OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY OF REGUL. HAZARDOUS WASTE SECTION = ANY KIND UPON THE COMPANY, ITS AGENTS OR REPRESENTATIVES. = AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE TALLAHASSEE FL

32399-2400 ACORD 25-S (7/90)

FINCO COMP



Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2000 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Bob Martinez, Governor

Dale Twachtmann, Secretary

John Shearer, Assistant Secretary

REQUEST FOR STATUS CHANGE FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATORS TRANSPORTERS, OR FACILITIES

This form may be used by hazardous waste generators, transporters, or treatment, storage, or disposal facilities in Florida to request a change in their status. The request is subject to verification by the Department. The generator or facility must comply with the applicable state and federal hazardous waste regulations until the status change is approved by the Department.

BUSINESS EPA/DER ID NUMBER	F LD 15 2 7 64 76 7	,
HOWCO ENV	VIRONMENTAL SERVICES, LTD.	D. E. R.
MAILING ADDRESS 843 43rd	Street South	
St. Peter	rsburg, FL 33711	
BUSINESS LOCATION same		AUTHWEST PISTRIOT
CONTACT PERSON Tim Haga	an, Owner	Hadara ——
PHONE NUMBER (813) 32	23-0818	
CURRENT STATUS **	•	<u> </u>
PLEASE CHECK THE APPROPRIA	ATE LINES AND PROVIDE THE REQUESTED	INFORMATION.
REQUEST FOR NEW STATUS AS:	, *N/A	
Generator	Transporter	
Small Quantity Gener	rator Transfer Facility	·
Conditionally Exempt		
James 1 quantity Joines	Storer	
Non-Handler		
Out of Rusiness	Disposer	
(Date:)	Moved*	
MAILING ADDRESS 843 43rd St. Peter BUSINESS LOCATION Same CONTACT PERSON Tim Haga PHONE NUMBER (813) 32 CURRENT STATUS PLEASE CHECK THE APPROPRIA REQUEST FOR NEW STATUS AS: Generator Small Quantity Gener Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Gener Non-Handler Out of Business	an, Owner 23-0818 ATE LINES AND PROVIDE THE REQUESTED *N/A Transporter rator Transfer Facility trator Treater rator Disposer	MAR 1 0 1992 EQUITATEST DISTRIBUTE INFORMATION.

^{*} If business has moved, please submit EPA Form 8700-12 (Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity) for the new business location if the new location will be involved in hazardous waste management activities.

^{**} Delete Transfer Facility Status retroactive to June, 1989. (See letter from Carlton, Fields to DER dated November 14, 1990

GENERATORS

This st	atus change is being requested because (check where apglicable):
1	Business no longer generates hazardous waste due to:
	change in operation
	waste being delisted
•	business closing
	other
2	Waste generated meets an exclusion in 40 CFR 261.4.
	Explain
<i>3</i>	Wastes generated in farming operations in accordance with 40 CFR 262.51. Generate less than 100 kg/month of hazardous waste and do not ate more than 1000 kg at any time (Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity
Generat	or - 40 CFR 261.5(g)).
or ress	_ Generate between 100 and 1000 kilograms of hazardous waste (or 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste) per month and do not accumulate more than at any time (Small Quantity Generator - 40 CFR 261.5(f) and 261.5(g)).
	<u>TRANSPORTERS</u>
5.	Business no longer transports hazardous waste.

-ALAIMENT, DIORAGE, DISPOSAL FACILITIES 6. Is the facility now in operation? ____ YES Partially closed Never operated Under construction If no, did facility close prior to November 19, 1980? If no, did facility close prior to July 9, 1982? YESIf no, was certification of completion of closure submitted prior to January, 1983? YES NO If partially closed, describe operations at the facility that have closed and give dates of closure.____ Waste no longer treated on-site since 8. ____ Waste no longer stored on-site for more than 90 days since DATE 9. ____ Waste no longer disposed of on-site since 10. ____ The only waste treated, stored, or disposed of is that regulated in 40 CFR 261.5 (small quantity generators). State solid waste or industrial permit numbers: The only waste disposed of on-site is that regulated in 40 CFR 262.51 (pesticides used by farmers) Facility is a totally enclosed treatment facility as defined in 40 CFR 260.10.

13. ____ Facility is an elementary neutralization unit or wastewater treatment

unit as defined in 40 CFR 260.10.

14. ____Other _____

Please attach any documentation or additional explanations and justification to support your request for a status change. You may be asked to submit additional information and your business may be inspected by the Department to verify the information submitted on this form. You may also be required to comply with the applicable closure requirements.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT UNDER PENALTY OF LAW I HAVE PERSONALLY EXAMINED AND AM FAMILIAR WITH THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL ATTACHMENTS AND THAT, BASED ON MY INQUIRY OF THOSE INDIVIDUALS IMMEDIATELY RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING THE INFORMATION, I BELIEVE THE INFORMATION IS TRUE, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT.

Tim Hagan	President
Name (type or print)	Title
Jim Hagan	Pres. 3-5-92
Signature	Date

Please mail the completed form to:

17.75

18:14

Hazardous Waste Management Section Florida DER 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

-Dog

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Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Southwest District

4520 Oak Fair Boulevard

Tampa, Florida 33610-7347

Lawton Chiles. Governor 813 623-5561 FAX 813 272-2279 Carol M. Browner, Secretary

April 4, 1991

HOWCO Environmental Services 843 43rd Street South St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Ronda Blank Attn:

Dear Ms. Blank:

Per your request, the following information is enclosed:

• a copy of the Department's "Contingency Plan Guidance".

If you have any questions, please call me at (813) 623-5561, extension 373.

Sincerely,

Gilbert T. Dembeck

Environmental Specialist I Division of Waste Management

GTD/br

Enclosure



Map Symbols Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Southwest District

1

4520 Oak Fair Boulevard

Tampa, Florida 33610-7347

HOWCOMP.

Lawton Chiles, Governor

813-623-5561

Carol M. Browner, Secretary

Pinelles

February 19, 1992

Mr. E. David Hoard Carlton, Fields, Ward, Emmanuel, Smith & Cutler, P.A. P.O. Box 3239 Tampa, Florida 33601

re:

HOWCO Environmental -- "Dome" Wastes

Dear Mr. Hoard:

I have reviewed your letter of February 14, 1992. I see no need to exchange further correspondence on this issue as the Department does not have jurisdiction over TC wastes disposed of prior to September 10, 1991. However, for future reference, your assumption that D018 wastewaters are automatically "gassy water" (see Paragraph 3 of your letter) is not valid. Gas and gasoline are not synonymous(see paragraph 4). Coal tar is not petroleum and is therefore not an exempt material (see paragraphs 7 and 8). The documents you have submitted in support of your position all indicate that the contamination in the wastewater HOWCO treated was caused by coal tar rather than petroleum. Petroleum (waste oil) is only mentioned in connection with Tank #3. Tank #2 was indicated to be storing coal tar residues. The Department did not object to HOWCO's acceptance of this waste because HOWCO has interim status.

I was interested to read your admission that HOWCO is treating rather than recycling some wastewaters. In the past HOWCO has always claimed to be exempt as a used oil recycler or as a recycler reclaiming fuels for their original intended purpose. You are correct that HOWCO's wastewater treatment unit (WWTU) is exempt from RCRA. However, any hazardous waste HOWCO accepts for treatment instead of recycling is regulated until it enters the WWTU. HOWCO is subject to waste analysis, training, recordkeeping, manifest procedures, security, preparedness and prevention, contingency planning, and financial responsibility requirements if any unrecyclable, non-exempt waste is accepted for treatment or storage.

If HOWCO manages regulated hazardous wastes, HOWCO will be subject to State permitting requirements per 403.722 F.S.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth B. Knauss

Environmental Specialist III

cc. Tim Hagan, Howco Javier Garcia, USEPA Region IV CARLTON, FIELDS, WARD, EMMANUEL, SMITH & CUTLER, P. A. FIRST FLORIDA BANK BUILDING ONE CLEARLAKE CENTRE P. O. BOX 150 WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33402 (407) 659-7070 FAX (407) 659-7368

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

ONE HARBOUR PLACE P. O. BOX 3239 (813) 223-7000

FAX (813) 229-4133

FIRSTATE TOWER P. O. BOX 1171 TAMPA, FLORIDA 33601 ORLANDO, FLORIDA 32802 (407) 849-0300 FAX (407) 648-9099

HARBOURVIEW BUILDING P. O. BOX 12426 PENSACOLA, FLORIDA 32582 (904) 434-0142 FAX (904) 434-5366

P. O. DRAWER 190 TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32302 (904) 224-1585 FAX (904) 222-0398

PLEASE REPLY TO:

Tampa

February 14, 1992

Ms. Elizabeth B. Knauss Environmental Specialist III Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Southwest District 4520 Oak Fair Boulevard Tampa, Florida 33610-7347

Re: HOWCO Environmental -- "Dome" Wastes

Dear Beth:

In the recent telephone conversation between you, me and Laurel Lockett, we agreed it would be necessary to sort out both the facts and the law regarding the "Dome" wastes (manifests enclosed) in order to determine whether they were subject to RCRA regulation, and whether they were handled properly by HOWCO. you can see from the enclosed manifests, these substances were manifested by the City of St. Petersburg as "D018 (<.01%) Hazardous Waste Liquid O.REM. R.Q.T.C. Waste Water M.A.9188". HOWCO's "Generator's Waste Material Profile Sheet" also notes the chemical composition as " H_20 -- 100%, benzene -- <.01%".

If I correctly understand your concern, you feel these substances may have been RCRA hazardous wastes which may not have been treated or disposed of properly by HOWCO. In order to address your concerns, I offer the following:

A letter dated August 6, 1991, from the City of St. Petersburg to Diane Trommer, FDER, (enclosed) stated the substance which was sent to HOWCO was storm water runoff pumped from an excavated underground storage tank (UST) pit at the Suncoast Dome site. Tests of the water sample taken from the tanker truck into which it had been pumped indicated the substance was water slightly contaminated with (DO18) benzene (i.e., "gassy water").

Ms. Elizabeth B. Knauss February 14, 1992 Page 2

In an attempt to determine the exact source of the substance which is the focus of your concern, I have reviewed the "Contamination Assessment Report [CAR] of the Florida Suncoast Dome Construction Site" prepared for the City of St. Petersburg by Environmental Science and Engineering, Inc., in January 1988. Because of the voluminous nature of the CAR, I have not included a copy, but I understand you have a copy in your files. The "Site History" (Section 1.3 of the CAR) indicates no evidence of any activities at the site which would suggest the presence of any USTs containing RCRA regulated hazardous wastes. In fact, the CAR is replete with references to petroleum related activities - particularly relative to a gas plant which operated on the site and several gasoline service stations.

Specifically, the CAR notes that several underground fuel tanks were located in the maintenance yard used to service vehicles. (p. 1-20) Although the CAR states those tanks were "reportedly" removed in the early 1980's and that other petroleum USTs were apparently removed at various times from the 1960's through the 1980's, there is no evidence in the CAR that any USTs, other than those used to store petroleum products or petroleum wastes, were ever at the site. (See, pp. 1-20 through 1-22.)

Please note also that the <u>Closure</u> Assessment Report dated September 19, 1991, (a copy of which I believe is also in your files) prepared by the City of St. Petersburg Engineering Department relative to "UST Removal and Environmental Evaluation" of the "Dome" site also indicates, "The location had previously been used as a municipal gas plant which has been dismantled and removed from the site," and "This site had also been previously registered as a petroleum storage tank facility in 1988 with the known facilities being closed in 9/89". (See page 1 of the Closure Report - enclosed without appendices).

The Closure Report also indicates the soils in one of the removed USTs had "the appearance of coal tar contamination." (Referred to as "Tank Number 2 at page 2 of the Closure Report). It is our understanding that it was the storm water runoff into the excavation pit of this tank ("Number Two") which was sent to HOWCO.

Even though the evidence suggested the storm water runoff pumped from the excavated UST pit was not a RCRA regulated hazardous waste, the City manifested it as such and sought FDER's approval to send it to HOWCO. That approval was granted per Diane Trommer's letter of August 12, 1991 (also enclosed).

Ms. Elizabeth B. Knauss February 14, 1992 Page 3

It is our understanding that because this "gassy water" was contaminated with such minute amounts of benzene and contained no other reusable or recyclable products, HOWCO did not separate any petroleum product from it to sell for energy recovery (or any other use), but rather, simply processed the "gassy water" through its waste water treatment plant (WWTP), which is exempt from RCRA regulation because it discharges to a NPDES permitted POTW and the WWTP is subject to Clean Water Act pretreatment permit from the City of St. Petersburg. [See, 53 Fed. Req. 34079, et seg., (September 2, 1988) for an explanation of EPA's position that such waste water treatment units are exempt from RCRA regulation. Specifically, at paragraph II, A.2, "Likewise, the applicability of the exemption does not depend on whether the on-site wastewater treatment facility also treats wastewater generated off-site."| It is also our understanding that in processing this "gassy water", no hazardous wastes were generated.

Even had the substance in question not been processed through the RCRA-exempt waste water treatment facility, it would be exempt from the definition of hazardous wastes pursuant to 40 CFR 261.4(b)(7)(vii) if it were "processed waste water from coal gassification". Although it is not entirely certain as to exactly what the UST may have been used for, there is evidence from the site history in the CAR and UST Closure Report it may have contained such processed waste water.

Also, whether the substance in question here is to be considered as processed waste water from coal gasification or not, it appears unquestionable that it was a petroleum contaminated media ("gassy water") that failed the TCLP test. 40 CFR § 261.4(b)(10) exempts such petroleum contaminated media from the RCRA definition of hazardous waste if it fails the TCLP test and is subject to corrective action regulations under 40 CFR Since indications are that the UST in question Part 280. contained either processed waste water from a coal gassification process or some other petroleum product, such an UST would be subject to 40 CFR Part 280. Again, there is no evidence the UST contained any sort of "hazardous waste listed or identified under subtitle C" of RCRA. [See, 40 CFR 280.10(b)(1), which exempts hazardous waste USTs from Part 280. Note: There is also no evidence to support the idea that the substance in question would fit within the exemption at 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(vii) as "coke and coal tar from the iron and steel industry", as I had thought at one time. 1

In summary, the issues to be resolved in regard to these "Dome wastes" are:

Ms. Elizabeth B. Knauss February 14, 1992 Page 4

- a. Was the substance in question a RCRA regulated hazardous waste?
- b. If so, was it properly treated, stored or disposed of by HOWCO?

Although it is not <u>absolutely</u> certain that the substance contained in the pulled UST was <u>not</u> a regulated hazardous waste, there is <u>no</u> evidence to suggest that it was. In fact, the great weight of the evidence is that the UST either contained process wastewater from a coal gassification plant [exempt under 40 CFR 261.4(b)(7)(vii)], or some other petroleum product or petroleum waste. Either way, the storm water runoff processed by HOWCO was a petroleum contaminated media that failed the TCLP test and was subject to the corrective action regulations at 40 CFR Part 280 [exempted by 40 CFR 261.4(b)(10)].

In any event, whether or not the stormwater runoff in the excavation pit of the pulled UST is regarded as a RCRA regulated hazardous waste, HOWCO handled it properly by processing it through its RCRA-exempt waste water treatment plant. If you have any questions regarding anything stated herein, please don't hesitate to give me a call.

Sincerely,

EDIMO

E. David Hoard

EDH/smm

Enclosures

cc: Mr. Tim Hagan, HOWCO

Ms. Dianne Trommer, DER, Ground Water Section

Mr. Javier E. Garcia, US EPA Region IV, Residual Management Branch

Laurel Lockett, Attorney at Law

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Form Approved, OMB Na. 2050-0038, Expres 9-30-81

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#### CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG

August 6, 1991

Mrs. Diane Trommer Southwest District Florida Department of Environmental Regulation 4520 Oak Fair Boulevard Tampa, FL 33610-7347

Re: Florida Suncoast Dome, Abandoned Tank Closure

Dear Mrs. Trommer:

Pursuant to FDER's correspondence dated July 15, 1991 the City initiated sampling and laboratory testing of materials excavated and pumped in conjunction with the referenced work. On August 5, 1991 the City received laboratory results from the sampling of materials and water at the referenced location. Specifically a water sample was taken from the tanker truck to which storm water runoff was pumped from the excavated tank pit, a soil sample was taken of soils excavated from the upper portion of the tank and about the tank during its removal and a sample was taken from the sludge (tank bottoms) which was removed from the tank and placed separately from the referenced soils. Results of these analysis are attached.

Based upon the lab results it is the City's plan to properly disposed of the four separate materials encountered during the project work. Material characteristics and proposed courses of action are itemized below for each material.

Water -Approximately 5000 gallons contaminated with .53 mg/l benzene, characteristically hazardous (via TCLP) with EPA hazardous waste number D018. The water is to be transported and disposed of by licensed hazardous waste transportation and disposal firms (Tims Oil Recovery and Halco Respectively).

Sludge -Approximately five C.Y. contaminated with 1.6 mg/l benzene, characteristically hazardous via TCLP with EPA hazardous waste number D018. The sludge will be properly disposed of through a licensed transportation and disposal firm(s). We are contacting firms in order to evaluate disposal alternatives (hazardous waste land filling vs. incineration), costs and available facilities.

Soil -Approximately 40 C.Y. contaminated with coal-tar constituents, non-hazardous via TCLP and as concluded by FDER's approval of the site's CAR and RAP and verified by the attached lab results. These soils will be disposed consistent with the RAP at the Toy Town land fill cell approved and constructed for the treatment of same.

Tank -One 2600 gallon tank which contained sludge will be cleaned in accordance with 40CFR280.71(b) and API publication 2015 referenced in 40CFR280.71(b) and then disposed with manifests to that effect.

To that end we anticipate proceeding with the outlined work on August 8, 1991 unless instructed otherwise. Please contact me at (813) 893-7828 if you have further concerns or require documentation beyond that referenced above and attached.

Sincerely;

T. Gardner Bayless III, P.E.

Attachment: Pace Lab Report Dated 8/5/91

cc: Clabe Polk, FDER
Laural Lacado, FDER
Bill Hargett, Public Works
Mike Connors, Engineering
Tom Gibson, Engineering



# Florida Department of Environmental Regulatio

Southwest District

4520 Oak Fair Boulevard

Tampa, Florida 33610-7:

Lawron Chiles, Governor

813-623-5561

Carol M. Browner, Secre

August 12, 1991

T. Gardner Bayless III, P.E. City of St. Petersburg Post Office Box 2842 St. Petersburg, Florida 33731

> Re: Florida Suncoast Dome Abandoned Tank Closure

Dear Mr. Bayless:

The Department has reviewed your August 6, 1991 correspondence concerning the underground tank at the referenced site and has the following comments:

- 1. Since the laboratory analysis identifies the contents of the tank as a characteristic hazardous waste for benzene, tank closure activities should comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 265, Subpart G.
- 2. The Department has no objections to the proposed action for the contaminated water.
- 3. The Department understands through phone conversations with you that the sludge is being moved to DOT containers which will be appropriately labeled and secured.
- The Department has recently reviewed the requirements of 4. the approved Remedial Action Plan (RAP), the requirements for Permit Number SF52-102675 for the soil remediation project at the Toytown Landfill, and the associated files. Most of the sampling and monitoring that has been done for the project is to be submitted to the Department when the soils treatment is completed. Since the Department does not have this data we have not been able to evaluate how well the soil treatment is working. In addition, several conditions of the closure permit have not been strictly adhered to (submittal of leachate monitoring reports, sampling under an approved Quality Analysis Plan (QAP), submittal of record drawings of soil treatment cell.) Until such time that the Department has an opportunity to evaluate the effectiveness of this soils treatment project, the Department requests that these soils not be taken to the soil treatment cell at the Toytown Landfill.

The same of the same of

T. Gardner Bayless III, P.E. City of St. Petersburg

August 12, 1991 Page Two

I remain available to discuss temporary and/or final disposition of the contaminated soils. If you have any questions, please call me at 813/623-5561, extension 381.

Sincerely,

Dian Trommer

Diane Trommer, P.G. Professional Geologist II Division of Waste Management

DT/br

cc: David Thulman, OGC

Richard Garrity, Ph.D.

Kim Ford, P.E., SW

Victor San Agustin, P.E., HW

Michael Link, City of St. Petersburg

Pedro Vargas-Prada, PCHD

## CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT

September 17, 1991

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REMOVAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION (Project No. 90086-110)

DER Facility ID Number: 528840107

Owner:

City of Saint Petersburg

Location:

Florida Suncoast Dome 204 16th Street South Saint Petersburg, Florida

Contact:

33701 Michael H. Link (813) 893-7845

Prepared By:

City of Saint Petersburg Engineering Department

P.O. Box 2842

Saint Petersburg, Florida

33731

Contact:

T. Gardner Bayless, P.E.

(813) 893<del>-</del>7828

Contractor:

Construction Dynamics, Inc.

Certified Contractor: PCC-046054

2598 28th Avenue North St. Petersburg, FL 33713 Ed Vehling

Contact:

(813) 327-8265

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#### BACKGROUND

The subject site is currently utilized as a multi-purpose stadium, the Florida Suncoast Dome, and is located in St. Petersburg, Florida near the downtown area. The facility is approximately 66 acres in area and is traversed from North to South by Booker Creek. The location had previously been utilized as a municipal gas plant which has been dismantled and removed from the site. Areas of contamination were discovered during the construction of the existing facility. Following this discovery, an environmental assessment was completed with a report being submitted to and approved by FDER.

The report was submitted to FDER in January 1988 and amended in June 1988. The assessment concluded that areas where tar settling basins and tar/water separators were located (approximately 3 acres) contained visible tar residues, Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) and Volatile Organic Carbons (VOCs) which were resulting in contamination of the surficial aquifer. A Remedial Action Plan (RAP) was subsequently developed and approved by FDER for the site.

Basically this RAP called for the removal of contaminated soils identified during the contamination assessment and uncovered during the remedial action. The estimated volume of contaminated soil was 20,000 to 25,000 cubic yards. Excavation during the remedial action required the removal of more than 100,000 cubic yards. These soils were taken to a treatment cell at the Toytown Landfill for bioremediation in accordance with the approved RAP.

This site had also been previously registered as a petroleum storage tank facility in 1988 with the known facilities being closed in 9/89.

In March 1991 the City of St. Petersburg entered into contract with S&E Contractors, Inc. to have the Booker Creek retaining walls reconstructed within the referenced site. during this reconstruction two UST were uncovered (see Appendix I for Site Layout). The first tank (STRF #2) was located on the east side of Booker Creek and was discovered on 6/18/91 during excavation for sheet pile templates. A Storage Tank Registration Form (STRF) was filed at the Pinellas County Public Health Unit's (PCPHU's) offices and a site plan for removal was reviewed on 6/21/91 (see Appendix II for STRF).

The tank was vertically installed. Apparently it had been abandoned in place by cutting the top off and filling it with soil. The tank appeared to be approximately 3000 gallons in size and was of steel construction. The contractor, S&E, was

given a notice to proceed on 7/10/91 for having the tank removed by their sub-contractor, Construction Dynamics, Inc. (CDI). The removal was specified to proceed in accordance with Chapter 17-761 Florida Administrative Code (FAC).

A qualified representative of the City and a field technician from Law Engineering was on site during the scheduled removal in order to make visual and/or quantitative determinations as to weather contamination had occurred from the UST.

The second tank (STRF #3, see Appendix III for copy of STRF) was discovered on 8/13/91 during template excavation along the west side of Booker Creek. The steel tank was approximately 300 gallons in capacity and was discovered within a load of soil removed by a track hoe bucket. The subcontractor was instructed to include this tank with their previously approved notice to proceed. Environmental analysis (ground water sampling) was subsequently scheduled through Law Engineering.

# TANK REMOVAL AND OBSERVATIONS

## Tank Number 2

On July 11, 1991 the contractor (CDI) mobilized to the site and was accompanied by a City representative and a field technician from Law Engineering. PCPHU personnel were also present as work was initiated. CDI began excavation from within and around the tank. Soils were placed on an impermeable liner due to the appearance of coal tar contamination and OVA readings performed by Law confirming the presence of organic vapors (see Appendix IV for summary).

Due to the positive results of the OVA readings and the suspicion that these soils may have been contaminated by coal tar residues, Law was directed to take a sample of the soil for lab analysis in accordance with 17-770.600(8)(c)2. (see Appendix V for lab results). In addition, Discharge Notification Forms were sent via certified mail to both FDER in Tallahassee and PCPHU in Clearwater (see Appendix VI for copies).

As excavation proceeded perforations were noted in the tank. Storm water which was within the excavation began entering the tank due to the elevations of the perforations with respect to water. This occurred late in the day and it was concluded that work would be resumed the following mourning after proper containment and/or disposal methods could be developed for the water. Excavated soils were covered with an impermeable liner at the close of construction.

On 7/12/91 CDI mobilized to the site with a tanker truck to contain the water referenced above and a dump truck to transport the contaminated soils to the Toytown treatment cell approved for remediation of coal tar contaminated soils from the Dome site. One truck load of soil (approximately 20 cubic yards) was loaded and hauled to Toytown for treatment. Thunder showers began prior to initiation of water removal or additional soil excavation. This postponed work further and increased the volume of storm water in the excavation. The remaining soils previously excavated were covered to preclude the potential for contaminating storm water.

On 7/15/91 the City received a Fax transmittal from Mr. Clabe Polk of FDER requiring that the contents of the tank be tested for being characteristically hazardous (TCLP) prior to transportation for disposal. TCLP testing was postponed until receipt of 17-700.300(8)(c)2. analytical results.

Analytical results received on 7/19/91 (Appendix V) showed high levels of PAHs as well as VOCs. This was consistent with the previous analytical results obtained during the original contamination assessment (coal tar constituents were present). In accordance with FDER's request, TCLP testing of soils was subsequently arranged.

On 7/22/91 CDI again mobilized for the removal of the UST. Law Engineering personnel were again present in order to provide environmental analysis and sampling as required. Water contained within the excavated pit was pumped to a tanker truck to be disposed of pending the results of TCLP sampling. Next excavation was begun from within the tank. Soil towards the bottom of the tank appeared to have a higher concentration of contamination and were therefore placed on an impermeable liner and covered separately from other soils and have been referenced as "sludge" or "tank bottoms" in related correspondence. An increase in VOCs, via OVA, in the saturated portion of the soils and "sludge" in the tank bottom was used for field confirmation of this increased level of contamination. Approximately 7 cubic yards of sludge were removed.

After the interior of the tank was excavated, excavation was completed around the tank with the soils being placed with the other excavated soils which were less contaminated. The tank was lifted from the pit and transported to the site contractor's, S&E's, secure on-site compound. The tank was placed on and covered with an impermeable liner. Law Engineering placed a temporary monitor well in the pit prior to CDI back filling it. Following the backfilling of the tank pit, a ground water sample was then taken from the well by Law Engineering (see Appendix VII for analytical results). All soils were covered following the close of construction. Testing for hazardous waste was performed per FDER's request as listed below.

TCLP samples were taken of the water (tanker trailer), contaminated soil (upper portion of tank and around tank) and sludge (tank bottom). Pace Laboratory obtained the samples under the direction of Law Engineering personnel, Both of which have approved Quality Assurance Plans (QAPs) on file with FDER.

Results of the TCLP analysis were finalized and received from Law Engineering on 8/5/91 (see Appendix VIII). A proposed course of action letter was prepared and faxed on 8/6/91 to Mrs. Diane Trommer of FDER for comments prior to initiating further action (see Appendix IX).

Mrs. Trommer expressed concerns over the proposal to truck additional non-hazardous soils to the Toytown treatment cell and believed that the UST should be closed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 265, subpart G. Disposal of the water in the tanker trailer (characteristically hazardous with D018, benzene) through a licensed hazardous waste transporter (Tim's Oil Recovery, US EPA ID Number FLD108304379) and disposal firm (Howco Environmental, US EPA ID Number FLD152764767) was acceptable to Mrs. Trommer as well as proposed action to containerize the sludge (also characteristically hazardous with D018, benzene).

On 8/9/91 CDI picked up Waste Wrangler cubic yard containers and placed the sludge in same. The containers were then labeled and placed in S&E's on-site secured compound until disposal arrangements could be made. CDI personnel cleaned the tank and placed residues in the cubic yard containers along with the sludge. The tank was purchased by CDI and then loaded onto their truck and taken to Commercial Metals Company of Tampa, Fl. where it was sold as scrape metal (see Appendix X for copy of bill of sale and scrape metal receipt).

Tim's Oil Recovery picked up the contaminated water in two separate trucks and provided a Hazardous Waste Manifest for each load (see Appendix XI for manifests and invoice).

On 8/15/91 Mrs. Trommer verbally agreed to allow the non-hazardous soils to be transported to and stored at the Toytown treatment cell. Written approval was received on 8/24/91. On 8/16/91 CDI again mobilized to the site with dump trucks to haul these soils to Toytown. Five loads of approximately 20 cubic yards each were transported to Toytown in lined trucks and were placed in the treatment cell on a separate liner as discussed with FDER.

On 8/19/91 S&E advised the City that additional contaminated soil was uncovered immediately south of where the UST was located and that they had left it in place. Mr. Bill Crawford of FDER was contacted, through referral by Mrs. Trommer, via

telephone regarding placement of these additional soils at the Toytown cell. Mr. Crawford did not have a problem with the proposal however he was concerned about comfirmatory sampling to be performed at the completion of the RAP for the Dome site. A letter was prepared and submitted to Mr. Crawford confirming this conversation (see Appendix XII).

On 8/21/91, CDI mobilized to the site. It was noted that storm water had entered the area excavated by S&E and a slight sheen was present on the water. Tim's Oil Recovery was contacted and came to the site to pump out the water into their recovery truck for treatment as DO18 contaminated water (see Appendix XIII for Manifest and invoice). Additional contaminated soils were then excavated from the south side of the UST's location (see Appendix XIV for location). Eight loads (approximately 20 cubic yards each) were transported in lined dump trucks to the Toytown cell. The contaminated soils were placed on liners adjacent to the soils previously placed at the cell.

On 9/9/91 the containers of hazardous Sludge were picked up for transportation to Quadrex Environmental Company (US EPA ID Number FLD980711071) by A.R. Parquette & Company (US EPA ID Number FLD982105884). The generator first copy is attached in Appendix XV. Ultimate treatment and disposal is proposed at the GSX TSD facility in Pine Wood, SC (US EPA ID Number SCD070375985).

#### Tank # 3

This tank was a steel above ground storage tank which appeared to have been used for waste oil. The tank had been abandoned below grade and was approximately 300 gallons in capacity. As described in the report's background, City representatives were not on site when this tank was removed. S&E contractors removed the tank incidentally while excavating for placement of sheet pile templates. S&E has provided a written statement regarding observations as the tank was placed on the ground adjacent to the excavation (see Appendix XVI).

The City was informed of the situation the following morning. Although no soil contamination was observed, Testing for ground water contamination was arranged through Law Engineering (results are contained in Appendix XVII). No ground water contamination was apparent as may be noted from the analytical results. The tank was purchased by CDI. CDI cleaned and disposed of the tank as scrape metal at Commercial Metals Company of Tampa, FL (see bill of sale and scrape metal receipt in Appendix XVIII).

# ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS

#### Soils:

OVA readings were taken by Law Engineering during excavation operations at tank number two on both the 11th and 21st of July. These readings were performed in accordance with 17-770.200(2) FAC. Results obtained are contained in Appendix IV. Basically the readings indicated the presence of VOCs at levels which precluded the return of removed soils to the excavation. No OVA readings were taken at tank number three due to the manner in which it was removed as described above.

Soil samples were taken for laboratory analysis at tank number two as discussed above. Results of analysis concluded that the soils excavated from within the upper portion of the tank and around the tank exhibited total concentrations of coal tar constituents at similar values to those found during the assessment of the site in 1987-88.

TCLP testing showed that the constituents within the contaminated soils were not of a leachable nature and therefore were not hazardous. The TCLP test on the sludge did turn out to show benzene as leachable to 1.60 mg/l which classified the material as a characteristically hazardous waste for D018.

No soil analysis were performed at tank number three, the waste oil tank, based on observation made by S&E contractors as referenced above.

#### Water:

Ground water samples were taken from the locations of both USTs. Results of the sampling at tank number two indicate that contamination is present as was previously documented in the "Addendum To Florida Suncoast Dome Contamination Report". Concentrations of various constituents were found to be generally in the same order of magnitude as previously reported in the approximate location of the UST. Some contaminant levels are significantly less than those originally documented. Below is a list of representative contaminants analyzed for and reported in the referenced CAR and in this report. Please note that Minimum detection levels for some of the constituents have been lowered and therefore it is unknown if these constituents were present during the original CAR.

Compound	units	CAR (6/88) Well #8S,D	Closure Assessment (9/91)
METALS			
Cadmium	mg/1	<.005,<.005	.090
Chromium	ñ	<.020, .040	.780
Lead	**	<.020, .027	2.600
Arsenic	11	<.005,<.005	.290
VOLATILES			
Benzene	mg/l	4.660, .454	.940
Toluene	ij,	1.550,<.010	.240
SEMI-VOLATILES	•		
Acenapthene	mg/l	.064,<.050	.160
Acenaphthylene	H.	.088,<.050	.054
Anthracene	**	<.050,<.050	.074
Benz[a]anthracene	**	<.050,<.050	.052
Benzo[k]fluoranthene		<.050,<.050	.023
Benzo[a]pyrene	81	<.050,<.050	.048
Crysene	**	<.050,<.050	.049
Fluoranthene	#1	<.050,<.050	.074
Fluorene	**	.073,<.050	.150
<pre>Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyre</pre>		<.125,<.125	.031
Naphthalene	"	2.160, .590	2.900
Phenanthrene	11	.110,<.050	.300
Pyrene	**	<.050,<.050	.140
Ethyl-benzene	11	1.130,<.010	.180

Analysis performed on ground water at tank three's location indicated that no contamination of ground water had occurred (see Appendix XVII).

#### REPORTING

Included in Appendix XIX is a completed closure assessment form as required by chapter 17-761 for the closure of underground storage tanks.

#### CONCLUSION

Two USTs were closed at the Florida Suncoast Dome. The first tank (# two) appears to have contained coal tar residues as were removed from the site during its original remediation. To the greatest extent possible these additional residues which were found on site have been removed to the approved treatment cell at the Toytown landfill for bioremediation. The portion of materials found to be hazardous were removed for disposal in accordance with RCRA requirements.

The second UST was found to contain a small quantity of waste oil which was drummed and is proposed to be picked-up by Tim's Oil for disposal at Howco. No evidence of contamination was observed at the tank's location and confirmatory ground water testing evidenced that no contamination had occurred.