DOCUMENT RECEIVED IN ELECTRONIC FORMAT FOLLOWS:

Permit Data Form
History sheet
Copy of check
Page 1 with date stamp
Site Plan sheet 1 with signature and seal

THE FACE OF THIS DOCUMENT HAS A COLORED BACKGROUND ON WHITE PAPER - THE BACK CONTAINS AN ARTIFICIAL WATERMARK - HOLD AT AN ANGLE TO VIEW

Fleet Maine, N.A. South Portland, ME 52-153/112

IESI Corporation 2301 Eagle Parkway, Suite 200 Fort Worth, TX 76177

(817) 632-4000

Check Date 2/2/2011

Check Amount

Check # 101888770

******\$1,250.00

** Void after 120 days **
** Not valid over \$50,000 without two manual signatures **

---- USD

One Thousand Two Hundred Fifty and 00/100--

PAY TO THE ORDER OF

FLORIDA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC

Authorized Signature BORDER CONTAINS MICROPRINTING



+ 101828TIU

100 East Pine Street Suite 605 Orlando, FL 32801 Phone: 407.649.5475
Fax: 407.649.6582

hsagolden.com

February 17, 2011

VIA UPS/EMAIL

Mr. F. Thomas Lubozynski, P.E. Waste Program Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

DEP Central Dist.

Permit Renewal Application, Taft Recycling, Inc. WACS #87104 Re:

Taft Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility, TS/MRF-WPF First Request for Additional Information Permit Application No. SO48-0173968-009 HSA Golden Project Number 06-404.016

On behalf of Taft Recycling, Inc. (TRI), HSA Golden is submitting for your review the following response to your January 5, 2011 request for additional information. The following comments are offered for your review and approval. Hereafter, we restate the Department's comments in italics, followed by our responses. Three (3) copies of all requested information are submitted with revisions noted with strikethrough (strikethrough) and shading (shading). All revisions to drawings are summarized in the revision box on each sheet, and clouded if a detail or note has been revised or added.

Note that all references to "Report" in the following text refer to the document entitled, "Permit Renewal Application, Taft Recycling, Inc., Orlando, Florida, Prepared by: HSA Golden, Orlando, Florida, dated December 15, 2010.

Item A-1 on page 1 of DEP Form 62-701.900(4), F.A.C., in Tab 1 of the Report Comment 1. has a check mark indicating that the application includes a Waste Tire Storage and Processing Facility in addition to a Transfer Station/Material Recovery Rule 62-701.710, F.A.C., Waste Processing Facilities, applies to material recovery facilities and transfer stations but excludes waste tire processing facilities which are regulated under a separate rule. 701.710(1)(a), F.A.C., does state that in accordance with Rule 62-701.320(5)(c), F.A.C., owners or operators of facilities which manage several different types of wastes, including waste tires, may apply for a single permit which addresses all applicable requirements. Rule 62-701.320(5)(c), F.A.C., requires that the application shall be accompanied by a fee, as would be required for each facility component. Accordingly, submit a Waste Tire Processing Permit Application, effective January 6, 2010, Form 62-701.900(23) with a fee of \$1,250.00. This permit application should reflect the same limits on the maximum number and

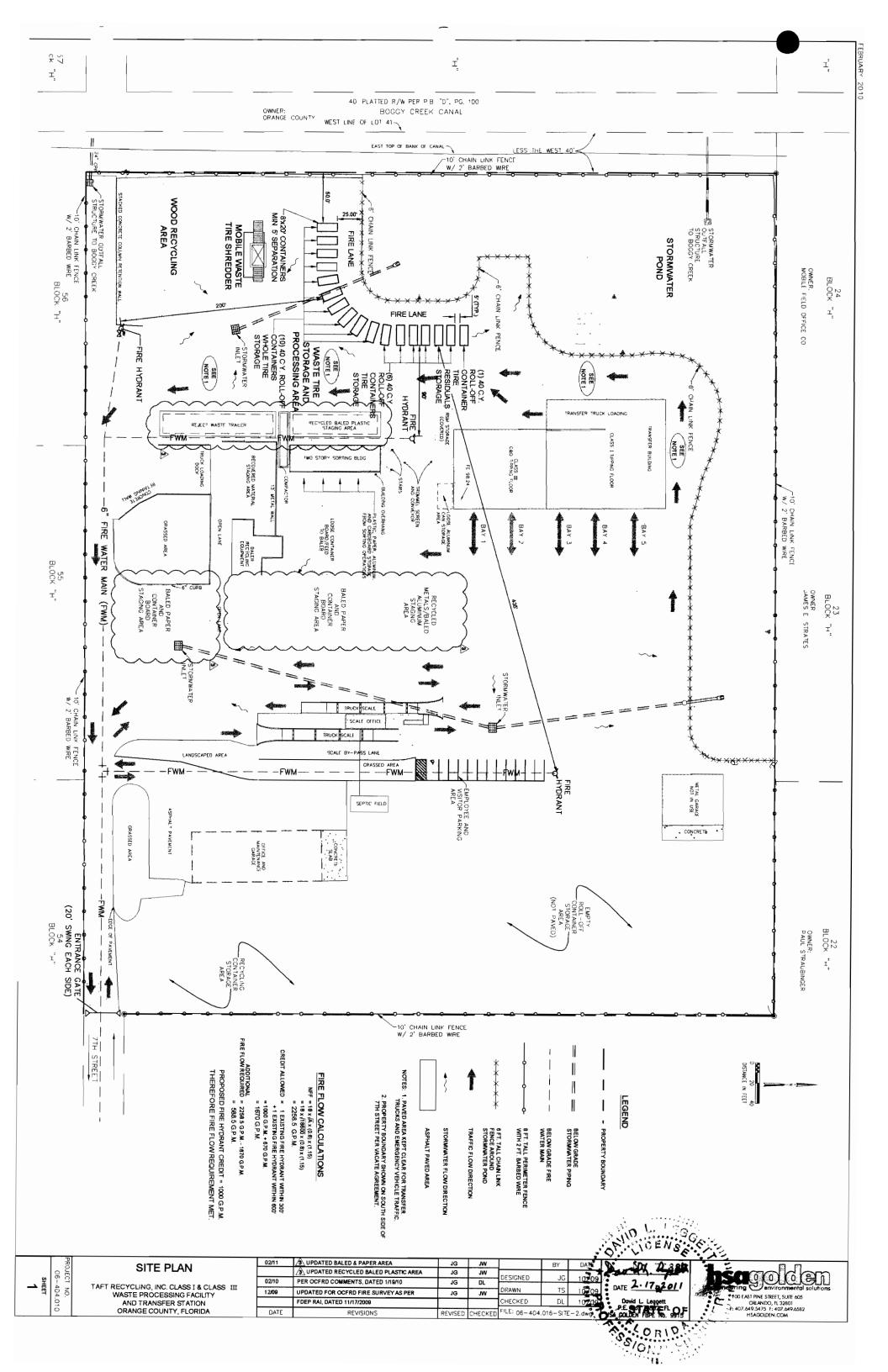


PERMIT DATA FORM	CHECK IF NEW:
MOD_ NEW_RENEWAD V	SITE WAFR # AIR # 48-0/73968 TRECYCLING, ING.
SITE/WAFER/FACILITY NAME: HILL	Estanto Materials
PROJECT NAME:	
DESC:	
TYPE CODE: WT SUBCODE: 02	CHECK IF GP EXEMPT NPDES
	CORRECT FEE: # 1250 —
PROCESSOR: Her	AMOUNT RCV'D: _/250 -
WACS #_ 87104	AMOUNT REFUND:

RED	YELLOW	GREEN	NO PERMIT REQ

HISTORY SHEET

SITE/W	AFR/AIR	#: <u>48-0</u>	173968	8010 TYPE: Lut	SUBTYPE: 02	
NAME: Laft lecysling						
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ENTERED _.			30		DAS	
				·		





100 East Pine Street Suite 605 Orlando, FL 32801 **Phone:** 407.649.5475

Fax: 407.649.6582 hsagolden.com

February 16, 2011

VIA UPS/EMAIL

Mr. F. Thomas Lubozynski, P.E. Waste Program Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

Re: Permit Renewal Application, Taft Recycling, Inc. WACS #87104
Taft Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility, TS/MRF-WPF
First Request for Additional Information
Permit Application No. SO48-0173968-009
HSA Golden Project Number 06-404.016

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weight of tires that will be stored (that is, 67.5 tons) stated in this permit application. If it does not, then the closure cost estimate must be revised.

- Response 1. The waste tire permit application, Form 62-701.900(23) has been completed and is attached in Response to Comment 1. All supporting documentation was included in the solid waste permit renewal application and is cross-referenced on the waste tire permit application form. A check for the application fee of \$1,250.00 is enclosed.
- Comment 2. Based on the summary page in the front of the Report, the facility will be open for business 24 hours per day, 7 days a week. How will noise from trucks, facility operation, etc. be controlled and prevented from being a nuisance to the surrounding community?
- Response 2. TRI is now open from Monday through Friday 24 hours per day; Saturday from 12 a.m. to 7 p.m.; and Sunday from 7:00 a.m. until 7:00 p.m. then 9:00 p.m. until 12:00 a.m.. TRI on average receives no more than 30 inbound trucks during weekdays in the late evening and early morning hours. TRI anticipates a similar number of inbound trucks or less for the proposed weekend hours. TRI typically begins loading transfer trucks in the early morning hours (4:00 a.m.) to start round trips to the landfill. Transfer trucks are not coming and going from the facility in the late evening and early morning hours.

The change in hours will add late evening and early morning hours only on Saturday and Sunday, typical of weekday operations. TRI expects limited operational activity during the proposed additional hours, generally consisting of acceptance of low volumes of incoming residential and commercial waste trucks and transfer truck loading operations. Because the area landfills are closed during those hours, outbound transfer truck traffic will not occur. This reduced operation activity is not expected to generate significant truck traffic that would generate a significant increase in noise. Additionally, TRI is not aware of any complaints from the community about truck noise. The surrounding area is industrial with the nearest residence 2,400 feet to the northeast (See Section 3, Sheet 2).

- Comment 3. Provide information to indicate that the operation of the facility is not in violation of the prohibitions referenced in Rule 62-701.300, F.A.C.
- Response 3. Please see prohibition compliance list in Response to Comment 3 attached.
- Comment 4. Will the Transfer Station handling Class I waste, manage waste on a first-in, first-out basis? Rule 62-701.710(10)(a), F.A.C.

- Response 4. Yes, please see revised Section 2.2, Process Overview of the Operation Plan attached in Response to Comment 4.
- Comment 5. Operation Plan: A review of the Operation Plan in Tab 4 of the Report indicates the following:
 - a) Page 2, Section 2.2 states that if the material is unauthorized, the driver will be directed to a solid waste management facility which is permitted to handle the type of material rejected. Also, customers with wood waste or waste tires will be directed to the appropriate off-loading area and monitored during off-loading by a facility spotter. Include a statement whether spotting for unauthorized waste in Class III wastes is or is not conducted from vehicles, Rule 62-701.320(15)(d), F.A.C.
- Response 5a. Please see revised Section 2.2, Process Overview of the Operation Plan attached in Response to Comment 4.
 - b) Page 4, Section 2.4 states that copies of current training certificates, schedules, and list of approved classes are provided in Appendix C. Provide a schedule for training of individual employees, including the employee's name and title, the date when training is due, and what class the employee will attend to meet the requirements of Rule 62-701.320(15)(a), F.A.C., as referenced in Rule 62-701.710(4)(c), F.A.C. Incorporate this schedule in the Operation Plan.
- Response 5b. A copy of each individual employee's training history is provided in Response to Comment 5b. Training will be provided by University of Florida TREEO or Kohl Consulting, Inc..
- Comment 6. A financial mechanism must be funded in the amount of the sum of the total closure and long-term care costs specified in the approved cost estimate and accepted by the Department's Financial Coordinator before this application can be deemed complete.
 - a) The closure cost estimate submitted as Table 1 in Section 5 of the renewal permit application is approved. The cost estimate was signed and sealed on 12/15/2010. It shows the maximum storage amounts for various materials. Based on these limits the total closure cost estimate is approved at \$146,391.55.
- Response 6a. Acknowledged. However, based on recent comments received from the Orange County Environmental Protection Division, the closure cost estimate (Table 1) and the Material Disposition Sheet have been revised to increase the amount of loose and baled cardboard. Please see Response to Comment 6a (attached). Backup documentation is also attached. Sheet 1, Site Plan has also been revised to depict these storage areas.

b) Financial responsibility arrangements for the facility for the approved amounts are to be made with the Financial Coordinator, Solid Waste Section, MS-4565, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, and a copy of the approval letter submitted to: Department of Environmental Protection, Central District, Solid Waste Section, 3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232, Orlando, Florida 32803-3767.

Response 6b. Acknowledged.

* * * * *

We trust that these responses will allow approval of the subject permit renewal. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

HSA GOLDEN

David L. Leggett, P.E.

Principal Engineer

James E. Golden, P.G.

Vice President, Professional Hydrogeologist

cc: Mike Kaiser, WSI

David Bromfield, OCEPD

Wilson Esteves, TRI

Dennis Pantano, WSI

Attachments





Department of Environmental Protection

Bob Martinez Center 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEP Form #: 62-701,900(23)	
Form Title: Waste Tire Processing Facility Permit Application	1
Effective Date: January 6, 2010	
DEP Application No	
(Completed by DEP)	

WASTE TIRE PROCESSING FACILITY PERMIT APPLICATION

Peri	mit No. <u>WT48-0173968-008</u>
Ren	ewal ☑ Modification □ Existing unpermitted facility □ Proposed new facility □
Par	t I-General Information:
A.	Applicant Information:
1.	Applicant Name: _Taft Recycling, Inc.
2.	Applicant Street Address: 375 West 7th Street
3.	City: Orlando County: Orange Zip: 32824
4.	Applicant Mailing Address: 2893 Executive Park Drive, Suite 305
5.	City: Weston County: Broward Zip: 33331
6.	Contact person: Mike Kaiser Phone: (904) 673-0446 FEID No:
	Have any enforcement actions been taken by the Department against the applicant relating to the operation of any solid waste management facility in this state? This includes any Complaint, Notice of Violation, or revocation
	of a permit or registration, as well as any Consent Order in which a violation of Department rules is admitted. It does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Refer to Tab Yes No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201
В.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action.
	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Refer to Tab Yes No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201
1.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Refer to Tab Yes No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201 Facility Information:
1. 2.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Yes No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201 submittal. Facility Information: Facility Name: Taft Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility
1. 2. 3.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Yesx _ No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201 submittal. Facility Information: Facility Name:Taft _ Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility Facility Street Address (Main Entrance):375 West 7th Street City: _Orlando County: _Orange Zip:32824 Facility Mailing Address:2893 _ Executive Park
1. 2. 3. 4.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Refer to Tab Refer to Tab
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Yesx _ No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. of the 12/201 submittal. Facility Information: Facility Name:Taft _ Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility Facility Street Address (Main Entrance):375 West 7th Street City: _Orlando County: _Orange Zip:32824 Facility Mailing Address:2893
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Yes x No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. Of the 12/201 submittal. Facility Information: Facility Name: Taft Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility Facility Street Address (Main Entrance): 375 West 7th Street City: Orlando County: Orange Zip: 32824 Facility Mailing Address: 2893 Executive Park City: Weston State: Florida Zip: 33331 Contact Person: Mike Kaiser Phone: (904) 673-0446 Facility Location Coordinates: Section: 2 Township: 24S Range: 29E
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	does not include a Warning Letter, Warning Notice, Notice of Noncompliance, or other similar document which does not constitute agency action. Yes x No If yes, attach a history and description of the enforcement actions. Of the 12/2016 submittal. Facility Information: Facility Name: Taft Transfer Station and Material Recovery Facility Facility Street Address (Main Entrance): 375 West 7th Street City: Orlando County: Orange Zip: 32824 Facility Mailing Address: 2893 Executive Park City: Weston State: Florida Zip: 33331 Contact Person: Mike Kaiser Phone: (904) 673-0446 Facility Location Coordinates: Section: 2 Township: 24S Range: 29E

Mail completed form to the appropriate District office listed below

C.	Land Owner Informa	ation (if different fr	rom applicant):			
1.	Owner's name: Sa	ame	(A)			
2.	2. Land owner's mailing address:					
3.	City:		State:		Zip):
4.	Authorized Agent:			Agent's ph	none ()	
5.	Current lease expires	c				
D.	Facility Operator Inf	ormation (if differ	ent from applica	ant):		
1.	Operator's name: _	same			***	
2.	Operator's mailing ad	dress:				47-14-1-4
3.	City:		State: _		Zip):
4.	Contact person:			Phone: ()	
E.	Preparer of Applicat	ion:				
1.	Name of person prep	aring application:	James I	E. Golden,	P.G. HSA	Golden
2.	Mailing address: 1	00 East Pi	ne Street	, Suite 60)5	
3.	City: Orlando		State: _	FL	Zip	o: <u>32801</u>
4.	Phone: (407) 64	9-5475				
5.	Affiliation with facility:	Consult	ing Engir	neer		s programme and the second
Par	II-Operations:					
A.	Facility type (check a	ppropriate box):				
Ø	Waste tire processing	facility.				
	Waste tire processing See Attachment _	facility with on-site		ocessed tires or pr	ocessing residuals	
	Waste tire processing See Attachment F	facility with on-site	e consumption o	of waste tires or pr	ocessing residuals	
	Permitted solid waste	management facil	lity modification	to allow waste tire	site and processir	ng.
В.	Type of processing fa	acility (check as r	many as apply)	:		
	⊠Shredder □Cut □Pyrolysis □Sup	ter □Chopp pplemental fuel use			nerator with energ	y recovery
C.	Storage: Indicate the expressed in tons, to b	maximum quantiti e stored at the fac	ies of whole was cility, in accorda	ste tires, processe nce with Rule 62-7	ed waste tires, and 711.530(2), F.A.C.	processing residuals,
		Outdoor Storage(tons)	Outdoor Storage (sq.ft)	Indoor Storage (tons)	Indoor Storage (sq.ft)	Total Storage (tons)
V	hole waste tires:	67.5	3200	NA	NA	67.5
Р	rocessed tires:	67.5	2000	NA	NA	67.5
Р	ocessing residuals:		300	NA	NA	10
Т	OTALS:	145	5500	NA	NA	145

D. For reporting quantity of tires in tons, tires will be: weighed on site

✓ weighed off site

✓ weights will be calculated□ Facilities that will not be disposing of processed tires or processing residual on the facility site must indicate the permitted solid waste management facility where processed tires or residuals will be disposed. 1. Name of facility JED Solid Waste Management Facility 2. Street address: 1501 Omni Way 3. City: St. Cloud Osceola 34773 County: Zip: Facilities that will be delivering processed tires to consuming facilities must describe the existing or proposed markets for those processed tires. Processed tires will be transported to a Class I solid waste facility where they will be used as initial/daily cover.

Part III-Attachments:

Facility design

NOTE: All maps, plan sheets, drawings, isometrics, cross sections, or aerial photographs shall be legible; be signed and sealed by a registered professional engineer responsible for their preparation; be of appropriate scale to show clearly all required details; be numbered, referenced to narrative, titled, have a legend of symbols used, contain horizontal and vertical scales (where applicable), and specify drafting or origination dates; and use uniform scales as much as possible, contain a north arrow and use NGVD for all elevations

- 1. A topographic or section map of the facility, including the surrounding area for one mile, no more than one year old, showing land use and zoning within one mile of the facility Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 2

 2. A plot plan of the facility on a scale of not less than one inch equals 200 feet. At a minimum, the plot plan shall include
- - a. The facility design, including the location and size of all storage and processing areas for used tires, unprocessed waste tires processed waste tires, and waste tire processing residuals; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
 - b. All wetlands and water bodies within the facility or within 200 feet of any storage area; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- c. Stormwater control measures, including ditches, dikes, and other structures Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- d. Boundaries of the facility, legal boundaries of the land containing the facility, and any easements or rights of way that are within the facility or within 200 feet of any storage area; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- e. Location, size, and depth of all wells within the facility or within 200 feet of any storage area; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 2
- f. All structures and buildings that are, or will be, constructed at the facility; include those used in storage and processing operations; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- g. All areas used for loading and unloading; Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- h. All access roads and internal roads, including fire lanes: Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- i. Location of all fences, gates, and other access control measures; and Refer to Tab 3, Sheet 1
- j. Location of all disposal areas within the facility. Not Applicable

B. Facility operation.

- 1. A description of the facility's operation, process and products including how waste tires will be received and stored. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 2. A description of the equipment used for processing tires. This description shall include the make, model, and hourly capacity of each piece of equipment. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 3. Description of the waste from the process, the amount of waste expected and how and where this waste will be disposed of. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 4. Statement of the maximum daily throughput and the planned daily and annual throughput, Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 5. A description of how the operator will maintain compliance with each of the storage requirements of Rule 62-711.540, F.A.C. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 6. A copy of the emergency preparedness manual for the facility with a statement of the on site and off site locations where that manual will be maintained. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- 7. A copy of the fire safety survey Tab 4, Appendix K
- 8. A description of how 75% of the annual accumulation of waste tires will be removed for disposal or recycling. Tab 4, Section 4.0
- C. Completed closing plan for the facility as required by Rule 62-711.700(2) and (3), F.A.C. Tab 4, Section 5.0

- D. Attach proof of financial responsibility as requirement by Rule 62-711.500(3) OR a calculation showing that financial assurance documents, currently on file with the Department, are sufficient to assure closing of the waste tire site as well as any other solid waste management facility at that location. Located in Tab 5
- E. A letter from the land owner (if different from applicant) authorizing use of the land as a waste tire processing facility. NA
- F. If waste tires will be consumed at the facility, attach a description of the other environmental permits that the applicant has for this use, including, permit number, date of issue, and name of issuing agency **NA**
- G. The permit fee as required in Rule 62-4, F.A.C. Enclosed

Part IV-Certification:

A. Applicant:

The undersigned applicant or authorized represer	ntative of Taft Recycling,	Inc.
Is aware that statements made in this form and attache	d information are an application for a	
Renewal Waste Tire Operation Permit from the Florida [Department of Environmental Protection and	certifies that
The information in this application is true, correct and c	omplete to the best of his knowledge and be	elief.
Further, the undersigned agrees to comply with the pro-		
regulations of the Department. It is understood that the	Department will be notified prior to the sale	or legal transfer
of the facility.		/ /
Make the	Mike Kaiser, Regional Engineer	2/15/11
Signature of Applicant or Authorized Agent	Name and Title	Date

B. Professional Engineer registered in Florida.

This is to certify that the engineering features of this waste tire processing facility have been Designed/examined by me and found to conform to engineering principals applicable to such facilities. In my professional judgment, this facility, when properly maintained and operated will comply with all applicable statues of the State of Florida and rules of the Department. It is agreed that the undersigned will provide the applicant with a set of instructions for proper maintenance and operation of the facility.

	HGR Galdam 100 Hart Ding Chrock Cuito 605
David N. Leps	HSA Golden, 100 East Pine Street, Suite 605
2-16-2011 Signature	Mailing Address
David I. Legget, P.E., Principal Engineer	Orlando, Florida 32801
Name and Title	City, State, Zip
70882	(407) 649-5475
Florida Registration Number	Telephone number
T.	
	2-16-2011
(please affix seal)	Date



TAFT TRANSFER STATION AND MATERIAL RECOVERY FACILITY

WACS No. 87104 Rule 62-701.300 Prohibitions - Compliance

62-701.300 Prohibitions.

- (1) General prohibition.
- (a) No person shall store, process, or dispose of solid waste except as authorized at a permitted solid waste management facility or a facility exempt from permitting under this chapter.

Taft Recycling, Inc. (TRI) has not stored, processed, or disposed of solid waste prior to obtaining appropriate permits.

(b) No person shall store, process, or dispose of solid waste in a manner or location that causes air quality standards to be violated or water quality standards or criteria of receiving waters to be violated.

No solid waste will be stored, processed, or disposed of in a manner or location that will cause air quality, water quality, or receiving water standards to be violated, as described in the application.

- (2) Siting. Unless authorized by a Department permit or site certification in effect on May 27, 2001, or unless specifically authorized by another Department rule or a Department license or site certification based upon site-specific geological, design, or operational features, no person shall store or dispose of solid waste:
- (a) In an area where geological formations or other subsurface features will not provide support for the solid waste;

The subject facility is not located in an area where geological formations or other subsurface features would prevent the waste processing facility from operating.

(b) Within 500 feet of an existing or approved potable water well unless storage or disposal takes place at a facility for which a complete permit application was filed or which was originally permitted before the potable water well was in existence. This prohibition shall not apply to any renewal of an existing permit that does not involve lateral expansion, nor to any vertical expansion at a permitted facility;

This prohibition does not apply to TRI, since the application is for renewal of an existing facility permit where no lateral or vertical expansion is proposed.

(c) In a dewatered pit unless the pit is lined and permanent leachate containment and special design techniques are used to ensure the integrity of the liner;

1

The subject facility is not located in a dewatered pit.

(d) In any natural or artificial body of water including ground water and wetlands within the jurisdiction of the Department. This prohibition does not apply to areas of standing water that exist only after storm events, provided that the storage or disposal does not result in objectionable odors or sanitary nuisances;

The subject facility is not located in any natural or artificial body of water including groundwater and wetlands within the jurisdiction of the Department.

(e) Within 200 feet of any natural or artificial body of water unless storage or disposal takes place at a facility for which a complete permit application was filed or which was originally permitted before the water body was in existence. This prohibition shall not apply to any renewal of an existing permit that does not involve lateral expansion, nor to any vertical expansion at a permitted facility. For purposes of this paragraph, a "body of water" includes wetlands within the jurisdiction of the Department, but does not include impoundments or conveyances which are part of an on-site, permitted stormwater management system, or bodies of water contained completely within the property boundaries of the disposal site which do not discharge from the site to surface waters. A person may store or dispose of solid waste within the 200 foot setback area upon demonstration to the Department that permanent leachate methods will result in compliance with water quality standards and criteria. However, nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Department from imposing conditions necessary to assure that solid waste stored or disposed of within the 200 foot setback area will not cause pollution from the site in contravention of Department rules; and

No solid waste will be stored within 200 feet of the closest water body (Boggy Creek).

(f) On the right of way of any public highway, road, or alley.

The subject facility will not store wastes in any road, highway, or alley right of way.

(3) Burning. Open burning of solid waste is prohibited except in accordance with Chapter 62-256, F.A.C. Controlled burning of solid waste is prohibited except in a permitted incinerator, or in a facility in which the burning of solid waste is authorized by a site certification order issued under Chapter 403, Part II, F.S.

No burning is conducted at the subject facility.

(4) Hazardous waste. No hazardous waste shall be disposed of in a solid waste management facility unless such facility is permitted pursuant to Chapter 62-730, F.A.C.

Hazardous wastes are not accepted at the subject facility.

(5) PCBs. Disposal of liquids containing a polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or non-liquid PCBs in the form of contaminated soil, rags, or other debris, may be restricted or prohibited by 40 CFR Part 761. Persons managing PCBs are advised to consult that federal regulation before attempting to dispose of PCBs in any solid waste disposal unit in this state.

PCBs containing materials are not accepted at the subject facility.

- (6) Biomedical waste.
- (a) No biomedical waste shall be knowingly deposited in any solid waste management facility unless:

Biomedical wastes are not accepted at the subject facility.

1. The solid waste facility is specifically permitted to receive untreated biomedical waste;

Not Applicable.

2. The biomedical waste has been properly incinerated so that little or no organic material remains in the ash residue, or treated by a process approved by the Department of Health, and the provisions in paragraph 62-701.520(5)(d), F.A.C., are complied with; or

Not Applicable.

3. The biomedical waste is generated by an individual as a result of self care, or care by a family member or other non health care provider. However, in order to reduce the chance of exposure to the public, home generators are advised to segregate and package such waste before disposal according to the guidelines for disposal of homegenerated biomedical waste available from each county health department.

Not Applicable.

(b) No solid waste, including treated biomedical waste, shall be commingled with untreated biomedical waste unless the solid waste is being managed in the same manner as the untreated biomedical waste.

Not Applicable.

(c) Treated or untreated biomedical waste shall not be allowed to leak into the environment during transport.

Not Applicable.

(7) Class I surface waters. The Department shall not issue a construction permit for a landfill within 3,000 feet of Class I surface waters.

Class I surface waters are not within 3,000 feet of TRI.

(8) Special wastes for landfills. No person who knows or who should know of the nature of such solid waste shall dispose of the following wastes:

Not Applicable.

(a) Lead-acid batteries in any landfill;

Not Applicable.

(b) Used oil in any landfill, except as provided in Chapter 62-710, F.A.C.

Not Applicable.

(c) Yard trash in a Class I landfill;

Not Applicable.

(d) White goods in any landfill; and

Not Applicable.

(e) Whole waste tires in any landfill, except as provided in Chapter 62-711, F.A.C.

Not Applicable.

(9) Special wastes for waste-to-energy facilities. No person who knows or who should know of the nature of such solid waste shall dispose of lead-acid batteries, mercury-containing devices, or spent mercury-containing lamps in any waste-to-energy facility.

Not Applicable.

- (10) Liquids restrictions.
- (a) Non-containerized liquid waste shall not be placed in solid waste disposal units which accept household waste or construction and demolition debris for disposal unless:
- 1. The liquid waste is household waste other than septic waste; or

Not Applicable.

- 2. The liquid waste is leachate or gas condensate derived from the solid waste disposal unit, or byproducts of the treatment of such leachate or gas condensate, and the solid waste disposal unit is lined and has a leachate collection system.
- (b) Containers holding liquid waste shall not be placed in a solid waste disposal unit unless:

Not Applicable.

1. The container is a small container similar in size to that normally found in household waste;

Not Applicable.

2. The container is designed to hold liquids for use other than storage; or

Not Applicable.

3. The waste is household waste.

Not Applicable.

(c) Containers or tanks twenty gallons or larger in capacity shall either have one end removed or cut open, or have a series of punctures around the bottom to ensure the container is empty and free of residue. The empty container or tank shall be compacted to its smallest practical volume for disposal.

Not Applicable.

(11) (a) Used oil and oily wastes. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, no person may mix or commingle used oil with solid waste that is to be disposed of in landfills or directly dispose of used oil in landfills.

Not Applicable.

- (b) Oily wastes, sorbents or other materials used for maintenance or to clean up or contain leaks, spills or accidental releases of used oil, and soils contaminated with used oil as a result of spills or accidental releases are not subject to the prohibition in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (12) Yard trash. The prohibitions of this section apply to the storage, processing, or disposal of yard trash, except that paragraphs (2)(b) and (e) of this section are modified so that the following setback distances shall apply:
- (a) 100 feet from off-site potable water wells, no setback required from on-site water wells; and

The subject facility is not within 100-feet from off-site potable water wells.

(b) 50 feet from water bodies.

A 50-foot setback yard waste area will be maintained.

(13) Tanks. The prohibitions in subsection (2) of this section do not apply to the storage or treatment of solid waste in tanks which meet the criteria of Chapter 62-761 or subsection 62-701.400(6), F.A.C. Instead, no such storage tank shall be installed within 500 feet of any existing community water supply system or any existing non-transient non-community water supply system, nor shall any tank be installed within 100 feet of any other existing potable water supply well.

No storage tanks are installed within 500-feet of any existing community water supply system or any existing non-transient non-community water supply system, not are any storage tanks installed within 100 feet of any other existing potable water supply well.

(14) CCA treated wood. CCA treated wood shall not be incorporated into compost or made into mulch, decorative landscape chips or any other wood product that is applied as a ground cover, soil or soil amendment. CCA treated wood may be ground and used as initial cover on interior slopes of lined solid waste disposal facilities provided it meets the criteria of subsection 62-701.200(53), F.A.C. CCA treated wood shall not be disposed of through open burning or through combustion in an air curtain incinerator.

TRI will not process CCA-treated wood into compost or made into mulch, decorative landscape chips, or any other wood product that is applies as ground cover, soil, or soil amendment (see Section 2.7.1 and Appendix F of the Operation Plan).

(15) Dust. The owner or operator of a solid waste management facility shall not allow the unconfined emissions of particulate matter in violation of paragraph 62-296.320(4)(c), F.A.C.

TRI will not allow the unconfined emissions of particulate matter in violation of paragraph 62-296.320(4)(c), F.A.C. (see Section 2.11 of the Operation Plan).

(16) Indoor storage. The prohibitions in subsection (2) of this section do not apply to the storage or processing of solid waste indoors, provided that the indoor storage area has an impervious surface and a leachate collection system. For the purposes of this subsection, an impervious surface means either a poured concrete pad having a minimum thickness of four inches, or an asphalt concrete paving with both a minimum thickness of one and one-half inches and with an additional component to restrict leaching to ground water such as a soil cement sub-base, an epoxy seal or a geomembrane.

TRI's waste processing facility building has a leachate collection system and the floor exceeds these criteria.

(17) Storage in vehicles or containers. The prohibitions in subsection (2) of this section do not apply to the storage of solid waste in an enclosed or covered vehicle or container, provided that such vehicle or container has either been unloaded or moved over public highways within the previous seven days, and provided also that reasonable efforts have been made to minimize leakage from the vehicle or container.

TRI does not store solid waste in vehicles.

(18) Existing facilities. Those portions of facilities which were constructed prior to May 27, 2001, remain subject to the prohibitions that were in effect at the time the permit authorizing construction was issued. Lateral expansions of such facilities remain subject to the prohibitions that were in effect at the time the permit authorizing the lateral expansion was issued. For example, portions of facilities constructed prior to May 19, 1994 were subject to the prohibition against storing or disposing of solid waste within 500 feet of an existing or approved shallow water supply well, but are not subject to the prohibitions of paragraph (2)(b) of this section. However, lateral expansions of such facilities which occurred after May 19, 1994 are subject to the prohibitions of paragraph (2)(b) of this section.

Acknowledged.



2.2 Process Overview

All waste entering the facility will follow a process at the scalehouse of identification and sorting immediately upon arrival at the site. If the material is unauthorized, the driver will be directed to a solid waste management facility which is permitted to handle the type of material rejected. Appendix A contains a list of typical authorized and unauthorized materials for the facility.

Upon acceptance, the truck will be weighed and directed to the appropriate area where the waste will be placed on an indoor tipping floor. If the spotter or operator is located on heavy equipment when unauthorized waste is discovered, the equipment operator shall move the unauthorized waste away from the active area for placement in the appropriate container or shall stop the operation and notify another person on the ground, or another equipment operator to remove the unauthorized waste for placement in the appropriate container before operations are resumed. Customers with wood waste or waste tires will be directed to the appropriate offloading area and monitored during offloading by a facility spotter. Class I waste will be managed on a first-in, first-out basis and will be placed by collection trucks in the Class I area located in the building, and loaded onto transfer trailers for Class I landfill disposal. The Class III waste and C&D materials will also be placed in the building to undergo sorting operations in the form of placing the waste into a sorter with a conveyor belt where the material will be downsized and hand sorted. Unsuitable materials (i.e. paint containers, oil containers, etc.) will be temporarily stored inside the building and transported off-site for proper disposal. Recoverable (paper, plastic, cardboard, metal, etc.) and recyclable (wood and concrete) materials will be removed for recycling. The cardboard will be placed into a baler, and the wood will be placed into a chipper. Recovered screen materials (RSM) are stored in a covered concrete bin for transport to a Class I landfill for use as daily cover material or disposal.

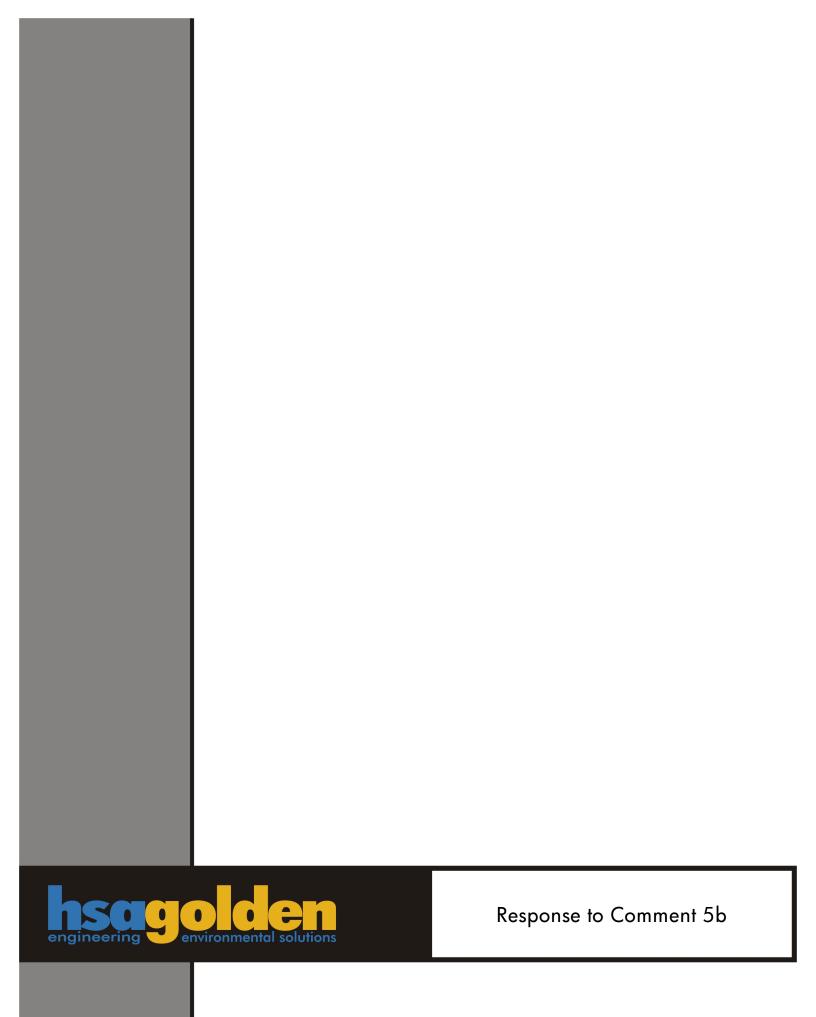
The Class I waste tipping floor will be enclosed within bays 3, 4 and 5 of the facility building. Class III / C&D tipping floors (bays 1 and 2) will be separated by an eight foot concrete bin block wall. Ventilation, lighting and leachate control upgrades have been added to the existing and expansion building to allow Class I waste acceptance, see following details in Sections 2.10 and 3.4.1.

Once the waste has been sorted, unacceptable waste or rejected wastes will be transported to the appropriate disposal facilities.

Facility Operations Flow Chart are included in Appendix B.

2.2.1 Waste Quantity Projections

The future demand for recycled and properly disposed Class I and Class III waste material is expected to increase. This is based on the four to five percent population growth rates for Orange, Osceola, and Seminole Counties per the Florida Statistical Abstract. Material types will be limited to the processing capabilities of this site. Solid waste quantities are projected to also grow at a rate of four to five percent per year. The three primary operations will be sorting, compacting, and chipping. Estimated demands may require managing approximately 1,500 tons



Will Jacobs

From: Wilson Esteves [westeves@wasteservicesinc.com]

Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2011 7:30 AM

To: Will Jacobs
Cc: Michael Kaiser

Subject: RE: Taft Recycling - Training Schedule

Good Morning Gentlemen;

Summary of the Operator Certification for Taft;

Taft Recycling Operator Training

Wilson Esteves

04/08/2003	04/08/2006	19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators And MRF Operators
03/21/2003	03/21/2006	Health & Safety Issues for Solid Waste Management Facilities
02/26/2007	02/15/2010	16 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators And MRF Operators
02/26/2007	02/15/2010	8 Hr Training Course for Spotters at Landfills, C&D Sites and Transfer Stations
		Need to complete 8 Hrs between 02/16/2010 & 02/15/2013 to maintain Certification

Anthony Santaniello

11/19/2003	11/18/2006	19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators And MRF Operators
11/19/2003	11/18/2006	Spotter Training for Solid Waste Facilities
11/19/2006	11/18/2009	The Sense of Smell, Odor, Theory and Oder Control
11/19/2006	11/18/2009	Fires at landfills and Other Solid Waste Management Facilities
		Need to complete 8 Hrs between 11/19/2009 & 11/18/2012 to maintain Certification

Benjamin Morris

07/26/2009 07/25/2012 19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station

Operators And MRF Operators

Need to complete 8 Hrs between 07/26/2009 &

07/25/2012 to maintain Certification

Brian Wiggand

07/01/2001	07/01/2003	24 Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill Operators (Class I,II, III and C&D Sites)	16
05/06/2004	05/05/2007	24 Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill Operators (Class I,II, III and C&D Sites)	Initia
05/06/2004	05/05/2007	16 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station	10
04/23/2007	05/05/1010	Hazardous Materials Chemistry for the Non-Chemist	8
		Need to complete 16 Hrs to Reinstate Certification	

Employees scheduled for training in the month of March 2011

19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station

Bruce Burke Operators And MRF Operators

19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station

Danny Ward Operators And MRF Operators

19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station

Valentin Cardona Operators And MRF Operators

19 Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station

Brian Wiggand Operators And MRF Operators

Regards,

General Manager

Taft Recycling, Inc. 375 W. 7th St. Orlando, Fl 32824 407-851-0074

Wilson Esteves

You may never know the <u>life you save</u> by your safety practices, but you will never forget the <u>one you take</u> by carelessness....

From: Will Jacobs [mailto:wjacobs@hsagolden.com]

Sent: Tuesday, January 25, 2011 11:39 AM

To: Wilson Esteves

Subject: RE: Taft Recycling - Training Schedule

2/15/2011

Thanks Wilson. Have a good day!

William Jacobs Project Manager 407.649.6777 (direct)

hsagolden

engineering | environmental solutions

100 East Pine Street Suite 605 Orlando, FL 32801 407.649.5475 (p) 407.649.6582 (f) www.hsagolden.com



Be kind to our trees, print this e-mail only if it's necessary

From: Wilson Esteves [mailto:westeves@wasteservicesinc.com]

Sent: Monday, January 24, 2011 2:01 PM

To: Will Jacobs

Subject: RE: Taft Recycling - Training Schedule

Good Afternoon Will;

Attached are the copies of the operator certifications. I will be certifying other employees by the end of February and will send the copies of their certification as well.

Regards,

General Manager

Taft Recycling, Inc. 375 W. 7th St. Orlando, Fl 32824 407-851-0074

Wilson Esteves

From: Will Jacobs [mailto:wjacobs@hsagolden.com]

Sent: Monday, January 24, 2011 1:16 PM

To: Wilson Esteves

Subject: Taft Recycling - Training Schedule

Wilson,

I'm just following up with you on my e-mail from a week ago, see below. Let me know if you have any questions. Thanks

2/15/2011

Will Jacobs

From:

Wilson Esteves [westeves@wasteservicesinc.com]

Sent:

Monday, January 24, 2011 2:01 PM

To:

Will Jacobs

Subject:

RE: Taft Recycling - Training Schedule

Attachments: Operator Certifications 2010.pdf

Good Afternoon Will;

Attached are the copies of the operator certifications. I will be certifying other employees by the end of February and will send the copies of their certification as well.

Regards,

General Manager

Taft Recycling, Inc. 375 W. 7th St. Orlando, Fl 32824 407-851-0074

Wilson Esteves

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Santaniello, Tony Operator Waste Services, Inc 1501 Omni Way Saint Cloud, FL 34773

Material Recovery Facility Operator

Status: Current

Initial Date: 11/19/2003

Current Period: 11/19/2009 - 11/18/2012 Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8

Period: Prior Courses No courses taken.

Period: 11/19/2003 - 11/18/2006 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	11/19/2003	Initial
248	Spotter Training for Solid Waste Facilities	University of Florida - TREEO	10/25/2006	8
			Total:	8
			Hours Needed:	0

Period: 11/19/2006 - 11/18/2009

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
406	The Sense of Smell, Odor, Theory and Odor Control	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	06/30/2009	4
484	Fires at Landfills and Other Solid Waste Management Facilities	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	06/30/2009	4
		•	Total:	8
			Hours Needed:	0

Period: 11/19/2009 - 11/18/2012 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 8

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial
 training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Page 1 of 1

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Santaniello, Tony Operator Waste Services, Inc 1501 Omni Way Saint Cloud, FL 34773

Spotter / Waste Screener

Initial Date: 10/25/2006

Current Period: 10/25/2009 - 10/24/2012 Hours Required: 4 Hours Needed: 4

Period: Prior Courses

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	11/19/2003	4
			Total:	Prior
			Hours Needed:	
Period:	10/25/2006 - 10/24/2009 - (Initial Period	1)		
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
248	Spotter Training for Solid Waste Facilities	University of Florida - TREEO	10/25/2006	Initial

248 Spotter Training for Solid Waste Facilities University of Florida - TREEO 10/25/2006 Initia
406 The Sense of Smell, Odor, Theory and Odor Control
484 Fires at Landfills and Other Solid Waste Management Facilities

Kohl Consulting, Inc. 06/30/2009

Kohl Consulting, Inc. 06/30/2009

Total:

Total: 6
Hours Needed: 0

Period: 10/25/2009 - 10/24/2012 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 4

Status: Current

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course, only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's
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 extensions 227 or 230.

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Santaniello, Tony Operator Waste Services, Inc 1501 Omni Way Saint Cloud, FL 34773

Transfer Station Operator

Initial Date: 11/19/2003

Current Period: 11/19/2009 - 11/18/2012 Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8

Period: Prior Courses No courses taken.

Period: 11/19/2003 - 11/18/2006 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	11/19/2003	Initial
248	Spotter Training for Solid Waste Facilities	University of Florida - TREEO	10/25/2006	8
			Total:	8
		•	Hours Needed:	0
Dariad:	44/40/2008 44/49/2009			

Period: 11/19/2006 - 11/18/2009

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
406	The Sense of Smell, Odor, Theory and Odor Control	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	06/30/2009	4
484	Fires at Landfills and Other Solid Waste Management Facilities	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	06/30/2009	4
			Total:	8

Period: 11/19/2009 - 11/18/2012 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 8

Status: Current

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial
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- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Status: Current

Hours Needed:

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Esteves, Wilson Facility Manager Waste Services, Inc. 1099 Miller Dr Altamonte Springs, FL 32701

Phone: (407) 448-9363

Material Recovery Facility Operator

Initial Date: 02/16/2007

Current Period: 02/16/2010 - 02/15/2013 Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8

Period: Prior Courses

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
170	Health & Safety Issues for Solid Waste Management Facilities	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	03/21/2003	8
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	04/08/2003	8

Total: Prior Hours Needed:

Status: Current

Period: 02/16/2007 - 02/15/2010 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider .	Completion Date	Hours
443	Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and Material Recovery Facilities - 16 Hour	University of Florida - TREEO	02/16/2007	Initial
462	8-Hour Training Course for Spotters at Landfills, C&D Sites and Transfer Stations	University of Florida - TREEO	02/08/2010	8
			Total:	8
			Hours Needed:	0

Period: 02/16/2010 - 02/15/2013

No courses taken. Hours Needed: 8

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Esteves, Wilson Facility Manager Waste Services, Inc. 1099 Miller Dr Altamonte Springs, FL 32701

Phone: (407) 448-9363

Spotter / Waste Screener

Initial Date: 02/08/2010

Current Period: 02/08/2010 - 02/07/2013 - (Initial Period)
 Hours Required: 4
 Hours Needed: 4

Period:	Prior Courses			
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
170	Health & Safety Issues for Solid Waste Management Facilities	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	03/21/2003	4
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	04/08/2003	4
443	Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and Material Recovery Facilities - 16 Hour	University of Florida - TREEO	02/16/2007	4
			Total:	Prior
			Hours Needed:	
Period:	02/08/2010 - 02/07/2013 - (Initial Period	1)		
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
462	8-Hour Training Course for Spotters at Landfills, C&D Sites and Transfer Stations	University of Florida - TREEO	02/08/2010	Initial
			Total:	0

Status: Current

Hours Needed:

- · Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- · Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's
 initial training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Esteves, Wilson Facility Manager Waste Services, Inc. 1099 Miller Dr Altamonte Springs, FL 32701

Phone: (407) 448-9363

Transfer Station Operator

Initial Date: 02/16/2007

Current Period: 02/16/2010 - 02/15/2013 Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8

Period: F	rior C	ourses
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Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
170	Health & Safety Issues for Solid Waste Management Facilities	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	03/21/2003	8
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	04/08/2003	8

Hours Needed:

Total:

Prior

Period: 02/16/2007 - 02/15/2010 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
443	Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and Material Recovery Facilities - 16 Hour	University of Florida - TREEO	02/16/2007	Initial
462	8-Hour Training Course for Spotters at Landfills, C&D Sites and Transfer Stations	University of Florida - TREEO	02/08/2010	8
			Total:	8
			Hours Needed:	0

Period: **02/16/2010 - 02/15/2013** *No courses taken.* Hours Needed: 8

Status: Current

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial
 training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
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 extensions 227 or 230.

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Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Morris, Benjamin Waste Services, Inc. 1099 Miller ave ALTAMONTE SPRINGS, FL 32701

Material Recovery Facility Operator

Status: Current

• Initial Date: 07/26/2009

Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8 Current Period: 07/26/2009 - 07/25/2012 - (Initial Period)

Period: Prior Courses No courses taken.

Period: 07/26/2009 - 07/25/2012 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	07/26/2009	Initial
			Total:	0
			Hours Needed:	8

Status: Current

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570 extensions 227 or 230.

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Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Morris, Benjamin Waste Services, Inc 1099 Miller ave ALTAMONTE SPRINGS, FL 32701

Transfer Station Operator

Initial Date: 07/26/2009

Current Period: 07/26/2009 - 07/25/2012 - (Initial Period)
 Hours Required: 8
 Hours Needed: 8

Period: Prior Courses No courses taken.

Period: 07/26/2009 - 07/25/2012 - (Initial Period)

Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
225	19-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators and MRF Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	07/26/2009	Initial
			Total:	0
			Hours Needed:	8

Status: Current

Status: Current

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's
 initial training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Transcripts Report Page 1 of 1

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Wiggand, Brian Senior Operator Waste Management - Apopka 4986 LB McLeod Rd Orlando, FL 32811

Phone: (407) 481-2530

Transfer Station Operator

Initial Date: 05/06/2004

Current Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 Hours Required: 8 Hours Needed: 8

Period: Prior Courses No courses taken.

Period: 05/06/2004 - 05/05/2007 - (Initial Period)

		7		
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
196	16-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	05/06/2004	Initial
286	Hazardous Materials Chemistry for the Non- Chemist	University of Florida - TREEO	04/23/2007	8
			Total:	8

Period: 05/06/2007 - 05/05/2010 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 8 Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 8

Status: Expired

Hours Needed:

Status: Expired

- · Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- · Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's
 initial training. No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.

Page 1 of 1

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Wiggand, Brian Senior Operator Waste Management - Apopka 4986 LB McLeod Rd Orlando, FL 32811

Phone: (407) 481-2530

Construction and Demolition Debris Landfill Operator

Initial Date: 05/06/2004

Current Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 Hours Required: 16 Hours Needed: 16

Period:	Prior Courses			
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
195	24-Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill Operators (Class I, II, III and C&D Sites)	Kohł Consulting, Inc.	07/01/2001	16
			Total:	Prior
			Hours Needed:	
Period:	05/06/2004 - 05/05/2007 - (Initial Peri	od)		
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
195	24-Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill Operators (Class I, II, III and C&D Sites)	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	05/06/2004	Initial
196	16-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	05/06/2004	10
286	Hazardous Materials Chemistry for the Non- Chemist	University of Florida - TREEO	04/23/2007	8
			Total:	18

Period: 05/06/2007 - 05/05/2010 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 16 Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 16

Status: Expired

Hours Needed:

Status: Expired

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
- · Initial hours are not counted toward continuing education.
- An Initial course can be taken as a continuing education course only if it was not taken as the operator's or spotter's initial training.
 No CE credit will be given for the same course taken within the same 3-year period.
- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570 extensions 227 or 230.

Florida DEP Solid Waste Management Facility Operator Courses

Wiggand, Brian Senior Operator Waste Management - Apopka 4986 LB McLeod Rd Orlando, FL 32811

Phone: (407) 481-2530

Class I, III Landfill Operator

195 24-Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill

Operators (Class I, II, III and C&D Sites)

Initial Date: 05/06/2004

Current Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 Hours Required: 16 Hours Needed: 16

Period: Prior Courses
Course Course Name

=			Total: Hours Needed:	Prior
Period:	05/06/2004 - 05/05/2007 - (Initial Peri	od)		
Course	Course Name	Provider	Completion Date	Hours
195	24-Hour Initial Training Course for Landfill Operators (Class I, II, III and C&D Sites)	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	05/06/2004	Initial
196	16-Hour Initial Training Course for Transfer Station Operators	Kohl Consulting, Inc.	05/06/2004	10
286	Hazardous Materials Chemistry for the Non- Chemist	University of Florida - TREEO	04/23/2007	8
			Total:	18

Provider

Kohl Consulting, Inc.

Period: 05/06/2007 - 05/05/2010 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 16 Period: 05/06/2010 - 05/05/2013 No courses taken. Hours Needed: 16

Status: Expired

Status: Expired

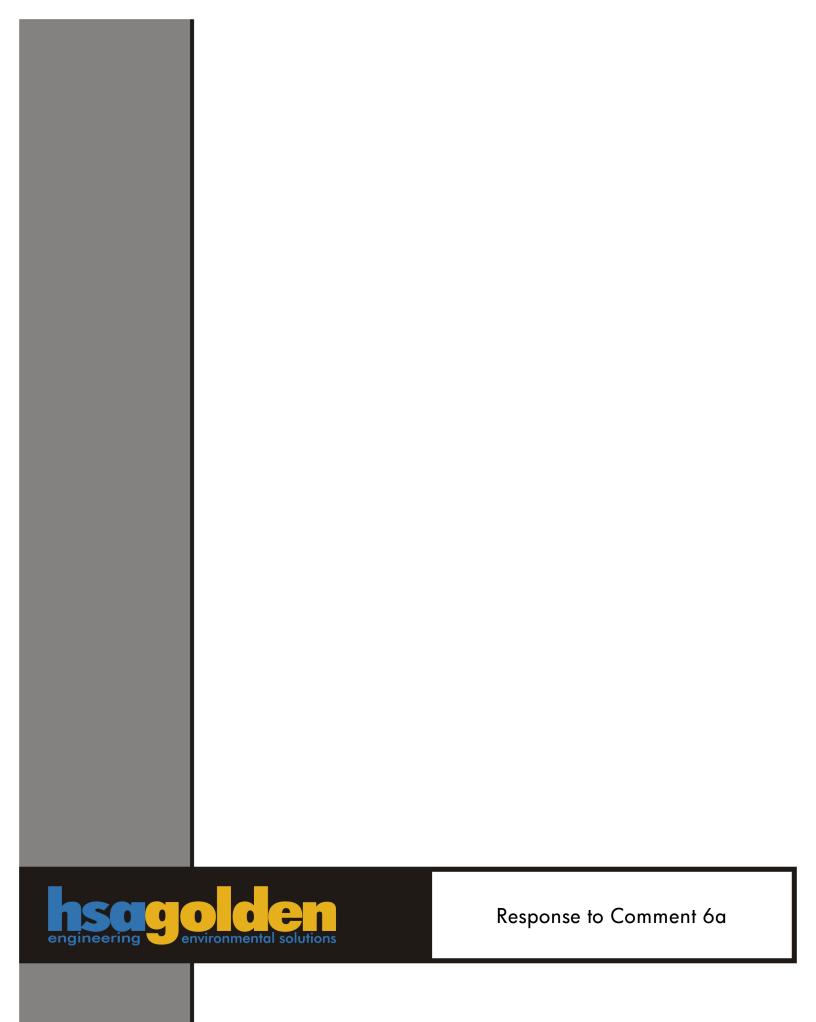
Hours

Completion Date

Hours Needed:

07/01/2001

- Continuing Education (CE) Minimum 3 Year Requirements:
 - 16 hours Class I II III Landfill / Construction and Demolition Debris
 - 8 hours Transfer Station / Material Recovery Facility
 - 4 hours Spotter
- Expired: If you have exceeded the 3 year training period without achieving the minimum continuing education, you must start
 over by taking an approved initial course and pass exam. There is not a grace period.
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- If you have any questions, please contact djenkins@treeo.ufl.edu or mkeilhauer@treeo.ufl.edu or call (352) 392-9570
 extensions 227 or 230.



Materials Disposition Taft Recycling, Inc. Class I and Class III Waste Processing Facility and Transfer Station

Recovered Material or Unprocessed Waste Type	Maximum Storage Volume	Density (lbs/cy)	Covered or Uncovered	Method of Storage	Disposal / Recycling Location	Maximum Hold Time
Unprocessed Class III	2,000cy	500	Covered	Tipping Floor	Class III Landfill	1 Week
Unprocessed Class I Putrescible	6,421 cy	450	Covered	Tipping Floor	Class I Landfill	48 Hours
Recovered Asphalt/Concrete	40 cy	4,000	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Recovered Roofing Tiles	20 cy	2,000	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Recovered Cardboard (Baled)	1,500 4,559cy	650	Uncovered	Outside Storage Yard	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Recovered Cardboard (Loose)	1,333 cy	300	Uncovered	Near Loading Hopper at Baler	Re-Sale Public	48 Hours
Recovered Paper (Baled)	100 cy	750	Uncovered	Outside Storage Yard	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Recovered Metal (Ferrous, Steel, Pipe & Misc.)	80 cy	1,000	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Recovered Metal (Aluminum Cans)	40 cy	75	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off/Sorting Bay	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Glass (Whole Bottles)	60 cy	600	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off/Sorting Bay	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Plastic (Mixed Loose)	80 cy	35	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off/Sorting Bay	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Wood	1,500 cy	365	Uncovered	Outside Storage Yard	Re-Sale Public	6 Months
Whole Tires	400 cy	337	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Processing Facility	1 Year
Processed/Shredded Tires	225 cy	600	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Class I Landfill	48 Hours
Processed Tire Residuals	20 cy	500	Uncovered	Outside Roll-off Container	Class I Landfill	48 Hours
Recycling Residuals (RSM)	100 cy	1,000	Covered	Outside Roll-off Container	Class I Landfill	6 Months
Waste Oil/House Hold Haz. Waste - Rejected	55 gallons	8 lbs/gal	Covered	Inside Building	Safety Kleen or Other Haz. Waste Recycler	30 Days

Notes: Maximum storage volumes for Unprocessed Class I, III / C&D are based on estimated peak daily projection as noted in Section 2.2.1 of Operation Plan. Total of all equal approximately 8,421 cy (converted 2,000 tons). Unprocessed cardboard and paper included in Class III volumes. Volume-to-weight factors for recyclables are provided as an attachment.

TABLE 1 **OPINION OF PROBABLE CLOSURE COSTS** TAFT TRANSFER STATION AND MATERIAL RECOVERY FACILITY TAFT RECYCLING, INC. ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Recovered Material and Unprocessed Material Stored	Maximum Storage (tons)	Handling and Loading Costs (\$/ton)	Transportation Costs (\$/ton)	Disposal Costs (\$/ton)	Total Loading, Transportation and Disposal (\$/ton)	Total All Costs (\$)	
1 Unprocessed Class III	500	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00	\$32.50	\$16,250.00	
2 Unprocessed Class I Putrescible	1500	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$35.10	\$43.60	\$65,400.00	
3 Recovered Asphalt/Concrete	80	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$30.00	\$2,400.00	
4 Recovered Roofing Tiles	20	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$30.00	\$600.00	
5 Recovered Cardboard (Baled)	1482	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$48,165.00	
5a Recovered Cardboard (Loose)	200	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$6,500.00	
6 Recovered Paper (Baled)	37.5	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$1,218.75	
7 Recovered Metal (Ferrous, Steel, Pipe)	40	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$30.00	\$1,200.00	
8 Metal (Aluminum Cans)	1.5	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$48.75	
9 Glass (Whole Bottles)	18	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$585.00	
10 Plastic (Mixed Loose)	1.4	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00 (3)	\$32.50	\$45.50	
11 Wood	274	\$2.50 (5)	\$6.00	\$24.00	\$32.50	\$8,905.00	
12 Whole Tires	67.5	\$2.50 (4)	\$0.00 (4)	\$50.00 (4)	\$52.50	\$3,543.75	
13 Processed Shredded Tires	67.5	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$35.10	\$41.10	\$2,774.25	
14 Processed Tire Residuals	10	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$35.10	\$41.10	\$411.00	
15 Recycling Residuals	50	\$0.00 (2)	\$6.00	\$35.10	\$41.10	\$2,055.00	
16 Washdown/Cleanup/6 month maintenance	Ī		i !	T	LS	\$4,500.00	
17 Waste Oil/House Hold Haz. Waste	55 Gallon Drum	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$300.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	
18 Misc. Sampling and Analysis			 	 	LS	\$1,000.00	
19 Sub Total							
20 Contingency (15%)						\$24,915.30	
21 Total						\$191,017.30	

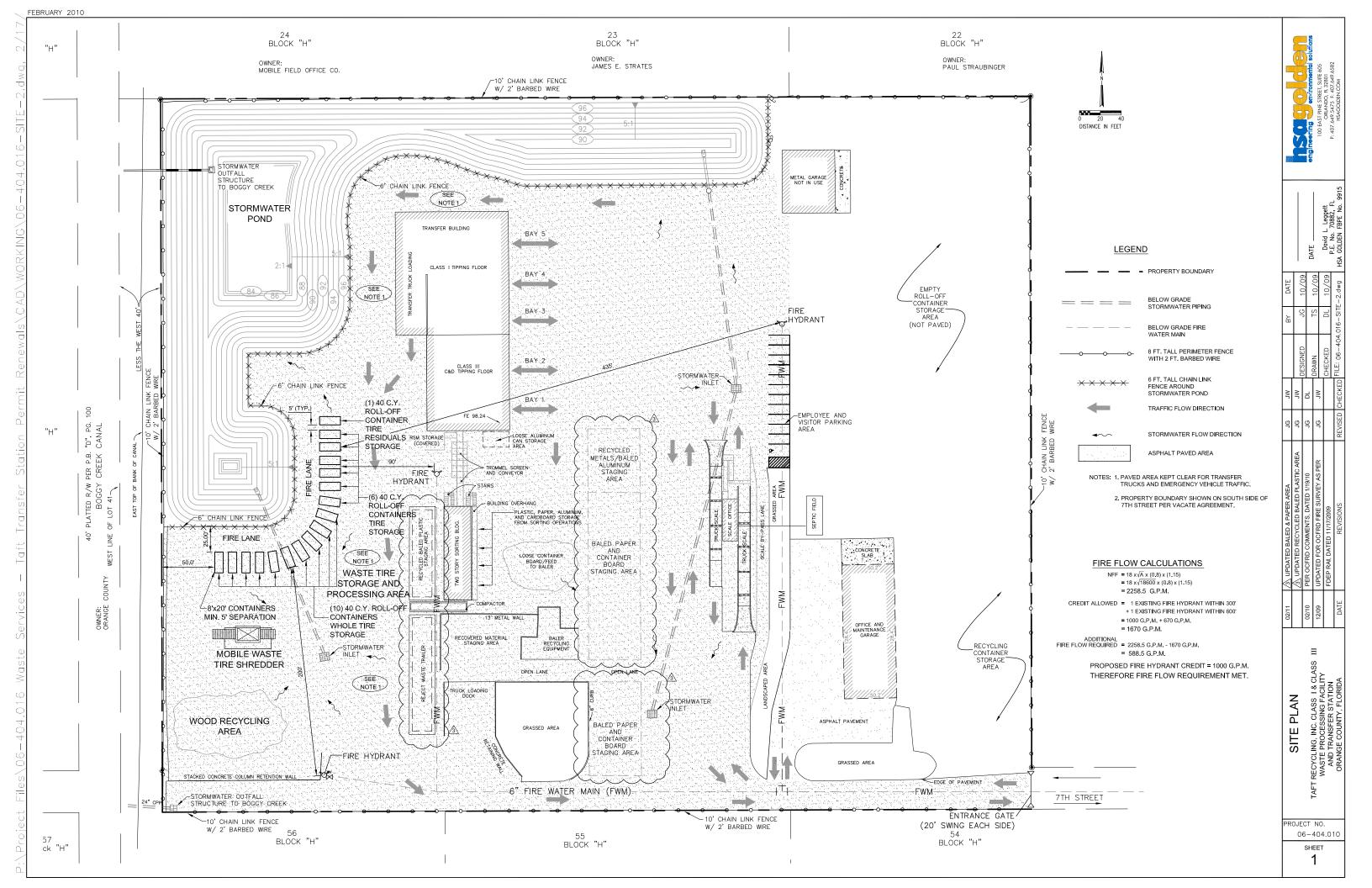
Notes:

- 1. Maximum storage volumes taken from table of Material Disposition, Appendix B, Operation Plan.
- 2. There are no loading costs for these materials. Materials are stored in roll-off containers and would not require loading.
- 3. Although processed/baled cardboard, paper, steel, aluminum cans, glass, plastic and concrete have commodity value, assumed worst case condition and disposal at Class III rates.
- 4. Whole waste tire disposal rate includes transportation by RMD Americas of Florida, LLC. Loading costs to transfer/load onto their trailers.
- 5. Unprocessed Class I, III, and C&D materials, and loose glass, plastic and wood loaded onto transfer trailers using rubber tire loader equipment.
- 6. Class III wastes include C&D debris.
- 7. Item 16 6 months closure period maintenance at \$500/month

David L. Leggett, P.E., FL PE #70882

HSA Golden, Inc.; FBPE #9915

Revised February 2011 December 2010



Loose Containerboard at Taft Recycling, Inc.

	<u>Height</u>	Base 1	Base 2	Slope 1:X	<u>Area</u>
Base	15'	40'	90'		3,600 ft ²
Тор		10'	60'		600 ft ²

$$V = \frac{(H*(B1 + B2))}{2}$$

Volume $(ft)^2 = 31,500$

cy Conversion (ft 3 / 27) = 1167 cy

Average weight loose stacked cardboard = 350 lbs/cy therefore, pounds = 408,333 = 1167 cy x 350 lbs/cy = 204 tons;approximately 200 tons maximum volume staged at baler in-feed

Density - loose cardboard representative of density of compacted, packer truck since that is how it arrives at the facility = 300 lbs/cy

David L. Lyntt 2-17 -2011



100 East Pine St. Suite 605 Orlando, FL 32801

Tel: 407 649-5475 Fax: 407 649-6582

PROJECT NO.: 06-404.016

DATE.: 02/17/2011

BY: William Jacobs

CALCULATION SHEET

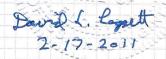
SHEET 1 OF 1

Baled Cardboard Areas at Taft Recycling, Inc.

<u>Area 1:</u> 4 bales high (4 x 2.5 = 10'), 10 bales wide (10 x 5 = 50') and 42 bales deep (3.75 x 42 = 158') allows for 1,680 bales, less 10 bales step-up at ends = 1,670 bales

<u>Area 2:</u> 4 bales high (4 x 2.5 = 10'), 10 bales wide (10 x 5 = 50') and 24 bales deep (3.75 x 24 = 90') allows for 960 bales, less 10 bales step-up at ends = 950 bales

Total bales = 2,620 or 4,559 cy





100 East Pine St. Suite 605

Orlando, FL 32801

Tel: 407 649-5475 Fax: 407 649-6582 PROJECT NO.: 06-404.016

DATE.: 02/17/2011

BY: William Jacobs

CALCULATION SHEET

SHEET 1 OF 1

Volume-to-weight factors: recycling's manifest density

by Steve Apotheker Resource Recycling

Proper use of material density factors allows for a more complete understanding of collection and processing operations. How close is a state to meeting its recycling goal? How much space is needed to stage collected curbside recyclables for processing? How much space is required to store the baled, compacted and crushed materials before shipment to markets? How much material is collected each month from residences, businesses and institutions? These questions (and many others) are asked by recycling collectors, processors and coordinators in the private and public sectors.

Many of these questions can be answered more thoroughly by understanding the densities of recyclable materials that are realized under different operating conditions (see Table 1). In some cases, individual units are converted to weights (see Table 2).

An attempt has been made to select the more accurate conversion factors published in the current literature and to evaluate them. While these tables provide a sample of the approximations used by other sources, it is always better to attempt to derive conversion factors that reflect the geometry of specific storage containers and individual operating conditions, such as a dry climate versus a wet one (see Table 3).

Determining material density factors

An experiment done by Browning-Ferris Industries in 1987 at the Newby Island landfill in San Jose, California looked at the effect on material densities of a compaction process similar to that achieved during landfilling. Corrugated containers, white goods, wood and yard waste were delivered loose in separate bins. A weight was obtained and the material was dumped into separate 40-cubic-yard pits. Residential solid waste followed the same pattern except it was delivered in a 37-cubic-yard side-loader compactor truck.

A landfill compactor went over the materials in the five pits until each pit space was completely full. In general, the compacted material densities increased by a

factor of three to five over the original delivered densities. Corrugated containers and white goods showed the greatest proportional increase in density, and wood the least.

A study by Franklin Associates, Ltd. for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency developed densities for a wide range of materials as compacted in landfills (see Table 4).

Aiding state planning

To aid local governments in preparing annual reports on collected volumes, both New Jersey and Minnesota have developed their own sets of material conversion numbers. The conversion figures are usually obtained from trade associations and processors that handle the specific material, as opposed to actual measurements made by state staff. A designated set of conversion numbers promotes consistency in reporting. To minimize confusion by the participating agencies, a specific conversion number for each scrap material is given rather than providing a range of densities.

The information accumulated from these reports assists the states in assessing progress toward legislated recycling goals. The recovered tonnage reports provide valuable information on available supply for companies trying to make market development decisions. In the case of New Jersey, the recovered tonnages derived from the conversion factors are used to calculate state rebates to local governments.

One drawback of using conversion numbers to measure material recovery is the risk of misrepresenting the actual amount of material diversion that is achieved if the density factors are simply increased from one year to the next.

Helping the local collector

In Champaign, Illinois, the Community Recycling Center uses volume conversion numbers to keep track of 10 materials that

■ Table 1 — Material density factors				Food			,ŝ
Density	METAL			Kitchen waste	800-900	2	٠
(pounds per	Aluminum cans			Solid fats & liquid			
cubic	Whole	74	1,4	fats drum	1,485	1,4	
Material yard) Source	Whole	50	6, 7, 14	Grass clippings			, >
	Flattened	250	1, 4, 5	Loose	400	_1	
PAPER	Flattened	175	6	Loose	665-740	4,9	
Newspaper	Flattened	135-215	14		1,050-1,11	0 4,9	
Drum 415 8	Baled		14, 16	Leaves	252		
Loose, bin 360-500 4 Loose, bin 475 6	Densified Shreds	1,080 400	14 16	Loose Loose	250 400	1 4, 9	> 1
Loose, bin 475 6 Loose, stacked 600 1		400	10	Vacuumed	350	1	
Baled, downstroke 650 8	Ferrous cans Whole	150	1, 4, 6	Vacuumed	500	9	
Baled, downstroke 775 15	Drum, one-third	130	1, 4, 0	Vacuumed	700	4	
Baled, horizontal,	are flattened	235	8	Compacted	450	1	
single ram 700 15	Flattened	350-400	8	Compacted	665	9	,
Baled, horizontal,	Baled	850	1, 4, 5, 6	Yard waste			." 150
double ram 800 5, 15	Densified	1,600	14	Loose (2)	296	3	11
Corrugated	Household batteries			Loose	600	2	- X
containers	Drum	2,150	13	Compacted	1,037	3	No. The
Loose 100 3,11	White goods			CONSTRUCTION	& DEMOL	ITION	14
Compacted,	Uncompacted	199	3	Asphalt, milled,			5 J.
packer truck 200-300 11	Compacted,			ripped, crushed	1,380	4	, A,
Compacted, landfill (1) 508 3, 4	landfill	994	3	Concrete, brick	,		. 1
Baled.	PLASTICS			& block	4,000	4	75
downstroke 450-520 5, 8, 15	PET soda bottles			Wood waste			Nega s
Baled, horizontal,	Whole	34	6,7	Pallets	286	4	· John
single ram 650 15	Whole, some			Otherthan			23 -
Baled, horizontal,	flattened	30-45	10	pallets	364	4	
double ram 750 5, 15	Flattened	75	6	Loose dimensional		_	- ×
High grade	Baled	400	10	lumber	244	3	
Ledger, loose, bin 300-400 6	Baled and perforated	600-700	14	Compacted dimension		•	
Mixed ledger and	Granulated	500-600	8	lumber	695	3	砂點
computer printout, drum 290 8	HDPE	000 000	· ·	OTHER MATERIAL	_S		7
Ledger, baled 700-750 5, 8, 15	Natural, whole	25-30	6, 10	TEXTILES			
Mixed paper, loose 150 12	Natural,			Loose	240	13	Service New
	flattened	65	6	Baled	480	13	m. s.,
GLASS CONTAINERS	Colored, whole	45	6, 10	COMMINGLED RES			
Whole	Colored, flattened	90	6	RECYCLABLE CON	ITAINERS		The state of
Bin 500-600 1, 4, 6, 8	Baled	400	10	Glass, plastic and	4 40 000	•	-
Drum 500-550 8	Granulated	500-600	8	metal containers	140-220	6	in the
Flint bottles 500-515 6, 8	Že,	000 000	ŭ	RESIDENTIAL			THE STATE
Green bottles 550-650 6, 8 Amber bottles 540-550 6, 8	ORGANICS			SOLID WASTE			
	Brush			Compacted, sideloader	456	3	
Semi-crushed (manually broken)	Loose	250	4	Compacted,	450	,	v Mi
Bin 1,000 6	Chipped	350	9	landfill density	1,264	3	
Drum 1,080 1,4	Chipped, 3" screen	550-650	9	•			13.
Crushed, maximum	Chips	500	1	(1) A standard landfill of compress the mate			
size 1½"	Compost			sentative of a landf		ionly ie	7.0
(mechanically broken)	Raw	350	13	(2) Primarily non-woo		l with	ore-
Bin 1,800 6	20 percent			ponderance of we			
Drum 1,980 1,4	moisture	1,000	9	ble matter. Grass	clippings v	vere no	nt a
Furnace ready,	70 percent			major contributor.			
maximum size	moisture	1,900	9	considered light for	a normal c	omposit	tion
2,700 6	Finished	1,400	13	of yard waste.		,	5-7% L

Sources:

- Indiana Institute on Recycling, Indiana State University, Terre Haute, Indiana, 1990.
- Compost Management Associates, A Field Examination of the Cost-Effectiveness, Waste Diversion Potential, and Homeowner Acceptance of Three Different Backyard Composting Units, Regional Municipality of Durham, Ontario, Canada, April 1990.
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- 5. Garten Foundation, Salem, Oregon, 1991.
- "Post-consumer material densities," Resource Recycling Technologies, Inc., Vestal, New York, March 1991.

- Esther R. Bowring, "A comparison of commingled collection containers," Resource Recycling, April 1990.
- 8. Community Recycling Center, Champaign, Illinois, 1991.
- 9. Organic Recycling, Valley Cottage, New York, 1991.
- 10. Council for Solid Waste Solutions, How to Implement a Plastics Recycling Program, 1991.
 11. Steve Apotheker, "Small generators boost old corrugated recy-
- cling rate," Resource Recycling, April 1990.
- Jeffrey Morris, "Mixed paper recycling practices in North America," Resource Recycling, January 1991.
- Minnesota Office of Waste Management, St. Paul, Minnesota, 1991.
- 14. CP Manufacturing, National City, California, 1991.
- 15. Colton Equipment, West Linn, Oregon, 1991.

■ Table 2 — Weight conversion numbers Weight (pounds) Unit Source Material Battery, motor vehicle One 33 36 Used motor oil Gallon 1 7.5 2 Pallet One 40 (range is 1 30 to 100) Tires One 20 1,3 Passenger One 60 3 Truck 90 1 One

Sources:

- 1. Office of Recycling, Department of Environmental Protection, Trenton, New Jersey, 1990.
- 2. Community Recycling Center, Champaign, Illinois, 1991.
- 3. Minnesota Office of Waste Management, St. Paul, Minnesota, 1991.

are collected from over 100 buildings at the University of Illinois and over 200 businesses. This minimizes the labor and capital expense of keeping the loads separate and weighing them back at the site.

Instead, average weights are determined for a given location by applying the density factors to the volume of the drum,

bin or other designated containers holding the materials. Drivers keep records on how much volume (e.g., half a drum of glass bottles) of a material is collected at a given location. A computer program converts the volumes to weights.

Every six or 12 months, the calculated weights derived from collected volumes are matched up to the actual marketed weights (less net inventory). Any discrepancy between the collected and marketed weights allows CRC to fine-tune a volume conversion number. Uniform, bulk materials, such as glass bottles and old newspapers, are rarely off more than 1 or 2 percent. Office paper collection figures require more detail, since a preponderance of denser computer printout paper can skew the results at a given location.

Using a volume-based collection approach and conversion numbers, CRC has been able to provide each business and University building with an estimate of how much material has been collected from its location. Since CRC is a charitable organization, each business is able to take a tax deduction for the amount of recyclable materials "donated."

In some areas of the country, trucks are being developed with built-in scales that allow the weight from each location along a given route to be recorded. Industrial Waste Service, a subsidiary of Attwoods, Inc., uses such a truck to pick up recyclables from over 300 schools in the fourth largest school system in the U.S., in Dade County, Florida.

Continues



THE IDEAL OFFICE PAPER RECYCLING CONTAINER

- 1. Fire Resistant Metal
- 2. Strong and Sturdy Construction
- 3. Large Capacity
- 4. Easy to Unload
- 5. No Lifting Required

Available in Green, Blue & Beige to Co-ordinate with Office Decor.

Ease of Use and Aesthetic Appeal

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WASTE STREAM MANAGEMENT (204) 488-4996 1-(800)-565-0008 Ease of Unloading and No Lifting Required



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NEWSPAPER BEDDING SELLS!

Create a market for your old news and phone books with the proven turn-key 1090 Bedding System from PCR. It makes the right flake size and bale size for the fast growing paper animal bedding market.



Circle 288 on RR service card

Volume-to-Weight Conversions for Recyclable Materials

for use with the Municipal Recycling Data Sheet

Material	nicipal Recycling Data Sheet Density	Sources
Paper		
Newspaper		
Loose, unbaled	445 pounds / cubic yard	1,2.3
Compacted	800 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Hand stacked	35 pounds / 12 inch stack	2.3
Corrugated Cardboard		
Loose, unbaled	200 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
Compacted	460 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Other Paper		
Telephone Books	250 pounds / cubic yard	4
Mixed Paper	490 pounds / cubic yard	1.3
Containers		
Commingled		
Cans, Glass & Plastic	180 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
Cans & Glass	270 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
Glass		
Whole Bottles	620 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
Crushed-semi (manually)	1,175 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Mechanically Crushed	1,840 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Steel/ Tin Cans		
Whole	150 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Flattened	850 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Aluminum Cans		
Whole	60 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
Flattened	225 pounds / cubic yard	2,3
Plastics	nd and to the blacked	4.0.0
PET #1 - whole	35 pounds / cubic yard	1,2,3
HDPE #2 - whole	25 pounds / cubic yard	3
Plastics #3 - #7 - whole All Plastics: #1 - #7 - whole	50 pounds / cubic yard 38 pounds / cubic yard	3 2
	10,000	-
Miscellaneous materials	200 15 4 200 20 470 20 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	
White goods (appliances)	300 lb / cy or 170 each on average	4 4
Textiles	175 pounds / cubic yard	4
CRTs/Computers Organics - Weight Conversions	50 lbs each (whole on average)	~
Grass Clippings	667 pounds / cubic yard	4
Leaves	400 pounds / cubic yard	4
Brush	500 pounds / cubic yard	4
Unfinished compost	1,500 pounds / cubic yard	4
Finished compost	1,350 pounds / cubic yard	4
Organics - Volumetric Conversions	,	
Grass Clippings	3 cubic yards/ton	4
Leaves	5 cubic yards/ton	4
Brush	4 cubic yards/ton	4
Hazardous Household Products (HHP)		
Auto batteries	39 lbs each	5
Batteries (household)	40 pounds / 5 gallon pail	4
Oil filters	250 pounds / 55 galion drum	4
Paint (boxed)	690 pounds / cy box	4
Paint (bulk packed)	450 pounds / 55 gallon drum	4
Mercury Containing Products (MCP)		
Fluorescent lamps	0.5 pounds / four foot lamp	4
U-Tube	report as 4 linear feet each	
Circular Bulb	report as 4 linear feet each	
	report as 4 linear feet each	
Compact Fluorescent Light Bulb		
HID Bulbs	report as 8 linear feet each	

Sources

1. California Integrated Waste Management Board, data from Califectivery report (w/Teaus) of 1991

2. National Recycling Coalition, data from 1996

3. Information from other government sources includes QR & VA Departments of Environmental Quality, NJ Department of Environmental Protection, HI documentation as well as US Nevy facility guidance documents and the United States Environmental Protection Agency

4. DEP conversion rate from previous research

5. From EPA and Waste Age