



# Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Bob Martinez Center  
2600 Blair Stone Road  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Rick Scott  
Governor

Herschel T. Vinyard Jr.  
Secretary

June 17, 2015

Greg Massaro  
TCI of Alabama LLC  
101 Parkway E  
  
Pell City, AL 35125 2749

## BE IT KNOWN THAT

TCI of Alabama LLC  
101 Parkway E  
  
Pell City, AL 35125

## IS HEREBY REGISTERED AS A USED OIL

Transporter for Hire

pursuant to Chapter 62-710, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C)  
The Department of Environmental Protection hereby issues  
Registration Number **ALD983167891** on **June 17, 2015**  
Insurance Carrier: **AIG SPECIALTY INSURANCE CO**  
Insurance Policy #: **EG14206595**  
Insurance Ex. Date: **12/16/2015**  
Transporter Type: **For-Hire Transporter**

**This registration will expire on 06/30/2016**

This certificate documents receipt of your annual registration and annual report. It shall be displayed in a prominent place at your facility. This certificate and your on-line payment receipt are your receipts.



## Annual Report by Used Oil and Used Oil Filter Handlers\*

(\*Handlers are any persons subject to the registration requirements of rule 62-710.500 and 62-710.850, F.A.C. [See Section A, Box 5 below])  
for reporting period January 1, **2014** through December 31, **2014**

Use the information recorded in your Record Keeping Form [62-710.901(2)] or equivalent to complete this document

### SECTION A TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL REGISTERED PERSONS

1. Company Name: TCI of Alabama LLC 2. Telephone No. (205) 338-9997

Site Address: 101 Parkway E

Pell City, AL 35125 3. EPA ID No. ALD983167891

☐ Check box if any of the above items (1-3) have changed since your last registration

4. Name of person preparing report (please print) Greg Massaro

Title \_\_\_\_\_ Phone number (if different from #2, above) (205) 338-9997

5. Type of operation (check as many as apply to your operations)

Used Oil: ☐ Transporter ☐ Transfer Facility ☐ Collection Center/Aggregation Point ☐ Processor ☐ Marketer

☐ Burner (of off-specification used oil)

Used Oil Filter: ☐ Transporter ☐ Transfer Facility ☐ Processor ☐ End User

### SECTION B USED OIL (TO BE COMPLETED BY ALL REGISTERED USED OIL HANDLERS. USED OIL FILTER HANDLERS SEE SECTION C)

1. Amount (in gallons) of Used Oil and Oily Wastes collected

a. In Florida.....

b. From out of state.....

c. Beginning Inventory.....

d. Total (sum of totals from Lines a + b + c).....

Automotive	Industrial	Mixed	Total
0	90450	0	90450
0	472239	0	472239
			0
			562689

2. Amount (in gallons) of Used Oil and Oily Wastes Managed

N - Not an end use, transferred to another facility for storage or processing.....

O - Marketed as an on-specification used oil fuel.....

F - Marketed as an off-specification used oil fuel.....

I - Marketed for an industrial process.....

B - Burned as an off-specification used oil fuel .....

D - Disposed of

Landfilled.....

Treated at a wastewater treatment unit.....

Incinerated.....

3. Total amount (in gallons) of used oil managed.....

4. End of year, on hand estimate (Difference between Lines 1D and Line 3).....

In State	Out of State
90450	472239
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
90450	472239
0	0

**SECTION C USED OIL FILTERS (OPTIONAL)** (USE TABLE BELOW FOR CONVERSIONS)

	In State	Out Of State
1. Number of filters on hand from previous year.....	0	0
2. Number of used oil filters collected.....	0	0
3. Total number of used oil filters to manage (1 plus 2).....	0	0
4. Disposition of used oil filters collected:		
a. Transferred to another registered facility.....	0	0
b. Burned for energy recovery at a Waste-To-Energy facility.....	0	0
c. Transferred directly to a metal foundry for recycling.....	0	0
d. TOTAL.....	0	0
5. End of year, on had estimate (Difference between Lines 3 and Line 4d).....	0	0
6. Gallons of used oil collected as a result of filter processing.....	0	0
7. Gallons of used oil transferred to a used oil handler (transporter or processor).....	0	0
8. Volume of oily waste collected and managed as a result of filter processing.....	0	0
9. Description of oily waste management.....		

**DIRECTIONS FOR SECTION C**

Conversion Table

One <b>55</b> -gallon drum of <b>crushed</b> used oil filters = approximately <b>400</b> used oil filters
One <b>55</b> gallon drum of <b>uncrushed</b> used oil filters = approximately <b>250</b> used oil filters
One <b>ton</b> of drained used oil filters = approximately <b>2,350</b> used oil filters

1. Enter the number of Used Oil Filters on hand, from previous year's inventory.
2. Enter the number of Used Oil Filters collected.
3. Enter the sum of Line 1 + Line 2.
4. Enter the number of filters managed by your facility in blocks 4a-c. Enter the sum of 4a-c in block 4d .
5. Enter the number of filters on hand at your site as of December 31, last year.
6. Fill in the number of gallons of used oil collected by your filter operation.
7. Enter the number of gallons transferred to a used oil transporter or processor.
8. List the volume (gallons or cubic yards) of the oily wastes collected through your filter handling. Oily wastes are identified in Chapter 62-710.201(1) of the Florida Administrative Code and include bottom sludges, sorbents, wipes etc.
9. Describe how oily wastes were managed (sent to a WTE, hazardous waste facility, landfilled after appropriate testing, etc.).

Any questions concerning this form may be referred to the Used Oil Coordinator, MS 4560, Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400, Phone (850) 245-8755, email: [aprilia.graves@dep.state.fl.us](mailto:aprilia.graves@dep.state.fl.us),

## **CHAPTER 62-710 USED OIL MANAGEMENT**

62-710.100 Intent (Repealed)  
62-710.200 Definitions (Repealed)  
62-710.201 Definitions  
62-710.210 Documents Incorporated by Reference.  
62-710.300 Applicability  
62-710.400 Prohibitions (Repealed)  
62-170.401 Prohibitions  
62-710.500 Registration and Notification  
62-710.510 Record Keeping and Reporting  
62-710.520 Reporting.(Repealed)  
62-710.530 Exemptions (Repealed)  
62-710.600 Certification of Used Oil Transporters.  
62-710.800 Permits for Used Oil Processing Facilities  
62-710.850 Management of Used Oil Filters.  
62-710.900 Forms (Repealed)  
62-710.901 Forms

### **62-710.201 Definitions**

In addition to applicable definitions in Rule 62-701.200, F.A.C., the following words, phrases, or terms as used in this rule, unless the context indicates otherwise, shall have the following meaning:

(1) "Oily wastes" means those materials which are mixed with used oil and have become separated from that used oil. Oily wastes also means materials, including wastewaters, centrifuge solids, filter residues or sludges, bottom sediments, tank bottoms, and sorbents which have come into contact with, and have been contaminated by, used oil.

(2) "Processing" means chemical or physical operations designed to produce from used oil, or to make used oil more amenable for production of, fuel oils, lubricants, or other used oil-derived products. Processing includes blending used oil with virgin petroleum products, blending used oils to meet the fuel specification found in 40 C.F.R. Part 279.11, filtration, simple distillation, chemical or physical separation and rerefining.

(3) "Processor" means any person processing used oil. The term also includes any transfer facility that stores used oil for longer than 35 days at a time, any used oil marketer who receives used oil from transporters or who has at least 25,000 gallons of used oil storage capacity, and any person who blends used oil with on-specification used oil fuel or with virgin petroleum products for the purpose of producing on-specification used oil fuel.

(4) "Public used oil collection center" means:

(a) An automotive service facility or government-sponsored collection facility which accepts for disposal small quantities of used oil from households; or

(b) A facility which stores used oil and which accepts small quantities of used oil from households.

(5) "Used oil" means any oil which has been refined from crude oil or synthetic oil and, as a result of use, storage, or handling, has become contaminated and unsuitable for its original purpose due to the presence of physical or chemical impurities or loss of original properties.

(6) "Used oil transporter" means any person who transports used oil over public highways in shipments of greater than 55 gallons at one time.

(7) "Used oil filter" means any device which is an integral part of an oil flow system, the primary purpose of which is to remove contaminants from the flowing oil contained within the system and which, as a result of use, has become contaminated and unsuitable for its original purpose, is removed from service, and contains entrapped used oil.

(8) "Used oil filter processor" means a person who removes oil from used oil filters to prepare them for recycling. Generators of used oil filters who consolidate, drain or crush used oil filters for off-site recycling are not used oil filter processors providing the generator complies with the requirements of subsection 62-710.850(2), F.A.C.

(9) "Used oil filter transporter" means any person who transports for hire used oil filters to a used oil filter transfer or processing facility.

(10) “Used oil filter transfer facility” means any facility which is used to store, for more than 10 days, used oil filters which were not generated at that facility. A person who stores its own used oil filters generated at its own non-contiguous operations on its own property is not considered a used oil filter transfer facility provided the used oil filters are processed by a registered used oil filter processor.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 F.S. Law Implemented 403.703, 403.75, 403.760, 403.767, 403.769 FS. History—New 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.210 Documents Incorporated by Reference.**

(1) General provisions relating to solid waste management may be found in Chapter 62-701, F.A.C., including statements of intent, definitions, prohibitions, general permitting requirements, alternate procedures, and forms. Except where the context indicates otherwise, these general provisions apply to this chapter.

(2) The Department adopts by reference 40 C.F.R. Part 279 revised as of July 1, 2004, which contains the federal standards for the management of used oil. It is the intent of the Department to interpret these standards in a manner consistent with interpretations promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, except when such interpretations conflict with Florida law.

(3) “On-specification used oil fuel” means any used oil which meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 279.11. Used oil fuel containing PCBs at a concentration equal to or greater than 2 ppm, but less than 50 ppm, shall be managed in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 761.20(e) and burned only in boilers or industrial furnaces as defined in 40 C.F.R. Part 260.10 and identified in 40 C.F.R. Part 279.61. Used oil containing PCBs at a concentration equal to or greater than 50 ppm is fully subject to the requirements of the Toxic Substances Control Act found in 40 C.F.R. Part 761. Blending used oil for the purpose of reducing the concentration of PCBs to below 50 ppm is prohibited in accordance with the provisions of 40 C.F.R. 279.10(i) and 761.20(e).

(4) References in 40 C.F.R. Part 279 to 40 C.F.R. Part 262 shall mean rules adopted by the Department regarding generators of hazardous wastes; reference to 40 C.F.R. Part 263 shall mean rules adopted by the Department regarding transporters of hazardous waste; reference to 40 C.F.R. Parts 264 and 265 shall mean rules adopted by the Department regarding treaters, storers and disposers of hazardous wastes; references to 40 C.F.R. Part 266 shall mean rules adopted by the Department regarding standards for the management of specific hazardous waste; and references to Section 3010 of RCRA shall mean notification requirements of Florida Law. The above-mentioned Department rules are found in Chapter 62-730, F.A.C.

(5) When the same word, phrase, or term is defined in Rule 62-710.201, F.A.C., and 40 C.F.R. Part 279 and the definitions are not identical, the definitions as given in Rule 62-710.201, F.A.C., shall apply.

(6) Unless specifically indicated otherwise, when used in any such provisions as adopted from 40 C.F.R. Part 279, United States shall mean the State of Florida, EPA shall mean the Department, and Administrator or Regional Administrator shall mean the Secretary of the Department or the Secretary’s designee, where appropriate.

(7) Any reference to 40 C.F.R. Parts 124 or 270 as adopted by reference in 40 C.F.R. Part 279 shall mean the permitting provisions in Chapter 62-4 or 62-730, F.A.C., or Section 403.722, F.S.

(8) Any reference to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA) as adopted by reference in 40 C.F.R. Part 279 shall be construed to refer to comparable provisions of the Florida Resource Recovery and Management Act as established in Part IV of Chapter 403, F.S.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704, 403.7545, 403.8055 FS. Law Implemented 403.704, 403.7545 FS. History—New 6-8-95, Amended 12-23-96, 3-25-97, 6-9-05, 1-4-09.*

#### **62-710.300 Applicability**

This section offers guidance to the regulated community on the applicability of this chapter to various types of operations and operators. It should not be read to relieve any person from applicable requirements of this rule or any other rules or statutes.

(1) Used oil handlers.

(a) Generators shall comply with the requirements found in 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart C. and must have their used oil managed only by a used oil handler which is registered with the Department, except with respect to the transportation of used oil in shipments of 55 gallons or less.

(b) Mobile lube operators shall comply with the requirements found in 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart C. The Department recommends that mobile lube operators who transport more than 500 gallons of used oil per year over public highways have a spill control plan and equipment in place.

(c) Private and public used oil collection centers and aggregation points shall comply with 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart D. They shall also meet the registration and notification and record keeping requirements found in Rules 62-710.500 and 62-710.510, F.A.C.

(d) Used oil transporters and transfer facilities shall comply with 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart E. They shall also comply with registration, record keeping and certification requirements found in Rules 62-710.500, 62-710.510, and 62-710.600, F.A.C.

(e) Processors shall comply with 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart F. They shall also meet the registration, record keeping, and permit requirements found in Rules 62-710.500, 62-710.510, and 62-710.800, F.A.C.

(f) Burners who burn off-specification used oil for energy recovery shall comply with 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart G. They shall also comply with the registration and notification and record keeping requirements found in Rules 62-710.500 and 62-710.510, F.A.C.

(g) Marketers shall comply with 40 C.F.R. Part 279, Subpart H. They shall also comply with the registration and notification and record keeping requirements found in Rules 62-710.500 and 62-710.510, F.A.C.

(2) Used oil filter handlers (i.e. generators, transporters, processors and end users as defined in Rule 62-710.201, F.A.C.) shall comply with Rule 62-710.850, F.A.C.

(3) Used oil storage and process tanks must meet the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 279.54, as well as the requirements of Chapter 62-761, F.A.C., Underground Storage Tank Systems, and Chapter 62-762, F.A.C., Above Ground Storage Tank Systems, as applicable.

(4) Chapter 62-770, F.A.C., Petroleum Contamination Site Cleanup Criteria, applies to discharges of used oil.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704, 403.767 FS Law Implemented 403.703, 403.75, 403.754, 403.760, 403.767, 403.769 FS. History—New 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.401 Prohibitions**

(1) No person may collect, transport, store, recycle, use, or dispose of used oil, used oil filters or oily wastes except as authorized in this chapter or in Chapter 403, F.S.

(2) No person may discharge used oil into soils, sewers, drainage systems, septic tanks, surface or ground waters, watercourses, or marine waters.

(3) Except as provided herein, no person may mix or commingle used oil with solid waste that is to be disposed of in landfills or directly dispose of used oil in landfills.

(a) Oily wastes, sorbents or other materials used for maintenance or to clean up or contain spills or releases of used oil, and soils contaminated with used oil as a result of spills or releases are not subject to this prohibition. In some cases, other Department rules, local ordinances, or landfill policies may prohibit the disposal of such materials.

(b) Any person wishing to dispose of solid waste mixed with used oil in a landfill which is otherwise prohibited by this subsection may apply to the Department for approval of alternate procedures in accordance with Rule 62-701.310, F.A.C. If the basis for the request is that it is impractical to separate the used oil from the solid waste, the request may be submitted without a fee.

(c) Any person who unknowingly disposes into a landfill any used oil, including used oil filters which have not been properly segregated or separated from other solid wastes by the generator, is not guilty of a violation under this subsection. This provision is applicable to landfill operators who unknowingly accept such wastes for disposal.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions found in 40 C.F.R. 279.10(b)(3), no person may mix or commingle used oil with hazardous substances that make it unsuitable for recycling or beneficial use.

(5) Used oil shall not be used for road or pavement oiling for dust control, weed abatement, or other similar uses that have the potential to release used oil into the environment.

(6) No person may store used oil in tanks or containers unless they are clearly labeled with the words “used oil” and are in good condition (no severe rusting, apparent structural defects or deterioration) with no visible oil leakage. If tanks or containers are not stored inside a structure, the contents shall be closed, covered or otherwise protected from the weather. If tanks or containers are not double-walled, they shall be stored on an oil-impermeable surface such as sealed concrete or asphalt, and must have secondary containment which has the capacity to hold 110% of the volume of the largest tank or container within the containment area.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 FS Law Implemented 403.751 FS. History—New 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.500 Registration and Notification**

(1) The following persons shall annually register their used oil handling activities with the Department using Form 62-730.900(1)(b), “8700-12FL – Florida Notification of Regulated Waste Activity,” effective date January 4, 2009, which is hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. This Form can be obtained on the internet at [http://www.dep.state.fl.us/waste/quick\\_topics/forms/pages/62-730.htm](http://www.dep.state.fl.us/waste/quick_topics/forms/pages/62-730.htm) or by contacting the Hazardous Waste Regulation Section, MS 4560, Division of Waste Management, Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400.

- (a) Used oil transporters and transfer facilities;
- (b) Used oil processors;
- (c) Used oil fuel marketers who sell used oil fuel; and
- (d) Used oil burners of off-specification used oil.

(2) The registration form shall be accompanied by a registration fee of \$100 per facility. It is not necessary to submit more than one form or fee if registering more than one activity, or if the registration is for an entire transportation fleet operating out of one facility site. The registration form and fee shall be due by March 1 of each year. The registration fee is waived for used oil processing facilities for which a permit fee was paid under Rule 62-710.800, F.A.C.

(3) Upon receipt of the completed form and fee, the Department shall issue to each registered person a validated registration form which shall be valid for one year. For used oil transporters, acknowledgment of registration shall be included in the certification process of Rule 62-710.600, F.A.C. The registration shall be valid from July 1 of the year of registration or renewal until June 30 of the following year.

(4) Each registered person shall display the validated registration form and identification number in a prominent place at each facility location.

(5) Each public used oil collection center shall notify the Department no later than 30 days after first accepting used oil from the public on DEP Form 62-710.901(5). The Department shall acknowledge filing of the notification within 30 days of receipt.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 FS. Law Implemented 403.704, 403.754, 403.760 FS. History—New 2-25-85, Formerly 17-7.63, 17-7.630, Amended 1-17-90, Formerly 17-710.500, Amended 6-8-95, 12-23-96, 3-25-97, 6-9-05, 1-4-09.*

#### **62-710.510 Record Keeping and Reporting**

(1) Each registered person shall maintain records on DEP Form 62-710.901(2) or on substantially equivalent forms which contain at least the same information as the Department form. These records shall include the following information:

- (a) The name, business address, telephone number and EPA identification number of the transporter;
- (b) The source of the used oil, including the name and street address of each source, and the EPA identification number of the source if the generator has one;
- (c) The total number of gallons of used oil received from each source, including any oily wastes which may be an integral part of the used oil shipment;

- (d) The type of used oil received, using the type code designation found in the form instructions;
  - (e) The date of receipt;
  - (f) The destination or end use of used oil and oily wastes, including the name and street address of each destination or end user, the EPA identification number if applicable, and the end use code designation found in the form instructions; and
  - (g) Documentation of halogen screening in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-710.600, F.A.C.
- (2) Transporters shall maintain documentation of all shipments of used oil, including those accepted for transport as well as those refused due to suspected mixing with hazardous waste. A copy of this record shall be left with the generator.
- (3) A generator of used oil that transports only its own used oil generated at its own non-contiguous operations to its own central collection facility for storage prior to having its used oil picked up by a certified used oil transporter is not subject to the record keeping and reporting requirements of this section.
- (4) The records required by this section shall be retained for a period of three years. The records shall be kept at the street address of the registered person and shall be available for inspection by the Department during normal business hours, unless another location and inspection schedule is specified in the registration package submitted to the Department.
- (5) No later than March 1 of each year, each person required to register in accordance with Rule 62-710.500, F.A.C., shall submit an annual report for the preceding calendar year to the Department on DEP Form 62-710.901(3). The report shall summarize the records kept pursuant to this section.
- (6) No later than July 1 of each year, each public used oil collection center shall submit to the Department an estimate of the quantity of used oil accepted from the public during the previous calendar year. The Department shall advise each public used oil collection center of this requirement by June 1 of each year.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 FS Law Implemented 403.754, 403.760 FS. History—New 2-25-85, Formerly 17-7.64, 17-7.640, Amended 1-17-90, Formerly 17-710.510, Amended 6-8-95, 12-23-96, 3-25-97, 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.600 Certification Program for Used Oil Transporters**

- (1) Any used oil transporter that transports over public highways more than 500 gallons of used oil annually, not including oily waste, shall become certified pursuant to this section. This section shall not apply to:
- (a) Any local governments or private solid waste hauler under contract to a local government that transports used oil collected from households to a public used oil collection center; or
  - (b) Any used oil transporter that transports its own used oil, which is generated at its own noncontiguous facilities, to its own central collection facility for storage, processing, or energy recovery. However, such used oil transporter shall provide the proof of financial responsibility required in paragraph (2)(e) of this section.
- (2) To become certified and to maintain certification, used oil transporters shall:
- (a) Register annually with the Department and comply with the annual reporting and record keeping requirements pursuant to Rules 62-710.500 and 62-710.510, F.A.C.;
  - (b) Show evidence of familiarity with applicable state laws and rules governing used oil transportation by submitting a training program for approval to the Department which includes provisions for at least the following:
    - 1. Compliance with state and federal rules governing used oil;
    - 2. Proper used oil management practices, including appropriate response action to any release or spill;
    - 3. A detailed description of the company's standard operating procedure for halogen screening at each pick up location. This description shall include instrument specifications and capabilities, calibration methods and frequency, procedures addressing the handling of loads which indicate halogen levels in excess of 1,000 ppm, and record keeping procedures for all loads accepted or refused.
    - 4. An introduction of each new employee to the applicable laws and rules before unsupervised driving of a used oil transportation vehicle; and
    - 5. Documentation that all company personnel handling or transporting used oil have successfully completed the training program. New employees shall complete the training program as soon as possible, but no later than 90 days after beginning employment;



(c) Maintain a record of training in the company's operating record and the individual personnel files indicating the type of training received along with the dated signature of those receiving and providing the training. These records shall be retained for a minimum of three years and available for review by Department personnel during inspections;

(d) Submit to the Department an annual statement in conjunction with the annual registration required under Rule 62-710.500, F.A.C., which states that the training program is still operating and is being adhered to and has been annually reviewed and updated to address changes in regulations which apply to the operation, and which provides an explanation of any modifications to the training program; and

(e) Have, verify, and maintain vehicle insurance with a combined single limit of no less than \$1,000,000. Such insurance or additional policy, must in no way exclude pollution coverage for sudden and accidental alleged or threatened discharge, dispersal, seepage, migration, release or escape of used oil, and must include any cost or expense relating to pollution damage for which the transporter is legally liable. Such insurance must be maintained at all times and be exclusive of legal defense costs.

1. The insurance required in this paragraph may be established by:

a. Evidence of liability insurance, either on a claim made or an occurrence basis, with or without a deductible (with the deductible, if any, to be on a per occurrence or per accident basis and not to exceed ten percent of the equity of the business), using DEP Form 62-710.901(4). The insurance policy shall be issued by an agent or company authorized or licensed to transact business in the State of Florida. An ACORD form will only be accepted for renewal of a policy with the same carrier; or

b. For business entities registered in Florida, evidence of self-insurance provided by the chief financial officer of the business entity.

2. States and the federal government are exempt from the requirements of this paragraph.

(3) The Department shall issue a certification to each transporter that provides reasonable assurance of compliance with the requirements of this section, which shall be valid for the current registration period.

(4) The revocation provisions of Section 403.087(7), F.S., apply to certified used oil transporters. That statute authorizes revocations in accordance with the procedural requirements of Section 120.60, F.S., upon a finding by the Department that such transporter:

(a) Has submitted false or inaccurate information in its application;

(b) Has violated statutes which the Department is authorized to enforce, Department orders, rules, or certification conditions;

(c) Has failed to submit reports or other information required by Department rule or permit condition; or

(d) Has refused to allow inspection of its records or equipment by Department personnel or other persons when such inspection is authorized by Department rule or permit condition.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704, 403.767 FS Law Implemented 403.767 FS. History—New 1-17-90, Formerly 17-710.600, Amended 6-8-95, 12-23-96, 3-25-97, 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.800 Permits for Used Oil Processing Facilities**

(1) This rule shall apply to any owner or operator of a facility that processes used oil. The owner or operator shall comply with the requirements of this chapter including the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 279 Subpart F.

(a) Processing does not include the removal of used oil from wastewater solely for the purpose of making the wastewater or stormwater acceptable to meet discharge limits in other permits. However, the used oil generated from such activity is subject to this chapter. Sediment material removed from an oil/water separator for disposal is subject to the requirements of Chapter 62-730, F.A.C.

(b) Permits shall not be required under this section for generators who aggregate their own used oil with virgin oil or on-specification used oil for purposes of burning on-specification used oil fuel at the aggregation site, provided a valid air permit authorizing such burning is in effect for the facility.

(c) Permits shall not be required under this section for facilities that conduct processing operations incidental to burning the used oil fuel on-site, provided a valid air permit authorizing such burning is in effect for the facility and all of the used oil fuel is burned on-site.

(2) An owner or operator of a used oil processing facility shall operate, modify, or close such a facility only pursuant to a permit issued by the Department in accordance with this chapter.

(3) Before operating, closing or making any substantial modification to a used oil processing facility, the owner or operator shall submit to the Department the Used Oil Processing Facility Permit Application,

DEP Form 62-710.901(6). The engineering aspects of the application shall be certified by a Professional Engineer.

(a) Pursuant to subsections 62-4.050(6) and (7), F.A.C., a substantial modification means a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review. For purposes of this subsection, an increase in storage capacity of the facility by 25% or 25,000 gallons, whichever is less, is considered a substantial modification.

(b) Pursuant to paragraph 62-4.050(4)(s), F.A.C., a minor modification means a modification that does not require substantial technical evaluation by the Department, does not require a new site inspection by the Department, and will not lead to substantially different environmental impacts or will lessen the impacts of the original permit. For purposes of this subsection, replacement of existing tanks with new tanks is considered a minor modification.

(c) Changes at a facility which involve routine maintenance, such as repair of equipment, replacement of equipment with similar equipment, aesthetic changes, or minor operational changes are not considered modifications, do not have to be reported to the Department, and require no permit fee. Facility operators are advised to contact the Department if they have questions as to whether a change would be considered routine maintenance.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C., the fee for a used oil processor permit application, including a permit renewal application, is \$2,000. The fee for a substantial modification to the permit is \$500. No permit fee is required for minor modifications. Applications for renewal of permits shall be submitted to the Department at least 60 days prior to the expiration date of the existing permit in accordance with Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.

(5)(a) The owner or operator of a used oil processing facility shall have and submit to the Department as part of its permit application a written closure plan to show how the facility will be closed to meet the following requirements:

1. There will be no need for further facility maintenance;
2. Used oil will not contaminate surface or ground water; and
3. All tanks, piping, secondary containment and ancillary equipment will be emptied, cleaned and decontaminated, and all materials removed and managed.

(b) The closure plan shall be updated whenever significant operational changes occur or design changes are made.

(c) The closure plan shall be maintained with records required under Rule 62-710.510, F.A.C.

(d) The owner or operator shall submit a detailed closure plan to the Department at least 60 days prior to the scheduled date of closing the facility.

(e) Within 30 days after closing the facility, the owner or operator shall submit a certification of closure completion to the Department which demonstrates that the facility was closed in substantial compliance with the detailed closure plan. Within 30 days of determining that the facility was closed in accordance with its closure plan, the Department shall release the facility from its financial assurance obligations.

(6) Financial assurance.

(a) The owner or operator of a used oil processing facility shall provide the Department with proof of financial assurance issued in favor of the State of Florida in the amount of the closing cost estimate for the facility. This proof, along with the closing cost estimate, shall be submitted to the Department as part of the permit application process for the facility. Proof of financial assurance shall consist of either a surety bond guaranteeing payment or a surety bond guaranteeing performance, which complies with the requirements of Rule 62-701.630, F.A.C. An owner or operator may request an alternate proof of financial assurance in lieu of, or in combination with, the requirement for a surety bond, consisting of one or more of the following financial instruments which comply with the requirements of Rule 62-701.630, F.A.C.: trust fund; irrevocable letter of credit; insurance; or financial test and corporate guarantee. Financial documents shall be submitted on Form 62-701.900(5)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h), as appropriate.

(b) For the purpose of determining the closing cost estimate, the owner or operator shall estimate the total cost of closing the facility using Form 62-710.901(7) and in accordance with the closure plan pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, for the time period in the facility operation when the extent and manner of its operation make closing most expensive. The owner or operator shall submit the estimate, together with all necessary justification, to the Department along with the proof of financial assurance. The costs shall be estimated and certified by a professional engineer or a third party to perform the work, on a per unit basis, with the source of estimates indicated. The owner or operator shall keep the latest closing cost estimate at

the facility. When this estimate has been adjusted in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subsection, the latest adjusted closing cost estimate shall also be kept at the facility.

(c) The owner or operator shall annually adjust the closing cost estimate for inflation and changes in the closure plan, and shall submit updated information to the Department between January 1 and March 1 of each year. Such adjustments shall be made either by:

1. Recalculating the maximum cost of closing, in current dollars; or

2. Using an inflation factor derived from the most recent Implicit Price Deflator for Gross National Product published by the U.S. Department of Commerce in its Survey of Current Business. The inflation factor is the result of dividing the latest published annual Deflator by the Deflator for the previous year.

(d) If the value of the funding mechanism is less than the total amount of the current closing cost estimate, the owner or operator shall revise the funding mechanism to reflect the new estimate.

(e) The initial Used Oil Facility Closing Cost Estimate Form shall be submitted to the Department no more than six months after the effective date of the rule and the owner/operator shall demonstrate funding of this closing cost estimate within 60 days of receiving approval of the cost estimate from the Department.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 FS Law Implemented 403.704, 403.707, 403.769, 403.814 FS. History—New 1-17-90, Formerly 17-710.800, Amended 6-8-95, 12-23-96, 6-9-05.*

#### **62-710.850 Management of Used Oil Filters**

(1) Prohibition. No person who removes or manages used oil filters shall dispose of such filters, or commingle such filters with other solid waste for disposal, in a landfill in Florida. It is the responsibility of the generator to make reasonable efforts to assure that such filters are not disposed of in a landfill. This prohibition shall not apply to used oil filters generated by individual households.

(2) Generators. Each generator of used oil filters whose solid waste is typically disposed of in a landfill shall either register as a used oil filter processor or shall ensure that its filters are transported by a registered used oil filter transporter and processed by a registered used oil filter processor or end user. This does not include persons who recycle engine blocks on which used oil filters remain. Generators of used oil filters are exempt from the registration and reporting requirements of this rule provided that they transport their own used oil filters in sealed containers of 55 gallons or less which are secured to a vehicle owned by the generator.

(3) Registration. The following persons shall register with the Department in accordance with the requirements of subsections 62-710.500(2) and (4), F.A.C.:

(a) Used oil filter transporters;

(b) Used oil filter transfer facilities;

(c) Used oil filter processors; and

(d) End users of used oil filters, including scrap metal dealers, metal foundries and thermal processing units such as cement kilns, who accept used oil filters from a person who is not a registered used oil filter processor. An end user shall not be required to comply with the provisions of this section with respect to used oil filters that have been obtained from a registered used oil filter processor.

(4) Used oil filter processors.

(a) Each registered used oil filter processor shall maintain records on Form 62-710.901(2) or on substantially equivalent forms which contain at least the same information as the Department form. These records shall include the destination or end use of the processed used oil filters, including the name and street address of each destination or end user.

(b) The records required by this subsection shall be retained for a period of three years. The records shall be kept at the street address of the registered person and shall be available for inspection by the Department during normal business hours.

(c) No later than March 1 of each year, each registered used oil filter processor shall submit an annual report for the preceding calendar year to the Department on Form 62-710.901(2). This report shall summarize the records kept pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(5) General requirements for the storage of used oil filters.

(a) All persons storing used oil filters shall store used oil filters in above ground containers which are

clearly labeled “Used Oil Filters,” and which are in good condition (no severe rusting, apparent structural defects or deterioration) with no visible oil leakage. The containers shall be sealed or otherwise protected from weather and stored on an oil-impermeable surface.

(b) Upon detection of a release of oil from any used oil filter container the facility owner or operator shall:

1. Stop the release;
2. Contain the released oil;
3. Clean up and manage properly the released oil and any subsequent oily waste in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 770, F.A.C., if applicable; and
4. Repair or replace any leaking used oil filter storage containers prior to returning them to service.

*Specific Authority 403.061, 403.704 FS. Law Implemented 403.751, 403.754, 403.769 FS. History—New 6-8-95, Amended 12-23-96, 6-9-05, 1-4-09.*

### **62-710.901 Forms**

The forms used by the Department in the used oil management program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title and effective date. The forms can be obtained on the internet at [http://www.dep.state.fl.us/waste/quick\\_topics/forms/pages/62-710.htm](http://www.dep.state.fl.us/waste/quick_topics/forms/pages/62-710.htm) or by contacting the Hazardous Waste Regulation Section, MS 4560, Division of Waste Management, Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400.

- (1) [reserved].
- (2) Used Oil and Used Oil Filter Record Keeping Form, effective June 9, 2005.
- (3) Annual Report by Used Oil and Used Oil Filter Handlers, effective June 9, 2005.
- (4) Certificate of Liability Insurance Used Oil Handlers, effective June 9, 2005.
- (5) Public Used Oil Collection Center Notification and Annual Report, effective June 9, 2005.
- (6) Used Oil Processing Facility Permit Application, effective June 9, 2005.
- (7) Used Oil Processing Facility Closing Cost Estimate Form, effective June 9, 2005.

*Specific Authority 120.53(1), 403.061, FS. Law Implemented 403.754, 403.769 FS. History—New 12-23-96, Amended 6-9-05, 1-4-09.*